

people admire her complexion, but it's my opinion that any one who has a fair complexion will value it. Thank heaven! I haven't come to that yet!

"How hot it is! where's my fan? The benediction at last. Now I must continue to see Mrs. Primrose, and get an introduction to that gentleman. Ah, there she is!"

News from Mexico.

BROWNVILLE, July 26, via New Orleans, July 29.—Advices from San Luis to the 15th inst., give the following intelligence: Gen. Vidauri was shot in the City of Mexico, in St. Domingo square. He desired, just before his execution, to have an interview with Gen. Diaz, which was refused. He then asked that he might be allowed the privilege of seeing his son, but this request was also refused.

M. Schaffer, the counselor of the Emperor or Maximilian, has been imprisoned. The Liberal Generals arrested at Queretaro, who have not already been shot, will be sent to their respective States for trial. Gen. Marquez was leaving prestamos in the capital until the very hour before he left.

Regarding the treatment of prisoners, our informant says that the cavalry to which he was attached, 64 in number, were marched out in line and ordered to strip themselves. This they did with the exception of taking up the cast-off clothing, took it to the Liberals in front and distributed it. During this disgusting performance a Frenchman objected to taking off his pants on the ground that he had no drawers, and would therefore be naked. For his temerity he received a severe blow and was ordered to strip, which he did.

After being thus stripped, the Austrian and Frenchmen, to the number of 64, were marched through the streets of Queretaro in a state of nudity. So much as a fig leaf was not allowed them with which to hide their nakedness.

For six days after their capture, or sale, not a mouthful of food was furnished the foreign prisoners. In consequence, a number died, and many more were prostrated in the same building with the 64 captives. Maximilian was confined; and by stealth they got a note to him stating that they were dying of starvation, and begged him to request of Escobedo that food be immediately sent them. In response, the prisoners received information that their adored chieftain was likewise a prisoner, and that he had not tasted food for days, and had no power to communicate with the Liberal commander.

Our informant says that but for the Mexican women (may God bless them) they would have died of starvation. These angels of mercy contrived by every means in their power to relieve the sufferings of those victims of Mexican treachery, cruelty, and absolute brutality.

The 64 captives were afterward marched, in a state nearly naked, to San Luis, where they were when Maximilian, Mejia, and Miramoa were executed.

The letter in full of Escobedo reads thus: It is addressed to the Governor (Gomez) of Nuevo Leon:

"The execution of the traitors, which I had the satisfaction of directing, is good food for digestion. It will satisfy the Europeans, and Yankees, too, that to trifle with Mexicans in death by the law. Had we complied with the request of the Yankees, to spare the filibuster and his associate traitors, it would have been taken for cowardice, and the next thing would have been a request to give up our land, our mines and our women. After this, we shall be allowed to worship our own God, till our own soil, work our own mines, and not have our women deluded by Yankee libertines.

"I am now in favor of masking clean work of the detested Gringos. This country belongs to God and us, and just so long as one foreigner remains on our soil, our liberty is in jeopardy. By every means in our power we should make the country Mexican; and as for the property in the hands of foreigners was made out of our misfortunes, we should take it, now that we have the power, and hunt them from the country. My motto now is, death to all foreigners!

"There is no danger of the Yankees interfering with us so long as the Southern States (Estados del Sur) are kept out of the Union, besides, the black race would side with us, and may at any time pronounce against the whites. Before we get through with the foreigners, the Yankees will think we are in earnest, and the time will come when their notables will be begging for their own heads, instead of begging for the Austrians.

"In our struggles for liberty we have lost nearly all. Our lands, and our mines, and our liberty, and our women, and our honors we still have, but the foreigners have all the available wealth of the Republic; but they will see that less than three years that Mexicans will have what they want in Mexico. You will understand from this my position, and should I from any chance whatever become a candidate, you will understand my unalterable platform. Whenever the time comes, you can make this letter public in such manner as you think proper. I know that you and I think alike on these matters, and I know that my countrymen will applaud our patriotic determination.

"God and Liberty! Escobedo."

Juarez had started for the capital on the 1st.

A letter of the 2nd, from San Luis, says: Here the odium to all foreigners is on the increase, and it is evinced upon every occasion. Commerce is very languid, and misery and poverty prevail all over the coun-

try. God only knows what is to become of us who have a material interest in this country.

The *Conciliar* of the capital says nearly 1,000 persons in that city have been shot by the Intervention party.

Gen. Diaz got from eight commercial houses \$200,000, without interest, to pay his army.

The Richelieu Company's new Steamer "Canada."

The new steel steamer belonging to this popular Company, and intended to form the hitherto much desired "day line" between Quebec and Montreal, arrived down last evening at 7 o'clock. She had on board 150 passengers, and her first trip was a success, all present expressing themselves well pleased with the running and even motion of the boat. The good time made and the style of accommodation generally, which was in every respect that of a first class passenger steamer. No one, in fact, can deny that in this, their last addition to their river navigation, the Richelieu Company have fully sustained themselves. Although smaller in dimensions and less costly in finish than her sister the *Quebec* or *Montreal*, and *Canada* possesses qualities equal to, and in some respects superior to, either of those vessels of the same line. The cabins are spacious, airy and substantially fitted—fittings especially adapted to a day boat, where all are expected to move about and enjoy themselves in some degree, irrespective of wear and tear. But to particularize is impossible. Those who would estimate the vessel must see her, and at the same time learn something of the beauty of a day-passages to and from Montreal. Regarding the size and history of the *Canada*, a few particulars may be interesting. She is two hundred and fifty feet long, keel by thirty-two feet beam, depth of draught in water, 11 feet. She was manufactured of steel by Messrs. N. C. White, of Montreal, who also constructed the boiler. She was launched in November, 1860, under the superintendence of Messrs. D. & G. McFarthy & Co., of Borel, who also made the plan of the steamer, together with the principal deck and all the joiner's work. The engine was constructed by Messrs. Pointbriant and Belrose, of Borel; it is 300 horse power. The interior work was designed by the well-known steamer architect, Mr. James Shearn, of Montreal, after his own plans, and were put in position under the superintendence of Mr. C. H. Beaulieu, of Borel. The Richelieu Company are perfectly satisfied as to the speed of the vessel, she having on her trial trip averaged 20 miles an hour.

An Ocean Mystery.

THE NEW ISLAND IN THE PACIFIC.

A writer in the *New York Evening Post* gives some speculations concerning the existence of the island in the Pacific, which somebody discovered in a most convenient spot, but which nobody has been able to set eyes on since then:—

"Now that the subject of the discovery of a new island in the Pacific, to the westward of San Francisco, is before the public, my informant concerning that locality must prove of general interest.

"Twice during my passages in the Pacific, while in the neighborhood mentioned, such as usually indicates the vicinity of a shoal. Thousands of birds filled the air, and numbers of seal were seen alongside the ship, but both times it was exceedingly foggy, and even had land been near we could not have seen it. On one occasion we were several hours in this white water, and at the same time going at a high rate of speed. Soundings were taken but without any bottom being found.

"In the old charts an island is laid down in the neighborhood where the newly discovered island is said to be located. Captain James Smith, of New London, formerly in command of the brig *Zoe*, and later of the bark *Yankee*, has been over the route between San Francisco and the Sandwich Islands often than any other man, and he tells me that in his various voyages he has passed through this discolored water perhaps a dozen times. He felt confident of the vicinity of land, and quoted the numerous birds as proof of the fact. The birds are similar in species to those which breed upon the Farallone Islands, off San Francisco. Captain Smith also stated that he had invariably met with foggy and stormy weather in that neighborhood.

"Within my own period of observation several vessels have been lost in the Pacific, and never again been heard from, and may be that this island has brought them up.

"The schooner *Friendship* left San Francisco in the fall of 1849, bound for Honolulu, and no news from her ever became known. She had experienced southerly winds on leaving port she would have passed near the locality of the island spoken of. This fine ship, with a crew of two hundred and fifty officers and men, has never since been heard from.

"The United States sloop-of-war *Leeward* left the Sandwich Islands in September, 1859, bound for Panama. To get out of the trades in order to take a northerly slant of wind she would have to stand well to the northward and westward, and thus pass near the locality of the island spoken of. This fine ship, with a crew of two hundred and fifty officers and men, has never since been heard from.

"The schooner *Pride of the West* left San Francisco about two years ago, bound on a codfishing voyage to the Okhotsk sea. After an excellent season's work she took her departure for home, but has never been heard from since.

"The vessel here mentioned may have been buried at sea or has been wrecked, but it is somewhat singular that in each instance their courses would have taken them to the vicinity of the island stated to have been recently discovered."

A Change in Ireland.

The *London Standard* draws a favorable picture of the island under the present Government. So changed is the face of affairs in Ireland that though unhappily reasonable combinations still exist, they have lost their attraction for all but the idle and disorderly. The Irish Executive have succeeded in evoking the co-operation of all other classes of the community, and has met this troublesome conspiracy by the aid of the Irish people. The recent events are not altogether discouraging. They bring into light the great progress in sound public opinion that Ireland has made. True, this progress is not necessarily indicative of material prosperity, and an improvement in the material condition of her people is no doubt what Ireland specially requires. But healthy public opinion is a necessary condition of all such improvement. Whenever we find all classes ready to maintain order in the country, and discountenancing all the disturbers of society, we may hope soon to see industrial enterprises of one kind or another undertaken, capital will circulate freely, the rate of wages will rise and the drain of emigration will be stopped, and Ireland may become a healthy limb of the Empire.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.	
Morning Express going West.	8.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West.	7.23 P. M.
Mixed Train going West.	10.35 A. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going West.	No passengers allowed on this train.
Noon Express going East.	6.45 P. M.
Night Express going East.	12.05 A. M.
Mixed Train going East.	11.10 P. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going East.	No passengers allowed on this train.
Montreal Time.	9.45 P. M.

ST. ROCHER.—The *St. Rocher* leaves Flint's wharf to-morrow afternoon, at 3 o'clock for Oswego, touching at Mill Point and Picton.



Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, THURSDAY, AUG. 1.

FROM OTTAWA.

(By Special Telegram to the Daily Intelligencer.)

OTTAWA, Aug. 1st, 1867.

Hon. Mr. Campbell arrived yesterday. Other members of the Privy Council are expected to-day to attend a meeting of the council to-morrow.

The Belleville excursionists express great pleasure at their reception here. On board the *Alexandria* yesterday, a vote of thanks to the St. Andrew's Society of Ottawa was proposed and carried unanimously. The majority of the party left this morning on their return.

In the cricket match between the Belleville and Ottawa clubs, the latter was victorious.

REV. J. T. BYRNE.—We are requested to intimate that the Rev. Mr. Byrne, who is officiating in the absence of the Pastor, will preach in the Congregational Church next Lord's Day, morning and evening, at the usual hours. Those not identified with other churches are specially invited.

DEVILS AND THE FENIANS.—The *Montreal Gazette* says: "The Montreal correspondent of the *Fenian* organ at Toronto (the *Irish Canadian*) frankly avows that it was Mr. McGee's hostility to the F. B. over his memorable Wexford speech, the sympathizers with Fenianism had resolved on deadly hostility to him in this city. This, we suspect, the root of the matter."

GLOBE.—The *Hamilton Spectator* says:—"The *Globe* having quoted a falsehood from the *Hamilton Times*, relative to Mr. Byrnes and the Grand Trunk employees, and being compelled to deny it, acknowledges that when it copied the statement it doubted the strict accuracy. This characterizes the *Globe*. No matter whether a statement is accurate or not, if it is calculated to injure an opponent, it is at once copied as a fact."

SOUTH OTTAWA.—Mr. Brown is not making satisfactory headway in this riding, and it is the general opinion that he will be beaten. The *London Free Press* says: "We learn that it is not improbable that the Hon. Wm. McDougall, now at his own election is beyond a doubt, may have a tilt at Mr. Brown in South Ottawa. Eloquent and fearless; knowing Mr. Brown's crooked ways, and having been the object of his hostility, Mr. McDougall is in a position to show up the great agitator to the life. And then, stand from under!"

PRESS ASSOCIATION.—The annual meeting and excursion of the Canadian Press Association, which was announced for the 9th and 9th of August, will take place on the 7th and 8th, one day in advance of the original arrangement. It is proposed that members shall be in Goderich on Tuesday afternoon, and arrive at Goderich at 5 p.m.; spend the evening together; on Wednesday morning take carriages for drive around the lake town; afterwards hold the annual meeting; and in the evening take the steamer for Goderich. The train leaves at 6 o'clock on Thursday morning. Returning, the boat will leave Goderich on the same afternoon, and reach Goderich on Friday, in time to connect by the 6:30 a.m. train "for all points east."

THE INDIAN WAR.—A correspondent who has just returned from a five months' trip on the Plains, states that in the event of a general war the United States will have fifty-eight thousand Indians to subdue, and as it is utterly impossible to meet them in pitched battle in accordance with the set rules of war, the achievement will require a great deal of time and money. The cause of the war was the want of good faith on the part of the United States Commissioners in making a bogus treaty relative to a road to Montana, and sending troops against the consent of the Indians to occupy posts along the route thus opened.

The North Riding.

Mr. Bowell has been in Huntingdon this week, and our information from that Township is in the highest degree favorable. So dissatisfied have the people become with the parliamentary record of Mr. T. C. Wallbridge, that whole settlements which gave him their support at the last election, will vote to have him remain at home. At a meeting at the Town Hall, Huntingdon, on Tuesday evening, the ex-Speaker came to the rescue of his brother, but he was so bitter and abusive that his best friends went away mortified. Mr. Bowell made a very favorable impression by his exposure of their treacherous conduct during Parliament, and made many friends. His prospects of election by a large majority are very cheering, and we trust every one of his friends will do his utmost between this and election day to swell the majority.

"Mr. Corby's Requisition."

Mr. Geo. E. Henderson's organ don't like the formidable appearance which the requisition to Mr. Corby presents, and knowing as it does that it is a death-blow to the high aspirations and hopes of its pet candidate, takes comfort in its accustomed manner. It tries to lessen the value of the requisition by saying a large portion have no vote, and that their names were put on without their consent. But that sort of argument don't amount to much. It cannot conceal its vexation at the formidable support Mr. Corby has already been promised, and at the evident and inglorious defeat which awaits Mr. Henderson, and it tries another petty mode of warfare, which, to all appearance, was originated by Mr. Henderson himself. While it is admitted that Mr. Corby is "a natural ability, and is a stump speaker, has few superiors," unfortunately, "he has not enjoyed the advantages of an education that would make him an honor, &c." What think you of that, electors of Hungerford, of Tyndings, of Thurlow, and of Belleville, you who have known Mr. Corby for the last thirty years, you who have met him in Township Councils, in the County Council, in the Town Council, as Mayor of the important Town of Belleville, and in many other public positions.

Education forsooth! He may not be possessed of that polish, which forms such a distinctive characteristic of his opponent, but he can boast of a practical education, which makes him worth to the country, a dozen Geo. E. Hendersons. He is emphatically a worker, and with his natural and acquired ability, his knowledge of the country, its wants and its resources, he would be of some practical use to the country, while the other man would be simply impracticable.

With regard to the statements about the requisition having been originated in a saloon, it is one of those dirty insinuations which is not worth noticing, but at the request of the parties who originated the requisition and circulated it through the country, we pronounce it simply a gratuitous falsehood.

Which is Right?

The *Corruptionist* journals loudly boast that Dr. Holden, Dr. Billington, and some other unquestionable sound Reformers will support the Coalition. The best answer to these stories is that the *Corruptionists* have brought out candidates against these gentlemen, and are endeavoring with all their might to defeat them. If they were Coalitionists, that would not be the case. Reformers will not be seduced from their friends by the misrepresentations of their opponents.—*Globe*, 1st August.

As we expected, and as we had a right to expect. Men who refused at the nomination to say whether they would support the Coalition, and who ignored the question in their addresses, would very naturally be claimed by the *Globe* as anti-Coalitionists, more particularly as they took for their standard-bearer, Dr. Hope, the most rabid anti-Coalitionist in this section of the country. It has been reported that Dr. Holden, at the Trenton meeting, said positively he would give the government a fair trial; and it is said by Mr. T. D. Farley's organ that he is prepared to do the same thing for the Ontario Cabinet. The *Globe* ridicules the idea, and says they are too sound to betray the interests of their party. It would be very desirable to know, as the lamented Artemus would say, if "this is thus," and which is "thus." Which is right?

Results of Cheap Postage.

Under the Penny Postage System the receipts of the British Post-Office have increased prodigiously. In the estimate of Post-Office Revenue in 1867-68, lately submitted to the House of Commons by the Chancellor of the Exchequer, \$23,250,000 was set down as the probable sum for the year; and from the Revenue Returns for the June quarter, just published, it appears that the anticipated income is likely to be fully realized, the quarter's receipts being no less than \$3,750,000. The *London Times* questions the policy of resping so large an income from the Post-Office, and suggests whether its surplus revenue might not be turned to account, and its operations made still more beneficial either by reduced rates of carriage or by an increase in the functions of the Department.

With these important facts before us, and with the results of cheapening our own postage, we think the Post-Master General would be justified in introducing a measure making the postage on letters to any part of the Dominion 3 cents. And while he is preparing such a measure, could he be prevailed upon to introduce a provision abolishing the postage on Newspapers, if not altogether, at least in the Counties in which they are published. Such a measure would confer a great boon upon the people, and would be hailed with satisfaction by the vast majority of the people.

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

VIENNA, July 31, evening.—Accounts have reached this city of a terrible explosion which occurred in one of the large mines owned by the Rothschilds in Moravia. The mine was full of workmen at the time of the disaster, and more than a hundred workmen are reported to have been killed or injured.

The visit of the Sultan of Turkey to Vienna terminated to-day. He departed this afternoon for Fiume, where he will make a brief visit, and thence proceed to Constantinople.

BRISLIE, July 31.—Altona, the largest city in Holstein, and situated about five miles from the city of Hamburg, has joined the new Zollverein.

The Prussian Government is preparing and will shortly send to Copenhagen a reply to the note of the Danish Cabinet, requesting information as to the guarantee required by Prussia for the protection of the Germans in Northern Schleswig.

NEW YORK, August 1.—The steamer *Robin* from Bremen, and *England* from Liverpool, have arrived.

The steamer *Henry Clay* from California dates to July 10th, has arrived.

LONDON, August 1, noon.—The tendency for all securities is better, as the feeling that war is approaching between France and Prussia is declining. Consols 94½; Bonds 73½; III C 77; Erie 48½; A and G W 52½.

LIVERPOOL, August 1, noon.—Cotton quiet and steady. Weather beautiful and favorable for crops.

American Despatches.

NEW YORK, August 1.—Nashville papers give particulars of a riot at Ford, McNary County, while a colored man was speaking at a Union fair raising, as insulting remark was made from the crowd, whereupon a grand affray ensued. The Sheriff was mortally wounded, and three citizens accidentally shot.

RICHMOND, August 1.—Up to 30 delegates last night about 800 colored and 100 white electors to the Convention which meets in this city to-morrow, had arrived. Much interest is shown by the citizens in the proceedings of this Convention. The blocks of the city will be at its Convention en masse. The hotels for colored people are packed by the arrivals.

NEW ORLEANS, July 31.—Advices from Mexico, by way of the Rio Grande, confirm the shooting of Castillo and the Imperialists at Queretaro, and of Vidauri, at Mexico City. Juarez is apparently the unanimous choice of the people for the next Presidency. Caval and homes were making great trouble in Tamaulipas, and forces were moving to crush them.

Cholera has again appeared in the city. Six deaths occurred in one hour last night, and five in another. The Board of Health is taking energetic measures.

BALTIMORE, July 31.—Reports from the eastern part of Maryland are unfavorable for corn crops.

CHARLESTON, July 31.—The weather is unfavorable for corn crops.

—Mr. Barnabe Laine du Labon, a farmer of the parish of St. George, near Quebec, saw two of his oxen fighting in a field a few days ago, and went to separate them, when the infuriated beasts set upon him and gored him so frightfully that he died a few hours afterwards.

—The Spanish mail steamer from Havana for Sinal was lost on the 19th inst. Only fourteen of the seventy-nine persons on board have since been rescued. Santa Anna is positively been hanged. Brecheville won't touch any more on a low salary. Reverenda got up \$8000 scale are the pictures of health.

In London there are fourteen thousand persons connected with the press.

"What is a man?" T. Barua and Charles Dickens are two of the men who recently broke out of Danbury Jail.

The Indian war is growing. A letter received in Washington, from New Mexico, states that the Navajo tribes of Indians, numbering over 5,000, are on the eve of hostilities against the whites.

The Hudson (New-York) Register tells of a man named John Wason going into the woods near Boston Corners after berries. While he was at work picking them his eyes lighted on something hidden under a rock which looked like a box covered with moss. John examined it closely and found it was a box, and on opening it found \$5,000 in silver pieces of Spanish coinage. Among the number were five hundred Spanish dollars done up in a bag, on which was some writing, but so destroyed that it was illegible. None of the pieces bore a date later than 1803. The finder has been living for several years past from hand to mouth, working at odd jobs in the summer, and in leisure time picking berries.

ORIGIN OF THE FLOATING ICEBERGS IN THE ATLANTIC.—The valleys of Greenland are all filled with glaciers, of which some have an enormous extent. They are always in motion, gliding downward like rivers of nearly solid matter, which have their outlet in the sea, only their motion is exceedingly slow, not exceeding about 100 feet for the whole season. The lowest extremities of these glaciers, reaching the ocean, are buoyed up by the deep water, and then are broken off from the rest of the mass, when they slowly drift away to the south. They sometimes have an extent of several miles, and are really mountains of ice—icebergs—of which about seven-eighths is in the water and less than one-eighth exposed above the surface. These floating ice mountains often carry enormous blocks of rock, torn from the mountain's side along which they have moved, and drop them when and where the iceberg is lost. In this way geologists explain how boulders and erratic rocks are found where there are no similar formations—namely, by icebergs, at a time before the present surface of the continents were upheaved from the depths of the ocean. It is known that this is one of Agassiz's favorite theories; he supposes that the whole earth was covered with glaciers.

COMMERCIAL.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS.

INTELLIGENCER OFFICE
Belleville, August 1, 1897.

SPRING WHEAT—\$1.00 to \$1.10
BARKER—\$1.00 to \$1.10
HARVEY—\$1.00 to \$1.10
OATS—\$1.00 to \$1.10
RICE—\$1.00 to \$1.10
SUGAR—\$1.00 to \$1.10
TEA—\$1.00 to \$1.10
Tobacco—\$1.00 to \$1.10
Wool—\$1.00 to \$1.10
Yarn—\$1.00 to \$1.10

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER
From Kirkwood, Livingston & Co.
(MONTREAL, August 1, 1897.)

FLOUR—Superior Extra—\$8.75 @ 9.00
Extra—\$8.50 @ 8.75
Fancy—\$8.00 @ 8.25
Welland Canal Superior—\$7.50 @ 7.75
Super No. 1 Canada Wheat—\$7.50 @ 7.75
No. 1 Western Wheat—\$7.50 @ 7.75
Bag Flour—\$8.00 @ 8.25
WHEAT—Canada Fall—\$1.50 to \$1.57 1/2
Spring—\$1.50 to \$1.57 1/2
OATS—Per 30 lbs—\$4.40 @ 4.70
Wheat—Per 40 lbs—\$5.00 @ 5.25
BUTTER—Dairy—\$11.00 @ 11.25
Store Packed—\$11.00 @ 11.25
ASHE—Pots—\$5.00 to \$5.75
Pearls—\$10.00 to \$12.00
FISH—Mackerel—\$15.00 to \$20.00
Prime Mackerel—\$15.00 to \$20.00
DRESSED HOGS—None
PORK—\$8.00 to \$8.75
BEEF—\$8.00 to \$8.75
Flour—small receipts, demand but little, and none unchanged. Grain—no transactions, rates unchanged. Provisions—quiet at former rates. ASHES—Pots improving; Pearls declining.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, August 1.

Cotton steady at 80c.
Flour—Fresh ground and medium grades scarce and steady; all others quiet, heavy and declining; receipts 5,400 bbls; sales 5,000 bbls; \$8.50 to \$8.70 for Super No. 1 State and Western; \$7.75 to \$8.10 common to choice extra Western; \$7.50 to \$7.75 to 100 common to choice extra Western; \$7.50 to \$7.75 to 100 common to choice extra Western.
Rye Flour steady at \$6.75 to \$7.00.
Wheat heavy and lower; receipts 3,870 bushels; sales 2,000 bushels at \$2.20 to \$2.25 for new white Southern; to \$2.45 for prime new Red and new amber Mich; \$2.40 for new red Southern; \$2.40 for new amber Mich.
Corn quiet, without much change; receipts 20,500 bush; sales 4,000 bush at \$1.01 to \$1.02 for new mixed Western; \$1.01 to \$1.02 for new mixed Western.
Barley quiet.
Oats quiet and heavy; receipts 12,000 bush; sales at 80c to 81c for Western; 92c for new Southern; 93 to 94c for State.
Lard dull at 15 1/2c to 15 3/4c.

LATEST MARKETS.

Flour closed quiet.
Wheat heavy, and to 5c lower.
Corn without decided change.
Rye dull; Mess \$2.75, regular.
Lard dull at 15 1/2c to 15 3/4c.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

New York, August 1.

Stocks dull.
Gold 140.
The market money article says there is still no change in the money market. The demand for Foreign Exchange is light and market dull. Government securities are in demand, and some in retirement demand is sufficient to maintain prices. Steamship shares firm. Coal stocks active, and miscellaneous shares without any special feature.

People suffering from rheumatism will find Perry Davis' Pain Killer their best friend.

Imports and Exports.

PER GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Imports—3 cars merchandise. August 1.
Exports—1 car merchandise.

PORT OF BELLEVILLE.

ARRIVALS. August 1.
Str. Bay of Quinte, Kingston, general cargo.
Str. John Greenway, Pictou, do do
Barge Ontario, Oswego, light.
DEPARTURES.
Str. Bay of Quinte, Kingston, general cargo.
Str. John Greenway, Pictou, do do
Sch'r Emblem, Oswego, lumber.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER.—We ask the attention of the public to this long tested and unrivaled Family Medicine. It has been favorably known for more than thirty years during which time we have received thousands of testimonials, showing the medicine to be an almost never failing remedy for diseases caused by, or attendant upon, colds, coughs, fever and ague, headache, biliousness, neuralgia, rheumatism, toothache, and all the ills of the system. It is a blood purifier and tonic for the stomach, and a powerful remedy for the treatment of all the ills of the system. It is a blood purifier and tonic for the stomach, and a powerful remedy for the treatment of all the ills of the system. It is a blood purifier and tonic for the stomach, and a powerful remedy for the treatment of all the ills of the system.

It has been tested in every variety of climate and by almost every nation known to America. It is the most constant companion and reliable friend of the traveler and the traveler, on sea and land, and no one should travel without it. It is a blood purifier and tonic for the stomach, and a powerful remedy for the treatment of all the ills of the system. It is a blood purifier and tonic for the stomach, and a powerful remedy for the treatment of all the ills of the system. It is a blood purifier and tonic for the stomach, and a powerful remedy for the treatment of all the ills of the system.

It is a blood purifier and tonic for the stomach, and a powerful remedy for the treatment of all the ills of the system. It is a blood purifier and tonic for the stomach, and a powerful remedy for the treatment of all the ills of the system. It is a blood purifier and tonic for the stomach, and a powerful remedy for the treatment of all the ills of the system. It is a blood purifier and tonic for the stomach, and a powerful remedy for the treatment of all the ills of the system. It is a blood purifier and tonic for the stomach, and a powerful remedy for the treatment of all the ills of the system.

THE members of St. George's Society will please take notice that their Annual Meeting will be held in Coleman's Hall, on Monday Even'g, August 5th, at 8 o'clock, for the election of officers and transaction of general business.

REES PIERCE, Secretary.
Belleville, July 29, 1897. 7832-341w

ALLSOP'S ALE,
Guinness' Stout,
Blood's Porter!!

IMPORTED AND FOR SALE AT
106m HANBLY'S.

MAIL CONTRACT.

TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General will be received at Ottawa until Noon on FRIDAY, the 30th AUGUST, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, three times per week each way, between

BELLEVILLE and HILLIER, from the 1st October next: conveyance to be made on horseback or in a vehicle, (during season of navigation, the Bay of Quinte to be crossed in a boat.) The Mails to leave Belleville every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7 a. m., and to arrive at Hillier at 11 a. m. To leave Hillier same days, at 12 noon, or on arrival of Mails from Pictou, and to return to Belleville at 6 p. m.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen, and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Belleville, Hillier and Redversville.

MATHEW SWEETNAM,
P. O. Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office,
Kingston, 30th July, 97. 7643r

Dr. DOBELL'S,
New Remedy for Consumption!

Just received at the
APOTHECARIES HALL,
A SUPPLY OF PANCREATIC EMULSION, prepared by Savory and Moore, the eminent London Chemists, and considered by English physicians superior to Cod Liver Oil as a remedy for
Pulmonary Consumption!

PRICE 75 cents, \$1.40, and \$3.40 per bottle.
ALSO ON HAND
Trusses and bandages of all kinds, Pads, Abdominal Supporters, Shoulder Straps, Chest Expansors, &c.

T. WILLS & Co.
July 27, 1897. 1d6m

F. HACKETT
HAS just received a complete assortment
SPRING DRY GOODS.

Special bargains will be offered in
DRESS GOODS, HOOP SKIRTS,
HATS & PARASOLS.

A large stock of
NEW CLOTHS & TWEEDS
will be sold at 25 per cent below the retail price.
Belleville, May 1, 1897. 1D6m

TO THE ELECTORS

EAST RIDING

COUNTY OF HASTINGS.

GENTLEMEN.—Having been requested by a large and influential number of the electors of your Riding to offer myself as a candidate for the Local Legislature of Ontario, and having decided to stand the contest I shall issue my address within a few days.

Yours truly,
E. S. WILLSON,
July 27th, 1897. 1D7A

GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

The Belleville County Grammar School will be re-opened, after the midsummer holidays, on MONDAY, 13th AUGUST, 1897. Candidates for admission are examined at the residence of the Head Master, on Saturdays, at 9 o'clock, a. m.

Belleville, July 30, 1897. 7632r-w11.

"Joyful News for the People!"

TEA! TEA!

An article the GOOD QUALITY of which can always be relied on, possessing Superior Flavor & Great Strength. All who have tried our TEA pronounce it SUPERIOR TO ANY EVER USED!

THE PEOPLE DELIGHTED!

DON'T BE PUT OFF!

Ask for the
INDIA & CHINA TEA COY'S
TEA!
AND TAKE NO OTHER.

APOTHECARIES HALL.

T. WILLS & Co.
Belleville, July 27, 1897. 93d3r-44w1.

Press Association!

The Annual Meeting and Excursion of the Canadian Press Association will take place at GODERIC, on the 8th and 9th of August, 1897. Particulars of place of holding meeting and route of the Excursion, will be given in circulars to members.

All members of the Press are cordially invited to be present.

Tickets of Membership, price \$1, entitling the holder to free passes over the respective railways, can be obtained, and should be applied for at once, from the President, Thomas Sellar, Editor Office, Montreal; W. Buckingham, Beacon Office, Stratford; or W. Gillespie, box 70, Hamilton.

THOMAS SELLAR, President.

Montreal, July 28, 1897.

P. S.—Papers friendly to the Association would oblige by giving insertion to the above.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,

IMPORTERS,

Wholesale Dealers in
GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS,
&c., &c., &c.

25 Hospital St., MONTREAL.

OFFER for sale a COMPLETE and WELL ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines, at as LOW Figures and

ON AS GOOD TERMS as any house in the City, and solicit the patronage of their old friends and the Trade generally.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.
July 27, 1897. 74d.

Converse, Colson & Lamb,
Commission Merchants,
CORNER HOSPITAL & ST. JOHN STS.
MONTREAL.

Bennett's Wharf, Halifax

THE MANUFACTURES OF CANADA, when accompanied by the proper official certificates of their being such, are now admitted into the

Lower Provinces Free of Duty.

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

July 30. D67-1m

BUGLE LACE,

BUGLE BUTTONS,

BUGLE ORNAMENTS,

Gift and Silver Bells,

JUST RECEIVED AT
G. C. HOLTON & CO'S.
Belleville, July 19, 1898. 1D6m

ARE YOU INSURED?

THE WESTERN, of Toronto, Fire and Marine Insurance Company, are prepared to assume risks in both branches, through their Agent, A. WEBSTER, on the most reasonable terms.

All claims promptly settled.

Office—In Quarters & Webster's Drug Store.

Belleville, June 21, 1897. 43d-19w1y

INDIA AND CHINA TEA COY'S

HOME DEPOT, LONDON LIVERPOOL

CANADA DEPOT,

32 Hospital Street, MONTREAL.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavor, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz., 70 cts. or \$1.00 per lb., either BLACK, GREEN or MIXED.

Fine Household TEA, combining Strength and Flavor, 1 dol. per lb.

Finest procurable, 1 dol. per lb.

Protected by Trade Mark.

Sole Agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall.

Brighton—Robert Barker, Agent; Trenton, Mr. T. W. Barker, Agent.

July 20th, 1897. 66d1r-23w1r.

SELLING OFF.

ON AND AFTER THE
20th Instant.

GARRATT & CO.

Will clear out the balance of their
Dress Goods, Shawls, Muslins,
STRAW GOODS, STRAW TRIMMINGS,
AND

Other Seasonable Goods,
AT COST.

GARRATT & CO.
Belleville, July 18. D65-1m w23d.

JAMES GLASS,

General Hardware Merchant.

MINERS TOOLS.

BLASTING POWDER, FUSE,

&c. &c.

FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

May 3. 8D6m

J. & W. Sutherland.

AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF
GEORGE BROWN'S
PATENT SAFES

AND ALL KINDS OF
SAFES AND
IRON WORK.

Belleville, 18th July 1898. D681r

To the Electors of the Eastern

Division of the County of

Hastings.

GENTLEMEN.—Having been repeatedly requested by a large number of the electors of your Division to allow myself to become a candidate for the Commons of Canada at the ensuing election, I have consented to comply with their wishes.

As no human contrivance can be considered perfect, the working of the Imperial statute legalizing the Union of the Provinces may disclose certain defects, which it will be the duty of your representatives to correct. These shall receive my earnest consideration.

As the expenses of the Government will necessarily be increased by the construction of a canal connecting the waters of Lake Ontario with the head waters of the Bay of Quinte, in my opinion, not only of vast local benefit commercially, but in a military point of view it would be of the greatest consequence; and as no political leader who is consistently with the public interest at stake, to keep the expenditure within the proper limits.

The construction of a canal connecting the waters of Lake Ontario with the head waters of the Bay of Quinte, in my opinion, not only of vast local benefit commercially, but in a military point of view it would be of the greatest consequence; and as no political leader who is consistently with the public interest at stake, to keep the expenditure within the proper limits.

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A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF DRESS MUSLINS

Wilson & Robertson's.

IMMENSE REDUCTIONS IN CLOTHING BOOTS & SHOES

J. MUIR & CO'S. EMPORIUM. LINEN & ALPACA COATS AT COST.

FASHIONABLE
BLACK BROADCLOTH SUITS
AT \$10.00.
BOOTS & SHOES
in the same proportion.

BOTTLED FRUITS.

CONGER BROS.,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

Cherries, Gooseberries,
Green Gages, Raspberries,
Fruit, Currants, Muscad Plums,
Black Currants, Peaches,
Red Raspberries, Cranberry Jam,
Red Currant Jelly, Crab Apple Jam,
Black Currant Jam, Orange Marmalade,
Choice Fresh Figs.

R. D. CONGER, J. A. CONGER.

June 25, 1D6m

ARE YOU INSURED?

THE WESTERN, of Toronto, Fire and Marine Assurance Company, are prepared to effect risks in both branches, through their Agent, A. WEBSTER, on the most reasonable terms.

Office—In Chambers & Webster's Drug Store, Belleville, June 21, 1897. 4D-19y17

MURRAY FOR COULSON & CAMERON'S LINE OF STAGES

For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville, every morning (Sundays excepted), at half-past 7 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12 noon.

RETURNING—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 1:30 p.m., arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening train going east and west.

COULSON & CAMERON, Proprietors.

JOHN HARRIS, Agent, Belleville.

JOHN TANNON, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.

July 22, 1897. 1D6m

DAILY LINE TO ROCHESTER.

The quickest route from Belleville and vicinity to New York, Boston, &c., from Montreal, to Buffalo, &c., and between the Canadian Gold Fields and the United States.

THE SPENDID STEEL-PLATED STEAMER

"CORINTHIAN,"

LEAVES BRIGHTON 4:30, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, until further notice, and daily from Collingwood at 6 a.m., Colborne at 7 a.m., and Port Hope on arrival of G. T. R. morning train from Toronto and Montreal, at 9:30 a.m.

Connects at Rochester with afternoon Express Trains for the East, West, and South.

Returning, leaves Port of Rochester (Charlotte), daily, on arrival of evening Express Trains, at 10 p.m., Saturdays, 9 p.m.

Connects at North Shore House with G. T. R. morning train for Toronto and Montreal, and at Brighton and Colborne with morning Stages direct for Campbellford, Madoc, and the Canadian Gold Fields.

R. P. DAVY, AGENT.

July 22nd, 1897. 1D6m

W. WHARIN & Co.,

11 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO,

IMPORTERS OF

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, ELECTRO-PLATED

WARE, FINE CUT CUTLERY, &c.,

Repair, Watch, Clock, and Jewelry carefully

Repaired and Warranted.

WM. WHARIN, 1206m W. L. WILKINSON.

C. & W. WALKER,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

DRAPEERS, &c.

No. 7, King Street East, Toronto. 12D6m

Geo. Ritchie & Co.,

HAVE OPENED OUT IN

E. Holden's New Store,

FRONT STREET,

DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE

BANK OF MONTREAL.

June 22, 1897. 1D6m

American Invoices—Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,

QUEBEC, 6th March, 1893.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the *Canada Gazette*.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,

OTTAWA, June 8, 1897.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 28 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,

8D11-11 Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

QUEBEC

INSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL, \$10,000,000.

FIRE and LIFE.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THE principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and afford every facility to intending assurers.

One of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company is that the outside expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement to Ten per Cent of the Net Life Income.

This most important restriction shows that the interests of participating policy holders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially directed to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management

Must Largely Influence Profits and Bonuses.

The next division of profits takes place in 1898, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.

DE. CANNIFF, 4D-19y17

Belleville, June 21, 1897.

MAY, 1897.

GEORGE ROCHE,

HATTER & FURRIER,

All the latest styles of

Felt & Silk Hats,

KEPT always on hand. Also, a great

variety of

CLOTH CAPS.

All orders promptly executed. Remember

the Brand.

Nelson's Block, opposite Apothecaries

Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in CASH paid for

Raw Fur. Felt and Silk Hats ironed and

repaired. May 1. 1D6m

DAFOE HOUSE!

Belleville, C. W.,

Corner Pinnacle & Bridge Streets,

Barringer & Co., Managers.

STAGES FOR THE GOLD MINES.

Omnibus to and from the Boats and Cars.

Sitting and Livery.

JUST RECEIVED.

WATERPROOF COATINGS,

SUMMER VESTINGS

AND

VELVETEENS.

P. D. CONGER.

June 17. 1D6m

FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.

LOUIS ROENIGK,

MANUFACTURER, and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of Furniture and Upholstery, Belleville.

He would call the particular attention of the Trade, Hotel Keepers, and Families furnishing to his present Stock, which is the largest, most varied, and best ever shown in Belleville, and which will be sold at prices as low as any establishment in Canada.

Seize and Couches of all patterns, Tables of all kinds, Chairs of every description, Bedsteads, Mattresses, &c., always on hand.

THE UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT is complete, and all orders promptly attended to.

UNDERTAKING

Dealers, Hotel Keepers, and the Public generally, are requested to call and examine Stock and Prices, before they make their purchases.

LOUIS ROENIGK,

Belleville, April, 1897. 1D4f

The Upper Cabin Steamer

"EMPRESS,"

MONMARA, MASTER.

Will leave Trenton for Montreal every FRIDAY, at SIX o'clock A. M., and

Montreal's Wharf, Belleville, at TEN, call

ing at Port Hope on the Bay of Quinte and River

St. Lawrence.

RETURNING.

Will leave Montreal every TUESDAY at

ONE o'clock, for the above places, calling at

Osgooshtong and all intermediate ports.

This steamer has an Upper Deck Saloon,

and every accommodation for passengers, who

will find her safe, and the swiftest and most

comfortable boat on the route.

For freight and passenger tickets apply to

Capt. McIntosh, Agent, Belleville, at the office

of Read & McIntosh, next door to Fanning's

Hotel.

O. C. McFALL,

55 & 56 Common St., Montreal.

May 14. 11D-3m

MAITLAND FISHER,

TEA and GENERAL BROKER.

OFFICE: Corner of St. Stephen and St. Nicholas

Streets, Montreal.

Representatives—Robert & Robert, Esq.,

Esq., 401 Avenue, 404.

Kirkwood, Livingston & Co.,

Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes,

Leather, &c.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

FRANKESS—Large coal, dry and coked, with

every facility for handling provisions to ad-

vantages.

ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts

authorized against shipments to and

sale bases of consigned to our friends in Great

Britain or the Lower Provinces. 38D-6m-10m

KENNEDY & WILLIAMS,

Opposite American Hotel.

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

DEALERS in all kinds of

WINE, BRANDY, and

LIQUOR, and all kinds of

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GOLD MINING ACT OF 1864,

27 and 28 Vic. Chap. 9. and the

Gold Mining Amendment Act 1865,

29 Vic. Chap. 9.

THE Gold Mining Act of 1864 provides that Governor

in Council may erect Gold Mining Divisions.

Governor may appoint Officers for Divisions.

Two Divisions erected in Lower Canada, "Chaudiere

Gold Mining Division," "Richmond River, Esq., Gold Min-

ing Inspector, St. Francis de la Plaque, Esq., and St. Fran-

co Gold Mining Division," J. K. Gilmour, Esq., Gold

Mining Inspector, Stantail; 18th July, 1864, assented

20th July, 1864 and 23rd Sept., 1864.

One Division erected in Upper Canada by Proclamation,

1st March, 1867: "Quinte Gold Mining Division,"

Clinton, Miller and North and South Canons, in the

County of Frontenac, the Township in the County of

Renfrew, situated north of the Township of Miller and

Canons, the Township in the County of Addington,

the Township in the County of Hastings, situated north

of the Township of Sidney, Thurlow

the Township of Belmont, and the Township in the

County of Peterborough situated north of the Township

of Belmont, Alford Argyle Campbell, Esq., of Belleville

Inspector.

No person to mine without a license.

Two kinds of license, viz. small Lands Gold Li-

cence, \$3 per month, for small Crown Lands, and the

large Lands Gold License, \$1 per month, for large

private lands, the mine and the mining consent of the

proprietor.

Crown Lands Gold License may stake out and work

claims on small Crown Lands as follows:

SEVENTEEN MINES.

On a river of large creek, 20 feet front by 50 feet in

the river's edge. Or small creek, 40 by 50 feet front

of stream. In all, 50 feet front same, and from

to his own surface or hill side, 40 feet square. In case

of hill tunnel, officer may grant larger claim. In bed of

river or creek to determine size and position of claim.

QUARTZ MINES.

To each miner, 100 feet along lead by 100 on each side

from the centre of the lead. For companies, 20 feet ad-

ditional along lead for every additional miner, but not to

exceed 600 feet altogether.

Claims to be staked by the officer, who to be laid out

in quadrilateral and rectangular shapes, horizontal, and

bounded under the surface by lines vertical to the hori-

zontal.

Crown lands licensee to work continuously and renew

license.

No person to occupy more than one claim on Crown

Lands at one time.

Discoverer entitled to free license for one year in

matter provided he has not previously been licensed.

Party willing to be left between claims on Crown Lands,

party occupying party will to secure a new mode of

access.

Crown Lands licensee not to cause damage to others.

General use of water reserved opposite claims on

Crown Lands.

Registration of claim on Crown Lands temporarily

available, allowed for \$1. Provision: claim to be

renewed provided for removal of stakes on claim.

All licensees to make returns.

Quartz crushing machine to be licensed. Fee \$5

per month. Boiler to be kept and ready for use.

Quartz crushing machine to be licensed. Fee \$5

per month. Boiler to be kept and ready for use.

Quartz crushing machine to be licensed. Fee \$5

per month. Boiler to be kept and ready for use.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL

No. 79

The Little Boy that Died

The following beautiful poem is said to have been written by Rev. Dr. Chalmers, on the occasion of the death of a young son whom he dearly loved:

alone in my chamber now,
And the midnight hour is near;
And the fagot's crack and the clock's dull tick
Are the only sounds I hear,
And over my soul in its solitude.

For my heart and my eyes are full when I think
Of the little boy that died.

And softly I opened the garden gate,
And softly the door of the hall;
My mother came out to meet her son—
She kissed me and then she sighed,
And her head fell on my cheek, and she wept
For the little boy that died.

I shall miss him when the flowers come
 In the garden where he played;
 I shall miss him more by the fireside,
 When the flowers have all decayed.
 I shall see his toys and his empty chair,
 And the horse he used to ride;
 And they will speak with a silent speech

e shall all go home to our Father's house—
 To our Father's house in the skies,
 here the hopes of our souls shall have no blig
 Or love no broken ties.
 e shall roam on the banks of the river of pea

**Mirror in which People may
see themselves Reflected.**

Kate Landman spoke very carefully, she knew that her husband had not much money to spare: yet she spoke earnestly.

"What do you want money for?" asked
 Albert, not very pleasantly.

'So I thought I had; but Mrs. Smith and Mrs. Thompson both have a trimm-

'Plague take these women's fashions, and their endless trimmings and things a man wears! The dress costs more than the dress is worth.'

'Surely, Albert, I don't have many new dresses. I try to be as economical as I can.'

And Albert Landman took out his purse and counted out the money; but he grudgingly; and when he put the bill

back into his pocket, he did it with
emphasis which seemed to say that
he could not take it out again for a week.
When Albert reached the outer door,
on his way to his work, he found the wealth

threatening that he resolved to go on and get his umbrella; and upon re-entering the little parlor he found his wife in tears. He tried to hide the fact that she had been caught in the act, and she was asked why she wept.

"Good gracious!" cried the husband, "would like to know if you are crying at what I said about your dress?"

"I wasn't crying at what you said, Aunt," replied Kate, tremulously; "but y—"

Oh, rebaw! What do you want to

And away started Albert Landman a
ad time; but not to escape so easily.
e passage he was met by his daughter
male, a bright eyed, rosy-cheeked girl, to

Oh, papa, give me twenty five cents.
What?
Oh, I want twenty five cents. Do please
give it to me.
What in the world do you want it for

"Nonsense! I can't afford to be buying hoops for you to trundle about the streets."

No, I tell you!"

The bright blue eyes were filled with tears, and as the child's sobbing broke upon his ears Albert Landman hurried from the room.

This was in the morning. At one o'clock when he came to his dinner, there was a note over the household. His wife was ill, and he was silent; and even little

He usually so gay and blithesome, was
and silent.
ut these things could not last long in
household; for the husband and wife
d each other devotedly, and were

The "Saints" of Utah.

TROUBLE AMONG THE MORMONS.

An article in the New York Herald says: There is trouble among the saints of Salt Lake City. A schism has broken out in their ranks and is daily widening. Young Joe Smith, son of the original founder of Mormonism, has "pronounced" against the Church as presided over by Brigham Young, and withdrawn to the other side of the Rocky Mountains, where he is said to have gathered together some forty or fifty thousand adherents. People in Salt Lake City have lately developed a new habit of thinking for themselves and criticizing the actions of their spiritual leaders. They begin to doubt whether it is essential to the faith that the head of the Church should have quite so many wives as he has, or to quite such extortionate things as he does. A heretical newspaper has been started among them and professes to discriminate between Mormonism and Brighamism, very much to the discomfort of the latter creed. The faithful are said to be growing "tired and disgusted with the continued petty tyrannies exercised over both body and mind, and the perpetual drain upon the resources of their industry to keep up a legion of presidents, apostles, bishops, elders, teachers, and triple the number of wives, to say nothing of children." So deep is the general dissatisfaction that only a bold leader is wanted to bring about a revolution in the camp and a change of Presidency or a complete break up.

COMMOTION AMONG THE SAINTS.—PRESIDENT YOUNG AND YOUNG JOE SMITH FIGHTING FOR THE SUCCESSION—JOE SMITH GAINING THE GROUND.

We are in receipt of advices from Salt Lake City to the 18th ult.

Great complaints were made of the conduct of Wells, Fargo, & Co., in not forwarding them. The *Deseret News* states that one hundred and ninety-six sacks of mail matter were lying in the hands of Wells, Fargo, & Co., and more between Missouri river and Denver, at the last date.

SCHISM IN THE CAMP.

[From the Nevada Enterprise, June 21.]

It is generally known that there is, in the Mormon Church, a schism, but it is not generally known that the division separates forty or fifty thousand "Saints" from the main body of the Church of Brigham Young and Salt Lake church authorities. The branches differ, not only in relation to the legitimate succession to the Presidency of the Church, but in vital doctrinal points as well, and there is no probability of their coming together. The disaffected Mormons are scattered through out the Western States, and under the leadership of Joseph Smith, Jr., son of the founder of the faith. He lives in Iowa, and seems to be more respected by his neighbors. It was doubtless the intention of the elder Smith to place the mantle of his authority and succession upon the shoulders of the young prophet, but he was killed in prison, and Brigham Young managed to elevate himself to the Church Presidency while the junior Smith was mourning for the death of his father. Such of the Mormons as could not be prevailed upon to remove to Salt Lake twenty years ago, remained in Iowa, and were recognized as the authority of the younger Smith. Their numbers have increased largely, and they now count all of forty thousand souls, it is said. They neither believe in *polygamy*, and are altogether a more intelligent body of people than the Utah branch. A large proportion of them are natives of the United States, and during the rebellion they were noted for their loyalty to the Government. Some months since we published a letter from Joseph Smith, Jr., in which he stated the points of difference between the two sects, and alluded to the disloyalty of the Salt Lake branch. The letter seems to have had some effect, for his followers have largely increased during the past year. He has made two or three unsuccessful efforts in the way of proselyting at Salt Lake, and the two branches are irreconcilably hostile to each other.

THE DISAPPEARANCE DEEP SEATED.

[From the Salt Lake City Vedette, July 13.]

That a deep-seated disaffection exists among the adherents of the Mormon Church is too apparent to need demonstration. We do not assert (for in fact we do not know) that this disaffection is towards the Mormon religion. Our own belief on that point is that it is not. The disaffected appear to be excellent citizens in contrast with their opponents; possess as much intelligence, if not more; have the moral honesty to believe there are two duties for man—one to the State and the other to the Creator—and that the intermediate relations claimed by ambiguous men who jumble into a hotch-potch those obligations are absurd humbugs who assert that they are the representatives of both, and the only way to discharge one's duty to both is to strictly follow the advice of these strange men who arrogate divine prophetic attributes in order to establish themselves in the credulity of the people. Large numbers in this city, if we can rely on the statements of those who have advanced for knowing, are tired and disgusted with the continued petty tyrannies exercised over both body and mind, and the perpetual drain upon the resources of their industry, to keep up a legion of Presidents, Apostles, Bishops, Elders, Teachers, and triple the number of wives, to say nothing of children. The leading magnates of the Church are rich, have houses and lands, and quite unlike the *Mormons* in that respect, for He had no place whereon to lay his head. But these chaps have several places whereon to lay theirs, and good places, too. And when the inquisitive followers of the Mormon faith inquire what has become of the "thing," they are answered by the oracle that it is none of their damned business. Such matters are not easily digested, and set right hard on the stomach. When the people look at this, and see the fruit of their industry contrib-

ed for the good of the Church converted into fine stores, mills and ranches, and stock and chattels for the aggrandizement of individuals who are rolling in wealth and sensual comfort, hobnobbing with every celebrity that comes along, and always courting the consideration and distinction of the most powerful, the world, or despises labour, they cannot be blamed if they do not acquiesce entirely in all these things. We expect to see a great deal of this in the future, and it is a man's business to be on his guard against it. All that is required is some man having confidence in the honesty of his convictions to openly declare himself free of these embarrassing temporalities, and then lead the van. Craven spirits and temporizers would do otherwise.

PRESIDENT YOUNG COUNS A RIOT.

[From the Salt Lake City Vedette, July 13.]

On Sunday last President Young accompanied by a few friends, went down to Cottonwood, about twelve miles south of this village, to hold forth and preach the Gospel for the salvation of men. In the performance of this laudable design, he varied his discourse from the salvation of men and the means necessary to attain it, to a contemptible earthly attack on a certain William Howard, a very fine, intelligent English gentleman, so said, on the State road, about four miles from this city, who makes excellent whiskey. We are informed that Mr. Howard like a good citizen, pays the United States revenue as required by law; but on account of some religious obtuseness that has worked its way into his head, he hasn't paid up the lashing according to "Gunter." He was at one time the intimate friend of the President, but the story goes—and had claims of financial character against that dignitary that made the latter have recourse to his wife; brought up all the papers of Mr. Howard, then in circulation, and "squashed" him. This trick was twice performed by the President, but Howard couldn't "see it." He carried out a course of his own; and the President, in commenting on it last Sunday, made some remarks that riled Howard, and he got up and openly denounced them as false, and demanded a retraction. Some wrangling ensued, when Brigham ordered that he should be put out. About two hundred said "No," but they were entranced, and Mr. H. was forcibly ejected from the house of God. Brigham then counseled his hearers to go and tear down the house and distillery of Mr. Howard, and not leave a stone upon a stone. They did not do it, however, for which they are to be highly commended by every level of law and good order. If they had they would only show a willingness to take bad advice. Their own better counsels prevailed. We learn that Mr. Howard had sent a letter to Brigham Young yesterday, demanding a retraction of his personal statements in the Temple at Cottonwood, or that he would hold him personally responsible. Things are coming to a pretty pass.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVEILLE STATION.

Morning Express going West.	8.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West.	7.23 P. M.
Mixed Train going West.	10.35 A. M.
Express Freight going West.	8.00 P. M.
No passengers allowed on this train.	
Northward Express East.	9.08 P. M.
Night Express going East.	12.15 A. M.
Mixed Train going East.	11.10 P. M.
Morning Express Freight going East.	8.00 P. M.
No passengers allowed by this train.	
Montreal Time.	9.45 P. M.



Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVEILLE, MONDAY, AUG. 5.

AMERICAN NEUTRALITY.—The President on Tuesday issued a circular instructing District Attorneys and United States Marshals to be vigilant for the prevention of a violation of the neutrality laws by filibustering parties.

DR. RYBON'S ADDRESS.—We have received a copy of a pamphlet written by Dr. Ryberson in relation to the political position of the country. It is an original and well-written document, to which we may refer in a future number.

TENNESSEE ELECTION.—The returns from the elections in Tennessee show that "Patron Brownlow" has been re-elected Governor by 30,000 majority. All the Radical candidates for Congress have been elected by 3,000 to 8,000 majorities. So far as heard from the election was proceeded with quietly.

MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.—Several orders appear in the Canada Gazette. One of these, it is stated, is that extra pay for old patterns of clothing has been remitted, and district paymasters have ordered to refund to companies that have had the extra amount deducted. The annual sum heretofore paid to the district paymasters under order in Council on the 21st day of August, 1866, is disallowed, and will cease to be payable from and after the 1st day of August next.

CABLE OF 1866 BROKEN AGAIN.—By the last steamer for Europe we see the London News published a telegram dated Valencia, July 20, which reports that the Atlantic cable of 1866 was again broken suddenly that afternoon. It was thought about fifty miles from Bear's Content. The chairman of the Anglo-American Telegraph Co., says that the breakage has occurred at a very moderate depth of water, and the injury can be repaired with great facility as in the case of recent accidents to the shore and of the same cable. The cable of 1866 is in perfect order.

FROM PETROLIA.

[By Special Telegraph to the Daily Intelligencer.]

PETROLIA, August 5.

Another terrible fire occurred here on Saturday night in the flowing well district, caused by a lamp igniting a tank of oil. The fire spread over an area of 20 acres, consuming in the course of twelve hours, and burned about 40,000 barrels of oil. The principal losers in the fire are the North Eastern Oil Company, Lincoln Oil Company, and well of L. C. Ryker of St. Catharines, John D. Noble of Kingston, Godefrich and Marshall's well; Edwin Lane, and E. H. Thompson & Co., whose well is still flowing oil and burning at the same time. Loss estimated at nearly \$100,000. The fire is still raging, but is greatly abated.

The Disunion Party.

The Leader of to-day says: "The Montreal Herald reports the formation, in New Brunswick, of a party of three, who are to 'ally themselves with Mr. Howe and Mr. Brown.' The intention is said to be: we are still quoting the *Herald*, 'to break up the so-called Union party.' The announcement that Mr. Brown is a party to such a plot to break up the Union party that led to the last in his political coffin, in Ontario. Howe and Brown and Smith, of New Brunswick, and a couple of others; these are the conspirators; and their known sentiments and acts go to corroborate the statement. Besides the *Herald*, a Rouge organ, must be held to be good authority on a question of this kind; for no doubt many of the Rouges would be glad to assist in such a work. The *Herald* itself and Mr. Holton would probably decline; but not so much for *Le Pays* and that section of the Rouges for which it speaks."

We have contended all along that the opposition of Hon. Mr. Brown would resolve itself into this. And here even before Parliament has met, is a combined and determined effort to form a party whose object is the disruption of the Union. The Rouge party of Lower Canada, with which Mr. Brown has formed an alliance, has a special organ in *Le Pays*. In order to see the character of the party upon whom he depends to overthrow the Confederate Government, let us quote from that journal of the 4th April, when there was some talk of an invasion of the Fenians. It said:

"Now should we accept the destiny traced out for us or agitate to shake off the yoke, such is the order of the day. Approaching events will teach the people the only reasonable solution of the difficulty."

"Yes, readers, something will happen, freedom cannot be deferred. The right cause cannot succumb forever. Liberty cannot eternally remain on the other side of the line 45. She will cross it sooner or later and everything tends to indicate that that will be soon. That it must shine some day in Canada as well as on the rest of America, is evidently but a question of time. Several foretelling signs already display themselves on the horizon."

Of course this could only have reference to the Fenian movement, and it will be seen that it warmly expresses the desire that such invasion should take place. It is with such a party in Lower Canada, with the party in New Brunswick who lowered the Union Jack at half-mast on Dominion Day, and with Howe, of Nova Scotia, the avowed annexationist, that Mr. Brown has formed an alliance, for the purpose of overthrowing the Government. Are the people of Ontario willing to entrust their interests in the hands of such a party?

Free Speech.

There is evidently trouble ahead in Montreal West. At a meeting on Friday evening, held in the interest of Mr. McGee and Mr. Ogilvie, Devil's rowdies were present in large numbers, and they kept up their hooting and screaming that it was impossible to be heard. They went further, and three stones at the speakers, so that they were obliged to retire. A squad of policemen came on the ground; but they were not sufficient to preserve order. The ringleaders said they were willing to hear Mr. Ogilvie, if Mr. McGee did not appear with him. To which Mr. Ogilvie replied, and the answer did him honor, that "he would not speak on any platform where the Hon. Mr. McGee, or any other citizen, was denied the right of free speech." The meeting then broke up, amidst considerable confusion, and Mr. McGee was followed to his hotel by a gang of rowdies, who kept up their hootings and insulting remarks, although he was accompanied by a squad of policemen. Montreal West has a lot of turbulent spirits, and it will not be surprising if serious disturbances take place before the election is over.

MECHANICS FOR CANADA.—It is stated in a letter received by Mr. J. H. Daley, Emigration Agent, Montreal from the Government Emigration Office at Quebec, that the East End Emigration Society, London, England, intend to send out here by the steamer *Thames*, which will arrive about the 10th inst, 150 mechanics for the Dominion. Those who want workmen may apply to J. H. Daley.

Gold News.

[For the Intelligencer.]

MADOC, August 3.

Mr. G. A. Terry, of Frankfurt, called upon me this morning, in company with Mr. Wyckoff's assistant, and produced two certificates from Mr. Wyckoff—one with reference to an assay of ore from the 14th con. Rawdon; another from the Township of Limerick.

The one from Rawdon realized per ton: Gold, 88; Silver, 75 cents; total, \$83.75. The other, from Limerick: Silver, \$92.50.

Mr. Terry made affidavit to the fact that they were both taken by himself from the localities named.

This shows a very wide field for mineral operations.

Yours truly, A. F. Wood.

Arrivals from Europe.

New York, August 4.—The steamer *Cambrisa* from Hamburg, via Southampton, 24th July, arrived early this morning.

The Kings of Saxony and Portugal have arrived in Paris. The statement that the King of Denmark would visit Paris is pronounced unfounded.

George Dixon, Liberal, has been elected member of Parliament from Birmingham, to succeed the late Mr. Scholefield as Mr. Bright's colleague. Coventry had also elected a Liberal.

The Portuguese Minister of Foreign Affairs arrived in London to endeavor to obtain a loan.

It is stated that the Austrian government sanctioned the organization of seventy battalions of Hoveds, a Cretan squadron being organized at Athens to give chase to a Turkish fleet. It is composed of six vessels, armed with thirty guns each.

The blockade runner *Aranda* had completed her nineteenth voyage to Crete, disembarked volunteers and cargo, and took aboard four hundred women and children for Greece.

About a thousand women and children had taken refuge in mountain caverns, where they were in danger of being killed by the Turks. Foreign consuls protested against any unnecessary violence, and the English consul sent a steamer to protect them.

A Barchart telegram says the government ordered severe measures to be taken to prevent the meeting of the Moldavian senators and deputies which had been convoked. It was feared the object of this meeting is to promote the separation of the Roumanian principalities.

New York, August 4.—The steamer *City of Baltimore* from Liverpool 24th, Queens-town 25th, arrived this evening.

Her arrival is only one day earlier.

ITALY.—In reply to inquiries made at the last sitting of the chamber of deputies, Signor Rattazzi declared the ornaments and enlistments to be in preparation for the invasion of the Italian States, were being made by the Romans themselves, and added that the Italian government would secure the integrity of the Pontifical dominions.

BRITAIN, July 24.—The National Roman Commission has issued a circular to revolutionists, calling upon them to reserve their energies for the overthrow of the Roman Papal government, and annexation of Rome to Italy. The representatives of the Papal Court law on behalf of their several governments guaranteed protection to the Regime of His Holiness in case certain eventualities should arise.

Denmark, July 24, evening.—It is stated that the Danish reply to the Prussian despatch on the subject of guarantees for the protection of the Germans in the North Schleswig districts to be ceded to Denmark, leaves open a way for mutual direct understanding between the cabinets of Berlin and Copenhagen. The attitude taken by the Danish government is by no means unfriendly.

St. Petersburg, July 24.—The peace overture of the Emperor of Russia was agreed to on the 11th inst. In accordance therewith hostilities are not to recommence except in case of extreme necessity.

The Emir of Bokhara on his part to give orders for the cessation of hostilities.

Terrible Sufferings on an Emigrant Ship.

The New York Evening Post says:—The passengers by the Austrian ship *Guiseppa Bacovich*, which arrived in the Lower Bay, New York, a few days ago with Belgian emigrants, have made out a protest to the Commissioners of Emigration in which they assert that the seventeen deaths that occurred during the voyage were due to the insufficiency and bad quality of the food supplied, and the fact that the water used was poisoned by having been put in barrels which had been previously used for petroleum.

Mr. Casserly, the Superintendent of Castle-ward, sent Captain Henry Otto, True to investigate the charges contained in the protest. Capt. True learned that the ship was provided with stores by Mr. Strauss in Antwerp, and that when opened it was found that there was no tea nor sugar; the bread was unfit for food, the potatoes were rotting, and the water so nauseous, coming out of oil-barrels, that it was unfit for use. Capt. True reports that if it had not been the care of the captain, who gave up the ship stores, and appropriated one of the ship's water, but few of the passengers would have reached this port.

On the 1st of October next a register of 44,000, to be paid at the time of the 15th inst, will be charged on all letters passing between the United Kingdom and the Dominion of Canada, when the writer wishes to avail himself of this additional security afforded by the post-office.

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LIVERPOOL, August 3.—The steamer *Peninsular*, from New York on July 20th, has arrived.

Paris, August 3.—The Emperor Napoleon will be accompanied by Mr. Montier, his Minister for Foreign Affairs, on his visit to the Emperor of Austria, and will remain three days in the Austrian Capital.

LONDON, August 3, 2 p.m.—Despatches from Athens state that the Greek Government has announced its determination of declaring war against the Sublime Porte on the 1st of Sept. should the hostilities against the Christians in Candia not be ended by that time.

Great military preparations are being made for such a contingency, and orders have been issued calling out the entire reserves in the kingdom.

Paris, August 3.—The "Dunderberg" has arrived at Cherbourg, making the trip in 14 days 17 hours. She encountered heavy weather and high seas.

The departure of Napoleon for Vienna has been postponed one week.

It is stated that arrangements are being made for an interview between the Emperor Napoleon and the King of Prussia, to take place after the visit of the former to Vienna.

The Emperor has received an address from the foreign members of the Imperial Commission of the Exposition Universelle. In his reply he says: "The hopes for peace and progress of the whole world spring from such Exhibitions."

Pesth, August 3.—The election of Louis Kossuth to the Hungarian Diet causes alarm among the members of the Conservative party of Hungary, who think the extreme views and powerful prestige of the ex-President may lead to a disturbance of the existing political agreement with the Emperor of Austria.

FLORENCE, August 3.—William R. Roberts, one of the leaders of the recent Fenian movement in the United States, is now in Naples, where he is reported to be intriguing with the Radical Democrats and men of the Party of Action in Southern Italy.

LONDON, August 3, 2 p.m.—Consols 94½; 5.50, 72½ to 72½; 10.77; Erie, 48; A & G W Consolidated Bonds, 94½.

Liverpool, August 3, 3 p.m.—Cotton easier, quiet and unchanged. No change in Breadstuffs. Provisions of Produce.

American Despatches.

WASHINGTON, August 4.—The official correspondence relative to the arrest of Santa Anna has been published.

It is reported in official circles that should Juarez decline re-election to the Presidency of Mexico, he will be sent as Minister to Washington by the new administration.

New York, August 4.—An Orizaba letter of July 18th gives an account of the enthusiastic reception to Madame Juarez all along the route to Mexico City. Juarez will undoubtedly be chosen for President.

Editorial Summary.

—A company in St. Louis are going to construct artificial stone upon a great scale.

—One hundred million gallons of beer are yearly consumed in England.

—The Church News publishes a list of the churches in which lights are habitually placed on the altar.

—Gen. Michel has resigned his command in Canada, and it is said that the position has been offered to Sir Fenwick Williams.

—Sir Morton Peto's creditors are likely to get about three cents on a dollar of the fifty or sixty millions of dollars due them.

—The Hon. Messrs. Beaulieu and Dunkin are in Ottawa for the purpose of superintending the removal of the Quebec portion of the public archives.

—Governor Crawford, of Kansas, estimates that during the year 6,000 white persons have been killed by the hostile Indians on the Western plains.

—The population of Texas is estimated to be now at least 1,000,000, and rapidly multiplying. Before the war it was between 600,000 and 700,000.

—A court martial has been convened at Buffalo for the trial of seventeen soldiers of the fourth artillery for parading with a Fenian organization in Fenian uniform.

—A Convention for South Leeds is called for Tuesday next. Mr. Stephen Richards is to attend and will receive nomination for the Local Legislature.

—About 500 men have re-collected in the regions in Canada, since the day of ten years ago and over has been increased. On Friday 90 soldiers of the Royal Welsh Fusiliers received their allegiance to her Majesty, at Quebec.

—The Sultan, when he visited the Invalides, at Paris, a few days back, asked to see the oldest veteran in the institution; and with his own hands he decorated him with the Order of the Medjidie.

—An Irishman wishing to express the idea of the inexhaustible supply of fish in the Irish waters, said there are so many fish in the sea that if you were to take every fish you could catch out of it, he didn't think there would be one left in it!

—Mr. Howe's organ, the *Halifax Chronicle*, opposes the idea of including British Columbia, and Vancouver's Island within the Confederation, and advocates their annexation to the United States. We are not surprised at this. It is exactly in accordance with the policy of the anti-Unionists of the Maritime Provinces. But will the people of Ontario unite with them as they are asked to do?

— Bread is seventy-five per cent dearer in New York than in England.

— Toothache and Headache, these trespassers on what might be happy hours, have found a master in Perry Davis' Pain Killer.

The London Daily News has the following: "The Mexican Empire has cost France forty millions sterling; and, according to the Montreal, the official Journal of the French Government, the last state of Mexico is worse than the first. The French army not only did not extinguish civil war in Mexico; it exacerbated and inflamed every domestic faction in that distracted country; it brought civil war, and left civil war behind."

COMMERCIAL.

Albany Lumber Market.

REVIEW FOR THE WEEK ENDING JULY 31.

Lumber is coming forward more slowly, though the receipts are still large. A good assortment and heavy quality is in the market, which is, however, being largely reduced by the sales of the week. These have been mostly to a few heavy buyers, who have hitherto only purchased for immediate wants, but who are now laying in stock before freight advance. There has also been the usual steady trade with small dealers. Prices show but little change, though some sales are suspected at less than our minimum figures.

Freights unchanged, but vessels are in better demand. The rates for New York, \$1.50; to New Haven and Bridgeport, \$2.10; to Middle town and Norwich, \$3.00; to Hartford, \$3.20; to Providence, \$3.50.

The receipts by the Erie and Champlain canals during the 4th week in July in the years named are as follows:

Boards	Shingles	Timber	Staves
1897	10,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
1898	10,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
1899	10,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000

Of the receipts of the past week, 13,329,415 feet of lumber came down the Erie, and 7,727,333 feet down the Champlain. The weekly receipts continue large, the excess of boards and scantling over the corresponding week last year being 5,073,504 feet; also a large increase in shingles and staves.

The receipts by the Erie and Champlain canals from the opening of navigation up to Aug. 1st, in the years named, were as follows:

Boards	Shingles	Timber	Staves
1897	10,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
1898	10,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
1899	10,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000

The receipts of boards and scantling during the month just closed were very large, adding up to 81,701,565 feet. The aggregate receipts for the season also show a large increase upon last season, amounting up in round numbers to an excess of 50,000,000 feet. There is a slight falling off in shingles and staves, but the figures of these will speedily be increased by receipts.

The following table shows the prices current at the principal yards at the date of our report:

Pine, clear, 4 in.	85.00	82.00	80.00
Pine, fourth quality, 4 in.	60.00	57.00	55.00
Pine, select, 4 in.	60.00	57.00	55.00
Pine, pickings, 4 in.	50.00	47.00	45.00
Pine, good log, 4 in.	50.00	47.00	45.00
Pine, common log, 4 in.	40.00	37.00	35.00
Pine, cap boards, 4 in.	50.00	47.00	45.00
Pine, 12 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 10 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 8 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 6 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 4 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 2 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/2 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/4 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/8 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/16 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/32 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/64 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/128 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/256 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/512 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/1024 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/2048 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/4096 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/8192 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/16384 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/32768 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/65536 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/131072 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/262144 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/524288 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/1048576 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/2097152 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/4194304 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/8388608 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/16777216 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/33554432 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/67108864 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/134217728 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/268435456 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/536870912 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/1073741824 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/2147483648 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/4294967296 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/8589934592 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/17179869184 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/34359738368 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/68719476736 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/137438953472 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/274877907344 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/549755814688 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/1099511629376 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/2199023258752 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/4398046517504 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/8796093035008 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/17592186070016 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/35184372140032 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/70368744280064 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/140737488560128 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/281474977120256 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/562949954240512 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/1125899908481024 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/2251799816962048 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/4503599633924096 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/9007199267848192 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/18014398537696384 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/36028797075392768 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/72057594150785536 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/144115188301571072 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/288230376603142144 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/576460753206284288 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/1152921506412568576 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/2305843012825137152 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/4611686025650274304 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/9223372051300548608 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/18446744102601097216 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
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Pine, 1/147573952818808777312 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
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Pine, 1/2361183245100940436992 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/4722366490201880873984 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
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Pine, 1/18889465960807523495936 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
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Pine, 1/151115727686460187967488 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
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Pine, 1/19807040659319709757274587136 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
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Pine, 1/87112286056562160121800115777392461568 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/174224572113124320243600231554788923312 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
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Pine, 1/278759315380998912389760370487662277312 inch plank, each	28.00	25.00	23.00
Pine, 1/557518630761997824779520740975324554624 inch plank, each			

Belleville Intelligencer.

VOL. 1.

BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 6, 1887.

No. 81.

Belleville Business Directory.

Piccadilly & Kelso.
IMPORTERS and Wholesale Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Commercial Buildings, Front Street, Belleville. 1Dm-Wit

Legato & Price.
BARRISTERS, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Manufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries, No. 173, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 1Dm-Wit

Geo. H. Haynes.
HATTER and FURRIER, Front Street, Belleville. Highest price paid for raw furs. 1Dm-Wit

McLeod & Carre.
ENGINEERS, PROVISIONAL LAND SURVEYORS, ARCHITECTS, DRAUGHTSMEN and PATENT SOLICITORS, 183 1/2 Front Street, Belleville. MACLEOD, GAVILLER, KENNEDY & CO., Madoc. 1Dm-Wit

A. R. Dougall.
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, etc. Office over Overall's Book Store, and opposite "The Intelligencer" Office, Front Street. ALEX. ROBERTSON, D. E. K. STUART. 1Dm-Wit

Robertson & Stewart.
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, etc. Office, Ground floor next the Express Office, Bridge Street. ALEX. ROBERTSON, D. E. K. STUART. 1Dm-Wit

Ross, Bell & Holden.
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc., etc., corner Bridge and Flanagan Streets, Belleville. Hon. Jno. Ross, JOHN BELL, THOS. HOLDEN. 1Dm-Wit

Diamond & Dickson.
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors in Chancery, etc., etc., corner Flanagan and Flanagan Streets, Belleville. A. DIAMOND, Geo. D. DICKSON. 1Dm-Wit

Macellan & Macellan.
SOLICITORS in Chancery and Insolvency, Attorneys-at-Law, Conveyancers, etc., etc., Office over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville. 1Dm-Wit

Forrest & Loez.
ROYAL, Photograph Gallery, Lazer's New Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 2Dm-Wit

T. Lockerty.
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds of Sausages, Pipes and Tobacco, No. 173, Front Street, Belleville. None but the best quality of leaf used. 2Dm-Wit

Ponton, Falkner & Denmark.
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Front Street, Belleville. 1Dm-Wit

Robert P. Jellott.
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors, etc., etc., Office-Danforth Buildings, corner of Front and Bridge Streets, Belleville. 1Dm-Wit

Angus McFee.
WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, Front Street, Belleville. Watches, Jewellery and Silver Ware always on hand. Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms. 1Dm-Wit

John Wilson.
BAKER and Confectioner, wholesale and Retail, at the old stand Front Street. Dealers will find his stock the best and cheapest in the country. All orders promptly filled. 1Dm-Wit

J. W. Brown.
MERCHANT TAILOR and Clothier, Front Street, Belleville, opposite Fanning's Hotel. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1Dm-Wit

Geo. Gibson.
MANUFACTURER and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of ladies' and children's boots and shoes constantly on hand and made to order. All work warranted. 1Dm-Wit

J. C. Vapour.
MERCHANT TAILOR and Clothier, opposite Fanning's Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing always on hand. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1Dm-Wit

To Gold Miners.
YOU will find a variety of mining tools at the subscriber's shop. Drills and sledges made of the best refined cast steel. Solid pulleys, Sweden Iron Pick Axes and Prospecting Blanks, cast steel pointed. All warranted, and cheaper than any other shop in Canada. Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street, Belleville. WM. FOWELL. 1Dm-Wit

McKeown & Robertson.
MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and Retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large, well assorted and of the best material, and sold at extremely low prices for cash. They are experienced manufacturers, and being practical workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction. All orders executed promptly, and all work warranted. Remember the place, opposite Bonnett & Bal's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville. 1Dm-Wit

NEW DISCOVERY.
Bullen & Gibson's LIVERY.
Office—Bullen's Store, 70 Front St., Belleville.

First-Class Horses, new Buggies and Carriages, of the latest style always on hand. Turnouts for the Madoc Gold Region at reasonable rates.
WESLEY BULLEN, Geo. Gibson. 2Dm-Wit

Montreal Business Directory.

NEW YORK BRANCH DYE WORKS.
G. LAMPE.
204 Notre Dame Street, opposite Crystal Block, MONTREAL.
Garments dyed, scoured and supplied within twenty-four hours. Old made new. 1Dm-Wit

PHILIP HENRY.
TOBACCONIST,
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF TOBACCO, SNUFFS, CIGARS & PIPES, No. 208 Dame Street, Montreal. 1Dm-Wit

J. A. HARTE.
GLASGOW DRUG HALL,
Notre Dame Street, Montreal.
Manufacturer of the celebrated Concentrated Lye. 1Dm-Wit

MURRAY & Co.
STATIONERS' HALL,
Corner of Notre Dame and St. John Streets, Montreal.
Importers of English Stationery, Blank Book Manufacturers, etc., etc., Wholesale and Retail. 1Dm-Wit

THOMPSON, MURRAY & Co.
IMPORTERS OF
Teas, Wines, Liquors & Groceries,
No. 211, Front Street, Montreal.
Agents for J. Denis, Henry Moussé & Co., Cognac; Walsch, Schindler, Schuppé. 1Dm-Wit

EDWARD NIELD & Co.
IMPORTERS OF
Gentlemen's Haberdashery,
No. 536 St. Paul Street, opposite Apollo Hotel, Montreal. 1Dm-Wit

PEAVEY & FAVOR.
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries, Provisions, etc.,
No. 444 Notre Dame Street, three doors West St. Francis Xavier Street, Montreal.
Depart for Superior Table Butters. 1Dm-Wit

A. BOOKER.
AUCTIONEER & General Commission Merchant,
Office and Sales Room, Gibb's New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal.
Agent for Walter Evans & Co., Sewing and Knitting Machines, DeLong, J. M. Perry & Co.'s, Gray's Patent Locomotive Engines, Nottingham, England. 1Dm-Wit

SINCLAIR, JACK & Co.
Wholesale Grocers & Commission Merchants,
Importers of East and West India Produce, Medicines, etc.,
418 St. Paul Street, opposite the Custom House, Montreal. 1Dm-Wit

GEORGE CHILDS & Co.
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
30 & 32 St. Francis Xavier Street, Montreal.
Appointed by letter, from Country Merchants not residing in Montreal, will receive prompt attention, and goods sent in stock will be purchased and placed at lowest market prices. 1Dm-Wit

ST. LAWRENCE HALL.
H. HOGAN, PROPRIETOR,
Great St. Joseph Street, Montreal. 1Dm-Wit

DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON.
AND Commission Merchants,
No. 10, Peter Street, opposite St. Sacrament Street, MONTREAL. 1Dm-Wit

S. DAVIS.
MANUFACTURER OF
HAVANA SEGARS,
Office—No. 16 Great St. James Street, Montreal.
Sole proprietor of the Havana Whip and "Cable" brands of Segars. 1Dm-Wit

J. V. MORGAN.
Commission Merchant,
Importer of order of all kinds of English and French Goods. 1Dm-Wit

C. C. SNOWDON & Co.
IMPORTERS OF
British, American, and German SHEET AND HEAVY HARDWARE,
404 & 406 Saint Paul Street, corner of St. Nicholas St., MONTREAL. 1Dm-Wit

M. GUTMAN & Co.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Hoop Skirts and Skirt Materials,
Wife Works, 807 Port-au-Loup Lane. 1Dm-Wit

DR. NELSON EDWARDS.
SURGEON DENTIST,
304 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.
Three doors East of French Church. 1Dm-Wit

KINGAN & KINLOCH.
IMPORTERS
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
Corner St. Peter and St. Sacrament Streets, Montreal. 1Dm-Wit

GANTHIER & MANDEL.
MERCHANTS TAILORS,
301, NOTRE DAME STREET,
314, 316, 318, 320, 322, 324, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, 338, 340, 342, 344, 346, 348, 350, 352, 354, 356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372, 374, 376, 378, 380, 382, 384, 386, 388, 390, 392, 394, 396, 398, 400, 402, 404, 406, 408, 410, 412, 414, 416, 418, 420, 422, 424, 426, 428, 430, 432, 434, 436, 438, 440, 442, 444, 446, 448, 450, 452, 454, 456, 458, 460, 462, 464, 466, 468, 470, 472, 474, 476, 478, 480, 482, 484, 486, 488, 490, 492, 494, 496, 498, 500, 502, 504, 506, 508, 510, 512, 514, 516, 518, 520, 522, 524, 526, 528, 530, 532, 534, 536, 538, 540, 542, 544, 546, 548, 550, 552, 554, 556, 558, 560, 562, 564, 566, 568, 570, 572, 574, 576, 578, 580, 582, 584, 586, 588, 590, 592, 594, 596, 598, 600, 602, 604, 606, 608, 610, 612, 614, 616, 618, 620, 622, 624, 626, 628, 630, 632, 634, 636, 638, 640, 642, 644, 646, 648, 650, 652, 654, 656, 658, 660, 662, 664, 666, 668, 670, 672, 674, 676, 678, 680, 682, 684, 686, 688, 690, 692, 694, 696, 698, 700, 702, 704, 706, 708, 710, 712, 714, 716, 718, 720, 722, 724, 726, 728, 730, 732, 734, 736, 738, 740, 742, 744, 746, 748, 750, 752, 754, 756, 758, 760, 762, 764, 766, 768, 770, 772, 774, 776, 778, 780, 782, 784, 786, 788, 790, 792, 794, 796, 798, 800, 802, 804, 806, 808, 810, 812, 814, 816, 818, 820, 822, 824, 826, 828, 830, 832, 834, 836, 838, 840, 842, 844, 846, 848, 850, 852, 854, 856, 858, 860, 862, 864, 866, 868, 870, 872, 874, 876, 878, 880, 882, 884, 886, 888, 890, 892, 894, 896, 898, 900, 902, 904, 906, 908, 910, 912, 914, 916, 918, 920, 922, 924, 926, 928, 930, 932, 934, 936, 938, 940, 942, 944, 946, 948, 950, 952, 954, 956, 958, 960, 962, 964, 966, 968, 970, 972, 974, 976, 978, 980, 982, 984, 986, 988, 990, 992, 994, 996, 998, 1000. 1Dm-Wit

Montreal Business Directory.

W. A. LITTLE.
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,
25, Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal.
Maps, Plans, Circulars, Cards, Invitations, Headings, etc., of all kinds, Blank Cheques, Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, Diplomatic Documents, etc., in any number of colors, Copperplate, Engraving, Specimens, etc., etc., executed at the shortest notice, consistent with good work, on the most reasonable terms. 2Dm-Wit

de B. MACDONALD & Co.
10 St. Helen Street, Montreal.
MANUFACTURERS OF
HOOP SKIRTS, and IMPORTERS OF Men's and Women's STAYS, Felt, and Fancy Woolen Goods, Wholesale. 1Dm-Wit

W. S. GOODHUGH & Co.
IMPORTERS OF
English and Foreign Leather,
24 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 1Dm-Wit

A. ROBERTSON & Co.
Manufacturers and Importers of
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Manila, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Lace, Hosiery, etc., etc., etc., 478 St. Paul Street & 308 Commissioners St., MONTREAL.
Auburn Woollen Mills, Peterboro', C. W. 1Dm-Wit

Frothingham & Workman.
MONTREAL.
IMPORTERS, Manufacturers, and Wholesale Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware.
Warehouses and Office—309 to 321, St. Paul St. Manufacturers of all kinds of Mining Tools, and have constantly on hand a large stock of Powder, Patent Safety Fuses, Drill Steel, etc., etc., May list. 1Dm-Wit

J. C. FRANCK.
Under the name, style and firm of
J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS and WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Groceries, Wines, Spirits, Oils, etc., etc., 25, Hoag Street, Montreal. 1Dm-Wit

H. GRANT.
Watch and Clock Maker,
303 Notre Dame Street, MONTREAL.
Every description of Jewelry manufactured from Gold contrived to his order, under his own supervision. 2Dm-Wit

JOSEPH KIRKP.
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes,
No. 293 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 2Dm-Wit

BURROWS & Co.
Commission Merchants,
and WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Brandy, Wines, Spirits, Tobacco, etc., etc., 418 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 2Dm-Wit

IVES & ALLEN.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Hardware, Stoves, Ranges, etc., etc.,
Cast Iron Plaster and Plaster of Paris, 114 to 122 Queen St., Montreal. 2Dm-Wit

Place d'Armes Drug Store.
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal.
This attention of Tourists visiting the City is requested to visit our stock of English and French Toilet Articles, for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed. 2Dm-Wit

W. C. McDONALD.
Manufacturer of Fine Tobaccos,
Office—240 Notre Dame St., Works—128 Water St., MONTREAL. 2Dm-Wit

Established 1820.
J. & W. HILTON.
CABINET MAKERS & UPHOLSTERERS,
FURNITURE and OILS, Importers and Exporters of all kinds of Glass, Manufacturers of Looking Glasses, also Importers of Brackets, Lamps, Laces, etc., etc., and Upholsterers' Goods generally.
No. 61, GREAT ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL. 2Dm-Wit

Established 1861.
JOHN F. McQUAIG.
Shipping and General Agent,
Office—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Hospital, and St. Common Street, Canal Wharf, MONTREAL. 2Dm-Wit

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.
100 Great North Street, MONTREAL.
HAVE FOR SALE—
Horse Traps, Carriage Traps, Horse Racks, Harness, etc., etc., etc., 1Dm-Wit

THOS. HOBSON & Co.
Produce Commission Merchants,
100, 102, 104, 106, 108, 110, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120, 122, 124, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140, 142, 144, 146, 148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, 164, 166, 168, 170, 172, 174, 176, 178, 180, 182, 184, 186, 188, 190, 192, 194, 196, 198, 200, 202, 204, 206, 208, 210, 212, 214, 216, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226, 228, 230, 232, 234, 236, 238, 240, 242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 252, 254, 256, 258, 260, 262, 264, 266, 268, 270, 272, 274, 276, 278, 280, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, 300, 302, 304, 306, 308, 310, 312, 314, 316, 318, 320, 322, 324, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, 338, 340, 342, 344, 346, 348, 350, 352, 354, 356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372, 374, 376, 378, 380, 382, 384, 386, 388, 390, 392, 394, 396, 398, 400, 402, 404, 406, 408, 410, 412, 414, 416, 418, 420, 422, 424, 426, 428, 430, 432, 434, 436, 438, 440, 442, 444, 446, 448, 450, 452, 454, 456, 458, 460, 462, 464, 466, 468, 470, 472, 474, 476, 478, 480, 482, 484, 486, 488, 490, 492, 494, 496, 498, 500, 502, 504, 506, 508, 510, 512, 514, 516, 518, 520, 522, 524, 526, 528, 530, 532, 534, 536, 538, 540, 542, 544, 546, 548, 550, 552, 554, 556, 558, 560, 562, 564, 566, 568, 570, 572, 574, 576, 578, 580, 582, 584, 586, 588, 590, 592, 594, 596, 598, 600, 602, 604, 606, 608, 610, 612, 614, 616, 618, 620, 622, 624, 626, 628, 630, 632, 634, 636, 638, 640, 642, 644, 646, 648, 650, 652, 654, 656, 658, 660, 662, 664, 666, 668, 670, 672, 674, 676, 678, 680, 682, 684, 686, 688, 690, 692, 694, 696, 698, 700, 702, 704, 706, 708, 710, 712, 714, 716, 718, 720, 722, 724, 726, 728, 730, 732, 734, 736, 738, 740, 742, 744, 746, 748, 750, 752, 754, 756, 758, 760, 762, 764, 766, 768, 770, 772, 774, 776, 778, 780, 782, 784, 786, 788, 790, 792, 794, 796, 798, 800, 802, 804, 806, 808, 810, 812, 814, 816, 818, 820, 822, 824, 826, 828, 830, 832, 834, 836, 838, 840, 842, 844, 846, 848, 850, 852, 854, 856, 858, 860, 862, 864, 866, 868, 870, 872, 874, 876, 878, 880, 882, 884, 886, 888, 890, 892, 894, 896, 898, 900, 902, 904, 906, 908, 910, 912, 914, 916, 918, 920, 922, 924, 926, 928, 930, 932, 934, 936, 938, 940, 942, 944, 946, 948, 950, 952, 954, 956, 958, 960, 962, 964, 966, 968, 970, 972, 974, 976, 978, 980, 982, 984, 986, 988, 990, 992, 994, 996, 998, 1000. 1Dm-Wit

Montreal Business Directory.

F. W. HENSHAW.
No. 10 St. Sacrament Street, opposite the Merchants' Exchange, Montreal.
HAVING been engaged in the Ashes, and general produce trade for the past thirteen years, at the above address, would be happy to receive consignments from Manufacturers and Dealers in Canada, West, either for sale in this market, or for shipment to his friends in London, Liverpool, or Glasgow. 1Dm-Wit

W. L. KINMOND & Co.
CONSULTING ENGINEERS,
MANUFACTURERS' Agents for all kinds of Machinery, Tools, Steam Hammers, etc.
Also, every description of material and uses for Engineers and Agricultural Machine makers. A Stock of best quality of Cast Steel. MADE EXPRESSLY FOR MINING AND BORING PURPOSES, IRON WIRE ROPE, Chisel and Turning Tool, Wire Ropes, Rivets, Washers, Anti-corrosive Iron Poles, Hair Line Wool Felt for Boilers and Steam Pipes, Rabbit Metal, etc., etc., always on hand, and at low prices. OLD FILES RECUF, warranted as good as new for use, at very low price. Custom House Square, Montreal. 1Dm-Wit

Richelieu Company!
Royal Mail Through Line
between Montreal and Quebec.
ON and after MONDAY the 6th of May, and until further notice, the RICHELIEU COMPANY'S Steamers will leave their respective Wharves at Quebec, for Montreal, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 10 o'clock, P.M., and will return, at 10 o'clock, P.M., for Montreal, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 10 o'clock, P.M. The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. R. Labelle, will leave Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 10 o'clock, P.M., and will return, at 10 o'clock, P.M., for Montreal, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 10 o'clock, P.M. The Steamer MONTREAL, Capt. H. Nelson, will leave Montreal, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 10 o'clock, P.M., and will return, at 10 o'clock, P.M., for Quebec, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 10 o'clock, P.M. Further information may be had at the Freight Office on the Wharf, or at the Office 399 Commissioners Street, Montreal. J. B. LAMERE, Manager. Office Richelieu Company, 399 Commissioners Street, Montreal. 1Dm-Wit

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
Established 1835.
WITH WHICH IS NOW UNITED
THE COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
Accumulated and Invested Fund—\$1,000,000 Annual Income—\$250,000
W. M. RAMSAY, Manager.
RICHARD BULL, Inspector of Agencies.
ASURANCES effected on the different systems, while he has been for many years, the most experienced, and has the means of every person desirous of taking out a Policy. Every information on the subject of Life Assurance will be given at the Company's Office, Montreal, or at any of the Agencies throughout Canada. Agent for Belleville, George Walbridge, 100, 102, 104, 106, 108, 110, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120, 122, 124, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140, 142, 144, 146, 148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, 164, 166, 168, 170, 172, 174, 176, 178, 180, 182, 184, 186, 188, 190, 192, 194, 196, 198, 200, 202, 204, 206, 208, 210, 212, 214, 216, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226, 228, 230, 232, 234, 236, 238, 240, 242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 252, 254, 256, 258, 260, 262, 264, 266, 268, 270, 272, 274, 276, 278, 280, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, 300, 302, 304, 306, 308, 310, 312, 314, 316, 318, 320, 322, 324, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, 338, 340, 342, 344, 346, 348, 350, 352, 354, 356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372, 374, 376, 378, 380, 382, 384, 386, 388, 390, 392, 394, 396, 398, 400, 402, 404, 406, 408, 410, 412, 414, 416, 418, 420, 422, 424, 426, 428, 430, 432, 434, 436, 438, 440, 442, 444, 446, 448, 450, 452, 454, 456, 458, 460, 462, 464, 466, 468, 470, 472, 474, 476, 478, 480, 482, 484, 486, 488, 490, 492, 494, 496, 498, 500, 502, 504, 506, 508, 510, 512, 514, 516, 518, 520, 522, 524, 526, 528, 530, 532, 534, 536, 538, 540, 542, 544, 546, 548, 550, 552, 554, 556, 558, 560, 562, 564, 566, 568, 570, 572, 574, 576, 578, 580, 582, 584, 586, 588, 590, 592, 594, 596, 598, 600, 602, 604, 606, 608, 610, 612, 614, 616, 618, 620, 622, 624, 626, 628, 630, 632, 634, 636, 638, 640, 642, 644, 646, 648, 650, 652, 654, 656, 658, 660, 662, 664, 666, 668, 670, 672, 674, 676, 678, 680, 682, 684, 686, 688, 690, 692, 694, 696, 698, 700, 702, 704, 706, 708, 710, 712, 714, 716, 718, 720, 722, 724, 726, 728, 730, 732, 734, 736, 738, 740, 742, 744, 746,

GEORGE ROCHE,
HATTER & FURRIER.

All the latest styles of
Felt & Silk Hats,
KEPT always on hand. Also, a great
variety of

CLOTH CAPS.
All orders promptly executed. Remember
the stand.

Neilsen's Block, opposite Apothecaries
Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for
Raw Fur. Felt and Silk Hats trimmed and
repaired.
May 1. 1D-4m

DAILY LINE TO ROCHESTER.

The quickest route from Belleville and
vicinity to New York, Boston, &c.,
from Montreal, to Buffalo, &c.,
and between the Canadian
Gold Fields and the
United States.

THE SPENDID STEEL-PLATED STEAMER

"CORINTHIAN,"

LEAVES Brighton 4.30, Mondays, Wed-
nesdays and Fridays, until further no-
tice, and daily from Colborne at 6 a.m.,
Colborne, 7 a.m., and Port Hope on arrival
of G. T. R. morning trains from Toronto and
Montreal, at 9.30 a.m.
Connects at Rochester with afternoon Ex-
press Trains for the East, West, and South.
Returning, leaves Port of Rochester, (Clar-
k's Hotel), daily, on arrival of evening Ex-
press Trains at 10 p.m., Saturdays, 3 p.m.
Connects at North Shore Ports with G. T. R.
morning trains for Toronto and Montreal, and
Stages direct for Campbellford, Madoc, and
the Canadian Gold Fields.
R. P. DAVY, AGENT.
July 22nd, 1867. 1D-4m

**MURRAY FOR
COULSON & CAMERON'S**
LINE OF STAGES

For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the prin-
cipal Hotels in Belleville every morning
(Sundays excepted), at half-past 7 o'clock,
arriving in Madoc at 12 noon.
RETURNING—Leaves all the principal Hotels
in Madoc 1.30 P.M., arriving in Belleville
in time to connect with the evening trains
going east and west.
COULSON & CAMERON, Proprietors.

JOHN HARRIS, Agent, Belleville.
JOHN TANNERY, Agent, Madoc.
P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on
this route will be promptly attended to. All
parcels unless boxed and paid for will be at
the risk of the owner.
July 22, 1867. 1D-4m

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Quebec 6th March, 1868.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance
Minister, that heretofore Weekly Notices
be published and furnished to Collectors of
Customs as to the rate of discount to be al-
lowed on American Invoices, which is to be
accorded with the price of gold as repre-
sented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto.
Such notices to appear every Saturday in the
Canada Gazette.

R. S. M. BOUCHEFFE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
OTTAWA, June 8, 1867.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice
is hereby given that the authorized dis-
count is declared to be this day 28 per cent,
which percentage of deduction is to be con-
tinued until next Weekly Notice, and to ap-
ply to all purchases made in the United States
during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,
Sole Agent—Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

QUEEN**INSURANCE COMPANY**

CAPITAL - - - \$10,000,000.

FIRE AND LIFE.**LIFE DEPARTMENT.**

THE principles on which this Company is
founded contain all the elements required
to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and
afford every facility to intending assureds—
One of the advantages secured by those who
insure their lives with this Company is that
the outside expenditure for Management is
absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settle-
ment to Ten per cent. of the Net Life
Income. This most important restriction
shows that the interests of participating policy-
holders are closely watched and carefully at-
tended to by the Company. Attention is es-
pecially called to this point, as the proportion
of premiums expended for Management
Must Largely Influence Profits
and Bonuses.

The next division of profits takes place in
1868, and all those who wish to participate in
the profits should insure at once.

DR. CANNIFF, *Intelligence Office,*
May, 1867. 4D-4m

W. WHARIN & Co.,
11 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO.

IMPORTERS OF

WATCHES, CLOCKS, AND JEWELRY, ELKHOE-PLATED
WARE, TABLE CUTLERY, &c., &c.

Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry carefully
repaired and warranted.

W. WHARIN, 1100 W. L. WILKINSON.

W. W. WALKER,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
DRAPEES, &c.,
No. 7, King Street East, Toronto. 1D-4m

FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.

LOUIS ROENIGK.

MANUFACTURER, and Wholesale and
Retail Dealer in all kinds of Furniture
near the Upper Bridge, Belleville.
He would call the particular attention of
the Trade, Hotel Keepers, and Families gen-
erally, to his present Stock, which is the
largest, most varied, and best ever shown in
Belleville, and which will be sold at prices as
low as any establishment in Canada.
Notes and Coupons of all patterns, Tables
of all kinds, Chairs of every description,
Bedsteads, Mattresses, &c., always on hand.

THE UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT

is complete, and all orders promptly attended
to.

UNDERTAKING

Dealers, Hotel Keepers, and the Public
generally, are requested to call and examine
Stock and Prices, before they make their
purchases.

LOUIS ROENIGK, 1D-4m

The Upper Cabin Steamer

Belleville, April, 1867.

"EMPRESS,"

McNAMARA, MASTER.

Will leave Trenton for Montreal every
FRIDAY, at SIX o'clock A.M., and
McIntosh's Wharf, Belleville, at TEN, call-
ing at all ports on the Bay of Quinte and River
St. Lawrence.

RETURNING.

Will leave Montreal every TUESDAY a
ONE o'clock, for the above places, calling at
Ogdensburg and all intermediate ports.

This steamer has an Upper Deck Saloon,
and every accommodation for passengers, who
will find her safe, and the swiftest and most
comfortable boat on the route.

For freight and passenger tickets apply to
Capt. McIntosh, Agent, Belleville, at the office
of Read & McIntosh, next door to Fanning's
Hotel.

C. C. McFALL, 1D-4m

55 & 58 Common St., Montreal.

May 14.

MAITLAND FISHER,

TEA and GENERAL BROKER.

OFFICE: Corner of St. James and St. Nicholas
Streets, Montreal.

References: Robertson & Beattie Robert Edmiston,
Esq., St. James, Esq.

Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,
Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes,
Leather, &c.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

Premises—Large, cool, dry and central, with
every facility for handling provisions to ad-
vantage.

ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts
authorized against shipments to our care for
sale here or consigned to our friends at
Britain or the Lower Provinces. 3P-5m-W6m

KENNEDY & WILLIAMS,

Opposite American Hotel,
MADOC, C. W.

WHOLESALE and Re-
tail Grocers and Pro-
vision Merchants, and
always supply all kinds of
Shops, &c., with the best
quality of Job, Pork, Hams,
Beef, Lamb, Cheese, &c.,
together with a full assort-
ment of Groceries. All
kinds of Biscuits, &c., &c.
and every article agents
for Alderson, Taylor &
Co., Toronto.

Belleville

AGRICULTURAL WORKS

AND

IRON FOUNDRY

WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Thrashing Machines,
STRAW CUTTERS,
MILL WORK & MACHINERY,
IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,
Iron and Steel Ploughs,
Stoves, &c., &c.

May 1 1D-4m

JOHN BEECHER'S

BITTERS

FOR THE CURE OF

ALL THE

DISORDERS

OF THE

STOMACH

AND

THE

SYSTEM

OF THE

BLOOD

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THE

NERVES

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THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER

BOOK AND JOB

PRINTING OFFICE.

THE public are informed that in connection
with THE DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER
Newspapers, we have one of the best
appointed

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LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

No. 82

Montreal Business Directory

Petrol in Ashes.

TREMENDOUS CONFLAGRATION OF OIL TANKS AND MACHINERY.

[From the London Free Press, August 9.]

Petrol is burned to the ground. The greatest fire that ever was in Canadian oil history occurred here last night, commencing about eleven o'clock. There was a man, some say a boy, who was running the engine at Lakeside, and it was his carelessness that caused the fire. He was ordered to leave the engine, and for another to come on. In going for his mate, he left the lantern over one of the oil tanks, for the purpose of looking to see how much oil was in it. While doing this the gas took fire, and in an instant, the whole tank was in flames. There were over 400 barrels of oil in this tank, and another, containing 800 barrels, was in close proximity to it; the two being about 15 feet apart. I arrived at the scene about 13 o'clock, and worked with a will, until my eyes were almost burned out of my head with the heat, which was of the most intense description. In trying to save some of the oil out of one of the tanks by means of a pipe, the pipe leaked, and the terrible heat from the burning tank set the oil on fire on the ground. Quick as lightning, the fire flew back to this tank also, and in a moment, it was all a mass of flames. Then came the tug of war. I never saw such a grand and awful sight before. Down the creek went the burning oil, across the road to the King Well, to the water. It was a tremendous sight. Now, you would hear a boiler burst, and fly up, then one of the tanks would burst, and between the fire and the people running like hunted mice, it was a scene I shall never forget. In order to get a bird's-eye view of the conflagration, I ascended about half way up to a neighboring derrick. Just as I had got comfortably seated, bang went Marshall's boiler, some portions of which flew past me, and had rather a bad effect on my nervous system. After satisfying myself in the derrick, down I came, and went across to Peter Taylor's well, (No. 1). It was on fire, its tanks had burst, and the oil was rapidly backing up behind Smith's blacksmith shop. I feared the consequences more and more, and procured a spade, and went and dammed up the drain leading to our water tank, and our well was safe. At this time the fire was at its height, not a breath of wind, and about 15 acres of solid flame. When the burning oil was running down the creek, and the whole square in one blaze of fire, then the current of air coming rushing in. You could feel the air brushing past you like a tremendous whirlwind. The leaves of the trees were all drawn close to the branches, and the branches close to the trunks. The air was rushing from all directions, and in the centre of the vortex the whirlwind took the smoke up to the heavens like a roll of wool, and the whole took fire, presenting the appearance of an immense fiery serpent, whirling up about 300 feet in the air. The hissing and seething was awfully grand, and the super-heated steam, generated under the oil, would burst forth again and again, resembling the cannonade of artillery guns. It is hard to estimate the entire loss at present, but I think that 50,000 barrels of oil have been consumed, together with \$300,000 worth of property, comprising engines, derricks, tanks, &c. The effect of the immense loss will be to send up the price of oil very considerably.

A Reminiscence of the Battle of Lissa.

SINKING OF THE RE D'ITALIA.

The Malta correspondent of the Times says:—

The Austrian ship Archduke Ferdinand Max, ironclad, and the Schwartzberg frigate, bearing the broad pennant of Commodore Polkrony, are under repair. The former is dock having new iron plates, which she brought with her from Austria, fitted on her stern, to make good the damage she received in running down and sinking the ironclad Re d'Italia. One of the plates about midships is completely broken by a missile from a 150 pounder, and in the captain's cabin there is a shot-hole, now neatly covered over with a movable iron plate marked "Lissa," caused by a cannon ball entering through a scuttle hole on the other side of the vessel. The funnel shows signs of having been perforated with shot in many places, and the officers state that the rigging and spars were dreadfully cut about in the engagement. Before striking the Re d'Italia, a signal was given by ringing a bell three times as a warning to the crew to steady themselves. The signal was not heard down in the engine room; but neither there nor anywhere else in the ship was any one thrown or injured. The collision was very little felt notwithstanding the superior size and weight of the Italian ship. Orders were given to go to the Re d'Italia full steam, to stop the engine just before striking, and to back immediately afterwards. The ram of the Austrian vessel struck the Re d'Italia about midships, penetrating into the engine room. In two minutes and a half, after one or two lurches, the Re d'Italia was sunk, with, as it is known, some 400 souls out of her crew of about 600 on board. The ram-like stem of the Max was remarkably but little hurt, and the wooden hull of the ship was perfectly unimpaired. The iron plates protecting the stem being formed of two pieces pressed together, opened out, but they are now being replaced by solid ones of considerable thickness. The Ferdinand Max is a fine vessel of her tonnage, but does not come up to our ironclad vessels of similar dimensions. Her length is 287 ft.; breadth, 51 ft.; horse power, 800. She is of 5,000 tons, and has a displacement of 6,214 tons. She carries 12 11-inch and sixteen 100 pounders besides two 300 pounders in the bow. She is in the forepart, cut off from the rest of the ship

by strong bulkheads, which are pierced for masonry like a fort. She was built at Trieste, and her officers are naturally proud of her being constructed of Austrian wood and iron. The latter, they consider, being far superior to the French though not so good as the English. The engines, which are said to be very good, are also of Austrian manufacture. The captain and many of the officers speak English remarkably well, and are extremely polite to visiting strangers over the vessel. While the repairs are going on they are berthed on board the Hibernia.

The Snider Rifle at Wimbledon.

The Times says:—A statement relative to the success of the Government Snider rifle in the Wimbledon meeting was promulgated yesterday at Woolwich. Out of six of the competitors, the Snider rifle with the Boxer ammunition, was first in three, second and third in the other, its remarkable performance at 500 yards, at which range Corporal Andrews, of the 26th Kent Rifle Volunteers, succeeded in firing 50 shots in five minutes of which two only missed the target, and making a total of 183 points, has already been notified in The Times. A report has been circulated that Andrews had continually practiced the use of the Snider rifle; it is right to state that he had previously to the Wimbledon meeting used the arm only five times—viz, three times at 200 yards and twice at 500 yards, and that he had, in these trials, fired altogether about 300 rounds. Any man can shoot about the same rapidity with the Snider rifle in a week's or a fortnight's practice, when the number of points obtained is a mere matter of accurate shooting. It should be pointed out that the very satisfactory results of the trials of the Snider rifle at Wimbledon are due in a great degree to the Boxer ammunition, which throughout the meeting has performed admirably, as regards accuracy, facilities of loading and extraction, and certainty of ignition.

WEST RIDING.

MR. BROWN'S

CENTRAL COMMITTEE MEETS THIS EVENING,

AT

NEILSON'S HALL.

AT 8 O'CLOCK.

Aug. 7th, 1867.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.
Morning Express going West. 8.00 A.M.
Night Express going West. 7.23 P.M.
Mixed Train going East. 10.35 A.M.
Merchants' Express Freight going West. No passengers allowed on this train. 6.45 P.M.
Night Express going East. 12.15 A.M.
Mixed Train going East. 11.10 P.M.
Merchants' Express Freight going East. No passengers allowed by this train. 9.45 P.M.
Montreal Time.



Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, WEDNESDAY, AUG. 7.

WEST RIDING.—Mr. Brown's Central Committee will meet this evening at eight o'clock, in Neilson's Hall.

MILITARY NEWS.—Sir John Michel has resigned the command of the army in Canada, and it is said in military circles that the position has been offered to General Sir Fenwick Williams. Col. Wesley will return to Canada to fill the office of Deputy Quarter Master General, now held by Col. Lysons.

INDIAN CLAIMS.—The Red River Northwest of the 18th ult., says: "The Indians of many of the interior districts are beginning to be aware of the intended sale of this country by the Hudson's Bay Company, and a great deal of excitement is the consequence. Notwithstanding the assurances of the Hudson's Bay Company employees that such is not the case, they have their doubts, and if the company did really make a sale without consulting them, they would find their trading posts more warm than comfortable when once the Indians came to know of it."

FREE SPEECH.—The constituency of Montreal, West, will soon become a bye-word and a reproach in the country. An organized gang in the interest of Mr. Devlin, follow Mr. McGee and Mr. O'Brien, and are endeavoring to trade their posts more warm than comfortable when once the Indians came to know of it."

When the Trent affair was being discussed and war with the States considered imminent, the Office of the Register-General of the Naval Reserve was thronged with Reserve men who when ordered up, asked how soon they would be ready, replied: "Now, our kits are in the half below, and we are all in sea-trim." The Reserve now numbers 21,000 men, 19,000 of whom are available at a week's notice.

Issue of the Writ.

The Leader of to-day contains the following in reference to the issuing of the writs for holding the elections:—"To-day the writs for the elections will be issued. The elections both for the House of Commons and the separate Provinces will take place on the same days. An erroneous idea prevails that the elections must be held simultaneously throughout the Dominion, and that they will last only one day. There is no alteration in the law in these respects. We apprehend that the new list of electors will, in most cases, be in a condition to be used at the elections; though there may be exceptions to this rule. If the time chosen for holding the elections is not the most convenient to the great body of the electors, it must be remembered that a greater evil would result from their being deferred. We have a series of new Governments—five in all—on which it is but right that the people's representatives should be able to pronounce at the earliest possible date. Besides, the supplies were only granted for a given period, which has now expired, and it would be in the last degree undesirable and improper that the time of electing new representatives should be deferred. Had it been proper to delay the elections, a more convenient time for holding them might have been chosen; but the constitutional considerations to which we have adverted must be held to override everything else."

Political Morality.

There is a class of politicians who act upon the principle that "all is fair in politics." Men who in their private life would scorn to tell a lie, who could never be accused of doing a dishonest act, think it no dishonor to flout politically, or be guilty of the most corrupt and unmanly practices when they enter the political arena. How these professedly high-minded men can reconcile such conduct with their professions is more than we can determine, unless they satisfy their consciences with the sedative, as we have heard men attempt to satisfy themselves that "all is fair in politics."

These men will scruple at nothing, they will lie unblushingly, in secret places and on the houseposts; they will practice the lowest cunning and deceit to obtain a political triumph, and at the same time profess to be moral men, says, even Christians. There is something radically wrong in the system which upholds such morality. And we don't believe the man who lies politically, will tell the truth ordinarily if a lie suits his purpose better. That's a false doctrine which teaches that "all is fair in politics," and though men may buy the deception that they can be dishonest in their political life and maintain an honorable reputation otherwise, they will speedily find out their mistake. It is time this evil was corrected. It is time the people learned to treat political liars as they would if they lied about business matters. Give them to understand that if they are caught in a fib politically, and persist in repeating that fib where there is no probability of its being denied, that they won't be tolerated, and that they may perchance be someone likelihood of curing the evil, if it does not effect a reformation in those guilty of practising it.

Qualification of Voters.

The following abstract of the election law has been prepared by an eminent legal authority; and will remove some doubts which have been started by several correspondents.

The qualification of Parliamentary electors is defined by the 31st section of the Municipal Act of 1866, to be as follows:—

The owner or occupant of real property of the actual value,
In cities, of \$400
In towns, of 400
In villages, of 300
In townships, of 200

Besides possessing the requisite property qualification, the elector must have been entered on the last revised assessment roll, from which the voter's list is prepared. In municipalities where the assessment roll of 1867 has been revised, it is the duty of the Clerk to prepare the voter's list from this roll, and if completed by him and filed with the Clerk of the Peace one month before the date of the election, such list is the proper one to govern who are electors. Where this has not been done, the voter's list will be that prepared from the assessment roll of 1866.

The Act contains distinct provisions as to the qualification of electors and candidates are postponed from taking effect until after the 1st of September, 1867. The Act contains distinct provisions with reference to the qualifications of Municipal and Parliamentary electors, and also as to municipal candidates, and the first part of the 47th section applies expressly to "municipal candidates," and followed the usual legal rule of construction, according to the maxim "*in rebus a potiori*," it would seem that the electors and candidates meant by this section are municipal. The voter's list, when finally revised, is final and conclusive, and no question of qualification can be raised at the election, but of the identity only of the voter with the elector, whose name is on the list.

County of Hastings Board of Public Instruction.

NORTH HASTINGS BOARD.

List of Teachers who obtained certificates from the North Hastings Board of Public Instruction, 1st August, 1867. The number of candidates entered for examination was 77; 9 obtained first class certificates; 16 second class; 43 third class; and 9 failed.

FIRST CLASS.
J. McDevil Wilson, 224 Edw. McCreedy, 192
John H. Bell, 218 Samuel Gardner, 191
Thos. J. Fair, 212 John W. Syme, 190
Wm. J. Brain, 199 John Courtney, 188
Thos. H. Finn, 192

SECOND CLASS.
Robert Lennox, 183 James Cronk, 190
Michael Farrell, 179 Thomas Elliott, 157
William Morrison, 177 Wm. H. Mitchell, 155
William Kirk, 176 Richard Barthelemy, 153
Orlean Hart, 171 Margt. Shannon, 145
Crozier G. Adams, 164 Mary A. Robertson, 143
Beeson O'Hara, 163 John Maxwell, 142
Louisa Ketcheson, 163 Robt. Wiggins, 140

THIRD CLASS.
Alice Felling, 136 Maria Donohue, 104
Alfred Dyer, 134 Ella J. Wiggins, 104
Margaret Harvey, 130 Emma Barker, 101
Honoria Larkins, 129 Mary Seamus, 101
Margaret Morton, 127 Helen Allen, 101
Elizabeth McDade, 126 Ruth Ashley, 100
Rose McKenna, 124 Thomas McKenna, 99
Thomas Howland, 123 Maria Watson, 99
Fletcher Embury, 120 Fanny Rutledge, 99
Florence Clark, 119 Catherine Deland, 99
Jane Porter, 117 Sarah Carleton, 99
Margaret Carleton, 116 Clara Garry, 99
Margaret Campbell, 115 John Garry, 99
Margaret Meagher, 113 Alice Barry, 98
Isabella Mackenzie, 112 William O'Brien, 98
George Anley, 111 Sarah Larkin, 98
Mark Anderson, 111 Sarah Larkin, 98
Hannah Eagleson, 111 Jane Palmer, 98
Agnes Jackson, 110 Eva Lewis, 98
Sarah Barker, 110 Eva Lewis, 98
Uretha Merrill, 108 Sarah Brown, 98
Elizabeth Murray, 106

T. S. AGAR, Secy. G. H. BOLTON, M. D., Chairman.

Number of candidates. 77
First class. 9
Second class. 16
Third class. 43
Total. 68
Failed. 9

POLICE COURT.

AUGUST 7, 1867.

Before S. BARTLEY, Jr., Police Magistrate.

WAGES.

Gilbert Latta was brought up for owing Isaac Fringle \$36 wages, for labour performed as a lumberer; also for a sum of \$40 due Reuben Bennett, for similar services. Order for payment made in both cases.

DISORDERLY.

John Morris was fined \$2 and costs, for using abusive language towards John F. McCreary.

VAGRANCY.

Two young French girls named Sophia and Angeline Blondeau, alias LeDuc, were brought up from confinement during the night, and discharged with a caution as to the continuance of their nightly promenades in the Town and its suburbs—a caution which they laughingly promised to observe.

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.

Two cases from Shannonville were postponed until the Magistrates return to Belleville on the 8th inst.

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.

Two boys named Reed and Finnigan, quarreled, but were amicably inclined next morning. The charge against the latter was therefore withdrawn on payment of costs.

DUNK.

A poor Frenchman suffering from the effects of drink, named Battis, Lozo, was remanded until the 8th inst., to enable him to recover from the effects of the whiskey and the basins he had received while in that state. His usual assailants are also to appear on the same day.

TRESPASS.

Three boys named Browne, Mulhner, and Proctor, were fined \$1 each and costs for trespass in a garden belonging to J. Conolly.

UNWOMANLY HABITS.

A woman named Ellen Sheehan, the wife of a hard-working, respectable employee on the G. T. Railway, was brought before Mr. Wills, on a double charge of drunkenness and threatening the lives of her husband and children. It appears she had been frequently before the Police Magistrate on similar charges, and having repeated her threat in Court, she was discharged on the first offence, but committed on the second in the absence of finding sufficient sureties.

IMPERIAL GRAND COUNCIL OF ORANGISM.—The Imperial Grand Council of the Orangenism of the World met at Bradley's Hotel, London, on the 17th ult. The chair was occupied by the President, the Right Hon. the Earl of Carnarvon, and the deputy-chair by the Hon. John Hilliard Cameron, M. P., Vice President of the Council, and Grand Master of the Orangenism of British America. Among those present were:—Mr. Stewart Black, D. G. M., Ireland; George M'Leod, D. G. M., Scotland; Thomas Mackin, G. S. Scotland; Rev. R. Arnold, Grand Chaplain, Canada West; Booth Mason, D. G. M., L. O. Association, England; W. H. Torrance, G. S., L. O. Association, England; Rev. George Campbell, G. C., England; Edward Harper, G. M., Institution of Great Britain; Griffith Thomas, Grand Secretary, Institution; Joseph Ball, G. C., Institution; John A. G. S., North Eastern Province, England; Robert J. Johnston, M. D., from Canada West; John Flanagan, G. C., G. U.; Wm. Johnston, Secretary to Grand Council, &c. Much important business was transacted before the Council adjourned to the Government Hotel, on the 18th inst.

—Twenty thousand Swiss women came to comfortable living by watchmaking.

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, August 6.—In the House of Lords last night, the amendment to the Reform Bill, increasing the basis of the lodger franchise from £10 to £15 per annum, was reconsidered and rejected. Before adjourning, the House of Lords agreed to pass the Reform Bill to its third reading to-night.

DUBLIN, August 6.—Thirty-three of the Peasants who have been on trial before the Commission in Tipperary have been convicted of treason.

PARIS, August 6.—The name of Bishop Deponio is prominent among those which are spoken of in connection with the Papacy. It is said that his obituary as successor to Pius IX. in the Papal Chair will be strongly urged by France, whose influence it is believed will largely preponderate at the next election.

VIENTIANE, August 6.—Active negotiations are now going on between the Austrian Government and the Holy See for the establishment of a new concordat.

PETERSBURG, August 6.—Accounts from the Russian grain crop are extremely favorable, and indicate a very heavy yield. There will be an immense surplus for export.

LONDON, August 6, evening.—Advices from Abyssinia state that the British captives in that country are no longer in the hands of King Theodore.

The Brighton races commenced to-day. The first race was for the Biennial Stakes, which was won by "Troader." "Van Amburgh" came in second.

The second race was for the Richmond Stakes, and was won by "Patti."

LONDON, August 6, midnight.—In the House of Commons to-night, Lord Stanley, the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, promised to submit to the House, before the close of the present session, the correspondence which has passed between the British Government and that of the United States with reference to the "Alabama" claims, and all other documents bearing on the case.

In the House of Lords to-night, in accordance with the understanding arrived at yesterday evening, the Reform Bill was read for the third time and passed.

It is officially stated that the contracts for carrying the British mails to New York at the expiration of the Cunard contract, are open to all bidders, but that offers of British ships will have the preference.

PARIS, August 6.—It is said that Kossuth deposed the seed in the Hungarian Parliament conferred upon him by the electors of Waites.

LONDON, August 7, noon.—Consols firm at 94; Bonds 73½; 1 C 77.

LIVERPOOL, August 7, noon.—Cotton quiet and unchanged; Uplands 10½d; Orleans 10½d; Weather unfavorable for crops. Corn advanced to 38s 3d.

SOUTHEAST, August 7, noon.—The steamship "Allemania" has arrived.

LONDON, August 7, 2 p.m.—The steamship "St. Patrick," from Quebec, has arrived.

LONDON, August 7, 3 p.m.—Bonds 73½ to 73½; 1 C 73½; Erie 45½.

LIVERPOOL, August 7, 2 p.m.—Bacon 44s; Corn 56d; Spirits Turpentine, 55s 3d; Fine Roila 12s.

American Despatches.

BALTIMORE, August 6.—Mrs. Jeff Davis arrived to-day from Charleston, and proceeds tomorrow to join her husband in Canada.

NEW YORK, August 7.—The *Tribune's* Nashville special says: On election day about 1,000 armed men came to Jackson, Madison County, ordered the company of Militia to leave town, took the State certificates from the negroes, overruled the Judges of Election, drove the Commissioner and other Union citizens from the town, and took possession of the polls.

A horrible outrage on negroes are reported in sufficient military force is organizing to enforce law and order.

ST. LOUIS, August 6.—The United States Railroad Commissioners have accepted another section of 25 miles of the Union Pacific Railroad, extending 295 miles west of the Missouri River.

NEW YORK, August 7.—By the latest accounts from China it is said that the Chinese are most inquisitive about the increase of the United States Squadron in their waters.

The Herald's Washington special says: The Senate of the United States has refused the President's polite invitation to retire from office. The President's note is very brief, only four lines in length, and simply states that grave public considerations constrain him to request Mr. Stanton's resignation. Mr. Stanton's answer is also very brief, and intended to be severe and pointed. The Secretary acknowledges the receipt of the President's note requesting his resignation, and answers that grave public considerations constrain him to continue in the position of Secretary of War until the next election. At the Cabinet meeting to-day Secretary Stanton was not present. It is thought the President will notify Mr. Stanton that he is no longer Secretary of War, and must vacate forthwith.

NEW YORK, August 7.—The deaths in this city numbered 947 last night and 979 in Brooklyn.

—After having undergone years of exile, Louis Kossuth has been chosen a member of the Hungarian Diet, without one dissenting voice.

—A collision occurred on the Great Western Railway on Sunday morning last, near London, by which two engines and a number of freight cars were badly smashed.

Stabling and Livery:

GEORGE ROCHE,
HATTER & FURRIER.

All the latest styles of

Felt & Silk Hats,

KEPT always on hand. Also, a great variety of

CLOTH CAPS.

All orders promptly executed. Remember the stand.

Nelson's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N.B.—The highest price in cash paid for Raw Furs. Felt and Silk Hats cleaned and repaired.

May 1. 104m

DAILY LINE TO ROCHESTER.

The quickest route from Belleville and vicinity to New York, Boston, &c., from Montreal, to Buffalo, &c., and between the Canadian Gold Fields and the United States.

THE SPLENDID STEEL-PLATED STEAMER

"CORINTHIAN,"

LEAVES Brighton 430, Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, until further notice, and daily from Colborne at 6 a.m., Colborne, 7 a.m., and Port Hope on arrival of G. T. R. morning trains from Toronto and Montreal at 9:30 a.m.

Connects at Rochester with afternoon Express Trains for the East, West, and South. Returning, leaves Port of Rochester, (Charlotte), daily, on arrival of evening Express Trains at 10 p.m., Saturdays, 3 p.m. Connects at North Shore Ports with G. T. R. morning trains for Toronto and Montreal, and at Brighton and Colborne with morning Stages direct to Campbellford, Madoc, and the Canadian Gold Fields.

R. P. DAVY, AGENT.

July 22nd, 1897. 104m

BUREAU FOR COULSON & CAMERON'S

LINE OF STAGES

For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sunday's excepted), at half-past 7 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12 noon. RETURNING—Leave all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 1:30 p.m., arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west.

COULSON & CAMERON, Proprietors.

JOHN HARRIS, Agent, Belleville.

JOHN TANNERY, Agent, Madoc.

P.S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.

July 22nd, 1897. 104m

American Invoices—Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS, QUEBEC, 6th March, 1893.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discounts to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the *Canada Gazette*.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS, OTTAWA, June 8, 1897.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 25 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON, 3D1st Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

QUEBEN**INSURANCE COMPANY**

CAPITAL, \$10,000,000.

FIRE and LIFE.**LIFE DEPARTMENT.**THE principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and afford every facility to intending assured. One of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company is that the outside expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement to **Ten per Cent** of the Net Life Income. This most important restriction shows that the interests of participating policy holders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially called to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management **Must Largely Influence Profits and Bonuses.**

The next division of profits takes place in 1898, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.

J. B. CANNIFF, *Intelligencer* Office, May 1897. 104m**W. WHARIN & Co.**

11 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO.

IMPORTERS OF

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, TABLE CUTLERY, &c.

Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry carefully repaired and warranted.

W. Wharins, 120m W. L. WILKINSON.

O. & W. WALKER,

MERCHANT TAILORS, DRAPEES, &c.

No. 7, King Street East, Toronto. 120m

FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.

HATTER & FURRIER.

LOUIS ROENIGK,

MANUFACTURER, and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of Furniture near the Upper Bridge, Belleville.

He would call the particular attention of the Trade, Hotel Keepers, and Families for nothing, to his present Stock, which is the largest, most varied, and lowest ever shown in Belleville, and which will be sold at prices as low as any establishment in Canada.

Sofas and Couches of all patterns, Tables of all kinds, Chairs of every description, Bedsteads, Mattresses, &c., always on hand.

THE UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT

is complete, and all orders promptly attended to.

UNDERTAKING

in all its branches.

Dealers, Hotel Keepers, and the Public generally, are requested to call and examine Stock and Prices, before they make their purchases.

LOUIS ROENIGK, Belleville, April, 1897. 104m

The Upper Cabin Steamer

McNAMARA, MASTER.

WILL leave Trenton for Montreal every FRIDAY, at SIX o'clock A.M., and McIntosh's Wharf, Belleville, at TEN, calling at all ports on the Bay of Quinte and River St. Lawrence.

RETURNING.

Will leave Montreal every TUESDAY at ONE o'clock, for the above places, calling at Ogdensburg and all intermediate ports.

This steamer has an Upper Deck Saloon, and every accommodation for passengers, who will find her safe, and the swiftest and most comfortable boat on the route.

For freight and passenger tickets apply to Capt. J. McIntosh, Agent, Belleville, at the office of Read & McIntosh, next door to Fanning's Hotel.

C. C. McFALL, 55 & 56 Common St., Montreal. 11D-3m

MAITLAND FISHER,

TEA and GENERAL BROKER.

OFFICE: Corner of St. Bonavent and St. Nicholas Streets, Montreal.

Representative—Robertson & Beattie, Robert McIntosh, Esq., 444 St. Nicholas St., Montreal.

Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,

Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, Soap, Lard, &c., &c.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

11 ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

Premises—Large, cool, dry and central, with every facility for handling provisions, to advantage.

ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts authorized against shipments to our care for sale here or consigned to our friends in Great Britain or the Lower Provinces. 380-6m-Winn

KENNEDY & WILLIAMS,

Opposite American Hotel

MADOC, C. W.

WHOLESALE and Retail Grocers and Provision Merchants, and for provision of pack ways supplies. Hotels, Hotels, &c., with the best quality of Beef, Pork, Hams, Bacon, Lard, Cheese, &c., together with a full assortment of Groceries. All kinds of Biscuits, &c., &c.

Also, Wholesale Agents for Morrison, Taylor & Co., Toronto.

BELLEVILLE**AGRICULTURAL WORKS**

AND

IRON FOUNDRY

WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Thrashing Machines,**STRAW CUTTERS,****MILL WORK & MACHINERY,****IRON and BRASS CASTINGS,****Iron and Steel Ploughs,****Stoves, &c.**

May 1. 1D-4

JOHN BULL**BITTERS**

A SWEETENED AND FLAVORED BEVERAGE

Prepared by JOHN BULL, 100 Queen Street, Toronto.

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**THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER**

BOOK AND JOB

PRINTING OFFICE.

THE public are informed that in connection with THE DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER Newspaper, we have one of the best appointed

JOB DEPARTMENTS

In the country, and our facilities for turning out all kinds of Book and Job Printing are such as should command the attention of every business firm in the County of Hastings.

The Extensive Assortment

or

TYPE AND POWER PRESSES

Gives us great advantages in the printing of

POSTERS & PROGRAMMES.

And for all kinds of

COMMERCIAL WORK.

Letter Headings,

Note Headings,

Business Cards,

Bank Cheques,

Bill Heads,

Circulars,

Catalogues.

Receipts,

Pamphlets,

Bonds and Mortgages,

Deeds,

Posters,

Placards,

In any Size or in any Colour.

CONSTITUTIONS,**BY-LAWS,**

And every other variety of Pamphlets printed neatly and expeditiously.

Book and Job Printing

AT THE

LOWEST RATES.

Parties at a distance from Belleville in want of

Any Description of Printing,

Can have their wants supplied by sending their orders by mail. Their letters will receive prompt and careful attention.

M. BOWELL,

INTELLIGENCER BUILDING,

FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

May 1. 12.

SYNOPSIS
GOLD MINING ACT OF 1864,

27 and 28 Vic. Chap. 9. and the

Gold Mining Amendment Act 1865,

29 Vic. Chap. 6.

THE Gold Mining Act of 1864 provides that Governor in Council may erect Gold Mining Divisions.

Governor may appoint Officers for Divisions.

Two Divisions erected in Lower Canada: "Chaudiere" Gold Mining Division, "Richmond" Gold Mining Division, "St. Lawrence" Gold Mining Division, "St. John's" Gold Mining Division, "St. Pierre" Gold Mining Division, "St. Charles" Gold Mining Division, "St. Louis" Gold Mining Division, "St. Michel" Gold Mining Division, "St. Denis" Gold Mining Division, "St. Eustache" Gold Mining Division, "St. Valere" Gold Mining Division, "St. Basile" Gold Mining Division, "St. Jean" Gold Mining Division, "St. Pierre" Gold Mining Division, "St. Charles" Gold Mining Division, "St. Louis" Gold Mining Division, "St. Michel" Gold Mining Division, "St. Denis" Gold Mining Division, "St. Eustache" Gold Mining Division, "St. Valere" Gold Mining Division, "St. Basile" Gold Mining Division, "St. Jean" Gold Mining Division, "St. Pierre" Gold Mining Division, "St. Charles" Gold Mining Division, "St. Louis" Gold Mining Division, "St. Michel" Gold Mining Division, "St. Denis" Gold Mining Division, "St. Eustache" Gold 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Fenianism.

"PRESIDENT" ROBERTS.

The New York Commercial Advertiser says—W. R. Roberts, the President of the Fenian Brotherhood, is expected to return from Paris in a week or ten days. President Roberts is now at the head of the entire Fenian movement in this country and Ireland, the Stephens having gone over to him in consequence of the shameful perfidy of the runaway leader. Whatever opinions may be entertained of President Roberts's Fenian agitation, his personal honor and integrity of purpose are above cavil. He went to Europe to confer with the great European revolutionists as to the most effective mode of liberating Ireland from the English yoke, and the Fenians in this city expect great things from the experience thus gained. It is also said that President Roberts has secured the cooperation of certain nations on the European continent in the struggle for Irish independence in certain not improbable contingencies. He had long conferences with Bismarck, Mazzini, Garibaldi, and also with the French Emperor. It seems certain that the world has yet heard of the Fenianism, and persons who have been recently in the company of President Roberts assert that he exhibits wonderful capacities as a leader, and inspires all around him with the highest enthusiasm and confidence in the success of the schemes against England.

POORER BUT WISER.

The New York Times says—"We had in yesterday's issue a curious and romantic but true narration of the adventures of a party of Fenians who fitted up a vessel and sailed in April last from this port for Ireland, from which they returned a few days since. There were 850 of these bold Fenian adventurers, all picked men, thoroughly armed, and well supplied with warlike stores. They were all believers in the oft repeated statement that the people of Ireland were ripe for revolution, and that if an organized body of troops, capable of forming the nucleus of an army, were to land on any part of the Irish soil and raise the green flag, the entire country would rush to their support. Well, our adventuresome Fenians got to the Irish coast in safety, landed at different points, and landed an armed force at the most promising locality. But alas! nobody gathered round them, or kept anything of them or their project, or cared anything at all about them. And so, after a series of mishaps, misfortunes, and daring attempts, in which a number of them were captured, the barque *Plato* has returned to New York, bearing a body of men who have suffered hardships that they are not willing to repeat, even for the cause of Irish independence. It is well that this attempt has been made; for nothing else would have convinced the Fenians in this country of the hopelessness of an Irish revolution."

ANOTHER VERSION.

The New York World says—"The Fenian bark *Plato*, after a cruise of three months, returned to New York on the 25th. She is 1,700 tons burden, and left here on the 27th of April with a crew of forty men, an armament of two twelve-pounders, and troops to the number of 850. Every man was armed with a Springfield rifle, and in addition she carried about a thousand stand of arms, and sufficient ammunition. The purpose of the cruise was to ascertain whether it was possible to land a large number of men on the Irish coast; it had been erroneously argued that if one small vessel could elude the British cruisers, so a hundred transports could. She got across the "ironing main" in twenty-three days, with only one danger, which occurred upon encountering an English man-of-war off the coast of Newfoundland. This peril she triumphantly passed by flying the American flag. She first made a landing on the coast of Kerry, the people of which did not guess her mission. Afterwards she ely cruised along the coast, landing at several places, in each of which the officers had long talks with leading Fenians from the shore, and all of which, except one, resulted in the decision not to invade Ireland just then. The exception was off the coast of Waterford, where after the usual council six brave fellows left the ship to die or be captured; the latter fate did befall them, shortly afterwards. Finally the arrival of the *Plato* became generally known throughout the island, and it was determined to return to the States. During the passage back provisions ran short, and the crew and passengers were obliged to depend on the chance American ships that they met for supplies. On arriving here, the arms and ammunition were disembarked and taken charge of by the Brotherhood.

THE ALTERNATIVE ACCEPTED.—It is remarkable that throughout the West the reform candidates for Parliamentary honors are compelled by the force of public opinion either to disavow opposition to the Government, or to encounter a vigorous opposition. Many candidates who came out as a full blown Brownites, are now toned down to very temperate Ministerialists; but whether their half-promised conversion to a "fair trial" to the new Government is really to be relied upon, ought to be determined by the electors who know them, and can estimate the value of their pledges.

The French Emperor has erected in the Avenue Daumesnil, Paris, forty-eight houses, as specimens of dwellings for small families, the plan of which may be seen at the Exhibition. Each contains three stories and cellars, and each floor is composed of rooms and a small kitchen. The building cost themselves cost altogether 350,000 fr., or somewhat over \$,000 fr. each, but on adding the purchase of the ground, and the expense of leveling, the whole sum spent has been 510,000 fr. The majority has just made a gift of the whole to a co-operative society of working men, which is in course of formation, for constructing cheap dwellings.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.
Morning Express going West 8:00 A. M.
Evening Express going West 10:20 P. M.
Mixed Train going West 10:55 A. M.
Morning Express going East 6:45 P. M.
Night Express going East 12:15 A. M.
Mixed Train going East 11:10 P. M.
Evening Express going East 9:45 P. M.
Montreal Times.

STN. ROCHESTER.—The Str. Rochester leaves
Plato's wharf to-morrow afternoon, at 2 o'clock
for Oswego, too late at Mill Point and Pictou.



Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, THURSDAY, AUG. 8.

The Writs Issued.

An extra of the Official Gazette last evening contained a proclamation from the Governor General ordering a general election to the Parliament of the Dominion.—The Writs are dated the 7th day of August instant, and are made returnable on the 24th day of September next, except, however, the Writs for the electoral district of Gaspé and for the electoral district of Chicoutimi and Saguenay, which Writs will be returnable on the 24th day of October next.

Another proclamation calls Parliament together on the 24th September, but not for despatch of business.

Proclamations for the Local Election in Ontario, Quebec and Nova Scotia, exactly similar to the above, have likewise been issued. There is no Local Election in New Brunswick.

The Campaign.

Now that the time of the elections have gone fixed, the various candidates have gone into the contest with renewed energy, and are making the most of the short period given them before the election.

The ground in the West Riding, where the candidates were first in the field, has been pretty much gone over, and each one can tell very nearly how he stands. Dr. Holden's warmest supporters concede that he will be defeated, and Mr. Brown's most active canvassers confidently anticipate a majority for that gentleman of from four to five hundred. Mr. Graham is gaining ground every day. The more the electors see him and the oftener they hear him, the better they like him. We do not think there is any doubt of his election, but we trust there will be no want of effort on the part of his friends to secure for him a triumphant majority. Mr. T. D. Farley's organ indignantly denies that Mr. Farley is a coalitionist, and as that gentleman has chosen to play a straddle-the-fence game on this question, he will find it a losing speculation. To profess a willingness to give Sandfield McDonald's cabinet a fair trial, and in the same breath indignantly spurn the idea of being called a coalitionist, is too transparent an inconsistency for the people to swallow. Mr. Sandfield McDonald don't want any such milk and water supporters, and Mr. Farley will find that he can't sail into Parliament under such false colors.

In the East Riding Mr. Read and Mr. J. J. Farley have both taken the stump, but notwithstanding Mr. Farley has announced himself a candidate, we do not imagine he has any serious idea of going to the polls. If he had any such idea he will probably see how hopeless is the task he has undertaken, after being once through the Riding. For the local Legislature, Mr. G. E. Henderson seems to be the most active in the canvass. But with all his activity, with all his energy, with all his unscrupulousness, he will be easily beaten by Mr. Corby. In the temporary absence of the latter gentleman, his friends are prosecuting the canvass with the most encouraging prospects.

Mr. Bowell spent a considerable portion of last week in Huntingdon, and he was everywhere received with the most flattering promises of support. This Township, which gave a large majority against him at the last election, is in the opinion of those who know it thoroughly, and who have lately been through it, will probably give a majority this time for Mr. Bowell. That gentleman is prosecuting his canvass this week in Madoc, and the accounts we receive from that quarter are in the highest degree encouraging. Many of Mr. Wallbridge's principal supporters freely admit that Mr. Bowell will be elected by a large majority. It will be seen by our advertising columns that Mr. S. Reed, of Madoc, is a candidate for the Local Legislature. Mr. Reed is a very estimable person, and will receive a considerable local support, but we do not think he has the slightest chance of defeating Dr. Boulter.

The Press Association.

The annual meeting of the Press Association was held at Goderich, on the 7th August. About one hundred ladies and gentlemen were present. From 9 to 12 o'clock on Wednesday morning was occupied by driving about the town under the guidance of the warden of the county and the mayor of Goderich, visiting the Goderich salt wells, the lake shore, the gunboats *Cherub* and *Prince Alfred*, and other objects of interest.

At two o'clock the association met in the court-house and elected the following officers:

PRESIDENT—Mr. James Campbell, of the *Whitby Gazette*.

FIRST VICE-PRESIDENT—Mr. Cox, of the *Huron Signal*.

SECOND VICE-PRESIDENT—Mr. Boyle, of the *Pictou Times*.

RECORDING SECRETARY—Mr. Jackson, of the *Newmarket Star*.

HONORARY SECRETARY—Mr. Belch, of the *St. Mary's Argus*.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.—Messrs. C. H. Hall, Wm. Nicholson, McLagan, Hogg and John Cameron.

The Mayor and Corporation attended and presented an address of welcome.

At 6 o'clock the excursionists embarked on the steamer *Ontario* for Saginaw, to enjoy the hospitality of the Americans—leaving there on Thursday evening, and arriving in time to take the early train on Friday morning at Goderich.

County of Hastings Board of Public Instruction.

SOUTH HASTINGS BOARD.

This examination took place at Belleville on Thursday, the 1st inst., when 72 candidates were present. Of this number 12 obtained first class certificates, 20 second class, 53 third class, as below; 5 having failed entirely.

MAXIMUM 280. MINIMUM 155.
S. G. Beatty.....280 James M'Gurn.....193
Thomas McGurn.....213 William Youker.....192
Stephen Fahey.....213 Miss S. J. Thompson.....192
Andrew Russell.....210 Miss M. Ostrom.....189
N. Vermilyea.....206 John O. Sullivan.....188
G. W. Wasmanker.....194 Miss P. Ostrom.....185
SECOND CLASS.
MAXIMUM 180. MINIMUM 140.
Miss Melissa Ostrom.....185 L. E. Hogle.....162
W. L. Bullis.....181 J. A. Sharp.....161
G. N. Simmons.....181 W. M. Keown.....161
T. W. Yeacock.....174 E. D. McGurn.....159
D. W. Moran.....174 Miss E. Tiley.....146
T. S. Gilen.....173 J. B. Young.....145
W. G. W. Leach.....167 G. Carr.....144
Miss E. Parnall.....167 G. T. Iverson.....143
S. S. Brinnett.....164 Miss P. Moutt.....143
J. H. Mann.....164 Miss M. A. Campbell.....143
THIRD CLASS.
MAXIMUM 139. MINIMUM 95.
Miss Mary Corby.....136 A. R. Kellogg.....114
M. J. Gurn.....134 Miss Ellen Cadden.....114
A. G. Davis.....133 Miss S. J. Thompson.....112
Miss P. A. Todd.....133 E. M. Ketcheson.....112
Wm. Thayer.....131 Miss E. A. Sharp.....111
Miss Helen Leach.....127 G. Carr.....110
Jao. Vanderventer.....129 James E. Glen.....110
Miss L. Davenport.....129 Miss E. Ferguson.....110
T. S. Gilen.....127 G. Carr.....110
Miss E. Moran.....127 C. Johnson.....109
Miss Black.....126 Ann Cadden.....109
T. S. Gilen.....126 Miss S. J. Thompson.....107
Miss E. A. Corson.....123 M. O'Connor.....97
K. Kerr.....123 M. A. Tompkins.....96
W. L. Williams.....123 G. Carr.....96
E. H. Higgins.....116 N. J. Bamber.....95
A. E. Wetherill.....116 C. Egan.....95
E. H. Anderson.....114 J. Green, M. A.

F. H. Ross, Secretary. J. Green, M. A., President.

The East Riding.

For The Intelligencer.

Mr. Henderson, at his meetings in the East Riding, attacks Mr. Corby's requisition, for reasons he knows Mr. Corby is not responsible. Headline a great many did sign who have votes, and that it is respectable and influential, yet by picking at the requisition he hopes to divert the attention of the electors from matters of moment to those of no consequence. At the Convention for the East Riding he begged for a nomination, and failing this, insisted on a nomination for the Local, and publicly stated, seeing all his beautiful promises fruitless, that he would run at all hazards for that Riding. If he was honest and meant what he said, why not keep his word? The reason is obvious. His friends knew him and determined to select another, and leave him in the cold; upon which he resented it. His word and came out for the East Riding, without any nomination or requisition, and forced himself on the people unasked; after which he has had the taste to pick a quarrel with those who asked Mr. Corby to represent them. This is small, it is unbecoming a gentleman.

Any one can see the object he has in view. His own personal aggrandizement is his patriotism. He is an office seeker, and Mr. Corby is not, and he knows the electors are aware of it. Hence he aims at the requisition, and not at Mr. Corby. No doubt he will lay his hand on his heart and exclaim: "I am no office seeker! I am a patriot! I claim your suffrages for your good, and not for mine!" This may be so. It may be he was destined to work miracles for the East Riding. If so, it is fortunate the recommendations given in the last *Huron Signal* to the Lennox Judgeship, and afterwards his trip to Quebec for Judge Bismar's office, proved fruitless. He can't deny, but admits he sought both these positions, and we ought to judge of the future by the past. He hopes to be elected and take the first office vacant. He may at first look on the traffic, and pity its victims, to mislead the electors into supporting him, but this office seeking philanthropy is too transparent for a majority of the East Riding. The question to be decided is the polls it is whether Mr. Henderson shall be elected to step to office, but whether they will have a commercial man, a miller, and one who interest it is to keep a tax and to economize in all Government departments.

AN ELECTOR.

Thursday, August 8, 1887.

FROM MARMORA.

From our own Correspondent.

MARMORA, August 5, 1887.

July 31.—Rode on horseback from Marmora to Madoc Village. The country generally is somewhat rough and hilly, but the land is good and the crops healthy and luxuriant. Splendid weather for harvesting. Farmers generally have finished wheat and are engaged in cutting fall wheat and rye, which appear to be above the average. Called upon two or three farmers within a few miles of the now celebrated Richardson mine, and found the conversation chiefly occupied by golden speculations and anticipations. However, the gold fever does not seem to have gone the length of drawing them away from their legitimate business upon the surface of the soil, to cultivate its interior, as there seemed to be a sufficiency of hands to secure the crops in proper time and season.

In the evening arrived in Madoc Village, which has greatly increased in extent and in general appearance the past year, and is evidently destined, at no distant time, to be a commercial town of no inconsiderable importance. Land offices, law offices, telegraph and express offices, stages, &c., have sprung into existence within a very short period.

August 1.—Proceeded to the Madoc Village school, at which the school teachers' examination was appointed to take place, and certificates of competency to be issued for the ensuing fall year. About 80 teachers assembled (male and female) and were examined accordingly as to their proficiency in the various branches of modern education, by T. S. Agar, Esq., the efficient and gentlemanly Superintendent of Education for the Northern Division of the County. Dr. Boulter, Chairman of the Board of Examiners, and prospective member of Parliament for the Province of Ontario, Rev. A. Buchan, of Stirling, Mr. D. Wishart, of Madoc, and one or two other gentlemen. The examination was interesting and successful, most of the teachers obtaining certificates of more or less value.

August 2.—This day was occupied in the examination of the answers to the printed questions by the teachers, and by the decision as to their various merits or demerits by the members of the Board.

Rode out this evening to the village of Lower Eldorado, about seven miles from Madoc Village, and in the immediate vicinity of the great Richardson mine. This village is directly upon the Kings Road, so that it is well situated with regard to the convenience of stages arriving and departing, &c.

Proceeded to the village of Upper Eldorado (half a mile further) and put up at the house of Mr. Francis Conlin, and slept there. In this house were bedrooms clean and comfortable, and indeed far superior to what we have frequently met with in houses of far greater outward pretensions in great cities and towns.

Was introduced to Dr. Otway, F. R. S., F. G. S., &c., who has been occupied in geological surveys in various parts of the world for twenty-seven years, including several years' experience in California and Australia. He thinks the Hastings gold region to be quite equal, if not superior, to any region he has ever visited, with regard to its gold producing capabilities, and in fact with regard to metals of every description.

August 3.—After breakfast returned to Lower Eldorado, half the houses in which are taverns or boarding houses, and walked up the hill, on the top of which so many mysterious charms are in operation, and which congregate around this golden mountain. An acre or two of rock is surrounded by a wall of cordwood, to which admittance is obtained by a gate at the lower end. Over the mine, or shaft, is a barn-like building, with doors, locks and keys, &c., so that the valuable property is as safe and secure as in a store or place of business of any other description. The ore is brought up by a windlass and rope, which takes down an empty tub at the same time that it brings up a full one. The stone, earth, rock, or whatever else it may be, is deposited upon the floor or against the walls of the building, according to its appearance and quality as to richness or otherwise. Mr. Hardin, the resident manager of the works, kindly allowed visitors to examine whatever was in the place, and seemed perfectly willing to answer all reasonable enquiries. No secret seemed to be made about anything.

The shaft was said to be nineteen feet deep, at the bottom of which was a lateral extension of seven or eight feet. The rock or deposit brought up out of the shaft is an extraordinary mixture of granite, quartz, and several other mineral combinations, making up a conglomerate known by the name of "dolomite." All this is supposed to contain gold, more or less, some of it being very rich, and other portions containing comparatively little. In some portions of rock the gold could be distinctly seen with the naked eye, and was much more evident under the glass. A small piece (broken from a mass of rock) seemed very rich indeed, as the gold was mixed through every part of it. There can now be no reasonable doubt that this mine will pay its own expenses, and yield a large return to its proprietors. At a very moderate computation the ore lying upon the floor at this place, and which has been brought to the surface within two or three

weeks back, is worth several thousand dollars. The crusher has not yet been brought into operation, but when it is set to work we will know something more about the matter. But only at this mine, but in many other places in the same neighborhood, miners are at work with more or less success. The sound of drilling and blasting can be heard in all directions, and no doubt can be entertained that Canadian productions will take a new and important place at the world's fair. The time of blundering, of doubt, of exaggeration, or of mystery, is now past. Labor and capital, faith and patience will do all the rest.

Reflected on returning to Marmora how some men have a golden spoon put into their mouths, others only of silver, others of pewter, and many none at all. Looked upon this as a great mystery of Providence, and while avoiding any feeling of envy or jealousy over the prosperity of others, could not avoid feeling an earnest wish that the time might soon arrive when a great equality will take place, and men will be judged by what they have, &c. The flight of time will reveal wonders in heaven and on earth also.

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

STOCKHOLM, August 7, evening.—A convention of prominent members of the Liberal party of Southern Germany was held here to-day, and final resolutions urging the Southern States of Germany to unite with those of the North German Confederation.

LONDON, August 7, evening.—The second day of the Brighton races was signalled by the run for the Brighton Cup. A large number of horses were entered for the race. The attendance was very great, and immense interest was manifested. The Cup was won by "Mouley," 1; "Tyndale," 2; "Lecturer," 3. The Nursery Stakes were run for and won by "Ceel," 1; "Perran," 2; "Chantilly," 3. Both these races were closely contested, and there was loud cheering at their termination.

BERLIN, August 7, evening.—The Second Session of the Parliament of the North German Confederation will commence on the 27th of the present month, in this city.

The Prussian Government has become anxious for the safety of the Baron Von Magnus, Minister resident in Prussia in the city of Mexico. At last accounts the Baron had unsuccessfully intervened to save the life of Maximilian. It is thought that he thereby provoked the hostility of the Mexican leader. No despatches from him have been received for a long time past, and nothing is known as to his condition or whereabouts. The Government has taken measures to ascertain definitely whether the Jure authorities have treated its minister in a manner contrary to the laws of nations.

A Prussian Army Commission, appointed to examine the Chassepot rifle, the favorite arm of the French service, after subjecting it to a series of practical tests, has reported that it is superior to the adoption by the Prussian War Department.

LONDON, August 8, noon.—Consols 94½; Livres 73½; Erie 46½; C 75.

BIRMINGHAM, August 8, noon.—Cotton quiet, steady and unchanged. Breadstuffs firm.

Weather unfavorable for crops. Provisions heavy.

BREIT, August 8.—The steamship "Europa," from New York, has arrived.

QUEENSTOWN, August 8.—The steamship "Virginia," from New York, has arrived.

LONDON, August 8, 2 p.m.—Bonds 73½; C 75½; others unchanged.

LIVERPOOL, August 8, 2 p.m.—Lard 49 9d; Tallow 44s 9d; Cheese 52s; Cotton firm.

American Despatches.

CHICAGO, August 8.—Fairbanks, Peck & Co., oil refinery was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss on the refinery is \$150,000; insured for \$105,000.

WASHINGTON, August 8.—The following correspondence passed between the President and Secretary of War:

"EXECUTIVE MANSION.
WASHINGTON, Aug. 6th, 1887.
"Sir,—Public considerations of high character constrain me to say that your resignation as Secretary of War will be accepted very respectfully.

"ANDREW JOHNSON.
"Secretary of War."

To which the Secretary replied as follows:

"WAR DEPARTMENT.
WASHINGTON, Aug. 5, 1887.
"Sir,—Your note of this date has been received, stating that public considerations of a high character constrain you to say that your resignation as Secretary of War will be accepted. In reply, I have the honor to say that public consideration of a high character, which alone have induced me to continue at my resignation, constrain me to say that I do not resign the office of Secretary of War before the next meeting of Congress.

"Very respectfully yours,

"EDWIN M. STANTON.
"Secretary of War."

No further action has been taken by the President.

NASHVILLE, August 7.—At Clarksville on Saturday Frank McGuire was shot dead by the young man who kept that recently killed Mike Carmar, the guerrilla.

On Sunday the mate of the steamer J. L. Graham was shot and killed in a difficulty with a young man in Clarksville.

Brownsville majority in this State will be over 40,000.

Memphis, August 7.—A man named Wood, keeper of a Navy Yard boarding house, while attempting to shoot one House last night, shot his wife through the heart.

GEORGE ROCHE, HATTER & FURRIER.

All the latest styles of

Felt & Silk Hats.

KEPT always on hand. Also, a great

variety of

CLOTH CAPS.

All orders promptly executed. Remember

the stand.

Nelson's Block, opposite Apotheories

Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N.B.—The highest price in cash paid for

Raw Fur. Felt and Silk Hats ironed, and

required.

May 1. 1D-6m

DAILY LINE TO ROCHESTER.

The quickest route from Belleville and

vicinity to New York, Boston, &c.,

from Montreal, Buffalo, &c.,

and between the Canadian

Gold Fields and the

United States.

THE SPLENDID STEEL-PLATED STEAMER

"CORINTHIAN,"

LEAVES Brighton 4:30, Mondays, Wed-

nesdays, and Fridays, until further

notice, and daily from Colborne at 8 a.m.,

Colborne, 7 a.m., and Port Hope on arrival

of G. T. H. morning trains from Toronto and

Niagara, at 9:30 a.m.

Connects at Rochester with afternoon Ex-

press Trains for the East, West, and South.

Returning, leaves Port of Rochester (Char-

lotte), daily, on arrival of evening Express

Trains at 10 p.m., Saturdays, 3 p.m.

Connects at North Shore Ports with G. T. R.

morning train for Toronto and Montreal

and morning train for Colborne with morning

Stages direct for Campbellford, Madoc, and

the Canadian Gold Fields.

R. P. DAVY, AGENT.

July 22nd, 1887.

HURRAH FOR

COULSON & CAMERON'S

LINE OF STAGES

For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal

Hotels in Belleville every morning

(Sunday's excepted), at half past 7 o'clock,

arriving in Madoc at 12 noon.

Returning—Leave all the principal Hotels

in Madoc at 1:30 p.m., arriving in Belleville

in time to connect with the evening train

going east and west.

COULSON & CAMERON, Proprietors.

JOHN HARRIS, Agent, Belleville.

JOHN TANNERY, Agent, Madoc.

P.S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on

Stages will be promptly attended to. All

parcels unless booked and paid for will be at

the risk of the owner.

July 23, 1887. 1D-6

American Invoices—Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.

QUEBEC, 6th March, 1888.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance

Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices

be published and furnished to Collectors of

Customs, as to the rate of discount to be al-

lowed on American Invoices, which is to be in

accordance with the price of gold as repre-

sented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto.

Such notice to appear every Saturday in the

Canada Gazette.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.

OTTAWA, June 8, 1887.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice

is hereby given that the authorized dis-

count is declared to be this day 25 per cent,

which percentage of deduction is to be con-

tinued until next Weekly Notice, and to ap-

ply to all purchases made in the United States

during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,

S.D.M. Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

QUEEN

INSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL, \$10,000,000.

FIRE and LIFE.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

The principles on which this Company is

founded contain all the elements required

to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and

afford every facility to intending members.

One of the advantages secured by those who

insure their lives with this Company is that

the outside expenditure for Management is

absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement

to Ten per Cent. of the Net Life

Income. This most important restriction

guarantees that the interests of participating policy

holders are closely watched and carefully at-

tended to by the Company. Attention is es-

pecially called to this point, as the proportion

of premiums expended for Management

must largely influence Profits

and Bonuses.

The next division of profits takes place in

1888, and all those who wish to participate in

the profits should insure at once.

M. BOWELL,

Intelligence Office, Agt.

May 1887. 1D-6m.

W. WHARIN & CO.,

11 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO,

IMPORTERS OF

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, ELECTRO-PLATED

WARE, TABLE CUTLERY, &c.,

Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry carefully

Standard and Warranted.

Wm. Wharlin, 1200m W. L. WILKINSON.

O. & W. WALKER,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

DRAPEES, &c.

No. 7, King Street East, Toronto. 1D-6m

FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.

LOUIS ROENIGK.

MANUFACTURER, and Wholesale and

Retail Dealer in all kinds of Furniture

near the Upper Bridge, Belleville.

He would call the particular attention of

the Trade, Hotel Keepers, and Families re-

furnishing, to his extensive stock, which is the

largest, most varied, and best ever shown in

Belleville, and which will be sold at prices as

low as any establishment in Canada.

Sofas and Couches of all patterns, Tables

of all kinds, Chairs of every description,

Bedsteads, Mattresses, &c., always on hand.

THE UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT

is complete, and all orders promptly attended

to.

UNDER TAKING

In all its branches.

Dealers, Hotel Keepers, and the Public

generally, are requested to call and examine

Stock and Prices, before they make their

purchases.

LOUIS ROENIGK.

Belleville, April, 1887. 1D-11

The Upper Cabin Steamer

"EMPRESS,"

McNAMARA, MASTER.

WILL leave Trenton for Montreal every

FRIDAY, at SIX o'clock A.M., and

McIntosh's Wharf, Belleville, at TEN, call-

ing at all ports on the Bay of Quinte and River

St. Lawrence.

RETURNING,

Will leave Montreal every TUESDAY at

ONE o'clock, for the above places, calling at

Osgoosh and all intermediate ports.

This steamer has an Upper Deck Saloon,

and every accommodation for passengers, who

will find her safe, and the swiftest and most

comfortable boat on the route.

For freight and passenger tickets apply to

Capt. J. McIntosh, Agent, Belleville, at the office

of Read & McIntosh, next door to Fleming's

Hotel.

C. C. McFALL,

55 & 57 Common St., Montreal.

11D-3m

MATT LAND FISHER,

TEA AND GENERAL BROKER.

Office: Corner of St. Bernard and St. Nicholas

Streets, Montreal.

Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,

Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes,

Leather, &c.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

Furnishings—Large, cool, dry and central, with

every facility for handling provisions to ad-

vantage.

ADVANCE—Cash advances made, and drafts

authorized against shipments to order for

sale here or consigned to our friends in Great

Britain or the Lower Provinces. 380-5m-Wm

KENNEDY & WILLIAMS,

Opposite American Hotel,

MADOC, N. B.

WHOLESALE and Re-

tail Dealers in all kinds of

Provisions, Groceries, and

Fruit, and all kinds of

Dry Goods, and all kinds of

Furniture, and all kinds of

Household Goods, and all

kinds of Building Materials,

and all kinds of Hardware,

and all kinds of Iron and

Steel, and all kinds of

Copper and Brass, and all

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and all kinds of Tin and

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Belleville Daily Intelligencer

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALLY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 1.

BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, FRIDAY EVENING, AUGUST 6, 1897.

No. 84.

Belleville Business Directory

Pleasantly & Also.
IMPORTERS and Wholesale Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants Commercial Buildings, Front Street, Belleville. 10am-WF

Legate & Price.
BARRISTERS, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Manufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries. No. 178, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 10am-WF

Geo. H. Haymes.
HATTER and FURRIER, Front Street, Belleville. Highest price paid for raw fur. 10am-WF

McLeod & Carre.
ENGINEERS, PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYORS, ARCHITECTS, DRAUGHTSMEN and Patent Solicitors. 188, Front Street, Belleville. MACLEOD, GAVILLER, KENNEDY & Co. Madoc. 10am-WF

A. R. Dougall.
BARRISTER, &c., &c., Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c. Office over O'Connell's Book Store, and opposite "The Intelligencer" Office, Front Street. 10am-WF

Robertson & Stewart.
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. Office—Ground floor next the Express Office, Bridge Street. ALEX. ROBERTSON, & D. E. K. STEWART. 10am-WF

Ross, Bell & Holden.
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner Bridge and Pinnacle Streets, Belleville. Hon. Jno. Ross, John Bell, Thos. Holden. 10am-WF

Diamond & Dickson.
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors in Chancery, &c., &c. Office—Nelson's Hall, Front Street, Belleville. A. DIAMOND. Geo. D. DICKSON. 10am-WF

Macellan & Macellan.
SOLICITORS in Chancery and Insolventcy, &c. Attorneys-at-Law, Notaries Public, &c., &c. Office—Over "Hick's" Store, Front Street, Belleville. 10am-WF

Forrest & Lozo's.
ROYAL PHOTOGRAPHY Gallery, Latest's New Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 354-WF

T. Lockery.
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds of Segars and Pipes and Tobacco. No. 178, Front Street, Belleville. None but the best quality of leaf used. 235am

Ponton, Falkner & Denmark.
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Front Street, Belleville. 10am

Robert P. Jellitt.
BARRISTER and ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor, &c., &c. Office—Dalton Building, corner of Front and Bridge Sts., Belleville. 10am

Angus McFee.
WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, Front St., Belleville. All work done at the lowest prices. Watches, Jewelry and Silver Ware always on hand. Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms. 10am

John Wilson.
BARRISTERS and Confectioners, wholesale and Retail, at the old stand, Front Street, Belleville. Dealers will find his stock the best and cheapest in the country. All orders promptly filled. 10am

J. W. Brown.
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, Front St., Belleville, opposite Fanning's Hotel. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 10am

Geo. Gibson.
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A select assortment of ladies, gent's and children's boots and shoes constantly on hand and made to order. All work warranted. 10am

J. C. Vapor.
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, opposite Fanning's Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing always on hand. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 10am

To Gold Miners.
YOU will find a variety of mining tools at the subscriber's shop. Drills and sledges made of the best refined cast steel. Solid punched Sweden Iron Pick Axes and Prospector's Picks, cast steel pointed. All warranted, and cheaper than any other shop in Canada. Ship with the Upper Bridge, Front Street, Belleville. WM. FOWELL. 10am

McKeown & Robertson.
MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and Retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A select assortment of the best material, and is sold at extremely low prices for cash. They cut workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction. All orders executed promptly, and all work warranted. "Responsible" place, opposite Bennett & Bell's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville. 10am

NEW DISCOVERY.
Bullen & Gibson's LIVERY.
Office—Bullen's Store, 70 Front St., Belleville.

FIRST CLASS Horses, new Buggies and Carriages, of the latest style always on hand. Turn-outs for the Madoc Old Field, or any other place. Geo. Gibson. 203am

Montreal Business Directory.

NEW YORK BRANCH DYE WORKS.
G. LAMPE,
224 Notre Dame Street, opposite Crystal Block, MONTREAL.
Garments dyed, secured and repaired within twenty-four hours. Old made new. 10am

PHILIP HENRY, TOBACCONIST.
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF TOBACCO, SNUFFS, CIGARS & PIPES, 308 3/4 Notre Dame Street, Montreal. 10am

J. A. HARTE, GLASGOW DRUG HALL.
Notre Dame Street, Montreal. Manufacturer of the celebrated Concentrated Lye. 10am

MURRAY & Co., STATIONERS' HALL.
Corner of Notre Dame and St. John Streets, Montreal. Importers of English Stationery, Blank Book Manufacturers, &c., &c., Wholesale and Retail. 10am

THOMPSON, MURRAY & Co.,
IMPORTERS OF Teas, Wines, Liquors & Groceries, 40 St. Sacrament Street Montreal. Agents for J. D. Henry, Henry Moulin & Co., Cognac, Volvies, Schenck Schnapp. 10am

EDWARD NIELD & Co.,
IMPORTERS OF Gentlemen's Haberdashery, No. 638 St. Paul Street, opposite Albion Hotel, Montreal. 10am

PEAVEY & FAVOR,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries, Provisions, &c., No. 344 Notre Dame Street, three doors West St. Francis Xavier Hotel, Montreal. 10am

A. BOOKER,
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant, Office and Sale Rooms, Globe's New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal. 10am

SINCLAIR, JACK & Co.,
Wholesale Grocers & Commission Merchants, Importers of East and West India Produce, Mediterranean Goods, &c. 413 St. Paul Street, opposite the Custom House, Montreal. 10am

GEORGE CHILDS & Co.,
WHOLESALE Grocers, 20 & 22 St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal. 10am

ST. LAWRENCE HALL.
H. HOGAN, PROPRIETOR, Grand St. James Street, Montreal. 10am

DAVE, CLARKE & CLAYTON,
WINE, SPIRIT AND Commission Merchants, 49 St. Peter Street, opposite St. Sacrament Street, MONTREAL. 10am

S. DAVIS,
MANUFACTURER OF HAVANA SEGARS, Office—No. 15 Great St. James Street, Montreal. Sole proprietor of the Havana Whip and "Cable" brand of Segars. 10am

J. V. MORGAN,
Commission Merchant, Importer, to order, of all kinds of English and French Goods. 10am

G. O. SNOWDON & Co.,
IMPORTERS OF British, American, and German SHELF and HEAVY HARDWARE, 484 & 486 Saint Paul Street, corner of St. Nicholas St., MONTREAL. 10am

M. GUTMAN & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS OF Hoop Skirts and Skirt Materials, 38 Lemoyne Street, Montreal. 10am

DR. NELSON EDWARDS, SURGEON DENTIST,
304 Notre Dame Street, Montreal. Three doors East of French Church. 10am

KINGAN & KINLOCH,
WHOLESALE GROCERS, WINE and SPIRIT MERCHANTS, Corner St. Peter and St. Sacrament Streets, Montreal. 10am

GAUTHIER & MANDEL, MERCHANTS TAILORS
301 NOTRE DAME STREET, 10 to 12 o'clock. 10am

Montreal Business Directory.

W. A. LITTLE, LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,
375 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal. 10am

de B. MACDONALD & Co.,
19 St. Helen Street, Montreal. 10am

W. S. GOODHUGH & Co.,
English and Foreign Leather, 34 St. Peter Street, Montreal. 10am

A. ROBERTSON & Co.,
Manufacturers and Importers of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, 478 St. Paul Street & 360 Commissioners St., MONTREAL. 10am

Frithingham & Workman,
MONTREAL. 10am

J. C. FRANK,
Under the name, style and firm of J. C. FRANK & Co., Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries, Wines, Spirits, &c., &c., 25 Hospital Street, Montreal. 10am

H. GRANT,
Watch and Clock Maker, 303 Notre Dame Street, Montreal. 10am

JOSEPH KIRKUP, BRUSH MANUFACTURER,
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes, No. 259 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 235am

BURROWS & Co.,
Commission Merchants, 416 St. Paul St., Montreal. 235am

IVES & ALLEN,
MANUFACTURERS OF Hardware, Stoves, Ranges, &c., &c. 114 to 122 Queen St., Montreal. 235am

Place D'Armes Drug Store,
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal. THE attention of Tourists visiting the City is requested to my select stock of English Toilet Articles, which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed. 235am

W. C. McDONALD,
Manufacturer of Fine Tobacco, Office—302 Notre Dame St. WORE—146 Water St., MONTREAL. 235am

J. W. HILTON,
CABINET MAKER & UPHOLSTERER, 101 St. George St., JAMES STREET, MONTREAL. 10am

Established 1861. JOHN F. MCGUAIG,
Shipping and General Agent, Office—Corner of Piquet and Hospital and St. Common Street, Canal Wharf, MONTREAL. 10am

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,
100 Great North Street, MONTREAL. 10am

THOS. HOBSON & Co.,
Produce Commission Merchants, MONTREAL. 10am

MULHOLLAND & BAKER,
JAGG. STEEL and GENERAL HARDWARE MERCHANTS, 410 and 412 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 235am

Montreal Business Directory.

F. W. HENSHAW,
No. 10 St. Sacrament Street, opposite the Mercantile Exchange, Montreal. 10am

W. L. KINMOND & Co.,
CONSULTING ENGINEERS, MANUFACTURERS' Agents, for all kinds of Machinery, Tools, Steam Hammers, &c. Also, every description of material and use for Engineers and Agricultural Machine makers. A Stock of best quality of Cast Steel. 10am

MADE EXPRESSLY FOR MINING AND BORING PURPOSES, IRON WIRE ROPE,
Chisel and Turning Tool Steel, Files, Rivets, square and hexagonal, and all kinds of Washers, Anti-corrosive Iron Paint, Hair and Wool Fat for Boilers and Steam Pipes, Babbit Metal, &c., &c., always on hand, and at low prices. 10am

Richelieu Company!
Royal Mail Through Line between Montreal and Quebec. 10am

Office Richelieu Company,
24 May, 1897. 235am

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
Established 1825. 235am

THE COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
Accumulated and Invested Fund, \$18,000,000. Annual Income, \$2,500,000. 235am

W. M. RAMSAY, Manager.
RICHARD BULL, Inspector of Agencies. ASSURANCES effected on the different systems suggested and approved by a long-continued experience, so as to suit the means of every person desirous of taking out a Policy. Every information on the subject of Life Assurance will be given at the Company's Office, Montreal, or at any of the Agencies throughout Canada. 235am

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Shipping and General Agent, Office—Corner of Piquet and Hospital and St. Common Street, Canal Wharf, MONTREAL. 10am

Miscellaneous Items.

Progs are getting to be an article of diet in a good many places. That may be the cause of so many croakings.

Jones' landlady said it would give her pleasure to berry her boarders, but she couldn't afford it.

The depth of water in the side of Mount Kisco, in Maine, is said to be over twelve hundred feet.

In England, during the present year, 683,624 dog licenses have been issued. The dog tax brings in a handsome revenue.

Gustave Dore is scarcely thirty years old, but he has made designs for over fifty thousand wood engravings which have been published.

Some weather-wise individual has discovered that it rains always on the 25th of July. Last week was the forty-first consecutive instance of this fact.

Since 1781 the receipts of Austria have exceeded her expenses only once. The debt amounts to over 5,000,000,000 florins, with no prospect of ever growing less.

The Swiss Federal Council has decided that its diplomatic representation in France shall be confined to four legations—Paris, Italy, Austria, and Prussia.

The proclamation offering \$2000 for the Head of Charles Stephens are kept fresh and clear at every police station in Montreal, with his photograph in the center.

A boarding-house bureau, which promises to furnish people with first-class board at all prices, in one of the latest, modern in the way of a New York institution. Boarding-house bureaus in New York must be different from that article of furniture in most places.

In some parts of Missouri the people are beginning to cultivate rice in the woods without clearing off the trees, and, in fact, without despoiling them. The dead leaves are turned under with a bull-cow plough, wherever this practicable to do so, and the rice planted. Fair crops are raised in this way.

The French wits are still making fun of the profusion of decorations which the royal visitors have left behind them. "Le Charivari," which is a picture of a woman, who has appropriated a half of her husband's orders or the plaquettes he had rather a weak chest, the doctor was afraid it would do him harm to carry all the jewels himself.

Editing a newspaper is something like making a fire. Everybody supports it, and a little better than anybody else. We have known people doubt their fitness for apple peddling, or driving and counting laths, but in all our experience we never met with a man who did not think he could double the circulation of any paper in two months.

A few nights ago, in Headrickstown, Ind., a boy woke up and cried there was a snake in his bed. His mother, supposing he had been dreaming, endeavored to quiet him, and succeeded. On the next night Tommy awoke with the same cry, and for two or three other evenings; at length his mother, making a more careful search than she had done before, found a snake in Tommy's bed, which he escaped through a crevice in the wall. He usually awoke Tommy by crawling around him and over his body.

We notice in an English journal a remedy for burps, given by a "Regular Practitioner." It may be familiar to many, but it is well for everybody to know a remedy which may be promptly applied to homes. This is one. Mix common whitening with sweet oil, or with water. Lay out and around the burned surface a thick coat of the mixture. Keep it moist, and at night cover it with flannel, or something that will prevent rapid evaporation. This acts like a charm, and the most agonizing pain is eased.

The Wedding—Mrs. Snooks says people make a great fuss now-a-days over tin weddings. "Lay take, Angela, you had ought to have been present when your papa and mamma were united in the holy bonds of wedlock. Talk about tin weddings—that was 'nort' worth seeing. Why, the neighbors for miles round came—with their pails, tin drums and trumpets, and such a hoot-de-doo never was heard before nor since. That was what I call a tin wedding. Oh, dear, we shall never see such lively times again! Poor Snooks!"

The Oldest Relic of Humanity.—The oldest record of mortality extant is the skeleton of one of the earliest Pharaohs, located in its original burial robes, and wonderfully perfect, considering its age, which was deposited about eighteen or twenty months ago in the British Museum and is justly considered the most valuable of its archaeological treasures. The relic of the coffin which contained the royal mummy was inscribed with the name of its occupant, Pharaoh Akherkhe, who succeeded the hero of the builder of the great pyramids about two centuries before Christ. Only think of it—the mummy whose crumbling bones and tattered integuments are now lying in the hands of the antiquarian in London, and in Egypt before Abraham was born, and only about two centuries after the birth of the Pharaoh, the greatest of antiquaries, and the first of the Pharaohs, had been gathered to his fathers.

Daily Tribune

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL

VOL. 1.

BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 10, 1867.

No. 85.

Belleville Business Directory.

Pitcaithly & Kelso.
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Legno & Price.
BAKERS, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Manufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries, No. 175, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 1Dm-WH

Geo. H. Haymes.
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ENGINEERS, PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYORS, ARCHITECTS, DRAUGHTSMEN and Patent Solicitors, 184 1/2 Front Street, Belleville. MACLEOD, GAVILLER, KENNEDY & CO. MSdc. 1Dm-WH

A. R. Dougall.
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Macellan & Macellan.
SOLICITORS in Chancery and Insolvency, 2nd Avenue, Belleville. Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville. 1Dm-WH

Forrest & Loez.
ROYAL Photograph Gallery, Ladies' New Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 2Dm-WH

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Robert P. Jellin.
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, &c., &c., Office—Deane Building, corner of Front and Bridge Sts., Belleville. 1Dm-WH

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Teas, Wines, Liquors & Groceries, 19 St. James Street, Montreal. Agents for J. D. H. Henry Mounie & Co., Cognac, Wolf's Schlemmer Schnapp. 1Dm-WH

EDWARD NIELD & Co.,
Gentlemen's Haberdashery, No. 612 St. Paul Street, opposite Alton Hotel, Montreal. 1Dm-WH

PEAVEY & FAVOR,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN TEAS, COFFEES, CHOICE GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, &c., No. 244 Notre Dame Street, three doors West St. Francis Xavier Street, Montreal. Depot for superior Table Butter. 1Dm-WH

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SINCLAIR, JACK & Co.,
Wholesale Grocers & Commission Merchants, Importers of East and West India Produce, Mediterranean Goods, &c., 413 St. Paul Street, opposite the Custom House, Montreal. 1Dm-WH

GEORGE CHILDS & Co.,
Wholesale Grocers, 30 & 32 St. Francis Xavier Street, Montreal. Orders by letter, from Country Merchants not finding it convenient to visit Montreal, will receive prompt attention; and goods not in stock will be purchased and charged at lowest market prices. 1Dm-WH

ST. LAWRENCE HALL,
H. HOGAN, Proprietor, Great St. James Street, Montreal. 1Dm-WH

DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON,
WINE, SPIRITS AND Commission Merchants, 48 St. Peter Street, opposite St. Germain Street, Montreal. 1Dm-WH

S. DAVIS,
MANUFACTURER OF HAVANA SEGARS, Office—No. 18 Great St. James Street, Montreal. Sole proprietors of the Havana Whip and "Cable" brands of Segars. 1Dm-WH

J. V. MORGAN,
Commission Merchant, Importer in order of all kinds of English and French Goods. 1Dm-WH

C. C. SNOWDON & Co.,
British, American, and German SHELL and HEAVY HARDWARE, 44 & 46 St. Paul Street, corner of St. Nicholas St., Montreal. 1Dm-WH

M. GUTMAN & Co.,
Hoop Skirts and Hair Materials, 28 Lemoyne Street, Montreal. 1Dm-WH

DR. NELSON EDWARDS, SURGEON DENTIST.
204 Notre Dame Street, Montreal. Three doors East of French Church. 1Dm-WH

KINGAN & KINLOCH,
WHOLESALE GROCERS, WINE and SPIRIT MERCHANTS, Corner St. Peter and St. Germain Streets, Montreal. 1Dm-WH

GAUTHIER & MANDEL, MERCHANTS TAILORS.
50: NOTRE DAME STREET, First door West of St. Francis Xavier Street, Montreal. 1Dm-WH

Montreal Business Directory.

W. A. LITTLE, LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER.
270 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal. 1Dm-WH

de B. MACDONALD & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS OF HOOP SKIRTS, and IMPORTERS of Men's and Women's Straw, Felt, and Fancy Woolen Goods, Wholesale. 1Dm-WH

W. S. GOODHUGH & Co.,
English and Foreign Leather, 24 St. Peter Street, Montreal. 1Dm-WH

A. ROBERTSON & Co.,
Manufacturers and Importers of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, 478 St. Paul Street & 200 Commissioners St., Auburn Woolen Mills, Peterboro', C. W. 1Dm-WH

Frothingham & Workman,
IMPORTERS, Manufacturers, and Wholesale Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware. Warehouse and Office 860 to 899, St. Paul St. 1Dm-WH

J. C. FRANK,
Under the name, sign and firm of J. C. FRANK & Co., Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries, Wines, Spirits, Cigars, &c., &c., 253 Front Street, Montreal. 1Dm-WH

H. GRANT,
Watch and Clock Maker, 300 Notre Dame Street, Montreal. 1Dm-WH

JOSEPH KIRKUP, BRUSH MANUFACTURER,
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes, No. 239 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 2Dm-WH

BURROWS & Co.,
Commission Merchants, and Wholesale Dealers in Brandies, Wines, Segars, Tobacco, &c., &c., 416 St. Paul St., Montreal. 2Dm-WH

IVES & ALLEN,
Hardware, Stoves, Ranges, &c., &c., 114 to 122 Queen St., Montreal. 2Dm-WH

Place d'Armes Drug Store,
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal. The attention of Tourists visiting the City is requested to my select stock of English Toilet Articles which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed. 2Dm-WH

W. C. McDONALD,
Manufacturer of Fine Tobaccos, Office—240 Notre Dame St. Wines—115 West St. Montreal. 2Dm-WH

Established 1820.
J. W. HILTON, CABINET MAKERS & UPHOLSTERERS, CARPENTERS and BUILDER, Importers and Sellers of all kinds of Glass, Manufacturers of Lumber, Glass, and Upholsterers' Goods generally, No. 81, Great St. James Street, Montreal. 2Dm-WH

Established 1861.
JOHN F. McCUAIG, Shipping and General Agent, Office—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Hospital, and St. Boniface Street, Canal Wharf, Montreal. 2Dm-WH

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,
100 West North Street, Montreal. HAVE FOR SALE— 1Dm-WH

THOS. ROBSON & Co.,
Produce Commission Merchants, Montreal. 1Dm-WH

MULHOLLAND & BAKER,
IRON, STEEL and GENERAL HARDWARE, 419 and 431 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 1Dm-WH

Montreal Business Directory.

F. W. HENSHAW,
No. 10 St. Sacrament Street, opposite the Merchants' Exchange, Montreal. 1Dm-WH

W. L. KINMOND & Co.,
CONSULTING ENGINEERS, MANUFACTURERS Agents for all kinds of Machinery, Tools, Steam Engines, &c., &c., Also, every description of material and uses for Engineers and Agricultural Machine makers. A Stock of best quality of Cast Steel. 1Dm-WH

MADE EXPRESSLY FOR MINING AND BORING PURPOSES, IRON WIRE ROPE.
Chisel and Turning Tool, Steel, Files, Rivets, Square and Hexagon blank Nuts, Wrought Iron Washers, Self-closing Valve, Felt, Hair and Wool Felt for Bolters and Steam Pipes, Rabbit Metal, &c., &c., always on hand, and at low prices. 1Dm-WH

OLD FILES REC'D F. warranted as good as new for use, at very low rates.
Custom House Square, Montreal. 1Dm-WH

Richelleu Company!
Good, hard honest effort, steadily persevered in, will make your love for your business or profession grow; since no one should expect to reach a period when he can feel that his life work is just the one he could have done and liked best. We are allowed to see and feel the roughness in our pathway, but none in them; yet all have them. 1Dm-WH

Royal Mail Through Line
between Montreal and Quebec. 1Dm-WH

On and after MONDAY, the 6th of May, and until further notice, the RICHELLEU COMPANY'S Steamers
will leave their regular Wharves as follows:— 1Dm-WH

For Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 10 A.M. precisely, calling, going and returning, at the ports of St. John, Three Rivers and Beloeil. This Company will not be responsible for species or freight unless bills of lading have been duly presented and signed therefor. 1Dm-WH

For Montreal, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 10 A.M. precisely, calling, going and returning, at the ports of St. John, Three Rivers and Beloeil. This Company will not be responsible for species or freight unless bills of lading have been duly presented and signed therefor. 1Dm-WH

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Don't Like my Business.

There is no greater fallacy in the world than that entertained by many young men that some pursuit in life can be found wholly suited to their taste, whims and fancies. The philosopher's stone can never be discovered, and every one who makes his life's search for it will be ruined. 1Dm-WH

Much truth is contained in the Irishman's remark: "It's never easy to work hard." Let therefore the fact be remembered by the young, that no life work can be deemed truly agreeable to them. 1Dm-WH

Success always lies at the top of the hill. If we could reach it, we can do so only by hard persevering efforts, while beset by difficulties of every kind. Genius counts nothing in the battle of life; determined obstinate perseverance in one single channel is everything. Hence should any of our readers be debating in his mind a change of business—a gentleman whom we have known and who has imagined he has a genius for some other field, let him dismiss the thought as he would a temptation to do evil. If you think you make a mistake don't make another by leaving it. 1Dm-WH

Spend all your energies in working for and clinging to it, as you would to the life that sustained you in the midst of the ocean. If you leave it, it is almost certain that you will go down; but if you cling to it, informing yourself about it all you are master, bending your every energy to the work, success is certain. 1Dm-WH

Good, hard honest effort, steadily persevered in, will make your love for your business or profession grow; since no one should expect to reach a period when he can feel that his life work is just the one he could have done and liked best. We are allowed to see and feel the roughness in our pathway, but none in them; yet all have them. 1Dm-WH

A HORNET MAN.—PARIS, July 12.—Before entering the Exhibition yesterday, I thought I would look at a gentleman who is making an exhibition of himself outside—a gentleman whom we have known and who has imagined he has a genius for some other field, let him dismiss the thought as he would a temptation to do evil. 1Dm-WH

Outside a precautions kind of booth was a picture of the person in question, with a horn growing out of his head, and but for the gentleness of his countenance, and the Albert watch-chain in his waistcoat, one might suspect that his Satanic Majesty was on show inside. The price of admission was two pence halfpenny, and as I entered I found the gentleman regarding me as keen as a hawk. 1Dm-WH

He rose from the table, took off his hat, and displayed the horny substance growing out of his head. The horn looked uncommonly like a deer's horn, which had been left in the skull, but there were two joints of a promising appearance, which gave the mature excretion an air of being genuine. 1Dm-WH

At Oxford there is still to be seen the skull of a lady who was similarly afflicted—a lady who rejoiced in the name of Mary Davis, and who lived many years ago. Some half century ago there might have been seen in Paris churchyard the tombstone of one François Troulas. When François was eight years old a horn began to grow out of his forehead, and by constantly keeping it covered, he managed to conceal it for a long time; but one day the Marquis de Lavaridin, riding through the Maine forest, had François arrested for not taking off his hat to him; the secret was thus discovered, and the Marquis made him as a present to Henri IV., who gave him to one of his valets, who showed him as a curiosity. 1Dm-WH

After much knocking about at country fairs, poor François died, and was buried at Saint Germain des Pres. 1Dm-WH

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.—Under this head an exchange imparts the following useful information: "Keep your meat in a dry, cool place, your fish on ice and your vegetables on a sloped floor free from air. Cut your soap when it comes in, and let it dry slowly. Keep your sweet herbs in paper bags, each bag containing only one description of herb. They should be dried in the wind and not in the sun; and when ordered in a recipe should be cautiously used, as they preponderate in any seasoning spots it. 1Dm-WH

When oranges or lemons are used for juice, chop down the peel, put it in small pots, and tie them down for use. Apples should be kept on dry straw, in a dry place, and pears hung up by the stalk. A haircraap should never be swept down with a long broom, but always with a short handled brush, and a dust pan held under each sweep of the stick. 1Dm-WH

A DAY IN CHICAGO.—The New York Commercial gives the following catalogue of the occurrence and events of one day in the city of Chicago. A man committed suicide; a German was dangerously stabbed in a molar; a child died of hydrophobia; a fight occurred, before a wedding, between two women from air. Out your soap when it comes in, and let it dry slowly. 1Dm-WH

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Canadian Wines.

The French exposition has established the character of our Canadian wines. The jury on wine, which would naturally be composed of the best judges to be found in Europe, speak in very high terms of the wines sent from the Chateau vineyards, Cookville. They find in them a resemblance to the Beaujolais wine, which is known to be the best produced in France. They say of these wines that they are pure and of excellent quality, and solve the problem of Canada being able to furnish good wines. Moreover that "they resemble more the great French table wines than any other foreign wines they have examined, and that the fact of the wine being so 'solide' as to bear the sea voyage, and the variations of heat and cold without losing anything of either its quality or limpidity, should be a question of great consideration even to our own producers." This authoritative opinion of the quality of Ontario wine will do more than anything else that could possibly occur, at present, to bring this wine into general use. The use of wine always has to make its way against settled prejudices; and in the present case, where the opposition has been general that this was not a wine-producing country, simply because we had not measured our resources, the difficulty was greatly increased. In fact scepticism was general; and it was not always capable of being removed by demonstration. If any one has ventured for the quality of the wine, nothing was easier than to conclude that he was an indifferent judge or no judge at all. But this cannot be said of the jury on wine at the Paris exposition. The use of light wine by the people is increasing every year. Probably there are now a hundred gallons of claret drunk in Toronto where one was drunk ten years ago; and this implies the gradual cultivation of a taste for the lighter wines, which will tell upon the demand for Canadian wine. The time will come, we hope and verily believe, when grape-growing and wine-making will be one of the principal employments of our population, and when it does come the cause of temperance will be advanced to a degree which could be reached by no other process. —Leader.

Hot Weather in India.

The Times of India speaks in the following terms of the intense heat which has prevailed this summer in India:—"The past summer in India has not been an unusually hot one, but it has been of long duration as well. Though Bombay may not have suffered anything so severe as 'the branding summer of Bengal,' its proximity to the sea always ensuring it a fresh breeze sometime during the twenty-five hours, the heat has been intense for several months, the thermometer in the shade ranging to 90 degrees F., or more. As we write, the thermometer indicates a temperature of 86 degrees, while the rain-fall till last night only amounted to about two inches, the average fall at this date on former years being as much as ten inches. The 'burn' of the monsoon in Bombay this year consisted only of thunder and lightning, unaccompanied by the usual downpour. Several violent storms have, however, taken place in other parts of India on this side, the most destructive of which appears to have visited Khandish last week. Iron roof sheeting was carried by the wind a quarter of a mile, and the cotton presses and the railway works were much injured. On the Bengal side the heat has been so extreme as almost to cause a suspension of business, and to render sleep and pleasure impossible. Merchants' offices and some public works have been opened only in the early morning and evening, and applications have been made by various courts of justice for permission to close their doors altogether till the weather should become endurable. Of course as many as could not, the few showers we have already had, and the promise of more at hand, afford some relief." The friend says that owing to the heat half the engine-drivers on the East India Railway are sick. The other day, "it is said," a train was stopped at Hooghly with the stoker dead, and the driver dying.

The "Principle" Applied.

The Ottawa Times draws attention to the following extracts from the *Globe* of the 1st inst. The first may be called the "General Principle," and the second the "Special Application."

The General Principle.—"This, however, is evident. The necessity for universal education is made in this way more pressing than ever; for it is the ignorant who are always the strength of the unprincipled demagogue, as they are dupes of the selfish and the designing."

The Special Application.—"There are plenty of ignorant people that have votes, whom might enlighten, and a little kindly attention might warm into activity. Let our friends see that all something like this set and prompt to earnest and effective activity. Let our friends see that all such unheeded up."

Globe Editorial, Aug. 1st.

The Times adds: "Just so. The 'ignorant' are always the strength of the unprincipled demagogue, and the unprincipled demagogue tells his friends 'to see that all such be hunted up.' 'Come forward, ye numskulls, and take yourselves in your national position among the followers of George Brown!'"

An outlandish publisher publishes the following flattering description of his runaway wife: "My wife is about five feet high, has light brown hair, right eye out, the other is a pale blue color, has a plump of left temple, and the eye, pug nose, scar across one arm, is stoop shouldered, has short, thick feet, and easily makes the acquaintance of strangers."

George Brown a Corruptionist.

As the arch-agitator insists on having the elections decided on the dead issue of the past it is well to let the people know what he has done. It is well to show that in the past the Ontario himself has not kept his hands clear. The Premier of the Ontario Legislature, the Hon. J. S. Macdonald, at a recent meeting in Hingham, South Ontario, said as well as how Mr. Brown forced a Reform Government to give place to a Tory one. The Macdonald-Sicotte government fixed the postal subsidy to the Grand Trunk Railway at \$100 per mile, and when Mr. Brown had defeated that government and reached the treasury benches he had it increased \$50 per mile. How much Mr. Brown got for this job, we do not know, but probably never will. Of course no one will imagine, after the very handsome equivalent which was received for puffing the Great Western Railway, that Mr. Brown consented to give the Grand Trunk \$50 per mile more than Mr. Mowat without a consideration.

Mr. Macdonald was not satisfied with the above, but he had to show that Mr. Brown was one of the men to vote \$4,000 to Trinity College, Toronto, a rival of U.C. University, and also a grant to the Catholic college at Sandwich, which will remain a tax on the people for thirty or forty years to come.

The above was bad enough in a pharisaical brawler like Mr. Brown, but the next inquiry revealed by Mr. Macdonald "caps the climax." Mr. Brown actually put his hand into the public treasury and took out \$180 of the people's money to pay him for the pleasure of looking on the Prince of Wales. —Gulf Advertiser.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.
Morning Express going West, 8:00 A. M.
Evening Express going West, 7:30 P. M.
Mixed Train going West, 10:35 A. M.
Merchants' Express, Freight going West. No passengers allowed on this train.
Morning Express going East, 12:05 P. M.
Night Express going East, 12:15 A. M.
Mixed Train going East, 11:10 P. M.
Merchants' Express, Freight going East. No passengers allowed by this train.
Montreal Time 0.45 P. M.

ST. ROCHESTER.—The steamer *Rochester* leaves Flint's Wharf on Monday at two o'clock, for Oswego, touching at Mill Point and Pictou.



Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, SATURDAY, AUGUST 10.

FROM PICTOU.

(By Special Telegram to the Daily Intelligencer.)

A fire broke out about 1 o'clock this afternoon in the foundry and machine shop of Messrs Barker & Shannon, destroying the whole premises. Loss about \$5,000. Insured in the London and Liverpool for \$3,000.

MARMORA ONE BED.—The Peterboro Review says: "We learn that 150 Lower Canadians from Quebec have been brought up to work at the Marmora ore bed."

SOCIETY IN THE SOUTH.—The Southern States just now cannot be a very desirable country in which to live. Every day we have reports of murders, riots, shooting affrays, &c., &c., and instead of things getting better under Republican rule, they are growing worse and worse, and are now just about as bad as they can be.

CHAUNCEY DOORS.—We beg again to direct the attention of Trustees and others entrusted with public buildings to the provision of the law requiring doors on such to be made to open outward. The time allowed for making the necessary alterations expires on the 10th August, and all cases where the law has not been complied with, after that date, will be made the subject of complaint before the Police Magistrate.

THUNDER STORM.—A violent thunder storm passed over this place this morning. We have not heard of any damage being done by the storm in the town. We regret to learn, however, that the barn of Peter Vanderpoort, 2nd concession of Sidney, was struck by the electric fluid and burned to the ground. The barn contained a large quantity of hay, barley and other grain, all of which were destroyed. We are not aware whether the property was insured.

A FORTUNE FROM ADVERTISING.—The New York *Gazette* states that Mr. Holmboe, of the drug store under the Metropolitan Hotel, and his beautiful wife, who are at the Union Hotel, Santiago, ride in one of the best turn-out cars. Not many years ago he started in business on \$20. He has made the art of advertising the study of his life, and over his success in printer's ink. The first year he came to New York, besides the great amount he expended on newspapers, he paid \$35,000 to three leading New York dailies. Last year he expended on newspapers \$15,000 and over \$100,000 on posters, pamphlets, &c., knowing that he would thereby establish a trade and reputation which would extend through years, but not dreaming that he would make any money the same year. He is quick and so sure, however, are the returns from judicious advertising, that his receipts for that year exceeded his expenditures by about \$15,000. The more money a business man spends in advertising, the more likely he is to get many fold its return, which nobody can deny.

Gold News.

The subject of the most importance to us in a local point of view, is unquestionably the successful development of the gold region, which was so unexpectedly, and we might say so providentially, discovered last fall in the country, otherwise poor and rough, which lies to the North of us. Other matters sink into insignificance in comparison with the great question as to whether the Richardson mine is to maintain or increase its present richness, or whether some of the gentlemen of the Geological Department predict it will flatten out in six weeks. Let us hope, however, that as they erred in asserting that gold would never be found here in paying quantities, so, now that it has been found, they may also err in predicting for it such a very limited extent and existence.

Thus far, indeed, the presumptions seem to be in every particular in favor of the permanent nature of the vein. Every new operation reveals fresh glimpses, not only of probable, but of positive wealth. While engaged in widening the shaft at the bottom of the Richardson mine, as we gave more room for future operations, Mr. Hardin on Thursday last struck "a vein of white and grey quartz, very rich in gold," from which he sent down specimens yesterday to Mr. Glass, at whose store they are now on view, and certainly Mr. Hardin did not err in calling them "very rich in gold." The chief peculiarity, however, of these samples consists in this, that instead of being disposed in patches in company with the mysterious black substance which accompanied the first discovered grains and nuggets, in these the clean, pure gold extends in seams, composed of what resemble plates and rivets, through the pure clear rock, penetrating the substance of the specimens, and reappearing on the other side.

This, of course, is very encouraging, as well as beautiful; for it shows the tendency of the vein to pass into "a reef." Should this take place, all doubt of its permanency will be removed.

In this connection we might state that some of the specimens of quartz which were on exhibition here last Saturday have been sent to Montreal. The Editor of the Montreal *Gazette* has seen them, and here is what he says:

"We had yesterday the pleasure of inspecting some of the specimens of gold-bearing quartz from the famous mine at Madoc. As our readers may, perhaps, be aware, the law suit in connection with the mine resulted in its division by the Court in Ontario, which ordered the formation of a Joint Stock Company, with a capital of \$800,000, of which \$100,000 were allowed to the Chicago parties, represented by Messrs. Lombard & Co., and the balance, \$400,000, to the Belleville Company. \$200,000 of this stock having been ordered to be sold to cover the preliminary expenses, the erection of a crushing mill, &c., the shares have been placed in the hands of W. W. Stewart, Esq., of St. Nicholas Street, in this city, for disposal, at an upset price of 75 cents per share.

"The specimens which were shown to us were three in number, weighing in the aggregate about a hundred pounds, and were taken from a blast made last week. The formation is dolomite compact, and spar, with portions of decomposed quartz. A carbonaceous black substance is associated in the rock, but hardly in appreciable quantities. Gold is clearly visible in seams and specks, in some cases in regular masses; under microscopic observation the auriferous particles are still more distinct.

"The result of four assays, by A. A. Hayes, the State Assayer at Boston, was respectively as below:

	oz.	dwt.	gr.	value.
1. Yield of gold per ton,	2	2	2	\$1,923.43
2. do.	1	5	2	22.31
3. do.	508	5	20	101.31
4. do.	8	6	14	172.08

"Messrs. Wyckoff & Co., of New York, report that mud from the top of the ground yielded at the rate of \$800 per ton; and rock from the shaft \$4,500.

"Messrs. John Torrey & Son, the famous assayers of New York, report a yield of \$3,706.47 gold per ton, and \$1,21 silver.

"On comparing these figures with the mining statistics for Nova Scotia, we find that the average yield of all the mines there for four years was 1 oz. 6 dwt. 3 grs. per ton, or a trifle over \$22. At this figure even the companies paid enormous dividends. Theophilus, for instance, brought in Treasury 1895, for \$25,000. He has been in business since September last year, with a capital of \$100,000. Up to June, 1897, he had yielded \$160,000, leaving a large surplus above cost per cent. Shares originally sold at 50 cents now command \$2.10. The Palmerston, which cost \$25,000, has in a year paid 20 per cent, and sold by \$5,000, and so has the Wellington. It has been shown that the Nova Scotia mines surpassed those of Australia; as these figures run, the Richardson decidedly surpasses both. As a yield of \$400 per ton will, we believe, prove remunerative, the speculation is truly a golden one, while, as the mines are within fifteen hours of this city, shareholders can take for themselves. The mine will be in constant receipt of fresh specimens, so that our readers may call and see actual testimony to our description and figures."

SOUTH LEADS.—Hon. Albert N. Richards was nominated at the Reform Convention at South Levee on Tuesday for the House of Commons, and Hon. Stephen Richards for the Ontario Legislature. The Reform candidates nominated at a previous Convention resigned.

Backing Down.

It is remarkable how many of the Opposition candidates have backed down since the election contest commenced. Following the example of the *Globe*, they began their canvass with bitter denunciations against the Government, declaring that they would vote a cure to the country, and that they would vote want of confidence in both Administrations before even the ordinary routine business was commenced. McDougall, Howland, Blair and Sandfield McDonald were "traitors," and everything that was bad, and the Reformers who dared support them was a traitor of the blackest dye. But things have wonderfully changed. Public opinion has been felt, and it was found it had no sympathy with such a insane policy, and those who were a few weeks ago such violent opponents of Coalition, began to see that it is not so bad after all. They begin to realize the importance of steering their course to suit public opinion, and it is remarkable how many of these men are ready to give the Government a fair trial. We have seen in our own County that men who came out under the wing of the Brownite party were forced to declare themselves opposed to the policy of that party; and that before they had the ghost of a chance of obtaining even the support of a corporal's guard, they were obliged to say they were willing to give the government a fair trial. We have seen that east of Cobourg, not more than one or two candidates have had the hardihood to announce themselves opposed to coalition. And we find in Western Canada, that the Reform candidates are backing down from the extravagant stunts they took a few weeks ago. The most bitter amongst them are now willing to give the government "a chance."

Even Mr. McKenzie, one of Brown's missionaries, has commenced to back down.—At Sarnia on Tuesday last, he told the meeting that if the Government were in possession of a working majority he would not offer them any scintilla of opposition, but assist them in the legislation necessary.—Mr. Wood's opponent, in West Brant, has been forced to the same position, and in fact, the majority of those who at the start were bitter in their anathemas against the Coalition, are now willing to give the Government a fair trial. So the ball rolls, and to-day the Hon. George Brown could not muster twenty men amongst the candidates for Parliament who support his extravagant ideas respecting the Coalition Government.

The Press Association.

The members of the Press Association and ladies, to the number of about sixty-five in all, who went to Saginaw, returned to Goderich on Friday. The party, on arriving at East Saginaw were welcomed to the city by the Mayor, who gave them the freedom of the city after partaking of refreshments, and the ladies being driven about the city in two four-hand carriages, proceeded on to Saginaw city. At Taylor's new hotel, they were treated to luncheon. Returning to East Saginaw, they were entertained at a public dinner, Mr. Lewis, of the *Courier* presiding. The banquet was a magnificent one. Going down to Bay City, the party were escorted to the Fraser House and welcomed by the Mayor. A band of music played on the balcony. At 8 o'clock they partook of a public supper, presided over by the Mayor. Speeches were made by several American and Canadian gentlemen, and the demonstration closed with several rounds of cheers and singing "God save the Queen." The steamer started back at 10 p.m., and reached Goderich at 10 o'clock on Friday.

At noon a lunch came off at the Huron Hotel, at which the Mayor and corporation of Goderich and Warden of the County were present.

Most of the members left for home yesterday.

The Write.

The Ottawa Times of yesterday says:—"We understand that up to last night about thirty-five writs for Local and Federal elections in Ontario had been despatched, and the remainder will be issued with as little delay as possible, in order that the verdict of the country may be obtained—have every confidence will be largely in favor of the two Governments. The writs for Quebec have been all signed, and many of them will doubtless be despatched to-day."

Mr. William Mulhired, an enterprising merchant and shipbuilder, of Chatham, has been appointed to the seat in the Legislative Council of New Brunswick, rendered vacant by the resignation of Hon. Peter Mitchell, who has accepted the position of Minister of Marine and Fisheries for the Dominion of Canada.

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, August 9.—The Government will immediately dispatch a large body of troops to Canada to repel the threatened Fenian invasion from the United States.

In the House of Lords last evening the Bill to establish the Council table was rejected by a large majority.

Despatches have been received here which announce the death of Mary Sophie Amalie, daughter of Maximilian Joseph of Bavaria, and ex-Queen of Naples.

A terrible railway accident occurred at Brayhead, Wexford County, Ireland. The express train from Dublin, for Wexford, when at the above named locality ran off the track, and eight passenger coaches were precipitated into the sea. The railroad, at that point, runs along the summit of a high bluff. The loss of life was frightful; only one person in the whole train, a man named Morris, escaped alive.

PARIS, August 8.—Despatches have been received here which confirm the previous announcement of the occupation of three provinces of Cochinchina by the French forces.

LONDON, August 9, evening.—In the House of Lords this evening, the Government submitted the new postal treaty with the United States for ratifying the rates of postage between the two countries.

In the House of Commons this evening, in answer to an enquiry, Lord Stanley, the Foreign Secretary, said that Sir Frederick Bruce, the British Minister at Washington, had been empowered to investigate the matter of the killing of Capt. Speer by a United States soldier.

Thirty persons were killed outright by the railway accident at Brayhead, to-day.

Right Hon. Garthorne Hardy, the Home Secretary in the House of Commons, this evening, in reply to a question, said that the Fenian prisoners were treated better than any of the others.

The Reform bill having been returned from the Commons, a motion was made to-night in the House of Lords to reconsider its action upon the disagreeing amendment. After some debate the consideration of the subject was fixed for the 12th inst.

FLORENCE, August 10.—Despatches have been received which state that the cholera is raging with considerable violence at Palermo, in Sicily.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 10.—The war which has been carried on between Russia and Bokhara has terminated. A treaty of peace was concluded yesterday.

LONDON, August 10.—Later despatches from the scene of the recent railway accident at Brayhead, Ireland, indicate that the first accounts received were grossly exaggerated. Only a portion of the train left the track. Three coaches were precipitated into the sea. Four persons were killed outright, though there were many dangerously injured. Nearly everybody on the train was killed or injured.

LIVERPOOL, August 10, noon.—Cotton firm, and more doing; quotations unchanged. Weather delightful and favorable for crops. Fees 42s.

LONDON, August 10, 9 p.m.—Consols 94½; Rents 75½; Erie 45½; 107½; Breadstiff firm; Provisional firm; Fork advanced to 70s.

American Despatches.

HAVANA AUG. 5, via New Orleans, Aug. 9.—The mail steamer from Cadix arrived to-day, bringing the new Postmaster General.

The Diario of the fourth insurrection that the United States government has been a party to the indiscriminate shooting of prisoners in Mexico by the Liberals, and calls for a coalition of European governments against America, in order to cause their common rights to be respected throughout the continent.

Santa Anna had been brought to Vera Cruz by a Mexican man-of-war and was to be tried for conspiracy against the Government. A reward of ten thousand dollars has been offered for the arrest of Marquez.

Everything was quiet at the capital, and order was being rapidly restored by the Juarez government.

The trouble from the Indians still continues. BELTMORE, August 8.—A Democratic procession was fired into last night by a party of men. Two persons were seriously wounded.

LOUISVILLE, August 9.—Advises from Lower River Parishes of Louisville and several counties on the Mississippi in reference to the cotton crop are quite unfavorable.

MOBILE, August 9.—Fourteen negroes were appointed on the police force to-day by the Mayor. One of them was made a Lieutenant of the day police.

WASHINGTON, August 10, noon.—The jury in the Suratt case are unable to agree and have been discharged.

Editorial Summary.

—The Governor General went to Quebec on Friday.

—Hon. Mr. Holton has taken the steamship for Mr. Devlin.

—114 persons died in Toronto during the month of July.

—Several cases of cholera are occurring daily in New York.

At Shippore, on the 15th, 43 lambs were killed by being run out of a 175, belonging to Mr. Smith of Ballymore House. They were lying in a knot under a tree.

The recent hurricane on the Atlantic coast, at least an acre, was one of the severest on record. Nearly all vessels arriving at Atlantic ports are more or less damaged, and many disasters are reported.

GEORGE ROCHE, FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.

HATTER & FURRIER.

All the latest styles of

Felt & Silk Hats,
KEPT always on hand. Also, a great
 variety of

CLOTH CAPS.
 All orders promptly executed. Remember
 the stand

**Neelson's Block, opposite Apothecaries
 Hall, Front street, Belleville.**

N.B.—The highest price in cash paid for
 Raw Furs. Felt and Silk Hats ironed and
 repaired.
 May 1. 1D-1m

DAILY LINE TO ROCHESTER.

The quickest route from Belleville and
 vicinity to New York, Boston, &c.,
 from Montreal, to Buffalo, &c.,
 and between the Canadian
 Gold Fields and the
 United States.

THE SPLENDID STEEL-PLATED STEAMER

"CORINTHIAN,"

LEAVES Brighton 4:30, Mondays, Wed-
 nesdays and Fridays, until further no-
 tice, and daily from Colborne at 8 a.m.,
 Colborne, 7 a.m., and Port Hope on arrival of
 G. T. R. morning trains from Toronto and
 Montreal, at 9:30 a.m.

Connects at Rochester with afternoon Ex-
 press Trains for the East, West, and South.
 Returning, leaves Port of Rochester, (Char-
 lotte), daily, on arrival of evening Express
 Trains, at 10 p.m., Saturdays, 3 p.m.
 Connects at North Shore with G. T. R.
 morning trains for Toronto and Montreal, and
 at Brighton and Colborne with morning
 Stages direct for Campbellford, Madoc, and
 the Canadian Gold Fields.
 R. F. DAVY, AGENT.
 July 22nd, 1897. 1D-1m

HURBAH FOR COULSON & CAMERON'S

LINE OF STAGES

For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal
 Hotels in Belleville every morning
 (Sundays excepted), at half-past 7 o'clock,
 arriving in Madoc at 12 noon.

RETURNING—Leaves all the principal Hotels
 in Madoc at 1:30 P.M., arriving in Belleville
 in time to connect with the evening trains
 going east and west.

COULSON & CAMERON,
 Proprietors.

JOHN HARRIS, Agent, Belleville.
 JOHN TANNON, Agent, Madoc.
 P.S.—Patrons wishing to send parcels on
 this route will be promptly attended to. All
 parcels unless booked and paid for will be at
 the risk of the owner.
 July 22, 1897. 1D-1m

American Invoices—Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
 Ottawa, 6th March, 1893.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance
 Minister, that heretofore Weekly Notices
 be published and furnished to Collectors of
 Customs, as to the rate of discount to be al-
 lowed on American Invoices, which is to be in
 accordance with the price of gold as re-
 presented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto.
 Such notices to appear every Saturday in the
 Canada Gazette.
 R. S. M. BOUCHETTE

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.

OTTAWA, June 8, 1897.
 IT is hereby given that the authorized dis-
 count is declared to be this day 28 per cent,
 which privilege of deduction is to be con-
 tinued until next Weekly Notice, and to ap-
 ply to all purchases made in the United States
 during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,
 ADJUTANT Commissioner of Customs.

QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL, - \$1,000,000.

FIRE AND LIFE.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THE principles on which this Company is
 founded consist of the elements required
 to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and
 afford every facility to intending assureds.
 One of the advantages secured by those who
 insure their lives with this Company is that
 the outside expenditure for Management is
 absolutely restricted by the Deed of settle-
 ment to **ten per cent** of the Net Li-
 abilities. This most important restriction
 shows that the interests of participating poli-
 holders are closely watched and carefully at-
 tended to by the Company. Attention is es-
 pecially called to this point at the proportion
 of premiums expended for Management
 must **Largely Influence Profits**
 and Bonuses.

The next division of profits takes place in
 1898, and all those who wish to participate in
 the profits should **insure at once**.
 M. BOWELL,
 Dr. JANNIFF,
 Medical Referee.
 May, 1897. 1D-1m

W. WHARIN & Co.,
 11 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO.

IMPORTERS OF
 WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, ELECTRO-PLATE
 WARE, TABLE CUTLERY, &c.

Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry carefully
 repaired and warranted.

W. WHARIN, 120 Queen W. L. WILKINSON.

C. W. WALKER,
 MERCHANT TAILORS,
 DRESSERS, &c.

No. 7, King Street East, Toronto. 1D-1m

LOUIS ROENIGK.

MANUFACTURER, and Wholesale and
 Retail Dealer in all kinds of Furniture
 near the Upper Bridge, Belleville.
 He would call the particular attention of
 the Trade, Dealers in all kinds of Furniture
 wishing to his present Stock, which is the
 largest, most varied, and best ever shown in
 Belleville, and which will be sold at prices as
 low as any establishment in Canada.
 Sofas and Couches of all patterns. Tables
 of all kinds. Chairs of every description.
 Bedsteads, Mattresses, &c., always on hand.

THE UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT

is complete, and all orders promptly attended
 to.

UNDERTAKING

Dealers, Hotel Keepers, and the Public
 generally, are requested to call and examine
 Stock and Prices, before they make their
 purchases.

LOUIS ROENIGK,
 Belleville, April, 1897. 1D-1m

The Upper Cabin Steamer

"EMPRESS,"

McNAMARA, MASTER.

Will leave Toronto for Montreal every
 FRIDAY, at 6 o'clock A.M., and
 McNeill's Wharf, Belleville, at TEN, call-
 ing at all ports on the Bay of Quinte and River
 St. Lawrence.

RETURNING.

Will leave Montreal every TUESDAY at
 ONE o'clock, for the above places, calling at
 Ogdensburg and all intermediate ports.

This steamer has an Upper Deck Saloon,
 and every accommodation for passengers, who
 will find her safe and the swiftest and most
 comfortable boat on the route.

For freight and passenger tickets apply to
 Capt. McNeill, Agent, Belleville, at the office of
 Reed & McNeill, next door to Fanning's
 Hotel.

C. C. McFALL,
 55 & 56 Common St., Montreal.
 May 14. 1D-3m

MAITLAND FISHER.

TEA AND GENERAL BROKER.

OFFICE: Corner of St. Bernard and St. Nicholas
 Streets, Montreal.
 Teas, Sugars, Spices, &c., all the latest
 and best.

Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,

Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes,
 &c., &c.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

PREMISES—Large, cool, dry and central, with
 every facility for handling provisions to ad-
 vantage.

ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts
 authorized against shipments to our care for
 sale here or consigned to our friends in Great
 Britain or the Lower Provinces. 189-189-189-189

KENNEDY & WILLIAMS,

Opposite American Hotel,
 MADOC, C. W.

WHOLESALE and Retail
 Grocers and Pro-
 vision Merchants, can
 supply every kind of
 Groceries, &c., with the
 best quality of Goods.
 Also, Wholesale Agents
 for Macdonald, Taylor &
 Co., Toronto.

BELLEVILLE AGRICULTURAL WORKS

AND IRON FOUNDRY

WEST FRONT STREET

J. M. WALKER & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Thrashing Machines,

STRAW CUTTERS,
 MILL WORK & MACHINERY,
 IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,
 Iron and Steel Ploughs,
 Stoves, &c.

May 1. 1D-1m

JOHN BULL BITTERS

FOR SALE WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
 BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS
 THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.
 Beware of cheap imitations.
 Beware of cheap imitations.
 Beware of cheap imitations.

For sale Wholesale and
 Retail by
 FITZGERALD & KELSO,
 Belleville.

May 1. 1D-1m

CONSTITUTIONS.

BY LAWS,

And every other variety of Pamphlets printed neatly
 and expeditiously.

Book and Job Printing

AT THE
 LOWEST RATES.

Various at a distance from Belleville in view of

Any Description of Printing.

Can have their wants supplied by sending their orders
 by mail. Their letters will receive prompt and careful
 attention.

M. BOWELL,
 INTELLIGENCER BUILDING,
 FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

May 1. 1D-1m

THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER

BOOK AND JOB

PRINTING OFFICE.

THE public are informed that in connection
 with THE DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER
 Newspaper, we have one of the best
 appointed



THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER

BOOK AND JOB

PRINTING OFFICE.

THE public are informed that in connection
 with THE DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER
 Newspaper, we have one of the best
 appointed

JOB DEPARTMENTS

In the country, and our facilities for turning out all
 kinds of Book and Job Printing are such as should
 command the attention of every business firm in the
 County of Hastings.

The Extensive Assortment

OR

TYPE AND POWER PRESSES

Gives us great advantages in the printing of

POSTERS & PROGRAMMES.

And for all kinds of

COMMERCIAL WORK.

1898 AS

Letter Headings.

Note Headings.

Business Cards.

Bank Cheques.

Bill Heads.

Circulars.

Catalogues.

Receipts.

Pamphlets.

Bonds and Mortgages.

Deeds.

Posters.

Placards.

In any Size or in any Colour.

CONSTITUTIONS.

BY LAWS,

And every other variety of Pamphlets printed neatly
 and expeditiously.

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M. BOWELL,
 INTELLIGENCER BUILDING,
 FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

May 1. 1D-1m

THE GOLD MINING ACT OF 1864,

27 and 28 Vic. Chap. 9, and the

Gold Mining Amendment Act 1865,

20 Vic. Chap. 5.

THIS Gold Mining Act of 1864 provides that Governor
 in Council may first Gold Mining Division,
 Governor may appoint Officers for Divisions.

Two Divisions erected in Lower Canada: 1. Chateaufort
 Gold Mining Division, 2. Chateaufort Gold Mining
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Daily Intelligence

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALLY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 1.

BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, MONDAY EVENING, AUGUST 12, 1867.

No. 86.

Belleville Business Directory.

Pleasant & Kelo.
IMPORTERS and Wholesale Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants Commercial Buildings, Front Street, Belleville. 10am-WF

Legato & Price.
BAKERS, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Manufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries, No. 173, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 10am-WF

Geo. H. Haymes.
HATTER and FURRIER, Front Street, Belleville. Highest price paid for raw furs. 10am-WF

McLeod & Carro.
ENGINEERS, PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYORS, ARCHITECTS, DRAUGHTSMEN and PATENT SOLICITORS, 183 1/2 Front Street, Belleville. 10am-WF

MacLeod, GAVILLER, KENNEDY & Co.
Medec. 10am-WF

A. R. Dougall.
BARRISTER, &c., &c., Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer, Office over Overall's Book Store, and opposite "The Intelligence" Office, Front Street. 10am-WF

Robertson & Stewart.
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c., Office—Ground floor next the Express Office, Bridge Street. 10am-WF

ALB. ROBERTSON. D. E. K. STEWART. 10am-WF

Ross, Bell & Holden.
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner Bridge and Pincus Streets, Belleville. Hon. Jas. Ross. JOHN BELL. THOS. HOLDEN. 10am-WF

Diamond & Dickson.
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors in Chancery, &c., &c., Office—Nelson's Hall, Front Street, Belleville. 10am-WF

Macellian & Macellian.
SOLICITORS in Chancery and Intestacy, Attorneys-at-Law, Notaries Public, &c., &c., Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville. 10am-WF

Forrest & Lozo's.
ROYAL Photograph Gallery, Laidlaw's New Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 10am-WF

T. Lockery.
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds of Bags, and Pipes and Tobacco. No. 175, Front Street, Belleville. None but the best quality of leaf used. 10am-WF

Ponton, Finkner & Denmark.
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Front Street, Belleville. 10am-WF

Robert P. Jellett.
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors, &c., &c., Office—240 Front Street, opposite Front and Bridge Streets, Belleville. 10am-WF

Angus McFee.
WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of Clocks, Watches, Jewellery and Silver Ware always on hand. Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms. 10am-WF

John Wilson.
BAKER and Confectioner, wholesale and Retail, at the old stand, Front Street, Belleville, and in the best and cheapest in the country. All orders promptly filled. 10am-WF

J. W. Brown.
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, Front Street, Belleville. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 10am-WF

Geo. Gibson.
MANUFACTURER and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A select assortment of ladies, gent's and children's boots and shoes constantly on hand and made to order. All work warranted. 10am-WF

J. C. Vator.
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, opposite Panting's Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing always on hand. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 10am-WF

To Gold Miners.
YOU will find a variety of mining tools at the subscriber's shop. Drills and sludge made of the best reeded cast steel. Solid punches twice iron Pick Axes and chisels, Pick Axes, cast steel pointed. All warranted, and cheaper than any other shop in Canada. Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street, Belleville. 10am-WF

McKeown & Robertson.
MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and Retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large, well assorted and of the best material, and is sold at extremely low prices for cash. They are extensive manufacturers, and being practical workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction. All orders executed promptly, and all work warranted. Remember the place, opposite Bennett & Bain's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville. 10am-WF

NEW DISCOVERY.
Bullen & Gibson's LIVERY.
Office—Bullen's Store, 70 Front St., Belleville.

FIRST-CLASS Horses, new Bagnages and Carriages of the latest styles always on hand. Terms—on credit for the latest Old Bagnages at reasonable rates.
WATKINS BROWN. 10am-WF

Montreal Business Directory.

NEW YORK BRANCH DYE WORKS.
G. LAMPE,
294 Notre Dame Street, opposite Crystal Block, MONTREAL.

PHILIP HENRY.
TOBACCONIST,
DEALER in ALL KINDS OF TOBACCO, SNUFFS, CIGARS & PIPES, 2000 Rue Notre Dame, Montreal. 10am-WF

J. A. HARTE.
GLASGOW DRUG HALL,
Notre Dame Street, Montreal. 10am-WF

MURRAY & Co.
STATIONERS' HALL,
Corner of Notre Dame and St. John Streets, Montreal. Importers of English Stationery, Blank Book Manufacturers, &c., &c., Wholesale and Retail. 10am-WF

THOMPSON, MURRAY & Co.
Teas, Wines, Liquors & Groceries, 40 St. Jacques Street, Montreal. Agents for J. Denik, Henry Moulin & Co., Cognac, Wolf's Scotch Whisky. 10am-WF

EDWARD NIELD & Co.
Gentlemen's Haberdashery,
No. 262 St. Paul Street, opposite Albion Hotel, Montreal. 10am-WF

PEAVEY & FAVOR.
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS in Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries, Provisions, &c., No. 444 Notre Dame Street, three doors West St. Francis Xavier Street, Montreal. Depot for superior Table Salt. 10am-WF

A. BOOKER.
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant,
Office and Sale Rooms, Gibb's New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal. 10am-WF

SINCLAIR, JACK & Co.
Wholesale Grocers & Commission Merchants,
Importers of East and West India Produce, Mediterranean Goods, &c., No. 31 St. Paul Street, opposite the Custom House, Montreal. 10am-WF

GEORGE CHILDS & Co.
Wholesale Grocers,
20 & 22 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 10am-WF

ST. LAWRENCE HALL.
H. HOGAN, Proprietor,
Great St. James' Street, Montreal. 10am-WF

DAVID, CLARKE & CLAYTON.
WINE, SPIRITS
and Commission Merchants,
40 St. Peter Street, opposite St. Jacques Street, Montreal. 10am-WF

S. DAVIS.
MANUFACTURER OF
HAVANA SEGARS,
Office—No. 15 Great St. James Street, Montreal. Sole proprietor of the Havana Wily and "Cuba" brands of Segars. 10am-WF

J. W. MORGAN.
Commission Merchant,
Importer to order of all kinds of English and French Goods. 10am-WF

C. C. SNOWDON & Co.
IMPORTERS OF
British, American, and German SHEEP and HEAVY HARDWARE, 454 & 456 Saint Paul Street, corner of St. Nicholas St. Montreal. 10am-WF

M. GUTMAN & Co.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Hoop Skirts and Skirt Materials, 26 Lamotte Street, Montreal. 10am-WF

DR. NELSON EDWARDS.
SURGEON DENTIST,
204 Notre Dame Street, Montreal. 10am-WF

KINGAN & KINLOCH.
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
WINE and SPIRITS MERCHANTS,
Corner St. Peter and St. Jacques Streets, Montreal. 10am-WF

GAUTHIER & MANDEL.
MERCHANTS TAILORS,
204 Notre Dame Street, Montreal. 10am-WF

Montreal Business Directory.

W. A. LITTLE.
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,
210 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal.

do B. MACDONALD & Co.
19 St. Helen Street, Montreal.

HOOP SKIRTS, and IMPORTERS of Men's and Women's Straw, Felt, and Fancy Woolen Goods, Wholesale.

W. S. GOODHUGH & Co.
IMPORTERS OF
English and Foreign Leather,
24 St. Peter Street, Montreal. 10am-WF

A. ROBERTSON & Co.
Manufacturers and Importers of
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Mantles, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Bonnets, Gloves, Hosiery, Small Wares, Cloths, Cuffs, Collars, Neckties, Handkerchiefs, Linens, Cane, Trunks, Dress Goods, &c., &c., 470 St. Paul Street & 399 Commissioners St., MONTREAL.

Frothingham & Co. W. M.
IMPORTERS, MANUFACTURERS, and Wholesale Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware. Warehouse and Office 585 to 589, St. Paul Street, Montreal. 10am-WF

J. C. FRANK.
Under the name, style and firm of
J. C. FRANK & Co.
IMPORTERS and WHOLESALE DEALERS in Groceries, Wines, Spirits, Oils, &c., &c., 25 Hospital Street, Montreal. 10am-WF

H. GRANT.
Watch and Clock Maker,
203 Notre Dame Street, Montreal. 10am-WF

JOSEPH KIRKUP.
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes. No. 279 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 10am-WF

BURROWS & Co.
Commission Merchants,
and WHOLESALE DEALERS in Brandies, Wines, Segars, Tobacco, &c., &c., 419 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 10am-WF

IVES & ALLEN.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Hardware, Stoves, Ranges, &c., &c., 114 to 122 Queen Street, Montreal. 10am-WF

Place D'Armes Drug Store.
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal. 10am-WF

W. C. McDONALD.
Manufacturer of Fine Tobacco,
Office—242 Notre Dame St.—108 Water St., MONTREAL. 10am-WF

Established 1820.
J. & W. HILTON.
CABINET MAKERS & UPHOLSTERERS,
CARPENTERS and GLAZIERS, Importers and Sellers of all kinds of Glass, Paints, and Varnishes. Also Importers of Stoves, Ranges, Lutes, Pipes, and Upholstery Goods generally. No. 41, Great St. James Street, MONTREAL.

Established 1861.
JOHN F. MCCAIG.
Shipping and General Agent,
Office—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Hospital, and 200-202 Saint Paul Street, Montreal. 10am-WF

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.
100 Great North Street, Montreal. 10am-WF

THOS. HOBSON & Co.
Produce Commission Merchants,
MONTREAL. 10am-WF

MULHOLLAND & BAKER.
IRON, STEEL and GENERAL HARDWARE MERCHANTS,
419 and 421 St. Paul Street, MONTREAL. 10am-WF

Montreal Business Directory.

F. W. HENSHAW.
No. 10 St. Bernard Street, Montreal. 10am-WF

W. L. KINMOND & Co.
CONSULTING ENGINEERS,
MANUFACTURERS' Agents, for all kinds of Machinery, Tools, Steam Engines, &c., &c., Also, every description of material and uses for Engineers and Agricultural Machine makers. A Stock of best quality of Cast Steel. 10am-WF

MADE EXPRESSLY FOR MINING AND BORING PURPOSES, IRON WIRE ROPE.
Chisel and Turning Tool Steel, Files, Rippers, square and Hexagon blank Nuts, Wrought Iron Wool Felt for Bolters and Steam Pipes, Sheet Metal, &c., &c., always on hand, and at low prices. 10am-WF

OLD FILES RECUR, warranted as good as new for use at very low rates. Custom House Square, Montreal. 10am-WF

Richelieu Company!
ROYAL MAIL THROUGH LINE between Montreal and Quebec. 10am-WF

ON and after MONDAY, the 12th of May, and until further notice, the RICHELIEU COMPANY'S Steamers will leave their regular routes as follows:—
The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. J. Leblond, will leave Richelieu Pier, opposite Jacques Cartier Square, for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at seven a.m. precisely, calling, going and returning, at St. John's River and Beloeil. Passengers waiting to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers can depend on being in time in taking their passage by this boat, as there will be a tender to take them to the steamer without extra charge. 10am-WF

The Steamer HUNTER, Capt. R. Nelson, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at seven a.m. for Quebec, calling, going and returning, at St. John's River and Beloeil. This Company will not be responsible for persons or valuables sent by mail, or for loss of cargo, unless presented as insured therefor. Further information may be had at the Freight Office on the Wharf, or at the Office, 399 Commissioner Street, Montreal. J. B. LAMERE, Manager. 10am-WF

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
Established 1825. 10am-WF

WITH WHICH IS NOW UNITED THE COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
Accumulated and Invested Fund—\$18,000,000 Annual Income—\$300,000. 10am-WF

W. M. RAMSAY, Manager.
RICHARD BULL, Insurance Agent of Agencies. 10am-WF

ASSURANCES effected on the different systems suggested and approved by a lengthy experience, so as to suit the means of every person desiring to take out a Policy. Every information on the subject of Life Assurance will be given at the Company's Office, Montreal, or at any of the Agents throughout Canada. 10am-WF

Agent for Belleville, George Wallbridge, Medical Advertiser, Dr. Holden, and Dr. Lister. 10am-WF

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
Under Contract with the Government of Canada for Canadian & United States Mails. 10am-WF

1867—SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS—1867.
Passengers Booked to Londonderry and Liverpool. 10am-WF

Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates.
This Company's MAIL LINE is composed of the following First-Class "oil-Powered" Clyde-Built Double-Ended Iron Steamships:— 10am-WF

AUSTRIAN, 2700 Tons, Capt. AITON. 10am-WF

NESTORIAN, 2700 Tons, Capt. DUFFY, R.N.R. 10am-WF

PERUVIAN, 2700 Tons, Capt. WYLLIE. 10am-WF

HIBERNIAN, 2700 Tons, Capt. BEAUCHAMPEL. 10am-WF

NOVA-SCOTIAN, 2700 Tons, Capt. ALEXANDER. 10am-WF

NORTH-AMERICAN, 2700 Tons, Capt. KERR. 10am-WF

DANUBIUS, 1600 Tons, Capt. GRAY. 10am-WF

ST. GEORGE, 1400 Tons, Lt. SMITH, R.N.R. 10am-WF

ST. ANDREW, 1400 Tons, Capt. SCOTT. 10am-WF

ST. PATRICK, 1200 Tons, Capt. TROSBY. 10am-WF

ST. DAVID, 1000 Tons, Capt. AIRD. 10am-WF

And their GLASGOW LINE of Steamships:—
ST. GEORGE, 1400 Tons, Lt. SMITH, R.N.R. 10am-WF

ST. ANDREW, 1400 Tons, Capt. SCOTT. 10am-WF

ST. PATRICK, 1200 Tons, Capt. TROSBY. 10am-WF

ST. DAVID, 1000 Tons, Capt. AIRD. 10am-WF

ST. GEORGE, 1400 Tons, Lt. SMITH, R.N.R. 10am-WF

Under the Upsa Tree.

Come, I will tell you what I have seen
Under the Upsa Tree,
Where clustered leaves look so fresh and green,
Rivalling the rich rose fruit between;
Oh! I am all to him who has been
Under the Upsa Tree.

But there's many a sad and mournful sight
Under the Upsa Tree;
Skeletons which once once brought bright
Flowers withered in a night,
And fruit that through with a deadly blight,
Under the Upsa Tree.

There are broken resolves all lavishly strewn
Under the Upsa Tree;
Battered hopes which have never been blown,
Blighted seedlings in tears once sown,
And sad designs at the first overthrow,
Under the Upsa Tree.

There are bleeding wounds which can never be bound,
Under the Upsa Tree;
Dark stains of blood upon the ground,
Lost human corpses are always found,
And dead men's bones are scattered around,
Under the Upsa Tree.

There are fair young faces grown old with care
Under the Upsa Tree;
Clouded minds which once once brought clear,
Broken and bleeding hearts are there,
And souls which languish in nerveless despair,
Under the Upsa Tree.

And yet in our midst we let it grow,
This beautiful Upsa Tree;
It towers o'er the roof-tops of high and low,
Swaying its poles of glory and gloom;
Scattering its pollen over all below—
The fatal Upsa Tree.

We have vainly tried to limit it out,
This dark-shaded Upsa Tree;
With summer dews we have fenced it about,
But from Heaven there comes a mighty wood,
The voice of God the world throughout,
Cut down this Upsa Tree.

"There is a God,"
"There is a God," all nature cries,
I see it painted on the skies,
I see it in the flowing spring,
I hear it in the rushing wind,
I see it in the flowing plain,
I see it in the fruitful field,
I see it stamped on all and sundry,
I see it where the streamlets flow,
I see it in the clouds that soar,
I hear it when the thunders roar,
I see it when the morning dawns,
I see it on the mountain heights,
I see it in the smallest insect,
I see it everywhere abroad,
I feel, I know there is a God.

Importance of Learning a Trade.
The advantages of having learned a trade are strikingly demonstrated in the account of the present time. 10am-WF

Remarks on the subject:— 10am-WF

In referring yesterday to the large number of persons who have been idle, and who are now seeking employment, there was one branch of business left untouched. 10am-WF

connected with clerks, book-keepers, and office attendants of both grades. 10am-WF

There is a growing tendency among short-sighted parents to put their boys in offices, under a false impression that such occupation insure gentleness and the learning of a trade. 10am-WF

This is a most mischievous notion, and one that is likely to entail upon their children troubles and sorrows and heartburnings during all the rest of their lives. 10am-WF

All business is subject to fluctuations, and the wisdom of men and of governments have thus far been unable to control, and when a commercial or financial depression occurs, those who are first to suffer, and among the most helpless victims, are book-keepers, clerks, copyists and office attendants of all kinds. 10am-WF

At such times the workman in a number of the mechanical trades can find employment, and many others can make shops or mend them; the painter and glazier, the plumber, and the gas fitter, and many others that will occur to the readers, can search for and find odd jobs that will give them at least the means of living. 10am-WF

The skilled man, with tools at his command, is in most respects master of the situation. 10am-WF

The clerk, the book-keeper, the office attendant, are helpless. 10am-WF

They cannot establish mercantile, commercial or manufacturing houses, to give employment to themselves. 10am-WF

They must wait many and many a weary day until the season of the year is over, before they can find employment. 10am-WF

They have unfortunately made their sole means of livelihood. 10am-WF

All this is another of the lamentable results of having learned no trade in childhood. 10am-WF

The subject, it is believed, is so widely in its ramifications, and so profoundly important in the consequences, that more systematic attention on the part of the people who are so deeply interested, and it is for this reason that we have made one of three days' exposure in a single business establishment, referred to yesterday, towards doing our part in procuring for the subject the strong and instant attention it deserves. 10am-WF

—A boiler exploded on Friday at Leamy's Mills, seven miles from Ottawa, on the Lower Canada side. One man was killed and several injured. 10am-WF

—The Buffalo Courier says that during the railway the Central Railroad of its late the other day, the train was taken from Hamilton to Buffalo, ten miles, in eight minutes, or the rate of seventy-five miles an hour—the fastest run in American railroading. 10am-WF

GEORGE ROCHE,
HATTER & FURRIER.

All the latest styles of
Felt & Silk Hats,
KEPT always on hand. Also, a great
variety of
CLOTH CAPS.
All ordered promptly executed. Remember
the stand.
Nelson's Block, opposite Apothecaries
Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for
Raw Furs. Felt and Silk Hats cleaned and
repacked.
May 1. 1D-6m

DAILY LINE TO ROCHESTER.

The quickest route from Belleville and
vicinity to New York, Boston, &c.,
from Montreal, to Buffalo, &c.,
and between the Canadian
Gold Fields and the
United States.

THE SPLENDID STEAM-PIANO STEAMER
"CORINTHIAN."

LEAVES Brighton 4.30, Mondays, Wed-
nesdays, and Fridays, until further no-
tice, and daily from Colborne at 8 a.m.,
Colborne, 7 a.m., and Port Hope on arrival of
Q. T. R. morning trains from Toronto and
Montreal, at 9.30 a.m.
Connects at Rochester with afternoon Ex-
press Trains for the East, West, and South.
Returning, leaves Port of Rochester, (Char-
leston), daily, on arrival of evening Express
Trains, at 10 p.m., Saturdays, 8 p.m.
Comments at North Shore Ports with Q. T. R.
morning trains for Toronto and Montreal, at
8 a.m., and Colborne with morning
Stages, direct for Campbellford, Madoc, and
the Canadian Gold Fields.
R. P. DAVY, AGENT.
July 22nd, 1897. 1D-

MURRAY FOR
COULSON & CAMERON'S
LINE OF STAGES**For the Madoc Gold Regions.**

THESE coaches will leave all the prin-
cipal Hotels in Belleville every morning
(Sunday's excepted), at half-past 7 o'clock,
arriving in Madoc at 12 noon.
RETURNING—Leaves all the principal Hotels
in Madoc at 1.30 P.M., arriving in Belleville
in time to connect with the evening trains
going east and west.
COULSON & CAMERON,
Proprietors.

JOHN HARRIS, Agent, Belleville.
JOHN FARGNERY, Agent, Madoc.
P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on
this route will be promptly attended to. All
parcels unless booked and paid for will be at
the risk of the owner.
July 22, 1897. 1D-8

American Invoices—Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
QUEBEC, 6th March, 1898.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance
Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices
be published and furnished to Collectors of
Customs, as to the rate of discount to be al-
lowed on American Invoices, which is to be in
accordance with the price of gold as repre-
sented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto.
Such notices to appear every Saturday in the
Canada Gazette.

R. M. M. BOUQUETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
OTTAWA, June 8, 1897.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice
is hereby given that the authorized dis-
count is declared to be this day 28 per cent,
which percentage of deduction is to be con-
tinued until next Weekly Notice, and to ap-
ply to all purchases made in the United States
during that time.
THOMAS WORTHINGTON,
Solicitor-General, Commissioner of Customs.

QUBEN
INSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL. - - - \$10,000,000.

FIRE AND LIFE.**LIFE DEPARTMENT.**

THE principles on which this Company is
founded contain all the elements required
to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and
afford every facility to intending assureds—
One of the advantages secured by those who
insure their lives with this Company is that
the outside expenditure for Management is
absolutely restricted by the Board of Directors
to **10 per cent of the Net Assets**.
This most important restriction shows that the
interests of participating policyholders are
closely watched and carefully at-
tended to by the Company. Attention is es-
pecially called to this point, as the proportion
of premiums expended for Management
must largely influence Profits
and Bonuses.

The next division of profits takes place in
1898, and all those who wish to participate in
the profits should insure at once.

Dr. GANNIFF, *Intelligence Office,*
Medical Referee. *Agent.*
May, 1897. 1D-4m.

W. WHARIN & Co.,
1 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO.

IMPORTERS OF
WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, ELECTRO-PLATED
WARE, TABLE CUTLERY, &c.,
Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry carefully
Repacked and Warranted.
W. L. WILKINSON.
130m

C. & W. WALKER,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
DRESS, &c.,
No. 7, King Street East, Toronto. 130m

FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.

LOUIS ROENIGK,
MANUFACTURER, and Wholesale and
Retail Dealer in all kinds of Furniture
near the Upper Bridge, Belleville.
He would call the particular attention of
the Trade, Hotel Keepers, and Families for
furnishing, to his present Stock, which is the
largest, most varied, and best ever shown in
Belleville, and which will be sold at prices as
low as any establishment in Canada.
Sofas and Couches of all patterns, Tables
of all kinds, Chairs of every description,
Bedsteads, Mattresses, &c., always on hand.
THE UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT
is complete, and all orders promptly attended
to.

UNDER TAKING
Dealers, Hotel Keepers, and the Public
generally, are requested to call and examine
Stock and Prices, before they make their
purchases.
LOUIS ROENIGK,
Belleville, April, 1897. 1D-4

The Upper Cabin Steamer

"EMPRESS,"
MONMARA, MASTER.

WILL leave Trenton for Montreal every
FRIDAY, at SIX o'clock A.M., and
McIntosh's Wharf, Belleville, at TEN, call-
ing at all ports on the Bay of Quinte and River
St. Lawrence.

RETURNING,
WILL leave Montreal every TUESDAY A
ONE o'clock, for the above places, calling at
Ogdensburg and all intermediate ports.
This steamer has an Upper Deck Saloon,
and every accommodation for passengers, who
will find her safe, and the swiftest and most
comfortable boat on the route.
For freight and passenger tickets apply to
Capt. McIntosh, Agent, Belleville, at the office
of Reed & McIntosh, next door to Fanning's
Hotel.
C. C. McFALL,
55 & 56 Common St., Montreal.
May 14. 1D-3m

MAITLAND FISHER,
TEA AND GENERAL BROKER.

OFFICE, Corner of St. James and St. Nicholas
Streets, Montreal.
Representatives—Robertson & Beattie, Robert Fiedler,
Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,
Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes,
Leather, &c.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

PREMISES—Large, cool, dry and central, with
every facility for handling provisions to ad-
vantage.
ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts
authorized against shipments to our care for
sale here or consigned to our friends in Great
Britain or the Lower Provinces. 35m-40m

KENNEDY & WILLIAMS,
Opposite American Hotel,
MADOC, C. W.

Wholesale and
Retail Grocers and Pro-
vision Merchants, can al-
ways supply Minnie Hotel,
Hotel, &c., with the best
quality of Lard, Pork, Ham,
Beef, Bacon, Lard, Cheese, &c.,
together with a full assort-
ment of Groceries. All
kinds of Biscuits, &c., &c.
Also, Wholesale Agents
for Morrison, Taylor &
Co., Toronto.

BELLEVILLE
AGRICULTURAL WORKS

AND
IRON FOUNDRY
WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF

Thrashing Machines,
STRAW CUTTERS,
MILL WORK & MACHINERY,
IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,
Iron and Steel Ploughs,
Stoves, &c.
May 1. 1D-1

JOHN BOWELL,
Bitters

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DAILY INTELLIGENCER.

THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER

BOOK AND JOB

PRINTING OFFICE.

THE public are informed that in connection
with THE DAILY AND WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER
Newspaper, we have one of the best
equipped

in the country, and our facilities for turning out
all kinds of Book and Job Printing are such as should
command the attention of every business firm in the
County of Hastings.

The Extensive Assortment

TYPE AND POWER PRESSES

Posters & Programmes.

Commercial Work.

Letter Headings.

Note Headings.

Business Cards.

Bank Cheques.

Bill Heads.

Circulars.

Catalogues.

Receipts.

Pamphlets.

Bonds and Mortgages.

Deeds.

Posters.

Placards.

In any Size or in any Colour.

CONSTITUTIONS.

BY LAWS.

Book and Job Printing

AT THE
LOWEST RATES.

Parties at a distance from Belleville in want

Any Description of Printing.

Can have their wants supplied by sending their orders
by mail. Their letters will receive prompt and careful
attention.

M. BOWELL,
INTELLIGENCER BUILDING,
FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

May 1D.

JOHN BOWELL,
Bitters

JOHN BOWELL,
Bitters

JOHN BOWELL,
Bitters

JOHN BOWELL,
Bitters

JOHN BOWELL,
Bitters

BROWN'S FOUNDRY

MACHINE SHOP,
FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

G. & J. BROWN,
Founders and Machinists,
RESPECTFULLY inform the public that
they are still manufacturing
All kinds of Machinery.

In connection with
FLOUR, GRIST, SAW AND OTHER
MILL FURNISHINGS, &c., &c.

Portable and Stationary Steam Engines of
any capacity, Engine and Wood Lathe,
Iron and Wood Planes, Slatage Machines
of various patterns; also, Agricultural Im-
plements of the most improved style and
make. Their Horse Powers and Thrash-
ing Machines, with or without chimes,
are unsurpassed.

Brown's Ploughs are admitted to be of
the most improved style and manufacture.
They consist of some fifty different pat-
terns and their celebrated STEEL PLOUGH
is the best in the country.

Amongst their other manufactures may
be enumerated Horse Hoes, Cultivators,
Harrows, Old Corners, Corn and Drill
Ploughs, Reel Sowers, Rollers, Straw Cut-
ters and Stump Machines, and Improved
Grain Drills and Mill.

In the Stove Department
They are unequalled. They continue to
manufacture Boilers and Cooking Stoves
of various descriptions, and their Improved
Northern Pattern Cooking Stove is with-
out a rival for farmer's use.

Potash Kettles cast in loam, lip, of
various sizes and of the best material.

Gold Crushers

Of the newest style and patterns made to
order.

Their facilities for manufacturing are
such as to enable them to successfully com-
pete with any similar establishment in the
Province.

Every description of patterns made to
order. Repairing done on the shortest
notice. All kinds of Brass Castings made
to order.

Belleville, May 1. 1D-4

THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER

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THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL. CHINESE

No. 87.

A Terrible Boy

Kate O'Hara was the 1st in our pleasure party at the Elms in the Christmas. I remember our little silence of admiration as she came in the drawing room just before dinner was announced (for your prima donna does not care to wait).

He could not have approached more quietly or meekly if she had been a cat. Half a dozen young ladies who before her advent looked pretty enough, suddenly became quite uninteresting to a corresponding

paused awhile in our talk of short-horns to steal an admiring glance. We had resumed our bovine conversation, and were diverging, if I remember aright, in the direction of

"That's little Kate O'Hara!"

Why did my cheek glow and my heart throb?—Why did the name of one whom I had not seen since she was a little child

The six bachelors "entered themselves immediately for the 'Q'Hara stakes,' as one of them remarked."

the dreaming of love's young dream; and two of them—a middy and an under graduate—got a start, and made the running the most reckless pace I ever saw. Indeed the sailor expressed much astonishment

was declined with such good-natured cheerfulness, that he seemed to be rather pleased than otherwise, whereas the collegian, who was of a poetical turn, took his refusal, the day following, very much to heart.

passed the remaining part of his visit in a row and the shrubberies. Two other competitors, unattached (except to Kate), were disposed of at an archery ball; and the rest then lay between Charles Northcote and

It was a grand set-to, I can tell you. Charley had the handsomest face, and—plunging with a bullet pending from his waist chain but which had previously ridden

his leg—could talk of the time “when I was in the Crimea,” Philip had the more intellectual expression, and had won at Oxford a undergraduate’s “Blue-ribbon”—The Nobel prize for English Verse.

is true, when we were skating on the lake
produced upon the ice such wondrous
"eagles" as Audubon never dreamed of; but
he was, on the other hand, the first to own
when the frost broke up that "in a new

good thing with hounds, there was but one of them could catch the parson." For Fitz though he did not hunt in his own park could "go like a bird" out of it; whenever he could get a mount.

One night before our party separated, had a grand performance of charades, and the last of these the Reverend Mr. Lee with immense applause as a ferocious captain banditti, acting with the greatest enthusiasm.

and having prepared for himself, with co-operation of the cork, a pair of mustaches which rivalled Charloy's. We were to appear at supper in our charade costumes, and were awaiting the announcement of that

phenomenon, which caused me instantly and earnestly to whisper to Miss O'Hara, "I have something to say to you. 'Come at once'."

drawing from into the library, still into
with our theatrical properties. "Seize
daggar, and assuming a characteristic pose
(I was attired as a brigand's assistant), I b
her "Listen!" And she (I see her now

her pretty hat and cloak, for she had represented in our last scene the young English countess stopped by the robbers), ever ready for burlesque and mirth—as she supposed this to be—made answer, solemnly, “

"Twelve years ago, Kate O'Hara, I won and won, in the home of your childhood, lady who is now my wife. On a sweet summer's eve I told my love, sitting under

stars, and upon a garden seat the prop-
of your respected sire. Hard by, you, the
little child, were swinging in a swing. The
same long, silken Irish lashes drooped o'
those deep-blue eyes, and we never dream

manner, our vows of mutual love. And then, how intense our agony now compounded and awful our abasement, when as we related the motive throng for coffee, you cried—

did so kiss each other, when I was swingi
in the elm!" For twelve years, Kate O'Ha
the memory of that humiliation has trouble
my indignant soul; but, I am avenged—

I held before her one of the hand looking glasses which lay on the table near, and as I was preparing to say something in the dramatic style, as she snatched it from me with the proud air of a tragedy queen when

eye caught the reflection of her face, and in that moment that fair countenance was blanched and pale, and she stood with her head drooping, speechless; for upon her lip reader, as I saw, as I had seen, the certain sign and the

that, in some obscure corner behind the scenes, the race had been decided for "O'Hara Stakes," and that the Brigand had won. He had left half his cork mustache on that lovely lip.

me, for I congratulate you with all my heart
may you be as happy, dear girl, with our
friend the robber, as "those two" have been
happy, whom you saw "so kissing each other

I have had my revenge; and among our guests at Christmas, none will receive a more hearty welcome than the Reverend Mr. . . .

—An ingenious gentleman at Paris is walking in the water by means of some reported simple apparatus. With an umbrella in one hand and the other in his pocket, he creates a hole in the water.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELEVEILLE STATION.
Morning Express going West. 8.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West. 7.25 P. M.
Mixed Train going West. 10.30 A. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going West. 6.45 P. M.
Allowed on this train.
Night Express going East. 12.15 A. M.
Mixed Train going East. 11.10 P. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going East. 9.45 P. M.
Allowed by this train.
Montreal Time.

ST. ROCHSTER.—The St. Rochster leaves Pictou for tomorrow afternoon, at 3 o'clock for Pictou, leaving at 11 o'clock and Pictou.



Daily Intelligencer.

BELEVEILLE, TUESDAY, AUGUST 13.

VOLUNTEERS PICTOU.—The Sidney Company of the 4th Battalion, have a Pic-Nic, on Thursday, 15th inst., at the Town Hall, 5th concession. From the preparations which have been made we have no doubt there will be a large turnout.

THE SILVER QUESTION.—Action is being taken by the merchants of Hamilton and Toronto in order to bring silver to its bankable value in all its transactions. It is high time some concerted action was taken throughout the country to get rid of the silver nuisance.

PASS.—We observe with pleasure, by the official Gazette of Saturday, that at the recent military examinations at Kingston, Captains W. C. Nunn and M. P. Murphy, and Esq. J. H. Hennessy, of the Belleville Grand Trunk Riders, passed successful examinations, and received second-class certificates.

GINGER WINE.—Notice is given that His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to order and direct that the article now imported and labelled ginger wine shall be considered and classified as a cordial, and liable to the duty of 10 cents per gallon, not having undergone any process of fermentation, but a sweetened compound of spirits.

ENGLISH MAIL CONTRACTS.—It is announced by the cable that the Cunard contract for carrying the mails is not to be renewed. The contract is to be opened up to bidders of any nationality. But British steamship owners are to have the preference, if their securities for the satisfactory performance of the service are as good as foreign competitors.

CRICKET MATCH.—Owing to the rain this forenoon, the match between Belleville and Pictou did not commence until noon. The Belleville Club winning the toss, went in, and made the handsome score of 133 in the first innings. Pictou then took the bat, and at half-past three this afternoon had made a score of 11, with four wickets down. We will give the score to-morrow.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.—Notice is given that the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada will apply to the next Parliament of Canada for an Act to consolidate its capital; to authorize the issue of bonds to raise money for the further equipment of the railway; to authorize the conversion into other securities of the existing Postal and Military bonds; to authorize the consolidation of the present Stock and Bonds of the Company; to give power to the Grand Trunk, Buffalo, Lake Huron, and Montreal and Champlain Companies, to enter into further arrangements and agreements, and for other purposes.

The Writs.

The Writs for the East and West Ridings of Hastings have been received by the Returning Officers. The Registrar, Wm. Hamilton Ponton, Esq., is the Returning Officer for the West Riding, and Thomas A. Lazier, Esq., for the East Riding.

Mr. Ponton has appointed Saturday the 24th instant, as the day of nomination for the West Riding; the polling days will be on Monday and Tuesday the 1st and 2nd of September.

The nomination for the East Riding will take place on Monday, the 26th inst.; the polling days will be on the 4th and 5th September.

Mr. Flint's Letter.

The attention of the electors of the North Riding is directed to the letter of the Hon. Billia Flint, respecting the publication of an old fly-sheet by the Wallbridges. He characterizes it in proper terms, as an "act of consummate meanness." However, nothing better could be expected of such men. "Can men gather grapes of thorns or figs of thistles?"

The Quarrel Ended.

The quarrel between President Johnson and Secretary Stanton has culminated in the dismissal of Stanton. On yesterday the President sent a communication to that gentleman, suspending him from office as Secretary of War, and instructing him to transfer all records, books, &c., in his custody to General U. S. Grant. The Secretary was at the same time informed that General Grant had been empowered to act as Secretary of War *ad interim*. A communication was at the same hour sent to

General Grant, authorizing him to act as Secretary *ad interim*, and directing him at once to enter upon the discharge of the duties of that office. Shortly afterwards Mr. Stanton sent a reply to the President, in which he denied that, without the consent of the senate and without legal cause, the executive had any right under the constitution and laws to suspend him from office. Inasmuch, however, as the General commanding the armies of the United States had notified him that he had accepted the appointment of Secretary of War *ad interim*, the secretary concluded that he had no alternative, but to submit under protest to superior force. General Grant thereupon assumed charge of the department of war, and appeared at a meeting of the cabinet held yesterday. This quarrel will no doubt afford much food for comment for some time to come, and will give the extreme Radical party another grievance against the President.

The North Riding.

Accounts which reach us from all parts of the North Riding are of the most encouraging character. Mr. Bowell is carrying every thing before him, and there is every prospect of his election by a very large majority. A correspondent has furnished us an account of a meeting which took place at Marmora on Saturday evening last, which will afford the reader an idea of Mr. Wallbridge's peculiar tactics. The certainly must have presented a humiliating spectacle. We should think it would not require many such exhibitions to effectually dispose of him in the North Riding.

(For the Intelligencer.)

TO THE ELECTORS OF NORTH HASTINGS.

GENTLEMEN.—I am informed that T. C. Wallbridge has been circulating a handbill headed "The Intelligencer's Falsehoods," which handbill is without date, and has my name attached.

I am also informed that A. H. Wallbridge reports that he has circulated some hundreds of the same. If so, both parties have done so without my knowledge or consent, and thereby show their consummate meanness in getting an old handbill reprinted in order to help them, if possible, to still further deceive the electors as to my intention to give Mr. Bowell my vote and influence in the coming contest.

Men who can be so consummately mean as to use another man's name in order to help their election,—men who would so wilfully deceive the electors by trying to palm off on them that handbill, a bill issued by themselves, as one sent forth by me at the present time, would dare use any unfair means to carry an election.

Be not deceived by that handbill. My political quarrel with T. C. Wallbridge or Mr. Bowell, in 1891 or 1892, has nothing to do with the present contest. If Mr. Bowell did me what injury he could politically in 1891, I feel that in 1893 I fully returned the compliment in the loss to him of his election. The past is buried, and I only support Mr. Bowell in preference to Mr. Wallbridge, because Mr. Wallbridge's conduct to the County as well as myself has been one of treachery and baseness, and which, as far as I am concerned, is still the case, in using my name without my knowledge or consent, in order, if possible, to deceive some of the electors.

This last act of the Wallbridges is in keeping with the attempt to make you believe I wanted to get the Railroad by "taxation," and that my quarrel with them was because they refused to endorse my paper, both of which are positive untruths.

Be not deceived, but show by your votes that Wallbridge's treachery to the County for the benefit of the Cobourg Railway people, cannot be stored for but by his being rejected at the polls in the coming contest.

Yours, &c.

BELLIA FLINT.

Belleville, 12th Aug. 1897.

Editorial Summary.

—The nominations for East and West Toronto take place on the 21st inst.

—Discount on Government Notes 25 per cent. for the ensuing week.

—John Carruthers, of Kingston, has given \$300 to the General hospital of that city.

—The Synod of the Diocese of Ontario meets at Kingston on Wednesday, the 13th inst.

—The Kingston nomination takes place on the 19th.

—No opposition as yet to Hon. J. A. Macdonald and M. W. Strang, Esq.

—Mr. Jackson, of South Grey, after a reconsideration, has decided to be a candidate for that constituency.

—Additional bodies of troops have been sent to the U. S. Territories, and the Indian war is to be more vigorously pressed.

—A Weavertown man has been charged with the murder of David's Pain Killer in the house.

—The Hon. George Brown has "no sort of respect for the new opinions of men who are one day violent opponents of Coalition, and the next day in office as Coalition Ministers." He characterizes them as "a set of scoundrels."

—A Brooklynite tells a queer story about the lovely wife and daughter of a millionaire, who took daily baths in the lactated fluid to improve their complexion. The milk was then watered and sold for fifteen cents a quart. That was the "milk way" to make money.

The North Riding.

MARMORA, August 12th, 1897.

A meeting was called in this village by Mr. Bowell, one of the candidates for the House of Commons, on Saturday evening last. Through some blundering, not known where, the bills were not received nor posted, until Friday evening, still the meeting was attended by upwards of fifty persons.

About half past six, the meeting was organized in the Town Hall by Benjamin Boddemo, Esq., being called to the chair on motion of James Hamilton, Esq. The chairman briefly stated the object of the meeting, and then called upon Mr. Bowell to address the electors, which he did for about an hour and a half, going over the different topics of the day, and stated that had any local man been selected to contest the election with Mr. Wallbridge that he should have had his cordial and warm support. He concluded by thoroughly ventilating the Railway question, pointing out conclusively, that the cry of municipal taxation was a mere bugbear raised to deceive and mislead the people, and by exposing the votes of Mr. Wallbridge while in parliament, to the satisfaction of the vast majority of the audience. At the conclusion of his speech he was loudly applauded and the chairman rose and expressed himself satisfied and pleased with the explanation given by Mr. Bowell, and then called upon Dr. Bowler, who was present to address them. The Dr. was well received, and made a short, but practical speech, in which he displayed a knowledge of facts and figures in connection with our affairs as a Dominion which astonished many. He was also loudly applauded when he concluded.

Just before the Dr. concluded his remarks, Mr. T. C. Wallbridge entered the room, accompanied by his henchman in this Township, Ben Johnston. When the Dr. resumed his seat there was a pause for a few moments, when Mr. Wallbridge was overheard to ask Johnston to call upon him to speak, which of course he did accordingly. Mr. Wallbridge at once ascended the platform and displayed sufficient papers and documents to describe the crowd. After a few minutes spent in arranging this mass of documentary evidence, he began the old stereotyped speech, but soon forgot himself, and commenced a low, vulgar, personal attack upon Dr. Bowler, and a scene followed, which has been described in the Intelligencer. The Dr. had made a speech in favor of Mr. Bowell, which he had not made a pretext to "pitch into him without gloves." But he found his match; he raised the Dr's ire, and the Dr. gave Mr. W. a Rowland for his Oliver, to the small amusement of the audience. He first accused the Dr. of having been speaking in favor of Mr. B. This the Dr. denied by stating that that gentleman was quite capable of taking a bribe, and recommended him to have some little respect for truth in any remarks he might have to make about him. Then followed accusation after accusation against County officials, and declared that the Dr. as Warden was a "bribe-taking scoundrel," and now going on by Mr. Francis, the County Surveyor, whom he had out electioneering for him. The Dr. replied that there was no jobbery, and defied him to show that the Surveyor had been guilty of jobbery. Mr. W. said that he began his speech by now doing a job at Clark's Creek, below Belleville, and that the men had to travel sixteen miles to get their dinner. This the Dr. pronounced a falsehood, and was sustained by Mr. Hough, of the village, who stated that he was at Belleville a few days ago, when Mr. Kyle, where the men board, told him that the men got their breakfast early and carried their dinner with them, and did not return until night. This explanation had no effect upon the Dr., who reiterated it over and over again until the scene became exciting. The Dr. taking the floor, and with a loud voice and shaking his fist at Mr. W. pronounced him a falsifier of truth. The latter then accused him of ignorance, and declared that he knew what red heat was, and that he would inform him by reading a letter, to which the Dr. replied that he hoped he would read it correctly, and not read it as he did as item of the public expenditure at the last election, when he deceived the people by stating that a dozen pen-knives cost \$48, when in looking over his shoulder he saw that it was pen-knives and stationery. This of course was pronounced false, and upon the Dr. saying he would swear to it, Cam. rejoined that he would swear to it he would "swear to a lie." Here the Dr. again took the floor, and commenced to reply, while Cam. kept on roaring like a mad bull from the stand, and the loud cry of "look out, look out," and the continuous laughter of the audience. The Dr., however, was too much for him and succeeded in drowning Cam's voice, until he had concluded. When Cam. again proceeded, the Dr. still retaining his standing position, every few minutes exclaiming, "there's another lie," to the delight and pleasure of the audience, manifested by the uproarious applause which followed every ally from the Dr., who when Cam. began to read the letter mounted the platform telling him he would watch him. At the conclusion of the reading of the letter, the Dr. exclaims, "well, what does that prove? Does it prove my ignorance?" The reply was that "peculiar 'ba, la, la,' which Mr. W. can give when in the desire to avoid an answer by turning it off with a 'guffaw' but the peculiar manner in which the Dr. made the 'ba, la, la,' 'brought down the house,' and roars of laughter were followed with stamping of

feet and clapping of hands, to the evident delight of the jolly looking chairman, whose countenance was all smiles, and whose sides shook with laughter. At this juncture of the meeting, Mr. Bowell rose and said that when the Dr. had had the experience that he (Bowell) had had of Mr. W. Wallbridge, he would not pay much attention to him, and would not recommend that when the next exhibition of a similar kind took place that an entrance fee of 25 cents should be charged, which might be placed in Treasury of the Township. For himself he was delighted with the exhibition, he having been the victim of all the young man's venom heretofore, he could not but enjoy the trifling of another get a little of the style so characteristic of the Wallbridge family. This turned the tables, and he turned towards Mr. B. and pointing his finger at him, hesitatingly exclaimed through his teeth, "see him I look at him!" Mr. B. rose and walked on the stand, taking a position along side of him, and addressing the audience laughingly said, "yes look at us and judge for yourselves; look into that countenance pointing to W. A. Chase, you will see a visage that seldom looked upon in this world." An other roar of laughter and stamping of feet followed, which lasted for some minutes, during which Mr. B. resumed his seat. As Mr. B. was seated, Mr. W. rose, and again proceeded, his appetite for abuse having been whetted by what had occurred, he proceeded to denounce the Warden, Mr. Eno, Mr. Wood, Mr. Nelson, and every one who supported Mr. B. as County jobbers, rascals, and other names heaped upon the man. He declared that the election was attempted to be carried by a "swindle" and a "lie" that the man who said they (the brothers) killed the Railway Bill to enable them to buy lands, was a "scoundrel." In short, that nobody was honest and pure but his family. The Doctor, he said, expected to cover his actions in supporting Bowell and Flint's Bill by his "moral character." He then in his frenzy, declared that the Road, if built, would have to go via Bridgewater, and that the County would be taxed to build it; that that was the reason all the jobbers and swindlers were supporting Bowell and Bowler, for they were all of the same "breed of dogs." Geo. Neilson then came in for a tolerably good share of abuse, for having written the letter in reply to the one sent to Mr. B. in reference to the assertion of Mr. Lewis Wallbridge in Huntingdon, that the Marmora ore beds were exhausted. Neilson, he declared was only a carpenter, and knew nothing of iron ores, and through his ignorance he had no doubt the work was stopped. Mr. B. interrupted him by saying that his brother Lewis, at the Huntingdon meeting, declared that while Mr. Neilson was in charge of the works he made money for the Company, to which he replied that he did not care what Lewis said; he (Cam.) was the man to be elected, and not his brother. After a good deal more of this kind of talk, Mr. Alfari rose and said that Mr. Bowell, while addressing them, had stated that when the interest question was before the House, that he (Wallbridge) had voted for four per cent, against 7, 8 and 9 per cent, and when the report of the Committee was made, at which time the Bill would receive its third reading, he shirked it. And he wished it explained. Mr. Wallbridge: "Ah, that is an old story of the lies," and then proceeded to read his speech upon the subject, and his votes upon the question, all of which he was repeatedly told, was admitted, and to pass on to the third reading, which he did not do, but pronounced everybody "liars" who differed from him, and shuffled to some other point. But he was not to be allowed to get off scot-free in that shirking manner, for Mr. Geo. Wiggins, rising coolly from his seat, said: "Mr. Wallbridge, the impression has been left upon the minds of many that you were absent at the third reading of the Bill. You had better explain it." "Ah," exclaimed Mr. W., "I am glad you called my attention to that. Now Mr. Wiggins, you are a sensible man; stand up and I will convince you." To which Mr. W. rather demurely replying he could hear just as well sitting down, but that would not do, up he must get, and up he did get, taking a position in the centre of the hall, and exclaiming, "Now Mr. Wallbridge, go on." And Mr. W. did go on, first reading his speech, then his votes upon the second reading, and upon adjournments. After each one was read, Mr. Wiggins, in the most provoking manner, exclaimed, "Yes, that's admitted, but what about the third reading?" During this scene, which beggars description, the roar of laughter and stamping of feet, which followed every query, "What about the third reading?" which had been taken up and reiterated from all parts of the room, made the whole building shake. It was all to no purpose, however, Mr. W. could not be brought to that point, and the pitiful exhibition he made of himself, was a source of painful regret to his worst opponents. Crowded and driven from every point, until he had to explain why he did not vote. When the question was to be finally decided, he turned savagely upon Mr. Wiggins, who remained standing during the whole of this time with the most face moving, and said, "I see you not convinced now." To which Mr. Wiggins replied, "I am not, for you have not answered my question as to your vote upon the third reading." Then exclaimed the polite young gentleman, "you must be either a knave or a fool." "Perhaps so," replied Mr. Wiggins, and walked to his seat amid the most uproarious applause. The chairman, who had this time, had maintained the utmost good humor, rose and thought the farce had been fully played out; rose and asked for three cheers for the Queen. The audience, however, were inclined to enjoy more of the same, and asked, "are you not tired, but he thought it best to close, and after a few more rambling remarks, during which he attacked the Hon. Alex. Camp-

bell for selling the Crown Lands for no other purpose than to create an office for his brother, Alfred A. Campbell, who was getting high wages for doing nothing, and Mr. Flint, for selling 5,000 acres of land which he paid for in full, he said that the timber dues which he had paid to apply on the purchase money, he set down. Mr. Bowell at once rose, and said he would recommend the young man who had talked his seat, to adopt as his family motto, the expression he had used at Luke's lately, "that he would not be held responsible for what he might say, for any man that had had the mortification to listen to him, must come to the conclusion that he was not responsible for what he did or said. Mr. B. then proved by the journals of the House of Assembly, that Mr. W. voted for the resolution declaring for a "new nationality," and that he shirked the last vote upon the mining law, showing that it had been defeated by only one vote, and that Mr. W. might have saved it, had he been present to record his vote, and quoted from the law to show that the Railroad, if built, might have gone any route a company pleased, and after defending Mr. Nelson and Mr. Flint, Campbell, and explaining that Mr. Flint had paid in full for the \$1.25 per acre, as ground rent, and \$2 per acre, the price of the land, making in all \$3.25 per acre, while others could buy all the Crown Lands in the Township at \$2 per acre, a fact which Mr. W. could not deny, and he did not wish to deceive the people. After a few more remarks deprecating the attacks which had been made upon absent gentlemen, and a short castigation to Mr. Wallbridge for his treatment assumptions, he retired amid applause.

Dr. Bowler rose, and in a few pithy remarks, denied that he had said one word about Mr. Wallbridge during his remarks previous to Mr. W. coming in, and that the only reference he had made to Mr. Bowell, was in agreeing with that gentleman in his remarks upon the management of the Crown Lands, and yet he had been made the subject of a most virulent and uncalculated attack, and charges were made against him which were false, and which he defied Mr. Wallbridge to prove, and closed by saying that if Mr. Wallbridge had as clear a character as member of Parliament, as he, Bowler, had as a County Councillor, he would have been elected to that position. He then proposed a vote of thanks, seconded by Mr. Bowell, to the Chairman, which being carried, cheers were given for the Queen, Bowell, and Bowler, and groans for Wallbridge. The audience then separated, (11:15) in the best of humor, highly pleased with the evening's entertainment.

To say that this meeting was the richest and most amusing ever held in any constituency in our wide Dominion is not saying too much, nor could it possibly occur to any who had been present to say that there is but one Cam. Wallbridge in Ontario.

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, August 12, midnight.—The House of Lords to-night the consideration of the Reform Bill was resumed. Earl Derby was present, and moved that the House resolve from all of its amendments to the Bill, except the one providing for the representation of universities, which had been accepted by the House of Commons. After a long debate, the motion was carried in favor of the Government.

PARIS, August 12.—A meeting will take place between Napoleon and the King of Prussia.

DUBLIN, August 12.—The case of Captain Moriarty, who was arrested during the first Fenian outbreak in Kerry, and who has been on trial for treason before the Commission in that county, has resulted in the conviction of the accused. Sentence has not yet been pronounced.

LONDON, August 12, evening.—Information has been received that an American ship recently attempted to make a landing at Port au Prince, the island of Fernand, but that the officer in charge of the boat was killed by the natives. The name of the ship is not given.

GIENNAULT, August 12.—The Austrian frigate Novara, which has been despatched to Mexico for the purpose of obtaining and bringing back to Austria the remains of the late Emperor Maximilian, after receiving from the Austrian Government formal orders, for which she has been waiting at this port, sailed to-day for Vera Cruz.

LONDON, August 13, noon.—Consols 94½, Bonds 74½; 1 C 77½; Erie 44½.

LIVERPOOL, August 12, noon.—Cotton firm for Uplands; 10% for Orleans. Weather favorable for crops. Breadstuffs and provisions unchanged. Lined cases 210.

LONDON, August 13, 3 p.m.—American securities steady.

LIVERPOOL, August 13, 2 p.m.—Cotton sales probably reach 15,000 bales. Wheat advanced to 45½; Oats 14; Potatoes advanced to 46½.

QUEENSTOWN, August 13, 3 p.m.—The Iron steamer Edinburgh, from New York has arrived.

American Despatches.

NEW YORK, August 12.—The Herald's Cincinnati telegram says: The journey of the International Union of the United States and Canada assembled here to-day at 31 Union square, the body of 3,000 members of the country. About 100 delegates were present.

The Tribune's Washington telegram says: The suspension of Mr. Washington has created some excitement, and there are many speculations as to who will be the next. In fact, it seems that almost universal opinion is that both Randall and Howard will have their combination with the Cabinet. Howard has leaned in favor of Blaine.

in his troubles with the President, and especially in this last one.

The Herald's telegram says: General Grant took part in the special Cabinet meeting during the day as the representative of the War Office. He stated that the President desires all the members of the Cabinet to send in their resignations, that he may make a general revision of the cabinet. Reports are in circulation looking to the speedy resignation of Judge Holt and Gen. Sheridan.

The Tribune's telegram says: Gen. Sheridan has written to Gen. Grant, complaining bitterly of the conduct of Gen. Rousseau in New Orleans, stating that his influence was with the rebels, against Sheridan's construction of the Reconstruction Act; and also of a general demoralization towards Sheridan.

Memphis, August 12.—The cholera has nearly disappeared from this city. Only 9 deaths occurred during last week.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 10.—The business portion of San Francisco was destroyed by fire last evening, and above forty buildings were burned. Advice from Memphis to May 9, represent that 10,000 persons had died of the plague during one month.

NEW YORK, August 13.—The rumor in the streets to-day is that hundreds of millions of dollars have been stolen from the Treasury at Washington.

The steamers Terfio, from Liverpool, and Fovea from Harer, have arrived, also the Java at Halifax.

The reported robbery of the Treasury emanates from a newspaper issued to-day by Edw. Dugbar, who was long intimate and confidential with the Treasury Department, and who was President of the Continental Bank Note Co. The paper states that there have been enormous deficiencies, frauds, duplicate issues of hundreds of millions, involved redemption of duplicate coupon notes and currency, wanton expenditure and a general confusion of accounts. The Government is ignorant of the amount of Government paper afloat.

COMMERCIAL.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS.
INTELLIGENCER, OREGON.
Belleville, August 13, 1887.

WHEAT—No. 1—\$1.00 to \$1.05
No. 2—\$0.95 to \$1.00
No. 3—\$0.90 to \$0.95
No. 4—\$0.85 to \$0.90
No. 5—\$0.80 to \$0.85
No. 6—\$0.75 to \$0.80
No. 7—\$0.70 to \$0.75
No. 8—\$0.65 to \$0.70
No. 9—\$0.60 to \$0.65
No. 10—\$0.55 to \$0.60
No. 11—\$0.50 to \$0.55
No. 12—\$0.45 to \$0.50
No. 13—\$0.40 to \$0.45
No. 14—\$0.35 to \$0.40
No. 15—\$0.30 to \$0.35
No. 16—\$0.25 to \$0.30
No. 17—\$0.20 to \$0.25
No. 18—\$0.15 to \$0.20
No. 19—\$0.10 to \$0.15
No. 20—\$0.05 to \$0.10

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER.
From: Liverpool, Livingstone & Co.
MON 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 1887.

Flour—Superior Extra—\$3.25 to \$3.50
Superior—\$3.00 to \$3.25
No. 1—\$2.75 to \$3.00
No. 2—\$2.50 to \$2.75
No. 3—\$2.25 to \$2.50
No. 4—\$2.00 to \$2.25
No. 5—\$1.75 to \$2.00
No. 6—\$1.50 to \$1.75
No. 7—\$1.25 to \$1.50
No. 8—\$1.00 to \$1.25
No. 9—\$0.75 to \$1.00
No. 10—\$0.50 to \$0.75
No. 11—\$0.25 to \$0.50
No. 12—\$0.00 to \$0.25

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, August 13.

Cotton steady at 23 1/2.
Flour new dull and heavy, 10c to 12c lower;
old scarce and firm; receipts 14,951 bbls; sales
9,000 barrels at \$6.75 for superior State
and Western; \$8.10 for common to choice extra
State; \$9.20 to \$12.25 for common to choice extra
Western.
Rye flour quiet at \$7.50 to \$8.00.
Wheat dull and drooping; receipts 12,025 bush;
sales 23,000 bush at \$2.31 for new amber Ohio;
\$1.90 for No. 3 Spring.
Rye quiet; sales of State at \$1.55.
Corn active and 2c to 3c better; receipts
123,912 bushels; sales 10,000 bushels, at \$1.06 to
\$1.19 for new mixed Western; \$1.04 to \$1.08
or unsound do.
Barley quiet.
Oats active and advancing; receipts 35,300
bush; sales 30,000 bushels, at 81c to 85c for
Western, and 94c to 95c for State.
Pork dull and drooping at \$23.30 to \$23.85.
Lard heavy at 12 1/2c to 13 1/2c.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

New York, August 13.

Stocks weaker.
Sterling Exchange 109 1/2 to 110 1/2.
Gold 140 1/2.
The Express says: Money remains in abundant supply. While the demand is very slight.
Call loans at 5 to 6 per cent. Prime discounts at 7
per cent. Foreign exchange very strong.
Governments very firm and in demand.
Railways opened heavy at a decline, former
afterwards.

Gold Locket Found.

FOUND on Sunday morning last, near the
Wesleyan Methodist Church, Bridge
Street, a small Gold Locket. The owner can
have it by calling at THE INTELLIGENCER
Office and paying expenses. 107-5.
Aug. 13, 1887.

Imports and Exports.

PER GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY. August 13.
IMPORTS.—1 car merchandise.
EXPORTS.—1 car merchandise.

PORT OF BELLEVILLE.

ARRIVALS. August 13.
Str. Bay of Quinte, Kingston, general cargo.
Str. John Greenway, Picton, do
Str. E. W. Bellburn, Goswami, do
Sch'r Emblem, Oswego, do
Sch'r Mynette, Cape Vincent, do
Sch'r Enterprise, Rochester, do
Sch. Troy, Charlotte, do

DEPARTURES.
Str. Bay of Quinte, Kingston, general cargo.
Str. John Greenway, Picton, do
Sch'r Free Trader, Oswego, white, do
Sch'r Prince Edward, do, lumber.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KIL-
LER.—We ask the attention of the public
to this long tested and unrivaled Family Medicine.

It has been favorably known for more than thirty years,
during which time we have received thousands of testimonials,
showing this medicine to be almost never failing
remedy for diseases caused by, of, attendance up,
or sudden colds, Coughs, Fever and Ague, Headache,
Biliousness, Pains in the Side, Back and Limbs, as
well as in the Joints and Limbs; Nausea and Rheu-
matic Pains in any part of the system; Toothache and
Pains in the Head and Face.
As a Blood Purifier and Tonic for the Stomach it seldom
fails to cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver Com-
plaints, Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Kidney Complaints,
Stomach Piles, Asthma, Phthisis, Ringworms,
Scalp, Pelvic, Venereal, Old Sores, Swelled Joints and
General Debility of the System.
It is also a prompt and sure Remedy for Cramp and
Pain in the Stomach, Pains in the Groin, Dysentery,
Summer Complaints, Cholera Morbus, Cholera In-
fernalis, Burns, Sprains, Bruises, Frost Bites,
Chilblains as well as the Stings of Insects. Scorpions,
Centipedes, and the Bites of poisonous Insects and Ven-
erous Repiles.
See Directions accompanying each bottle.
It has been tested in every variety of climate and by
almost every nation known to Americans. It is the al-
most constant companion and invariable friend of an
Army and the Traveler, on sea and land and none should
travel on our lake and rivers without it.
Price, 15 cts., 25 cts., 50 cts., per Bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Manufacturers and Propri-
etors, 330 St. Paul Street, Montreal, C. E.
April 20th, 1887. 1Dm-11Wm

Why Not Use the Best?

BUTLER'S CELEBRATED
Blackberry Cordial!
THE most effectual remedy yet discovered
for Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhoea,
Dysentery, Cramps, Colic, Looseness of the
Bowels, &c., &c.
This new and justly celebrated prepara-
tion is highly recommended by medical men,
and has been used with the greatest success
in the military hospitals of the United States
during the last three years.
Ask for BUTLER'S BLACKBERRY
CORDIAL, and take no other.
Prepared in Canada, from the original re-
ceipt, only at

APOTHECARIES HALL.

Aug. 12, 1887. T. WILLS & Co. 1Dm

JUST RECEIVED.

WATERPROOF COATINGS,

SUMMER VESTINGS

AND

VELVETEENS.

P. D. CONGER.

June 17, 1887. 1D-5m

Geo. Ritchie & Co.,

HAVE OPENED OUT IN

E. Holden's New Store,

FRONT STREET.

DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE

BANK OF MONTREAL.

June 22, 1887. 1D-6m

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT

OF

DRESS MUSLINS

AT

Wilson & Robertson's,

23D-3m

DAFOE HOUSE!

Belleville, C. W.,

Corner Pinnacle & Bridge Streets,

Barringer & Co., Managers.

STAGES FOR THE GOLD MINES.

Omibus to and from the Boats and Cars,
Wharf and Liver.

The Provincial Mining Company.

Present Capital, \$250,000. Prospective Capital, \$500,000.

SHARES, \$25.

CHAIRMAN:

THOMAS KELSO, Esq., Belleville, President of the Board of Trade.

VICE-CHAIRMAN:

JOHN R. DICKSON, Esq., President of the Medical Council of Ontario, Kingston.

SECRETARIES:

J. J. B. FLINT, Esq., Barrister, Belleville.

G. E. SMALL, Esq., Manager of the Royal Canadian Bank, Kingston.

TREASURER:

ALEXANDER ROBERTSON, Esq., Belleville.

MINERALOGISTS:

JAMES WILLIAMSON, Esq., LL.D., Professor of Natural Philosophy, Queen's University, Kingston.

JAMES THOMPSON BELL, Esq., Belleville.

INSPECTOR OF MINING OPERATIONS:

GEORGE NEILSON, Esq.

BANKERS:

THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF CANADA.

THE BANK OF MONTREAL.

THE advantages to Stockholders in this Company are greater than those now offered, or which can be offered, by any other Mining Company in Canada, inasmuch as its lands, which extend over two thousand acres, include a lot purchased at a large sum within a few hundred yards of the Richardson Mine; the most eligible portion of the Cook farm, for which thirty thousand dollars were lately offered; several lots in the neighborhood of the Barry Mine, where gold has been found; a valuable lot in Tudor, where plumbeago and lead in large quantities are known to exist; a lot in Marston, specially selected by California miners, &c., &c. In addition to this, Stockholders have ample security that the affairs of the Company will be managed in good faith, from its Directors being among the leading capitalists and business men in Canada.

[RECEIVED.]

The Company to be incorporated under the Limited Liabilities Act, with the designation of "The Provincial Mining Company of Canada."

The object of the Company to be the pursuit of mining operations in Gold, Silver, Copper, Lead, Plumbago, Galena, &c., as also the purchase and sale of mining leases.

August 12th, 1887. 884

The Royal Canadian Mining Co.,

THIS COMPANY are now disposing of their STOCK, which they offer for sale at the very reasonable figure of

\$10 PER SHARE!

The prospects of success of this Company are as good if not better than any other Company that have as yet commenced mining operations in Madoc.

For particulars the public are respectfully requested to call at the Law Office of Messrs. MacLellan & MacLellan, Belleville, where they can obtain the necessary information respecting this Company.

MacLellan & MacLellan are authorized to sell Stock for this Company.

JOHN JOHNSON, President.

JAMES PEAT, Secretary.

Dated August 9th, 1887. 84D-25W-1

Geo. C. Holton & Co.

AND

DRY GOODS

AND

GROCERIES.

1D-6m

ALBERT COLLEGE

AND

Belleville, Ladies' College!

WILL RE-OPEN

THURSDAY, SEPT. 12,

AT 2 P. M.

Steward wanted for Boarding Hall.

For Terms apply to A. CARMAN, President.

Belleville, August 8, 1887. D78-4W

F. HACKETT

HAS just received a complete assortment of

SPRING DRY GOODS.

Special bargains will be offered in

DRESS GOODS, HOOP SKIRTS,

HATS & PARASOLS.

A large stock of

NEW CLOTHS & TWEEDS

will be sold at 25 per cent below the usual price.

Belleville, May 1, 1887. 1D-6m

Converse, Colson & Lamb,

Commission Merchants,

CORNER HOSPITAL & ST. JOHN STS.

MONTREAL.

Bennett's Wharf, Halifax

THE MANUFACTURES OF CANADA,

when accompanied by the proper official certificates of their being such, are now admitted into the

Lower Provinces Free of Duty.

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

July 30. 067-1m

ARE YOU INSURED?

THE WESTERN, of Toronto, Fire and Marine Insurance Company, are prepared to effect risks in both branches, through their Agent, A. WEBSTER, on the most reasonable terms.

All claims promptly settled.

OFFICE—In Chambers & Webster's Drug Store.

Belleville, June 31, 1887. 438-10W-1

INDIA AND CHINA TEA COY.

HOME DEPOT, LONDON LIVERPOOL.

CANADA DEPOT.

32 Hospital Street, MONTREAL.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavor, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the first products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz., 70 cts. or \$1.00 per lb. either BLACK, GREEN or MIXED.

Finest Household TEA, combining Strength and Flavor, 70 cts. per lb. Finest Premium, 1.00 lb.

Protected by Trade Mark.

Sole Agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. Wills & Co., Apothecaries Hall.

Brighton, Robert Barker, Agent; Truro, Mr. J. W. Parker, Agent.

July 20th, 1887. 6001-23W-1

SELLING OFF.

ON AND AFTER THE

20th Instant.

GARRATT & CO.

Will clear out the balance of their

Dress Goods, Shawls, Muslins,

STRAW GOODS, STRAW TRIMMINGS,

AND

Other Seasonable Goods,

AT COST.

GARRATT & CO.

Belleville, July 13. 105-1m W-34

General Hardware Merchant.

MINERS TOOLS.

BLASTING POWDER, FUSE,

&c., &c.

FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

May 8. 2D-6m

JAMES GLASS,

General Hardware Merchant.

MINERS TOOLS.

BLASTING POWDER, FUSE,

&c., &c.

FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

May 8. 2D-6m

J. C. FRANK & Co.,

IMPORTERS,

Wholesale Dealers in

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS,

&c., &c., &c.

25 Hospital St., MONTREAL.

OFFER for sale a COMPLETE and WELL ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines, at as LOW figures and

ON AS GOOD TERMS as any house in the City, and solicit the patronage of their old friends and the Trade generally.

J. C. FRANK & Co. 74d.

TO THE ELECTORS

OF THE

EAST RIDING

OF THE

COUNTY OF HASTINGS.

GENTLEMEN,—Having been requested by a large and influential number of the electors of your Riding to offer myself as a candidate for the Local Legislature of Ontario, and having decided to stand the contest I shall issue my address within a few days.

Yours truly,

B. S. WILLSON.

July 27th, 1887. D74

IMMENSE REDUCTIONS

IN

CLOTHING

AND

BOOTS & SHOES

AT

J. MUIR & CO'S.

EMPORIUM.

LINEN & ALPACA

COATS

AT COST.

FASHIONABLE

BLACK BROADCLOTH SUITS

AT \$10.00.

BOOTS & SHOES

In the same proportion

43D-11

BOTTLED FRUITS.

CONGR BROS.,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

Cherries, Gooseberries, Red Plums, Prunes, Muscat Plums, Black Currants, Peaches, Cranberry Jam, Red Currant Jelly, Crab Apple Jam, Black Currant Jam, Orange Marmalade, Choice Fresh Figs.

H. D. CONGER, J. A. CONGER.

June 23. 1D-6m

JUST RECEIVED,

At the Corner Store,

Front and Bridge Streets,

Dow's,

Molson's,

AND

Creighton's,

Celebrated Bottled Ales and

PORTER.

A. FLETCHER & Co.

LET THERE BE HARMONY—LOVE—LIBERALLY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL

No. 82

Queen Victoria's Book.

The Early Days of Prince Albert, with
Memoranda from the Pen of Victoria—
First Interviews between the Prince and
Princess—Her Description of Albert as a
Suitor—Victoria's Declaration of Love—
Congratulations and Letters.

(From the London Times, July 21.)

We announce this morning the publication of a volume which will be read by the English nation with loyal interest. It is a copious history of the early years of the late Prince of Wales.

late Prince Consort, enriched by numerous
 innumeras from her Majesty's own hand,
 containing the most unreserved descrip-
 tion of the life and character of the Prince,
 and even laying open to us in great mea-
 sure, the private thoughts and feelings of
 the Queen herself during the

which the volume extends. It was originally compiled by Gen. Grey, under Her Majesty's direction, "solely for private circulation among the members of her own family, or such other persons as, from the relation in which they stood to her Majesty,

or the Prince Consort, himself, would naturally be interested in the story of his early days." Notwithstanding this privacy, however, some fear was entertained lest a copy of the volume might be surreptitiously obtained, and published in a garbled form.

and it was thought that it might be prudent to avert this danger. But another motive prompted the publication of the volume, which will be best described in the words of the preface itself:—

sons in whose judgment she had the greatest confidence; believing also that the frank and unreserved expression which the volume contains of her own feelings, as well as of those of the Prince, is such as if made public (however unusual such publicity may be) will command the public attention.

thy of every one whose sympathy or good opinion is to be desired; and, above all, feeling that there is not one word, coming from the Prince himself, which will not tend to a better and higher appreciation of his great character, the Queen has

It will be seen, therefore, that Her Majesty has condescended to take her subject unreservedly into her confidence. She opened her heart to them in this volume and thro

herself upon their sympathy. She is anxious that the Prince Consort should be represented to them permanently in all the completeness of his character, and for this purpose she has consented not only to abandon much of the mystery which usually

vicious a throne, but even to sacrifice some-
thing of the privacy which is often cheris-
hed in private life. The following extract from
a letter written by General Grey to the
Queen on the completion of the volume of
private circulation, and now prefixed to
the present form, will still further ex-
plain the reasons for this course.

"As I believe your Majesty intends to limit the circulation of this volume to your Majesty's own children and family, or if goes beyond them, to a very small circle of personal friends, I have not thought it

cessary to omit any of the very interesting and private details contained in your Majesty's memoranda, or to withhold the touching expression of your Majesty's feelings as given in your Majesty's own words. Some of the details, particularly those

relating to your Majesty's marriage, it might seem unusual to include in a work intended for more general perusal, though even in that case, judging of others' feelings by my own, I cannot doubt that they would meet with the warmest and most heartfelt sympathy.

The Queen, therefore, had established by this sacrifice, a peculiar claim to the sympathy of her subjects. But even apart from this special value, the subject of the volume would be sufficient to awaken the

most lively interest. Enthusiasm never ceased to do homage to the great and good Prince of whom they were too early deprived. Some "Introductory Remarks, in which, if we mistake not, there are many touches from the Queen's own hand, contain a sketch of the Prince's character, and

serve to point out the features of most interest in the present volume. The intention of furnishing a fitting memoir of the Prince is modestly declaimed. 'The work will contain a collation of letters and memoranda, the greater part those of the

Prince himself and 'of the Queen, 1700 which materials may at the proper time be extracted for such a memoir as may be given to the world." But as the remarks proceed we are able to trace in these memoirs the career of the Prince from his earliest childhood.

of his tutor to the excellencies which he early displayed, and interesting descriptions by his most intimate friends of his youthful character. This volume is but the first of a series in which the whole life of the Prince will be described: but is carried on

as far as the first year of the Queen's marriage and the birth of the Princess Royal. It gives us, in fact, a complete description of the Prince up to the moment when he is identified with ourselves and when his history becomes one with the history of this country.

this country. We must now pass on to this general account of this volume without quoting the words with which the introductory remarks are concluded; and which



seem to make an appeal to all the Queen's subjects. The writer is quoting from a recent sermon by Dr. Macleod, which is a specimen of high grandeur.

"It is only now," says the preacher, "when he is gone, that all who knew him are made to feel how much they unconsciously depended upon him; like a staff on which the weak have leaned, and so long accustomed to lean that they know not how essential it was to their support until it is removed, and when with a sigh they withdraw the hand from the place now empty, where it was wont to be." "It is in this feature in the Prince's character," Dr. Macleod adds, "which ought to make every one sympathize to the very utmost with her Majesty, who in all persons on earth had the best means of knowing it, and the best means of proving it in a thousand ways in every day life, and who had the best grounds, therefore, for appreciating its constancy, its tenderness, its unflinching strength." And well may the eloquent preacher appeal to every true English heart of conscience to acknowledge the demand which now arises in multitudes from the thousands of sympathizers, the prayers, the loyal self-sacrificing aid of every member of her house, and of every citizen of our Christian nation on her behalf, whom God, in his Providence, has been pleased to spare, and in mercy to continue to us as our beloved Sovereign."

After this introduction the volume proceeds with an interesting account of the ancestors and the nearer connections of the Prince. Prince Albert's father was Duke Ernest L. of Saxe-Coburg-Saalfeld, but not many years after Prince Albert's birth the male line of the house of Saxe-Gotha-Altenburg became extinct, and by a family arrangement, Saalfeld passed to the Dukes of Meiningen while Gotha was attached to the Coburg family. Duke Ernest, in 1817, married the daughter of the last Duke of Gotha, and by her he had two sons—Ernest, the present reigning Duke, born in 1818, and Albert, the subject of this memoir, on the 26th of August, 1819. A memorandum, written by the Queen in 1864, gives an account of their mother and of her melancholy fate. She is described as "very handsome, although very small, fair, and with blue eyes, and Prince Albert is said to have been 'extremely like her.'" She was, moreover, full of cleverness and talent. But the marriage was not a happy one. The Duke and Duchess were separated in 1834, and divorced in 1836, and the Duchess died in 1841, in her third year.

She is always spoken of with affection and respect, and we are told that the Prince never forgot her, and spoke with much tenderness and sorrow of his poor mother, and was deeply affected in reading after his marriage, the accounts of her sad and painful illness. After her death, in 1831, Duke Ernest soon married again; but, of course, under these circumstances, neither the mother nor the stepmother of the two young princes had much control over their education. They experienced, however, no lack of motherly care; for two grandmothers watched over them from their earliest years with the most constant anxiety. Their grandmother on the father's side, the Dowager Duchess of Coburg-Saalfeld, lived at only a quarter of a mile's distance on one side of Coburg, at a villa called Ketschendorf, while Rosaena the summer residence of the Duke, was but four miles on the other. On the birth of Prince Albert she was summoned at once to the bedside of her daughter, and we find her from that writing to announce the happy event to her own daughter, the Duchess of Kent, in England.

The Queen describes the Duchess as a "very remarkable woman," with a most powerful, energetic, almost masculine mind, accompanied with great tenderness of heart, and extreme love of nature. "She was the mother, of course, not only of the Duchess of Kent, but of Leopold, afterwards the King of the Belgians; and she seems to be another instance of the rule that great men have generally remarkable mothers. The other relative who took such an interest in the little princes was the Duchess of Saxe-Gotha, the second wife of the Duke, and thus the stepmother of Duke Ernest's first wife, and the step-mother of his two sons. She lived at Reinhardsbrunn, near Gotha, and the children were not three years old before she had obtained a visit from them there. Indeed, we find that the two grandmothers seemed to vie with each other as to which should show the two children the most love and kindness,"—and, we may add, as to which should show the greatest prudence in managing them. It is from the letters of these two Duchesses that we get the best account of the childhood and youth of the two young princes.

"But this year (1836) is marked by a far more important event—his first visit to England and his introduction to the Princess Victoria. The Duke and his two sons arrived at the end of May, and were lodged in Kensington Palace, the residence of the Duchess of Kent. The Princess and he were both in their seventeenth year, the Princess being the eldest by a few months. We are not told much of his visit, but an interesting memorandum by the Queen gives us her impression of him at that time—

"The Prince was at that time much shorter than his brother, already very handsome, but very stout, which he entirely grew out of afterwards. He was most amiable, natural, unaffected and merry; full of interest in everything; playing on the piano with the Princess, his conversation drawing in short, constantly occupied. He always paid the greatest attention to all he saw, and the Queen remembers well how intently he listened to the sermon preached in St. Paul's, when he and his father and brother accompanied the Duchess of Kent and the Princess there, on the occasion of the service attended by the children of the different charity schools. It is, indeed, rare to see a prince not yet seventeen years of age bestowing such earnest attention upon a sermon."

From London the prince returned through Paris to Brussels, where they stayed until April 1, 1837, studying modern languages and history, and accompanying their uncle to reviews and other excursions. While here rumors were already current in London of a marriage between the prince and the future Queen of England; but nothing, the Queen tells us, had been decided at that time. In April he and his brother went to the University of Schlegel, Fichte and Portes, and while here we have an account of his character from Prince Lowenstein, his chief companion, which closely resembles the description given of him when younger, by Count Mersdorf. He distinguished himself alike in mental and physical acquirements, and was celebrated, also, for his humor and love of fun.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.
Morning Express going West. 8:00 A. M.
Evening Express going West. 7:22 P. M.
Mixed Train going West. 10:55 A. M.
Morning Express going East. 6:45 P. M.
Night Express going East. 12:10 A. M.
Mixed Train going East. 11:10 P. M.
Freight going East. No passenger.
Freight going West. No passenger.
Freight going East. No passenger.
Freight going West. No passenger.
Montreal Time.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, WEDNESDAY, AUG. 14.

The Writ.

A mistake was made in yesterday's issue as to the date of the polling day in the West and East Ridings. The polling days for the West Riding are on Monday and Tuesday, the 2nd and 3rd September; for the East Riding on Thursday and Friday, the 5th and 6th of September.

FROM KINGSTON.

(By Special Telegraph to the Daily Intelligencer.)

COLLISION ON LAKE ONTARIO—THE "MAGNET" SUNK.

KINGSTON, August 14.
At 10 o'clock last night, about twelve miles from here, the propeller *Magnet*, bound for Montreal, collided with the steamer *Bay State*, from Ogdensburg. The *Magnet* sank in about five minutes after striking, in sixty feet water. She was loaded with wheat, flour and sundries. Her hull is insured in the Phoenix, British American and Western Companies. The crew and passengers were taken from the small boats by the *Bay State* and brought to Kingston.

EAST TORONTO.—Hon. M. C. Cameron has accepted a requisition to become a candidate for the Local Legislature in East Toronto.

THE CRICKET MATCH.—The Picton players were rather unfortunate yesterday, making only 21 in the first innings and 29 in the second. Belleville thus beating Picton in one innings with 73 runs to spare.

WEST MONTREAL.—The *Gazette* says Mr. McGee has so far recovered as to be able to attend his Committee. His brochure on the attempt to establish Fenianism in Montreal will be published in a few days. 1,300 separate documents had to be collected, hence the delay. Some important developments are published.

GARRETT'S.—The *Quebec Chronicle* says:—"Our *Gazette* correspondent writing under the name of the 9th inst., sends the following: Farmers are busy at their hay making; the crop this season is a failure; a large number of cattle will be killed this fall in consequence of the shortage of fodder—Mackenzie's dairy goods—codfish cake as usual for sale."

COULDN'T SELL HIS CORN.—A Connecticut exchange tells the following story of a boy who was sent from Croton, Connecticut, to New London, one day last summer, with a bag of green corn to sell. The boy was gone all day, and returned with the bag unopened, which he dumped on the floor, saying, "There is your corn, go and sell it yourself—I can't." "Sold say," "No," said the boy, "I've been all over London with it, and nobody said anything about green corn. Two or three fellows asked me what I'd got in my bag, and I told them it was none of their business." This boy reminds us of business men who keep goods on their shelves and in their drawers, and never tell the community what they've got. They wonder why people don't come in and buy, when the fact is they do not recognize the necessity of advertising and the advantage it would be to their business.

Millwaukee is agitating the question of boring a lake tunnel similar to that at Chicago. Natural soap has been found in Missouri, it is said. We suspect there is life in the statement.

A brother of the Hon. Mr. McDougall died at St. Mary's on Sunday. The bereavement has made it necessary for Mr. McDougall to suspend his public engagements in various constituencies.

A great fire occurred at Levis, opposite Quebec, on Tuesday night. Fifteen houses, 700 barrels petroleum, a large portion of Debel's new wheat and lumber thereon, and several hundred feet of railroad track, were destroyed. Loss not ascertained.

The Elections.

A few more days and the elections will be over, and the County of Hastings will have chosen its six representatives to the local and provincial legislatures. Not in the history of Canada, has there been an election of such importance, in which the people are so much engaged. Never have they been called upon to deliberate and decide upon questions so momentous, and it is therefore of the highest importance that the duty of the hour should be properly considered and well understood, and that the men we select to go to the last Parliament of the Dominion should be the right men in the right place.

First, it is essential that our members of Parliament should be true and tried Britons. Men, whose record will show that in the hour of danger they can be relied upon. Men, who not merely profess an attachment to the time-honored institutions of the mother land and the red-cross flag, but whose right and trusty arm would be ready to defend those institutions and that flag even to the very death. Men, who would be willing to "rally round the flag," as in those memorable days which tried men's souls, when patriotism was shown to be something more than a mere sentimentality. On this point we want men who give no uncertain sound.

It is of the highest importance that they be in favor of the Union of the Provinces. The man who hesitates to give his adhesion to the new order of things is an enemy to his country, and is playing into the hands of Howe and the Annexationist party of the Lower Provinces. Fortunately in Ontario there is comparatively few of this stripe of politicians. But there is a large party who are indirectly aiding the Disunion party of the Maritime Provinces, and are thereby strengthening the cause of the Annexationists throughout the Dominion. That party has as its chief the Hon. George Brown, and he is doing for Ontario what Howe is doing for the Lower Provinces. Under the guise of opposition to the Government, he is stabbing at the very heart of the Constitution, imperiling the existence of the Dominion, and seriously injuring our credit and reputation among the nations of the earth. Every man who assists this unpatriotic agitator in his opposition to the newly-formed Cabinet, is aiding the cause of disunion and annexation, and helping to secure the overthrow of the Dominion. The candidate who does not come out courageously, and avow his desire and determination to support the new Cabinet in their effort to establish the Dominion on a secure and safe basis, should be thrust aside; and the man who is found hunting with the hounds to-day and running with the hares the next day, should also be told in plain and unmistakable language that he is not wanted. In this important crisis in our country's history, we want men who have been tried and not found wanting—men, who when they say they will do a thing can be relied upon to do it—men, who did not require to tell public opinion before they had courage to announce their policy—men, who did not beat about the bush and profess to be coalitionists to one elector and anti-coalitionists to another—men, who had the manliness to make known their policy when they first went into the field.

We want practical men. There are always a sufficient number of theorists in the halls of the Legislature. There are plenty of men in Parliament with "silver-tongued" eloquence, who can spout for hours about nothing, and who generally wind up with a farewell to empty benches. There are a number of that class of "impracticables," and Hastings, don't want to add to their number. What the County of Hastings pre-eminently wants, are men who can work on a theory as well as spin it—men who can suggest some practical ideas about commerce, manufactures, minerals, agriculture, &c., and can carry into effect those ideas.

Above all, we want reliable, honest men—men, who when they get into Parliament, will carry out what they profess, who will not seek their own aggrandizement at the sacrifice of their constituents' interests—Men, who will not betray a friend to secure their personal and selfish ends—men, who will not mislead or deceive to carry a point or, in brief, in whom the people can place the utmost confidence that they will honestly and faithfully perform their pledges, and carry out the wishes of their constituents. For the West Riding you have such men in James Brown and Robert Graham; for the East Riding, Robert Read and Henry Corby; and for the North Riding, Mackenzie-Bowell and Dr. Boulter. Let the electors see to it that these men are not only elected, but that they are sent to Parliament with such majorities as will place them in the proud position of representing the constituency as a whole and not a small majority of that constituency.

East Riding.

To the Editor of the Daily Intelligencer.

Mr. Henderson has commenced his canvass in this Township, and has been very successful at two of his meetings—one held at Kettleton, the other at Thimaburg—and having heard from Tweed and Bogenerville, I am prepared to say that his success does not warrant him in pushing his canvass. Mr. Henderson is not in favor of Coalition, he states that he is willing to give them a trial, the reason being, I suppose, because he cannot help him. At one of his meetings, he stated that if a non-confidence motion were brought before the House he would support it, but he would not be the first to bring it in.

He boasts about his wealth and position, saying that his lease amounts to about two hundred dollars a year, and being a fluent speaker, he gets off a good story.

Dr. Wilson is following Mr. Henderson in his meetings, and from what I can learn, is meeting with good encouragement. The election in this Township will be between Mr. Corby and Dr. Wilson.

Yours respectfully,
Hungerford, August 10, 1867.

Bathing.

To the Editor of the Daily Intelligencer.

MY DEAR SIR.—On Saturday evening, when returning with a lady from bathing, before seven o'clock P.M. I found at my landing several men in bathing, and had to go farther on to discharge my cargo. On Sunday morning, about eleven, the same thing was going on. I was also informed that when the "Rochester" lands at Flint's wharf, in the mornings about ten o'clock, the same scene invariably presents themselves. Every one will grant that bathing is a very necessary duty, at the same time this may be done without violating the Town by-laws. The Poet says "Nature when unadorned is adorned the most." But this can hardly be understood to mean that we are perfect when clothed as Adam was before the fall. In a water tower like ours, bathing is one of the great attractions, and it is really too bad that because of the indecency of a few roughs the better class should be deterred this pleasure. It is the duty of the police to see that the by-law is enforced. If they do not see to it a subscription will have to be got up to pay some one to inform. You, sir, can well understand how unpleasant it would be for any individual citizen to turn the fire of these roughs. To find out the guilty ones there can be no trouble, as the constable can easily seize the clothes and soon find out the offender. I hope and trust the Police Magistrate will detail a person to look to this every-day infringement of the by-law, and permit our ladies to enjoy the water without having their morals shocked by such indecencies. It really is a disgrace to the Town, and would not be permitted in any civilized community.

Yours truly,
Belleville, Aug. 13, 1867.

POLICE COURT.

— AUGUST 14, 1867.

BELEONOUS ASSAULT.
On the 8th inst., Capt. James proceeded to Shannonville and arrested a "Doctor" named T. R. Humphreys, for a criminal assault on one of his fair patients; he was remanded until the next day, when a second charge of indecent assault was preferred against him by "maiden out of teens," and certainly the evidence adduced on the 9th and 10th inst. fully proved that the old medical advance to his feminine friends, which, however, "honored in the observance," in the Paphian school, were not deemed fit subjects for the stern Ecceupian practice that characterizes medical gentlemen. The Police Magistrate fined him \$20 and costs in one case, and \$10 and costs in the second, which he paid, and was discharged "to gather fresh flowers in pastures new."

ROAD OF HEALTH.
A man named Thomas Fitzgerald was summoned for neglecting and refusing to remove a filthy pig pen from off his premises, on Pineapple street, when ordered to do so by the Inspector. As complied with the order on the receipt of the summons and the case was dismissed.

ASSAULT.
A man named Barrager from Shannonville was fined for assaulting Dexterdale, and a second charge was preferred against him for selling spirits without license in that quiet village on the 13th July last. He was also summoned for selling "fire water" to the Indians, and has been bound over to keep the peace. Rather troubled water Mr. Barrager has been fishing lately.

VIOLATION.
Mrs. Mary Smith, alias "Big Mary," while in a maudlin mood, fell upon the river bank near Campton, and broke her arm in two places. She was very glad to use her old cry, "that you, John Roche," and is now in good order under the care of Dr. Hope, progressing favorably.

ASSAULT.
Mrs. Arthur, an old habitue of the Police Court, flung some stones at a pig that entered her premises with that independence so peculiar to the liberty-taking porcine breed, but one of the missiles being of a boomerang type, instead of striking the grunter, came into collision with Miss Smith, who promptly returned the compliment, and with true aim caused the blood to flow in torrents, drenching the classic mould of Mrs. Arthur's "seat of thought." A small fine and costs on the younger assailant, and an adjournment to Mrs. A. and she left the court with a proud consciousness that the fine would appease her wounded spirit, and that all the adhesive plasters in the Pharmacopoeia.

The Rev. Newman Hall and Rev. Morley Farnham, are expected to visit Halifax this fall. They are two of the most eloquent Dissenters in England.

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

DUBLIN, August 13.—Captain Mortley, the boat of the Fenian rising in Kerry, has been sentenced to imprisonment for ten years.

LONDON, August 13.—It is reported that the difference between Russia and Denmark with regard to North Schleswig and the execution of the stipulations of the Treaty of Prague are a difficulty yet to be settled. The negotiations now going on between the countries indicate a disposition on both sides to come to a speedy agreement.

FLORENCE, August 13.—General Garibaldi is known to be at Vienna, where it is said he is actively engaged in renewing his preparations for the movement on Rome, which was to have been attempted last month.

PARIS, August 13, evening.—A report has reached this city from the island of Candia, that Omar Pasha has resigned his command of the Turkish forces. No reason is given for this unexpected action. The report is not really credible.

LONDON, August 13, evening.—Advises received here from Shanghai give the following account of a conflict between two steamers of the American flag, and the Chinese steamer, and the pirates of the island of Formosa. The United States authorities having received neither satisfaction nor apology for the murder of the crew of the American bark *Rever*, the *Rever* was ordered to go to the scene of the outrage on the island of Formosa. They sailed early in June, and on arriving off the shore a demand was made for the murderers, which was not complied with. Meantime it was apparent that the natives were preparing for a fight, and the shore was vigorously shelled by both vessels. Several boats loaded of sailors and marines subsequently landed, and a sharp fight ensued with the Formosans, which lasted over five hours. The heat was intense, and fifteen officers and men were reported struck. Lieut. Silldell Mackenzie, one of the landing party, was shot and died of his wounds. At nightfall, the fighting party was withdrawn from the shore, and the bombardment resumed and continued until the natives had dispersed and disappeared. The *Harford* and *Wyoming* then sailed for Shanghai.

Among the general items of news from Shanghai, it is stated that the Chinese merchants refuse to receive as currency Mexican dollars coined during the reign of the late Emperor Maximilian.

LONDON, August 14, noon.—Consols raised and unchanged. Bonds raised at 74½; 1 C 78; Erie 46; G W 21½.

LIVERPOOL, August 14, noon.—Cotton market active. Other articles without quotable change.

LONDON, August 14, 2 p.m.—The weather throughout England is very hot. Consols 94½; Erie 46; Bonds 74; Ill C 78.

LIVERPOOL, August 14, 2 p.m.—Cheese declined to 6½ p.

LIVERPOOL, August 14.—The U. S. Steam Frigate "Minnesota," arrived at Liverpool, all well.

LONDON, August 14.—Avalics, from Teo Chow, state that 14,000,000 pounds of the new crops of tea have already been sold.

American Despatches.

NEW ORLEANS, August 13.—Weather very favorable for crops; warm, with but little rain. Accounts from the interior of Louisiana continue gloomy. There will be little or no cotton, on account of worms. Corn prospects good.

New York, August 14.—Two men were killed yesterday afternoon on the Jamaica Railroad by a locomotive smashing the team in which they attempted to cross the track.

Mexican advices state that Marquez had been found in the Capital, and that Santa Anna had been conveyed to Vera Cruz. The receipt of Juarez at the Capital was a grand ovation. He issued a proclamation, congratulating the people upon the return of peace. Maximilian's body was held for payment for embalming.

NEW ORLEANS, August 13.—Extracts from the Vera Cruz papers state that O. Horan, who was reported captured on July 28 in the neighborhood of the city of Mexico, was ordered to be taken to Italian and put to death in the very theatre of his crimes. The Council of War sitting at Queretaro were sentencing to death in the proportion of 3 to 5. A list of 72 persons who were captured at the city of Mexico and released by the order of the Government is published in the Mexican papers.

NEW YORK, August 14.—The Paris correspondence of the *Herald*, dated August 2nd, says the Queen of the Belgians, despite predictions to the contrary, had no difficulty whatever in persuading the ex-Empress of Mexico to leave Miramar. Dr. Buellens, the eminent Belgian physician in all cases of insanity, who has had extraordinary success in the treatment, expects to cure her. His opinion is that stable poison has been administered to her in Mexico, and that the Vienna doctors have been treating her wrongly.

Boston, August 14.—The steamship *City of London* arrived this morning for Liverpool, with 61 passengers.

NEW YORK, August 14.—A Mexican letter states that Lopez had been assassinated.

Rio Grand papers say that the Americans in Matamoros are to be treated as foreigners.

Arrivals of the 'City of London.'

New York, August 14.—The steamship *City of London*, from Liverpool on July 31st, arrived this morning.

The *Paris Monitor* says: The ordnance that extricates are seeking to ferment in Italy has been foreseen and will cause no serious

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE WEST RIDING OF THE COUNTY OF HASTINGS

GENTLEMEN: When a Candidate seeks Parliamentary honors at the hands of his constituents, it is due to them, and customary, that he should state to them, in plain words, the principles of his political history, when, as it were, we are entering upon a new and untried national state of existence, this duty becomes imperative.

As most of you are aware, I have always been on the liberal side of politics, urging reform where reform was ascertained to be necessary, and conserving that which experience had proved to be wise and beneficial. Believing that the truth generally lies between extremes, I have taken for my guidance the maxima and doctrines of those politicians and statesmen who were governed by broad and enlightened views for their country's interests, and who equally avoided revolutionary doctrines on the one side and reactionary tendencies on the other.

With those principles for my guidance, I have no hesitation in stating that the present Government, charged with the consummation of the great scheme of Confederation, should receive a fair trial and generous treatment from the hands of all liberal-minded and right-thinking individuals. To condemn them without giving them time and opportunity to initiate and develop a policy would be unjust and unstatesmanlike, would throw the country into turmoil and confusion without an adequate object or reasonable motive, and endanger the stability of the young Dominion, whose youthful career will be watched with anxious solicitude by those who are inspired by patriotic feelings.

If the Coalition of 1864 was justifiable to design the scheme of Confederation, that of 1867 is not less so, as none should be so well qualified to put the machine in working order as those by whose genius it was contrived and through whose energies it was successfully consummated. While saying this, however, I do not wish it to be understood, I will have the honor of being elected, that I will give to the Government a blind support—a position into which many are driven by the extreme discipline of party Government. I shall hold myself equally free to oppose them, should their policy and administration, in my judgment, not be in accordance with the true interests and prosperity of Canada.

As the human confidence can be considered perfect, the working of the Imperial statute legislating the Union of the Provinces may disclose certain defects, which it will be the duty of your representatives to correct. These shall receive my earnest consideration.

As the expenses of the Government will necessarily be increased under the new system, it will require the most rigid economy consistent with the public interests at stake, to keep the expenditure within the proper limits.

The construction of a canal connecting the waters of Lake Ontario with the waters of the Bay of Quinte would, in my opinion, not only be of vast local benefit commercially, but in a military point of view it would be of the greatest consequence; and as public lands were granted by Government many years ago for the completion of that important enterprise, I shall deem it my duty to see that the monies arising from the sale thereof be properly applied.

The Agricultural and manufacturing interests, which in this base of the country's greatness and prosperity, shall receive at my hands that consideration which their importance demands.

I am, Gentlemen, Your obedient servant,
JAMES BROWN.

Belleville, 16th July, 1866. 108-11

To the Electors of the Eastern Division of the County of Hastings.

GENTLEMEN:—Having been repeatedly questioned by a large number of the electors of the Eastern Division of the County of Hastings, as to my views on the coming election, I have consented to comply with their wishes.

To most of you I am personally known, and will take the first opportunity of seeing you, and of stating to you my views on the coming election, and of answering your questions.

In the formation of the Union of the Provinces, I believed that it would have been more in accordance with the principles of our Government to have first submitted the proposition to the electors for their approval, and so voted, and then to have proceeded to the formation of the Union, as it was then, I voted for the Union Act, and shall steadily use my exertions to carry it into effect, in order that the great Dominion may take that position in the world to which its extent and population entitle it.

Under the new order of things about to be established, new responsibilities will arise, which shall endeavor to discharge with the least expenditure consistent with efficiency, keeping steadily in view the great future before us, and shall only rest satisfied when the Dominion of Canada extends from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

By the settlement of the land I shall endeavor to remove the burthen as much as possible from the pockets, especially the Agricultural portion, falling in my line, and shall endeavor to secure to them all the advantages of the new order of things, as well as a consolation as will be conducive to their interests.

I have the honor to be, Gentlemen, Your obedient servant,
ROBERT READ.

Belleville, May 23, 1867. 118

LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN THE "DAILY NEWS."

JOHN LOVELL, Printer and Publisher.

GEORGE ROCHE, FURRIER.

All the latest styles of

Felt & Silk Hats,

CLOTH CAPS.

All orders promptly executed. Remember the stand.

Neelson's Block, opposite Post-office, Belleville, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in CASH paid for Raw Furs. Felt and Silk Hats, ironed and repaired. May 1 1D4m

DAILY LINE TO ROCHESTER.

The quickest route from Belleville and vicinity to New York, Boston, &c., from Montreal, to Buffalo, &c., and between the Canadian Gold Fields and the United States.

"CORINTHIAN,"

LEAVES Brighton 4.30, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, until further notice, and daily from Colborne at 6 a.m., Colborne, 7 a.m., and Port Hope on arrival of G. T. R. morning trains from Toronto and Montreal, at 8.30 a.m.

Connects at Rochester with afternoon Express Trains for the East, West, and South, and daily from Colborne at 6 a.m., Colborne, 7 a.m., and Port Hope on arrival of G. T. R. morning trains from Toronto and Montreal, at 8.30 a.m.

Connects at North Shore with G. T. R. morning trains for Toronto and Montreal, at 8.30 a.m., and with morning Stages direct for Cambridge, Madoc, and the Canadian Gold Fields.

R. P. DAVY, AGENT. July 22nd, 1867. 11D

HURRAH FOR COULSON & CAMERON'S LINE OF STAGES

For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sunday's excepted), at half-past 7 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12.30, noon.

RETURNING—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 1.30 p.m., arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening train, going east and west.

COULSON & CAMERON, Proprietors.

JOHN HARRIS, Agent, Belleville.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner. July 22, 1867. 108

American Invoices—Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS. QUEBEC, 6th March, 1868.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance Minister that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the *Canada Gazette*.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE, FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS. OTTAWA, June 8, 1867.

IT is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 28 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON, 8D1-11 Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL, £10,000,000

FIRE AND LIFE.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THE principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Insurance, and afford every facility to intending, assured.

One of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company is that the outside expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the bond of Solvency to Ten per Cent of the Net Life Income. This most important restriction shows that the interest of participating policy holders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially called to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management must largely influence Profits and Bonuses.

The most divisions of profits takes place in 1868, and of those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.

Dr. CANNIF, Medical Referee. May, 1867. 4D-50m

W. WHARIN & CO.,

11 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO.

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, TABLE SILVER, &c.

Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry carefully repaired and warranted.

Wm. Wharin, 11 King St. E., Toronto. O. & W. WALKER, MERCHANT TAILORS, 10-11m

No. 7, King Street East, Toronto.

FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.

LOUIS ROENIGK.

MANUFACTURER, and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of Furniture.

He would call the particular attention of the Trade, Hotel Keepers, and Families furnishing to his present stock, which is the largest, most varied, and best ever shown in Belleville, and will be sold at prices as low as any establishment in the city.

Tables and Couches of all patterns, Tables of all kinds, Chairs of every description, Bedsteads, Mattresses, &c., always on hand.

THE UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT is complete, and all orders promptly attended to.

UNDERTAKING In all its branches.

Dealers, Hotel Keepers, and the Public generally, are requested to call and examine Stock and Prices, before they make their purchases.

Belleville, April, 1867. 11D-11

The Upper Cabin Steamer

"EMPRESS,"

McMARA, MASTER.

Will leave Toronto for Montreal every FRIDAY, at 8.15 o'clock A. M., and Montreal for Toronto, at 7 P. M., calling at all ports on the Bay of Quinte and River St. Lawrence.

RETURNING. Will leave Montreal every TUESDAY at 10.15 o'clock, calling at all ports on the Bay of Quinte and River St. Lawrence.

This steamer has an Upper Deck Saloon, and every accommodation for passengers, who will find her safe, and the wildest and most comfortable boat on the route.

For freight and passenger tickets apply to Capt. A. Adams, Agent, Belleville, at the office of Reid & McIntosh, next door to Fanning's Hotel.

C. O. McPAILL, 35 & 58 Common St., Montreal. May 14. 11D-3m

MAITLAND FISHER, TEA AND GENERAL BROKER.

OFFICE: Corner of St. Vincent and St. Nicholas Streets, Montreal.

Business—Robert & B. B. Robert, Edin. Eng. 2nd Terrace, Edin. 11D-11

Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,

Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, Lard, &c.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

St. Paul Street, MONTREAL.

PREMISES—Large, cool, dry and central, with every facility for handling provisions to advantage.

ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts authorized against shipments to our care for sale here or consigned to our friends in Great Britain or the Lower Provinces. 385-386-387-388-389-390-391-392-393-394-395-396-397-398-399-400-401-402-403-404-405-406-407-408-409-410-411-412-413-414-415-416-417-418-419-420-421-422-423-424-425-426-427-428-429-430-431-432-433-434-435-436-437-438-439-440-441-442-443-444-445-446-447-448-449-450-451-452-453-454-455-456-457-458-459-460-461-462-463-464-465-466-467-468-469-470-471-472-473-474-475-476-477-478-479-480-481-482-483-484-485-486-487-488-489-490-491-492-493-494-495-496-497-498-499-500-501-502-503-504-505-506-507-508-509-510-511-512-513-514-515-516-517-518-519-520-521-522-523-524-525-526-527-528-529-530-531-532-533-534-535-536-537-538-539-540-541-542-543-544-545-546-547-548-549-550-551-552-553-554-555-556-557-558-559-560-561-562-563-564-565-566-567-568-569-570-571-572-573-574-575-576-577-578-579-580-581-582-583-584-585-586-587-588-589-590-591-592-593-594-595-596-597-598-599-600-601-602-603-604-605-606-607-608-609-610-611-612-613-614-615-616-617-618-619-620-621-622-623-624-625-626-627-628-629-630-631-632-633-634-635-636-637-638-639-640-641-642-643-644-645-646-647-648-649-650-651-652-653-654-655-656-657-658-659-660-661-662-663-664-665-666-667-668-669-670-671-672-673-674-675-676-677-678-679-680-681-682-683-684-685-686-687-688-689-690-691-692-693-694-695-696-697-698-699-700-701-702-703-704-705-706-707-708-709-710-711-712-713-714-715-716-717-718-719-720-721-722-723-724-725-726-727-728-729-730-731-732-733-734-735-736-737-738-739-740-741-742-743-744-745-746-747-748-749-750-751-752-753-754-755-756-757-758-759-760-761-762-763-764-765-766-767-768-769-770-771-772-773-774-775-776-777-778-779-780-781-782-783-784-785-786-787-788-789-790-791-792-793-794-795-796-797-798-799-800-801-802-803-804-805-806-807-808-809-810-811-812-813-814-815-816-817-818-819-820-821-822-823-824-825-826-827-828-829-830-831-832-833-834-835-836-837-838-839-840-841-842-843-844-845-846-847-848-849-850-851-852-853-854-855-856-857-858-859-860-861-862-863-864-865-866-867-868-869-870-871-872-873-874-875-876-877-878-879-880-881-882-883-884-885-886-887-888-889-890-891-892-893-894-895-896-897-898-899-900-901-902-903-904-905-906-907-908-909-910-911-912-913-914-915-916-917-918-919-920-921-922-923-924-925-926-927-928-929-930-931-932-933-934-935-936-937-938-939-940-941-942-943-944-945-946-947-948-949-950-951-952-953-954-955-956-957-958-959-960-961-962-963-964-965-966-967-968-969-970-971-972-973-974-975-976-977-978-979-980-981-982-983-984-985-986-987-988-989-990-991-992-993-994-995-996-997-998-999-1000-1001-1002-1003-1004-1005-1006-1007-1008-1009-1010-1011-1012-1013-1014-1015-1016-1017-1018-1019-1020-1021-1022-1023-1024-1025-1026-1027-1028-1029-1030-1031-1032-1033-1034-1035-1036-1037-1038-1039-1040-1041-1042-1043-1044-1045-1046-1047-1048-1049-1050-1051-1052-1053-1054-1055-1056-1057-1058-1059-1060-1061-1062-1063-1064-1065-1066-1067-1068-1069-1070-1071-1072-1073-1074-1075-1076-1077-1078-1079-1080-1081-1082-1083-1084-1085-1086-1087-1088-1089-1090-1091-1092-1093-1094-1095-1096-1097-1098-1099-1100-1101-1102-1103-1104-1105-1106-1107-1108-1109-1110-1111-1112-1113-1114-1115-1116-1117-1118-1119-1120-1121-1122-1123-1124-1125-1126-1127-1128-1129-1130-1131-1132-1133-1134-1135-1136-1137-1138-1139-1140-1141-1142-1143-1144-1145-1146-1147-1148-1149-1150-1151-1152-1153-1154-1155-1156-1157-1158-1159-1160-1161-1162-1163-1164-1165-1166-1167-1168-1169-1170-1171-1172-1173-1174-1175-1176-1177-1178-1179-1180-1181-1182-1183-1184-1185-1186-1187-1188-1189-1190-1191-1192-1193-1194-1195-1196-1197-1198-1199-1200-1201-1202-1203-1204-1205-1206-1207-1208-1209-1210-1211-1212-1213-1214-1215-1216-1217-1218-1219-1220-1221-1222-1223-1224-1225-1226-1227-1228-1229-1230-1231-1232-1233-1234-1235-1236-1237-1238-1239-1240-1241-1242-1243-1244-1245-1246-1247-1248-1249-1250-1251-1252-1253-1254-1255-1256-1257-1258-1259-1260-1261-1262-1263-1264-1265-1266-1267-1268-1269-1270-1271-1272-1273-1274-1275-1276-1277-1278-1279-1280-1281-1282-1283-1284-1285-1286-1287-1288-1289-1290-1291-1292-1293-1294-1295-1296-1297-1298-1299-1300-1301-1302-1303-1304-1305-1306-1307-1308-1309-1310-1311-1312-1313-1314-1315-1316-1317-1318-1319-1320-1321-1322-1323-1324-1325-1326-1327-1328-1329-1330-1331-1332-1333-1334-1335-1336-1337-1338-1339-1340-1341-1342-1343-1344-1345-1346-1347-1348-1349-1350-1351-1352-1353-1354-1355-1356-1357-1358-1359-1360-1361-1362-1363-1364-1365-1366-1367-1368-1369-1370-1371-1372-1373-1374-1375-1376-1377-1378-1379-1380-1381-1382-1383-1384-1385-1386-1387-1388-1389-1390-1391-1392-1393-1394-1395-1396-1397-1398-1399-1400-1401-1402-1403-1404-1405-1406-1407-1408-1409-1410-1411-1412-1413-1414-1415-1416-1417-1418-1419-1420-1421-1422-1423-1424-1425-1426-1427-1428-1429-1430-1431-1432-1433-1434-1435-1436-1437-1438-1439-1440-1441-1442-1443-1444-1445-1446-1447-1448-1449-1450-1451-1452-1453-1454-1455-1456-1457-1458-1459-1460-1461-1462-1463-1464-1465-1466-1467-1468-1469-1470-1471-1472-1473-1474-1475-1476-1477-1478-1479-1480-1481-1482-1483-1484-1485-1486-1487-1488-1489-1490-1491-1492-1493-1494-1495-1496-1497-1498-1499-1500-1501-1502-1503-1504-1505-1506-1507-1508-1509-1510-1511-1512-1513-1514-1515-1516-1517-1518-1519-1520-1521-1522-1523-1524-1525-1526-1527-1528-1529-1530-1531-1532-1533-1534-1535-1536-1537-1538-1539-1540-1541-1542-1543-1544-1545-1546-1547-1548-1549-1550-1551-1552-1553-1554-1555-1556-1557-1558-1559-1560-1561-1562-1563-1564-1565-1566-1567-1568-1569-1570-1571-1572-1573-1574-1575-1576-1577-1578-1579-1580-1581-1582-1583-1584-1585-1586-1587-1588-1589-1590-1591-1592-1593-1594-1595-1596-1597-1598-1599-1600-1601-1602-1603-1604-1605-1606-1607-1608-1609-1610-1611-1612-1613-1614-1615-1616-1617-1618-1619-1620-1621-1622-1623-1624-1625-1626-1627-1628-1629-1630-1631-1632-1633-1634-1635-1636-1637-1638-1639-1640-1641-1642-1643-1644-1645-1646-1647-1648-1649-1650-1651-1652-1653-1654-1655-1656-1657-1658-1659-1660-1661-1662-1663-1664-1665-1666-1667-1668-1669-1670-1671-1672-1673-1674-1675-1676-1677-1678-1679-1680-1681-1682-1683-1684-1685-1686-1687-1688-1689-1690-1691-1692-1693-1694-1695-1696-1697-1698-1699-1700-1701-1702-1703-1704-1705-1706-1707-1708-1709-1710-1711-1712-1713-1714-1715-1716-1717-1718-1719-1720-1721-1722-1723-1724-1725-1726-1727-1728-1729-1730-1731-1732-1733-1734-1735-1736-1737-1738-1739-1740-1741-1742-1743-1744-1745-1746-1747-1748-1749-1750-1751-1752-1753-1754-1755-1756-1757-1758-1759-1760-1761-1762-1763-1764-1765-1766-1767-1768-1769-1770-1771-1772-1773-1774-1775-1776-1777-1778-1779

Daily Intelligencer.

V OL. 1.

Belleville Business Directory.

Diamond & Dickson,
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Solicitors in Chancery, &c., &c.
OFFICE:—Nelson's Hall, Front Street, Belle-
ville.
A. DIAMOND. GEO. D. DICKSON
1D-WH

Maclellan & Maclellan,
SOLICITORS in Chancery and Insolvency,
Attorneys-at-Law, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street,
Belleville. 100m-Wit

A. R. Dougall.
BARRISTER, &c., &c., Solicitor in Chancery,
Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c.
Office over Overell's Book Store, and oppo-
site "The Intelligencer" Office, Front Street.

Robertson & Stewart,
BARRISTERS and Attornies-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. Office,—Ground floor next the Express Office, Bridge Street.

ALEX. ROBERTSON, D. E. K. STEWART,
1D6m-Wfi

Ross, Bell & Holden,
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner
Bridge and Pinnacle Streets, Belleville.

HON. JNO. RUSS. JOHN BELL. THOS. HOLDEN
 186m Wtf
Pleasantly & Kelso,
 IMPORTERS and Wholesale Grocers, Wine
 and Spirit Merchants. Commercial Build-

Legate & Price,
BAKERS, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Man-
ufacturers and Dealers in Family Grocer-
ies. No. 178, Front Street, Belleville. All or

Geo. H. Haymes,
HATTER and Furrier, Front Street, Belleville. Highest price paid for raw furs.
186m-Wtf

McLeod & Carre,
ENGINEERS, PROVINCIAL LAND SUR-
veyors, Architects, Draughtsmen and Patent
Solicitors, 158 1/2 Front Street, Belleville.
MCLEOD, GAVILLER, KENNEDY & Co.

Forrest & Lozo's
ROYAL Photograph Gallery, Laxier's New
Building, opposite the Anglo-American

T. Lockerty,
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds of
Cigars, and Pipes and Tobacco. No. 175,
Front Street, Belleville. None but the best

Quality of lead used. 22D5m
Fonton, Falkner & Denmark,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law,
 Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

Robert P. Jellett,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor,
&c., &c. Office--Dafoe Buildings, corner
Front and Bridge Sts., Belleville. 1D61

**WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, Front St.,
Bellaville.** A large stock of Clocks,
Watches, Jewellery and Silver Ware always on
hand. Repairing done at short notice and on
reasonable terms. **LDm**

John Wilson,
BAKER and Confectioner, wholesale and
Retail, at the old stand, Front Street,
dealers will find his stock the best and cheap-
est in the country. All orders promptly filled.

J. W. Brown,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, Front St.,
 Belleville, opposite Fanning's Hotel.
 Garments made to measure and warranted to

Geo. Gibson,
MANUFACTURER and dealer in Boots and
Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A select
assortment of ladies, gent's and children's
boots and shoes constantly on hand and made

to order. All work warranted. ID6m

J. C. Vapor,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, opposite
Faulding's Hotel, Front Street, Belle-
me. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing

Always on hand. Garments made to measure
and warranted to fit. 106m

To Gold Miners

YOU will find a variety of mining tools at
the subscriber's shop. Drills and sledges

made of the best refined cast steel. Solid
hunched Swedes Iron Pick Axes and Prospecting
Picks, cast steel pointed. All warranted,
and cheaper than any other shop in Canada.
Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street,
Belleville. WM. POWELL.

McKeown & Robertson,
MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and
Retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front
Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large,
well assorted and of the best material, and is

old at extremely low prices for cash. They are extensive manufacturers, and, being practical workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction. All orders executed promptly, and all work warranted. Remember the place, opposite Bennett & Bain's Brewery, Front Street, Belle-

NEW DISCOVERY.
Bullen & Gibson's

LIVERY.
Office—Bullen's Store, 70 Front St., Belleville
FIRST-CLASS Horses, new Buggies and
Carriages, of the latest styles always
at the Golden Rule.

on hand. Turn-outs for the Mexico Gold Re-
tious at reasonable rates. GEO. GIBSON.
WHEATY BULLEN. 2D-8m
May 2.

ston by the Bay State, which reached here at midnight, and passed upwards.

The collision cannot be attributed to carelessness, and must be the result of accident. The *Mineral* is owned by Captain Patterson and Mr. Proctor at Hamilton. She was insured for \$8,000 in the Phoenix, Western, of Canada, and the British American Assurance Companies, which amount will not cover the loss. Her cargo, consisting of 5,000 bushels of wheat, a quantity of flour, and general freight, shipped at Hamilton, was insured.

It will be impossible to raise the boat, but there are hopes of bringing the boilers and engines to the surface.

Stagnation of Business in the United States.

The great depression of business throughout the country is the subject of much remark. It is not confined to any one section, or to any one branch of industry. Commerce, navigation, shipbuilding, and manufacturing of all kinds are almost at a standstill, the jobbers and retailers of goods are no better off. We published a statement in yesterday's paper showing the great decline in the manufacturing business in New England. The cotton, woolen, leather and shoe trade are all declining. Collaterals and iron foundries in Pennsylvania have stopped work as well as the eastern cotton mills. In the South, as is well known, there prevails an utter stagnation of business. There is no commerce and no money for the South. Cotton is very low—nearly one half lower for some grades than the price of last January—and the growing crop will not be remunerative to the planter, though it will be about one-seventh than the crop of last year.—*Washington Intelligence.*

—Fifty speculators at Chicago, have been arrested for gambling operations in wheat.

—There is to be a Roberta Fenton Convention at Cleveland on the 3rd of September. It is said that \$50,000 men will be represented.

—Michigan and Kansas have decided on accepting female suffrage, by votes in their respective State Conventions.

—Moses A. Dow has made so much out of publishing the *Wayway Magazine* tract, at Boston, that he is building a \$300,000 hotel.

—The Vienna masons are endeavoring to obtain permission to reconstitute the Lodge of that city. The Masonic lodge of Austria have been closed since 1794.

—The New York papers are sly at the financial prospect before the people of the "Empire State." Sixty-five millions of State debt and eighty-five millions of municipal debt is the entertainment provided for them, besides their share of the public debt. \$30,000,000 has been lately added to the debt of the State, that amount being due for military bounties. The government of the State involves an annual charge of \$8,500,000, while in 1849 the State expenses were only \$750,000.

COMMERCIAL.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS.

Intelligence Office,
Belleville, August 15, 1887.
Spring Wheat—\$1.00 to \$1.25.
Buckwheat—85¢ to 90¢.
Rye—Millers are paying 70¢.
Oats—For local consumption, at 45¢.
Barley—80¢.
Sorghum—60¢.
Corn—\$1.00 to \$1.25.
Hemp—10¢ to 15¢.
Hides—10¢ to 15¢.
Sheepskins—\$1.00 to \$1.50.
Lamb skins—50¢ to 75¢.
Calves—10¢ to 15¢.
Deerskins—Delivered to 40¢ to 60¢.
Tallow—Rough, 5¢ to 6¢; rendered, 8¢.
Wool—40¢.
Potatoes—40¢ to 50¢.
Apples—\$1.00 to \$1.25.
Chickens—10¢ to 15¢.
Coke—50¢ to 60¢.
Flour—No. 1, \$1.00 to \$1.25; No. 2, 90¢ to \$1.00.
Potatoes—\$4.50.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER.
From Kirkwood, Livingston & Co.,
Montreal, August 15, 1887.

WHEAT—Superior Extra, \$1.75 to \$1.90; Extra, 85¢ to 90¢; Fancy, 70¢ to 75¢; Wellhead Canada Superior, 75¢ to 80¢; Super No. 1 Canada Wheat, 75¢ to 80¢; No. 2, 70¢ to 75¢; No. 3, 65¢ to 70¢; Bag Flour, 70¢ to 75¢; WHEAT—Canada Fall, 15¢ to 16¢; Spring, 15¢ to 16¢; OATS—Per 32 lbs., 45¢ to 47¢; BARLEY—Per 48 lbs., 60¢ to 65¢; BUTTER—Dairy, 12¢ to 13¢; Store, 10¢ to 11¢; ASHES—Soft, 5.00 to 5.25; Pearls, 20.00 to 20.50; Pork—Meat, 20.00 to 20.50; Prime Mince, 15.75 to 16.00; Prime, 14.75 to 15.00; DRESSED HOGS, 14.75 to 15.00; RYE FLOUR, 50¢ to 55¢; Flour—Small receipts, trading sales at unchanged prices. Grain—No transactions; rates unchanged. Provisions—No movement. Ashes unchanged.

Imports and Exports.

PER GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Imports—2 cars merchandise.
Exports—1 car sundries.

PORT OF BELLEVILLE.

ARRIVALS. August 15.
St. Bay of Quinte, Kingston, general cargo.
St. Myette, Cape Vincent, light.
St. George, Oswego, do.
St. George, Oswego, do.
St. George, Oswego, do.

DEPARTURES.
St. Bay of Quinte, Kingston, general cargo.
St. Myette, Cape Vincent, 30 cords logs.
St. George, Oswego, do.
St. George, Oswego, do.
St. George, Oswego, do.
St. George, Oswego, do.
St. George, Oswego, do.
St. George, Oswego, do.
St. George, Oswego, do.
St. George, Oswego, do.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, August 15.

Cotton steady at 38¢.
Flour—old 10, 10 to 20¢ better in a dull and doubtful market; sales 8,500 bushels; \$2.50 to \$3.00 for superior state and Western; \$2.50 to \$3.00 for common to choice extra state; \$2.50 to \$3.00 for common to choice extra Western.
Rye—four arm receipts 21,000 bushels; sales 30,000 bushels at 42¢ for No. 3 Milwaukee; \$2.32 for No. 4; \$2.30 for No. 5; \$2.28 for No. 6.
Rye—scarce; sales 1,500 bushels Western at \$1.45.
Corn—unchanged; receipts 181,000 bushels; sales 50,000 bushels, at \$1.10 to \$1.12 for new mixed Western.
Barley—dull.
State grain: receipts 14,500 bushels; sales 20,000 bushels, at 88¢ to 89¢ for old Western; 94¢ to 95¢ for State.
Wheat heavy, at \$38.18 to \$23.31.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

New York, August 15.

Stocks active.
Sterling Exchange 9½ to 10.
Gold 149½.
The *Register* says money is dull at 5 to 6 per cent on call. Gold opened firmer but became dull at 149½. Railways all higher; Erie the favorite. Governments dull. Gold ½ to ¼ lower.

—Children should be well secured. A young lady went through a fashionable street in Boston the other day with one darning down her back. The artistic effect was lost—and the child gone nearly so.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER.—We ask the attention of the public to this long tested and successful Family Medicine. It has been favorably known for more than thirty years during which time we have received thousands of testimonials, showing the medicine to be an almost never failing remedy for diseases caused by, or attendant upon, cold.

Sudden Colds, Coughs, Fever and Ague, Headache, Rheumatic Pains, Pain in the Side, Back and Limbs, as well as in the Joints and Limbs; Neuralgia and Rheumatic Pains in any part of the system. Toothache and Pains in the Head and Face.

As a Blood Purifier and Tonic for the Stomach it seldom fails to cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Kidney Complaints, Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Dropsy, Puffiness, Swelling, Boils, Fevers, Whitlow, Old Sores, Swelled Joints and General Debility of the System.

It is a prompt and sure Remedy for Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Scalds, Burns, Sprains, Bruises, Frost Bites, Cuts, and all the Sufferings of Invalids. Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

See directions accompanying each bottle. It has been tested in every variety of climate and by almost every nation known to Americans. It is the most constant companion and inestimable friend of the Missionary and the Traveller, on sea and land and no one should travel on our lakes and rivers without it. Price, 15 cts., 25 cts., 50 cts., per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Manufacturers and Proprietors, 260 St. Paul Street, Montreal, C.

DIED.

At her residence, in Sidney, on the 7th inst. Sarah, widow of the late Joseph Akina, aged 79 years.

EAST RIDING ELECTION.

Prosperity to Agriculture, Shipbuilding, Trade and Commerce.

Success and Extension to our New Dominion.

We'll Rally around the Old Flag.

H. CORBY
WILL hold meetings to explain past and future to the Electors, and respectfully solicits them to meet him at the following places:

TYENDINAGA.

Shannonville—Friday, August 16, at 5 o'clock p.m.

Marysville School House—Tuesday, August 27, at 4 o'clock p.m.

London—Tuesday, August 27, at 7 p.m.

Napier's Tavern—Wednesday, August 28, at 7 p.m.

Mowat's School House—Thursday, August 29, at 7 p.m.

Mill Point—Friday, August 30, at 4 p.m.

THURLOW AND HUNGERFORD.

Thrasher's Corners—At 4 p.m. on Saturday, the 17th August.

Caniston—Saturday, 17th August, at 8 p.m.

Roslin—Monday, 18th August, at 4 p.m.

Thomsonburg—Monday, 18th August, at 7 p.m.

Archambault's Tavern—Tuesday, August 20, at 8 p.m.

Thomas Henry's Tavern—Tuesday, August 20, at 7 p.m.

Allen's School House—Wednesday, August 21, at 2 p.m.

Larkins' School House—Wednesday, August 21, at 7 p.m.

Plainfield—Thursday, August 22, at 2 p.m.

School House near John and Robert Hamilton's—Thursday, August 22, at 7 p.m.

Time will not permit, or Mr. Corby would gladly avail himself of an opportunity of meeting all the Electors of the East Riding.

Belleville, 14th August, 1887.

God Save the Queen.

BAGS FOR SALE.

1,000 Linen Bags for sale Cheap.

ALSO

TWO SECOND-HAND FANNING MILLS,

(IN GOOD ORDER).

Apply to HENRY PRETTY,

At the Agricultural Warehouse, opposite the Market Square, Front Street, Belleville.

August 15th, 1887. 89D8t26w8t

For Sale or to Let.

THE premises occupied by Edward Evans, Esq., Yonamsville, West Belleville, this property comprises two acres, and is one of the best and most desirable private residences in the Town of Belleville.

For particulars apply to ROSE, BELL & HOLDEN,

Aug. 15, 1887. 89D8t26w8t

Delightful Beverage IN HOT WEATHER.

PENNER'S CHAMPAGNE CIDER!

IN WOOD AND BOTTLES AT THE CORNER STORE.

A. FLETCHER & Co.

706m.

ALBERT COLLEGE

AND

Belleville Ladies' College!

WILL RE-OPEN

THURSDAY, SEPT. 12,

AT 2 P. M.

Steward wanted for Boarding Hall.

For Terms apply to

A. CARMAN,

Belleville, August 2, 1887. 89D8t26w8t

SELLING OFF.

ON AND AFTER THE

20th Instant.

GARRATT & CO.

Will clear out the balance of their

Dress Goods, Shawls, Muslins,

STRAW GOODS, STRAW TRIMMINGS,

AND

Other Seasonable Goods,

AT COST.

GARRATT & CO.

Belleville, July 15. 89D8t26w8t

MAIL CONTRACT.

TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General will be received at Ottawa until Noon, on FRIDAY, the 30th AUGUST, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, three times per week each way, between

Belleville and Hillier, from the 1st October next; conveyance to be made on horseback or in a vehicle, (during season of navigation) the Bay of Quinte to be crossed in a boat. The Mails to leave Belleville every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7 a.m., and to arrive at Hillier at 11 a.m. To leave Hillier same days, at 12 noon, or on arrival of Mails from Belleville, to return to Belleville at 6 p.m.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen, and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Belleville, Hillier and Redmar.

MATHEW SWEETNAM, P.O. Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office, Kingston, 30th July, 87. 76d8t

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF DRESS MUSLINS

AT

Wilson & Robertson's.

32D-3m

ARE YOU INSURED?

THE WESTERN, of Toronto, Fire and Marine Assurance Company, are prepared to effect risks in both branches, through their Agent, A. WEBSTER, on the most reasonable terms.

EST. All claims promptly settled.

OFFICE—In Chambers & Webster's Drug Store.

Belleville, June 21, 1887. 48D19w1y

DAFOE HOUSE!

Belleville, C. W.,

Corner Pinnacle & Bridge Streets,

Barringer & Co., Managers.

STAGES FOR THE GOLD MINES.

Omibus to and from the Bosta and Cars.

Stabling and Livery.

BLANK NOTES.

BOUND in Books containing 100, 50 and 25 notes each, printed on fine paper, for sale at the Intelligence Office.

INDIA AND CHINA TEA COY.

HOME DEPOT, LONDON LIVERPOOL. CANADA DEPOT.

32 Hospital Street, MONTREAL.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavor, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, 7½, 70 cts. or \$1.00 per lb. either BLACK, GREEN or MIXED.

Fine Household TEA, combining Strength and Flavor. 70c. per lb.

Finest procurable. 1.00 lb.

EST. Protected by Trade Mark. 1.00 lb.

Sole Agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall.

Belleville, Robert Barker, Agent, Trenton, Mr. T. W. Barker, Agent.

July 20th, 1887. 89D8t26w8t

ALLSOP'S ALE,

Guinness' Stout, Blood's Porter!!

IMPORTED AND FOR SALE AT

156m

HAMBLY'S.

Geo. C. Holton & Co.

DRY GOODS

AND

GROCERIES.

1D-6m

Geo. Ritchie & Co.,

HAVE OPENED OUT IN

E. Holden's New Store,

FRONT STREET,

DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE

BANK OF MONTREAL.

June 22, 1887. 1D-6m

J. & W. Sutherland.

General Hardware Merchant.

MINERS TOOLS,

BLASTING POWDER, FUSE,

&c., &c.

FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

May 8. 8DAm

F. HACKETT

HAS just received a complete assortment

of

SPRING DRY GOODS.

Special bargains will be offered in

DRESS GOODS, HOOP SKIRTS,

HATS & PARASOLS.

A large stock of

NEW CLOTHS & TWEEDS

will be sold at 25 per cent below the usual price.

Belleville, May 1, 1887. 1D-6m

300 LINEN COATS

JUST RECEIVED.

AT

M. LAFERTE'S,

FROM

\$1.25 upwards.

June 12, 1887. 33D

IMMENSE REDUCTIONS IN CLOTHING AND BOOTS & SHOES

AT

J. MUIR & CO'S.

EMPORIUM.

LINEN & ALPACA

COATS

AT COST.

FASHIONABLE

BLACK BROADCLOTH SUITS

AT \$10.00.

BOOTS & SHOES

In the same proportion.

30Dm

Waterproof Coatings, Summer Vestings, Velveteens, Bottled Fruits, Conger Bros.,

Have just received

Cherries, Green Apples, Peaches, Black Currants, Red do, Black Currant Jelly, Black Currant Jam, Choice Fresh Figs.

Also, Imported, and Domestic, Black Currants, Peaches, Raspberries, Jam, Red Currant Jelly, Crab Apple Jam, Black Currant Jam, Choice Fresh Figs.

R. D. CONGER. J. A. CONGER.

June 25. 1D-6m

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

No. 80.

The World of Earth

THE GREAT BALL AT SARATOGA.

Perhaps the most striking beauty in the room was Mrs. H—D, the wife of the druggist, whose stores is one of the features of Broadway. She wore a heavy crimson satin, with a low corsage, trimmed with round point lace. Her diamonds were very brilliant and were much admired.

Miss O—e, of Syracuse, has the sort of air and face that according to Ben Johnson "makes simplicity a grace." She wore a white tarlatan, caught up with deep red roses.

Mrs. S—b, a new made bride of Madison Avenue, appeared in a bright blue satin trimmed with pearls and a pearl headpiece.

The Misses L—d, of New York and Saratoga, two of the most distinguished looking ladies on the floor, wore dark green moiré with pearl trimmings. The Misses

high corsege, with long sleeves and a yoke of pearls. Her hair was in braids decked with natural flowers. The younger wore pearl necklace, and head-dress—Corsege Pompadour.

Miss A., of New York, the granddaughter of the great steamboat and railway speculator, looked very pretty in a white gown with narrow cocoa-coloured stripes.

many people esteem the belle of Saratoga wore a lace shawl over a deep blue satin with a trail noticeably long among many long ones, with crinoline, and with a lacy corsage.

Miss M—s, of Baltimore, wore a pale green silk *decoletee*, with elaborate trimmings of black lace.

If I may hazard a generalization, I should say that tarletans are coming in rather more freely than heretofore, and by degree displacing the heavier fabrics in which the belles have been used to get themselves

Item.—Several of the stylish dancers last night wore, if appearances may be trusted, no crinoline, and looked all the better for that account. *Item.*—Trails are tremendous. It is a matter of wonder how you

Path of Safety.

The darkest day in any man's earthly career is that wherein he fancies that there is some easier way of gaining a dollar than by squarely earning it. No matter whether he acquires it by honesty or dishonesty, the day is dark.

demoralized who, looking at a dollar in his palm, says, "That came easier than if I had earned it by honest labor." He has lost the clue to his way thro' this moral labyrinth.

and must henceforth wander as chance may dictate. To his distorted apprehension the universe has become a gaming-table and life a succession of ventures on the red or black. His prospects of winning there

at in the long run, are miserable enough. I am pained to hear any one say of the wisest and best men living, "I pin my faith to him. I am sure he can never go wrong. My friend! you have right to repose implicit faith in God alone! Man is frail."

best, and he who was upright and noble yesterday, may prove false and unworthy to-morrow. Cling to truth and justice though all the world would desert and decry them. Give your conscience eye

and never fear that it will mislead you. Others may be richer in knowledge and wisdom than you, but a pure and lofty soul has no earthly superior, and should recognize none. Hold fast to whatsoever is righteous, and whatsoever clouds may

for the moment inwrap you and interpose the smile of heaven, never be so infidel as to doubt that the path of virtue is the only way of safety—the only way that leads to perfect and enduring peace.—*Freely.*

When a counterfeit is presented at the Bank of England, the gold is instantly paid for it. If it comes from some known person he is only asked where he got it.—If from a stranger the cashier signals to his

detective, always in waiting, and the officer follows secretly. Before many hours the bank is in possession of the stranger's biography. The offender once arrested, is likely to be tried, convicted, and sentenced.

—Numerous towns in Maine have resolved to exempt from taxation all money invested in

—A rumor is current in New York, with the appearance of credibility, that the body of a man found in the river a fortnight ago, with a bullet hole through his head, has proved to

that of a British detective who has been shot
by some Fenians, whose movements he was
investigating.

Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALLY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 1.

BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 17, 1887.

No. 91.

Belleville Business Directory.

Diamond & Dickson,
BARRISTERS AND ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Solicitors in Chancery, &c., &c.
Office—Nelson's Hall, Front Street, Belleville.
A. DIAMOND. Geo. D. DICKSON.
12m-Wit

Macellan & Macellan,
SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY, AND ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville.
12m-Wit

A. R. Doughty,
BARRISTER, &c., &c., Solicitor in Chancery,
Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c.
Office over O'Neill's Book Store, and opposite
"The Intelligencer" Office, Front Street.
12m-Wit

Robertson & Stewart,
BARRISTERS AND ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors
in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers,
&c., &c. Office—Ground floor next the
Express Office, Bridge Street.
ALEX. ROBERTSON. D. E. K. STEWART.
12m-Wit

Ross, Bell & Holden,
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner
Bridge and Front Streets, Belleville.
Hon. Jno. Ross. John Bell. Theo. Holden.
12m-Wit

Piechally & Kelso,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE GROCERS, Wine
and Spirit Merchants, Commercial Build-
ings, Front Street, Belleville.
12m-Wit

Legate & Price,
BAKERS, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Man-
ufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries,
No. 174, Front Street, Belleville. All or-
ders promptly attended to.
12m-Wit

Geo. H. Hynes,
HATTER and FURRIER, Front Street, Belle-
ville. Highest price paid for raw furs.
12m-Wit

McLeod & Carro,
ENGINEERS, PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYORS,
Architects, Draughtsmen and Patent
Solicitors, 124, Front Street, Belleville.
Macleod, GAVILLER, KENNEDY & Co.
12m-Wit

Forrest Lozo's
ROYAL PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY, Latest's New
Building, opposite the Anglo-American
Hotel, Front Street, Belleville.
350-U

T. Lockery,
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds of
Saddles, and Pipes and Tobacco. No. 175,
Front Street, Belleville. None but the best
quality of leaf used.
22m

Ponton, Falkner & Denmark,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law,
Front Street, Belleville.
12m

Robert P. Jellott,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor,
&c., &c. Office—Duke Buildings, corner
of Front and Bridge Streets, Belleville.
12m

Angus McFee,
WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, 170, Front St.,
Belleville. A large stock of Clocks,
Watches, Jewellery and Silver Ware always
on hand. Repairs done at short notice and on
reasonable terms.
12m

John Wilson,
BAKER and Confectioner, wholesale and
retail, at the old stand, Front Street,
Belleville. Dealer in all the best and cheap-
est in the country. All orders promptly filled.
12m

J. W. Brown,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, Front St.,
Belleville, opposite Fanning's Hotel.
Garments made to measure and warranted to
fit.
12m

Geo. Gibson,
MANUFACTURER and dealer in Boots and
Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A select
assortment of ladies' goods and children's
boots and shoes constantly on hand and made
to order. All work warranted.
12m

J. C. Vapor,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, opposite
Fanning's Hotel, Front Street, Belleville.
A large stock of Ready-made Clothing
always on hand. Garments made to measure
and warranted to fit.
12m

To Gold Miners
YOU will find a variety of mining tools at
the subscriber's shop. Drills and augers
made of the best refined cast steel. Solid
punches, wedges, iron Pick Axes and Prospector
Picks, and all well pointed. All warranted,
and cheaper than any other shop in Canada.
Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street,
Belleville. W. A. FOSTER.
12m

McKeown & Robertson,
MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and
Retail Dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front
Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large,
and well selected, and of the best material, and is
sold at extremely low prices for cash. They
are extensive discounter, and being practical
workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction.
All orders accepted promptly, and all work
warranted. Remittance of Price, opposite
Bennett & Bell's Brewery, Front Street, Belle-
ville.
12m

NEW DISCOVERY.
Bullen & Gibson's
LIVERY
Office—Bullen's Store, 70 Front St., Belleville.
12m

FIRST CLASS Horses, new Buggies and
Carriages, of the latest and best always
on hand. Runs out for the Major Gold Re-
gions at reasonable rates.
Wm. Bullen, 12m. Geo. Gibson, 12m.

Montreal Business Directory.

NEW YORK BRANCH
DYE WORKS,
BY
G. LAMPE,
224 Notre Dame Street, opposite Crystal Block,
MONTREAL.
Manufactures dyed, stained and repaired within twenty-
four hours. Old made new. 12m

PHILIP HENRY,
TOBACCONIST,
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
TOBACCO, SNUFFS, CIGARS & PIPES.
Notre Dame Street, Montreal. 12-5m

J. A. HARTE,
GLASGOW DRUG HALL
Notre Dame Street, Montreal.
Manufacturer of the celebrated Concentrated Lye.
12-5m

MURRAY & Co.,
STATIONERS' HALL,
Corner of Notre Dame and St. John Streets, Montreal.
Importers of English Stationery, Blank Book Man-
ufacturers, &c., &c. Wholesale and Retail. 12-5m

THOMPSON, MURRAY & Co.,
IMPORTERS OF
Teas, Wines, Liquors & Groceries,
40 St. Sacrament Street, Montreal.
Agents for J. Denis, Henry Mouille & Co., Cognac.
Wolfe's Schenck Schappas. 12-5m

EDWARD NIELD & Co.,
IMPORTERS OF
Gentlemen's Haberdashery,
No. 440 St. Paul Street, opposite Aldon Hotel, Mon-
treal. 12-5m

PEAVEY & FAVOR,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries,
Provisions, &c., &c.
No. 344, Notre Dame Street, three doors West St.
Francis Xavier Street, Montreal.
Depot for superior Table Linens. 12-5m

A. BOOKER,
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant,
Office had 214, 216, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226, 228, 230, 232, 234, 236, 238, 240, 242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 252, 254, 256, 258, 260, 262, 264, 266, 268, 270, 272, 274, 276, 278, 280, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, 300, 302, 304, 306, 308, 310, 312, 314, 316, 318, 320, 322, 324, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, 338, 340, 342, 344, 346, 348, 350, 352, 354, 356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372, 374, 376, 378, 380, 382, 384, 386, 388, 390, 392, 394, 396, 398, 400, 402, 404, 406, 408, 410, 412, 414, 416, 418, 420, 422, 424, 426, 428, 430, 432, 434, 436, 438, 440, 442, 444, 446, 448, 450, 452, 454, 456, 458, 460, 462, 464, 466, 468, 470, 472, 474, 476, 478, 480, 482, 484, 486, 488, 490, 492, 494, 496, 498, 500, 502, 504, 506, 508, 510, 512, 514, 516, 518, 520, 522, 524, 526, 528, 530, 532, 534, 536, 538, 540, 542, 544, 546, 548, 550, 552, 554, 556, 558, 560, 562, 564, 566, 568, 570, 572, 574, 576, 578, 580, 582, 584, 586, 588, 590, 592, 594, 596, 598, 600, 602, 604, 606, 608, 610, 612, 614, 616, 618, 620, 622, 624, 626, 628, 630, 632, 634, 636, 638, 640, 642, 644, 646, 648, 650, 652, 654, 656, 658, 660, 662, 664, 666, 668, 670, 672, 674, 676, 678, 680, 682, 684, 686, 688, 690, 692, 694, 696, 698, 700, 702, 704, 706, 708, 710, 712, 714, 716, 718, 720, 722, 724, 726, 728, 730, 732, 734, 736, 738, 740, 742, 744, 746, 748, 750, 752, 754, 756, 758, 760, 762, 764, 766, 768, 770, 772, 774, 776, 778, 780, 782, 784, 786, 788, 790, 792, 794, 796, 798, 800, 802, 804, 806, 808, 810, 812, 814, 816, 818, 820, 822, 824, 826, 828, 830, 832, 834, 836, 838, 840, 842, 844, 846, 848, 850, 852, 854, 856, 858, 860, 862, 864, 866, 868, 870, 872, 874, 876, 878, 880, 882, 884, 886, 888, 890, 892, 894, 896, 898, 900, 902, 904, 906, 908, 910, 912, 914, 916, 918, 920, 922, 924, 926, 928, 930, 932, 934, 936, 938, 940, 942, 944, 946, 948, 950, 952, 954, 956, 958, 960, 962, 964, 966, 968, 970, 972, 974, 976, 978, 980, 982, 984, 986, 988, 990, 992, 994, 996, 998, 1000.
12-5m

SINCLAIR, JACK & Co.,
Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants,
Importers of Scotch and West India Produce, Man-
ufacturer Goods, &c.
412 St. Paul Street, opposite the Ouzon House,
Montreal. 12-5m

GEORGE CHILDS & Co.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
20 & 22, St. Edmund, Xavier Street, Montreal.
Orders by letter, from Country Merchants not
finding it convenient to visit Montreal, will receive
prompt attention, and goods not in stock will be pur-
chased and changed at lowest market prices. 12-5m

ST. LAWRENCE HALL,
H. HOGAN, Undertaker,
Great St. James Street, Montreal. 12-5m

DAVID, CLARKE & CLAYTON,
WINE, SPIRIT
And Commission Merchants,
40 St. Peter Street, opposite St. Sacrament Street,
MONTREAL. 12-5m

S. DAVIS,
MANUFACTURER OF
HAVANA SEGARS,
Office—No. 15, Great St. James Street, Montreal.
Sole proprietors of the "Gloria" and "Cigar"
brands of Segars. 12-5m

J. V. MORGAN,
Commission Merchant,
Importers of order of all kinds of English and French
Goods. 12-5m

C. C. SNOWDON & Co.,
IMPORTERS OF
British, American, and German
SHELF AND HEAVY HARDWARE,
404 & 406 Saint Paul Street, corner of St. Nicholas St.,
MONTREAL. 12-5m

M. GUTMAN & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Hoop Skirts and Skirt Materials,
36 Leinster Place, Montreal. 12-5m

DR. NELSON EDWARDS,
SURGEON DENTIST,
304 Notre Dame Street, Montreal. 12-5m

KINGAN & KINLOCH,
IMPORTERS
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
Corner St. Peter and St. Sacrament Streets, Montreal.
12-5m

GAUTHIER & MANDEL,
MERCHANTS TAILORS
801 NOTRE DAME STREET,
124 1/2 West of St. Hubert, Xavier Street,
MONTREAL. 12-5m

Montreal Business Directory.

W. A. LITTLE,
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,
275 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal.
Maps, Plans, Circulars, Cards, Invoice Headings,
Bills of Exchange, Diplomas, Certificates, Notes, Drafts,
Cards, in any number of colors. Engravings, Drawings,
Specifications, Maps, &c., executed at the shortest
notice, consistent with good work, on the most reason-
able terms. 27m

de B. MACDONALD & Co.,
19 St. Helen Street, Montreal.
HOOP SKIRTS, and IMPORTERS OF
Men's and Women's STRAW, Felt, and
Fancy Woolen Goods, Wholesale.
W. S. GOODHUGH & Co.,
IMPORTERS OF
English and Foreign Leather,
24 St. Peter Street, Montreal. 12-5m

A. ROBERTSON & Co.,
IMPORTERS OF
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Mantles, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Hosiery,
Gloves, Haberdashery, Small Wares, Cloths, Cas-
sids, Woollens, Fannels and Blankets, Linens, Cottons,
Prints, Stuffs, Dress Goods, Muslins.
478 St. Paul Street & 399 Commissioners St.,
MONTREAL.
Auburn Woollen Mills, Peterboro, C. W. 12-5m

Frothingham & Workman,
MONTREAL.
IMPORTERS, Manufacturers, and Wholesale
Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hard-
ware.
Warehouse and Office 350 & 352, St. Paul St.
Manufacturers of all kinds of Milling Tools,
and have constantly on hand a large stock of
Powder, Patent Safety Fuse, Drill Steel, &c.
May 1st. 12-5m

J. C. FRANCK,
Under the name, style and firm of
J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS and WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Groceries, Wines, Spirits, Oils, &c., &c.
23 Hospital Street, Montreal. 12-5m

H. GRANT,
Watch and Clock Maker,
202 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.
Every description of Jewelry manufactured
from gold entrusted to his care, under his own super-
vision. 350m

JOSEPH KIRKUP,
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes.
No. 289 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 350m

BURROWS & Co.,
Commission Merchants,
and WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Brandy, Wines, Spirits, Tobacco, &c., &c.
418 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 350m

IVES & ALLEN,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Hardware, Stoves, Ranges, &c., &c.
Over Iron Presses and RANGES FOR BUILDINGS,
114 to 122 Queen St., Montreal. 350m

Place d'Armes Drug Store,
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal.
This attention of Tourists visiting the City is recom-
mended to select stock of English Toilet Articles,
which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed.
E. M. VICE
Chemist and Druggist
Place d'Armes, Montreal.

W. C. McDONALD,
Manufacturer of Fine Tobaccos.
Office—240 Notre Dame St.,
MONTREAL. 350m

Established 1820.
J. W. HILTON,
CABINET MAKERS & UPHOLSTERERS,
CARPENTERS and GLAZIERS, Importers and Dealers in
all kinds of Goods, Manufacturers of Looking Glasses.
Also Importers of Brackets, Lamps, Lamps, Lamps,
and Upholsterers' Goods generally.
No. 81, GREAT ST. JAMES STREET,
MONTREAL. 350m

Established 1861.
JOHN F. MCGAIG,
Shipping and General Agent,
Office—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Hospital, and
St. George Street, Montreal.
MONTREAL.
For Personal attention given to the Sale of Pot and
Peat Ashes and other Produce, and purchase of Merch-
andise. 350m

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,
100 WEST NINTH STREET, MONTREAL.
HAVE FOR SALE—
BOLTER TUBS, Cast Iron, Roman Concrete, Water Pipes,
Pipes and Fittings, Portland Cement, Paving Tiles,
Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, Chimney Pipes, &c.
E. P. Manufacturers of AMERICAN SOFA, CHAIR
and BED SPRINGS. 250m

THOS. HOBBSON & Co.,
Produce Commission Merchants,
MONTREAL.
LIVERPOOL, advances made on consignments to sub-
scribers for shipment to their friends in Great Britain
and the Levant Ports. 350m

MULHOLLAND & BAKER,
IRON, STEEL and GENERAL HARDWARE
MONTREAL.
418 and 421 St. Paul Street.
Yard Entrance, St. Paul Xavier Street. 370m

Montreal Business Directory.

F. W. HENSHAW,
No. 10 St. Sacrament Street, opposite the
Merchant's Exchange, Montreal.
HAVING been engaged in the Ashes, and
general produce trade for the past thirteen
years, at the above address; would be happy to
receive consignments from Manufacturers and
Dealers in Canada West, either for sale in this
market, or for shipment to his friends in Lon-
don, Liverpool, or Glasgow.
May 1st. 12-5m

W. L. KINMOND & Co.,
CONSULTING ENGINEERS,
MANUFACTURERS' Agents, for all kinds of
Machinery, Tools, Steam Engines, &c.
Also, every description of material and use
for Engineers and Agricultural Machine makers.
A stock of best quality of Cast Steel.
MADE EXPRESSLY FOR MINING AND
BORING PURPOSES, IRON WIRE ROPE,
Chains and Turnbuckle, 100 Steel Pipe, Rivers,
square and Hexagon Black Nut, Wrought Iron
Washers, Anti-corrosive Iron Paint, Hair and
Cool Piles for Boilers and other Pipes, Rabbit
Mails, &c., &c., always on hand, and at low
prices. FILES RESCUE, warranted as good as new for
use, at very low rates.
Custom House Square, Montreal. 12-5m

Richelieu Company!
Royal Mail Through Line
between Montreal and Quebec.
ON and after MONDAY the 24th of May, and until fur-
ther notice, the RICHELIEU COMPANY'S Steamers
will leave their respective Wharves as follows:—
The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. B. Labadie, will
leave Richelieu Pier, opposite Jacques Cartier Square,
for Quebec, every Tuesday, Thursday and Friday, at
seven P. M. precisely, calling, going and returning, at
Sorel, Three Rivers and Baieaux. Passengers wishing
to take their passage on board will be required to
depend on being in time in taking their passage by this
boat, as the boat will be required to take them to the steam-
ers without extra charge.
The Steamer MONTREAL, Capt. R. Nelson, will
leave every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at seven
P. M. precisely, for Quebec, calling, going and returning,
at Sorel, Three Rivers and Baieaux. Passengers wishing
to take their passage on board will be required to
depend on being in time in taking their passage by this
boat, as the boat will be required to take them to the steam-
ers without extra charge.
J. B. LAMERIE, Manager.
Office Richelieu Company, 350m

The STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE
COMPANY.
Established 1820.
WITH WHICH IS NOW UNIFIED
THE COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
Accumulated and Invested Fund, \$18,000,000
Annual Income, \$2,500,000
W. M. RAMSAY, Manager.
RICHARD BULL, Inspector of Agencies.
ASSURANCES effected on the different sys-
tems suggested and approved by a length-
ened experience, so as to suit the means of every
person desirous of taking out a Policy. Every
information on the subject of Life Assurance
will be given at the Company's Office, Montreal,
or at any of the Agencies throughout Canada.
Agents, Belleville, Quebec, Val-d'Aulieu,
Medical Advertisers, Dr. Golden, and Dr. L. 350m

MONTREAL
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
UNDER Contract with the Government of Canada for
the Conveyance of the
Canadian & United States Mails.
1887—SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS—1887.
Passengers Booked to Londonderry and Liverpool.
Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates.
This Company's MAIL LINE is composed of the un-
dermentioned First-Class, Post-Powered, Clyde-Built,
Double-Engine Iron Steamships:—
CAPT. ALTON
NEUTRIAN, 2700 Tons. Capt. ALTON
NORWICH, 2600 Tons. Capt. WILKES
PERUVIAN, 2600 Tons. Capt. WILKES
HIBERNIAN, 2600 Tons. Capt. ALAN
NOVA-SCOTIA, 2600 Tons. Capt. ALAN
NORTH-AMERICAN, 1700 Tons. Capt. KEAR
BELGIAN, 2600 Tons. Capt. KEAR
DANMARK, 1800 Tons. Capt. WATTS
(Sailing from LIVERPOOL, every THURSDAY,
from QUEBEC every SATURDAY, calling at
Plymouth to receive on board and land Mails and Passen-
gers to and from Ireland and Scotland.)
And their GLASGOW LINE of Steamships:—
ST. GEORGE, 1650 Tons. Capt. H. B. R. R. R.
ST. ANDREW, 1650 Tons. Capt. H. B. R. R. R.
ST. PATRICK, 1650 Tons. Capt. H. B. R. R. R.
ST. DAVID, 1650 Tons. Capt. H. B. R. R. R.
(Sailing from LIVERPOOL, every THURSDAY,
from QUEBEC every SATURDAY, calling at
Plymouth to receive on board and land Mails and Passen-
gers to and from Ireland and Scotland.)
The Steamers of the MAIL LINE are intended to be
despatched from QUEBEC as undetermined, viz:—
HIBERNIAN, 2600 Tons. Capt. WILKES, 27th July
NOVA-SCOTIA, 2600 Tons. Capt. ALAN, 29th July
PERUVIAN, 2600 Tons. Capt. WILKES, 31st July
NEUTRIAN, 2700 Tons. Capt. ALTON, 2nd Aug.
AUSTRIAN, 2600 Tons. Capt. ALAN, 4th Aug.
SERBIAN, 2600 Tons. Capt. ALAN, 6th Aug.
HIBERNIAN, 2600 Tons. Capt. WILKES, 8th Aug.
ST. PATRICK for Glasgow about 27th July.
Rates of Passage from Belleville to Londonderry of
Liverpool, via Great Britain, or Bay of Biscay and
Royal Mail Line of Steamers to Quebec:—
CABIN, 1st Class, 10/6 to 12/6
2nd Class, 7/6 to 9/6
3rd Class, 4/6 to 6/6
STORAGE, 1/6 to 2/6
Passengers desirous of proceeding to Paris can
procure "Cook's Excursion Tickets" on application to
the Agents at Quebec or Montreal.
Berth not secured until paid for.
For particulars apply to
J. W. THOMPSON, Agent,
Canadian Express Office,
Belleville. 350m

Give me a Crust of Bread.

ALTERED FROM A POEM BY MRS. EDWARDS.
Give me a crust of bread, mother;
I will keep the little life I have.
Till the country of the north,
I am dying of hunger and cold,
And half the agony of such a death,
My lips have never told.

It hath gnawed like a wolf at my heart,
mother,
A wolf that is fierce for blood;
All the live-long day and the night beside,
I dreamed of bread in my sleep, mother,
And the night was heaven to me,
I was with an eager famishing lip,
Oh! have you not bread for me?

The rich have lands and gold, mother;
They have lands and gold, mother;
While you are forced to your empty bread,
I seek a few more of bread, mother,
As I am dying now,
With a gnawing look in this swollen eye,
And fainting upon my brow.

There is many a brave heart, mother, &c.
Dying of want and gold, mother;
While only a few more of bread, mother,
As I am dying now,
With wondrous wealth to turn,
And the bread they fling to their dogs to eat.

Come nearer to my side, mother, &c.
And hold me fondly, as you did when I was
My father when he died, &c.
Quick! for I cannot wait, mother,
I am dying now,
Mother! dear mother! see I die! &c.
Give me a crust of bread!

The Value of the Corn Husk.
A NEW INDUSTRY.
Every body is familiar with husk making,
and it is well known that excellent man-
ufactures can be made from this article, but
very small portion of the crop is saved for these
purposes. It is not generally known, how-
ever, that the husk is applied in foreign countries
to many other important uses. Some writers
even assert that the value of the husk is
equal to that of the corn itself, and that the
crop utilized would be nearly equal to that
of the old and barley crop combined. We
have seen most excellent husk letter paper,
and it is said better paper can be made
from it than either linen or cotton paper,
and because it has great hardness and firm-
ness, exceeding that of the best hand-made
English drawing paper that is especially
adapted for pencil-drawing the peculiarity
of its short and better paper can be made
from it than either linen or cotton paper,
and because it has great hardness and firm-
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English drawing paper that is especially
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and because it has great hardness and firm-
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English drawing paper that is especially
adapted for pencil-drawing the peculiarity
of its short and better paper can be made
from it than either linen or cotton paper,

LONDON, August 17, 3 p.m.—The English Parliament proceeded on Wednesday 21st.

PORTSMOUTH, England, August 17, 3 p.m.—The British ship-of-war "Scot" left this port yesterday, for Ireland whence she will take her destination to Quebec, Ca.

American Despatches.

WASHINGTON, August 16.—The storm which has just visited this city has not had its equal in violence for six or seven years. From Wednesday evening until this morning rain fell incessantly, and at times with most serious power. New buildings, new street railway tracks, bridges, sewers, &c., have suffered incalculable damage. A large number of persons have been rescued from buildings that were partially submerged.

Accounts from the surrounding country in regard to the damages to the peach crops and the beating down of corn fields are numerous. The losses, trees, and in some cases houses are reported seriously damaged. The storm was terrible all along the railroad from Richmond to Aquia Creek. The track from Fredericksburg to Aquia Creek was completely submerged.

PHILADELPHIA, August 16.—The rainstorm of the last seventy hours has caused. The damage done by water here is not less than \$100,000.

GLASTON, August 16.—The yellow fever in this city continues to increase. There were twenty-one burials yesterday.

NEW YORK, August 17.—The recent rain storm did no damage in the city beyond that occasioned by the flooding of numerous basements in the lower part of the city and at Harlem. At Hoboken and Jersey city, the damages are considerable. The Washington and Baltimore railway tracks were submerged and trains were delayed.

NEW YORK, August 17.—The Herald says Jeff. Davis recently said in conversation that the Tennessee election will probably inaugurate a war of attrition, and he believed there was no other course open for the whites in that state than to discharge the Radical blacks from their employment. As to the proposition that it would be well to put a few negroes in office for the purpose of creating a reaction of feeling against them, he said it might do as a matter of spite, but it would be a bad precedent.

NEW YORK, August 17.—Beauregard and Magruder, the ex-Rebel generals, visited the stock exchange yesterday, but left after a very short visit as their reception was cool. Their departure was accompanied by few lines.

NEW YORK, August 17.—The steamer Fulmar has arrived. One case of cholera was reported yesterday.

COMMERCIAL.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS.
Influence Office.
Belleville, August 16, 1887.

Wheat—No. 1, 80 to 85.
No. 2, 75 to 80.
No. 3, 70 to 75.
No. 4, 65 to 70.
No. 5, 60 to 65.
No. 6, 55 to 60.
No. 7, 50 to 55.
No. 8, 45 to 50.
No. 9, 40 to 45.
No. 10, 35 to 40.
No. 11, 30 to 35.
No. 12, 25 to 30.
No. 13, 20 to 25.
No. 14, 15 to 20.
No. 15, 10 to 15.
No. 16, 5 to 10.
No. 17, 0 to 5.

MONTREAL MARKETS.
Special Telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER.
From Montreal, August 16, 1887.

Wheat—No. 1, 80 to 85.
No. 2, 75 to 80.
No. 3, 70 to 75.
No. 4, 65 to 70.
No. 5, 60 to 65.
No. 6, 55 to 60.
No. 7, 50 to 55.
No. 8, 45 to 50.
No. 9, 40 to 45.
No. 10, 35 to 40.
No. 11, 30 to 35.
No. 12, 25 to 30.
No. 13, 20 to 25.
No. 14, 15 to 20.
No. 15, 10 to 15.
No. 16, 5 to 10.
No. 17, 0 to 5.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.
New York, August 17.

Flour—old, upward tendency; new heavy receipts 5,000 bbls; sales 8,000 bbls at \$7.50 to \$8.50 for superior State and Western; \$9.00 to \$11.25 for common to choice extra State; \$9.50 to \$10.25 for choice extra Western.

Wheat—firm; receipts 2,075 bushels; sales 27,000 bush at \$2.03 to \$2.05 for new white Michigan; \$2.50 for new white Genesee; \$2.80 to \$2.85 for amber State.

Barley—receipts small, demand very trifling, and prices generally unchanged. Grain—no transaction, rates unchanged. Provisions quiet at former rates. Asparagus—Pots improving, per lb quiet, but steady.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.
New York, August 17.

Gold—100 to 105.
Silver—100 to 105.
Cotton—100 to 105.
Wool—100 to 105.
Sugar—100 to 105.
Coffee—100 to 105.
Tea—100 to 105.
Spices—100 to 105.
Hides—100 to 105.
Furs—100 to 105.
Perkins—100 to 105.
Hemp—100 to 105.
Tobacco—100 to 105.
Rum—100 to 105.
Whisky—100 to 105.
Brandy—100 to 105.
Vinegar—100 to 105.
Oil—100 to 105.
Lard—100 to 105.
Butter—100 to 105.
Eggs—100 to 105.
Honey—100 to 105.
Milk—100 to 105.
Cream—100 to 105.
Cheese—100 to 105.
Pork—100 to 105.
Bacon—100 to 105.
Ham—100 to 105.
Cured Meat—100 to 105.
Pickles—100 to 105.
Sauces—100 to 105.
Condiments—100 to 105.
Preserves—100 to 105.
Jams—100 to 105.
Marmalades—100 to 105.
Fruit—100 to 105.
Vegetables—100 to 105.
Flowers—100 to 105.
Furniture—100 to 105.
Clothing—100 to 105.
Shoes—100 to 105.
Hats—100 to 105.
Trunks—100 to 105.
Suitcases—100 to 105.
Bags—100 to 105.
Boxes—100 to 105.
Chests—100 to 105.
Dressers—100 to 105.
Beds—100 to 105.
Chairs—100 to 105.
Tables—100 to 105.
Sofas—100 to 105.
Couches—100 to 105.
Stoves—100 to 105.
Ranges—100 to 105.
Refrigerators—100 to 105.
Washing Machines—100 to 105.
Sewing Machines—100 to 105.
Crockery—100 to 105.
Glassware—100 to 105.
Metalware—100 to 105.
Paperware—100 to 105.
Textiles—100 to 105.
Leatherware—100 to 105.
Rubberware—100 to 105.
Plasticware—100 to 105.
Glassware—100 to 105.
Metalware—100 to 105.
Paperware—100 to 105.
Textiles—100 to 105.
Leatherware—100 to 105.
Rubberware—100 to 105.
Plasticware—100 to 105.

Imports and Exports.

PER GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
AUGUST 17.

IMPORTS—1 case merchandise.
EXPORTS—1 car flour.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER.—We ask the attention of the public to the long tested and unvaried Family Medicine. It has been generally known for more than thirty years during which time we have received thousands of letters, thanking us for the relief it has afforded, and for its safety, having the medicine to be so simple, never failing remedy for all diseases caused by, or attendant upon, colds, coughs, fever, and ague, Headache, Biliousness, Pains in the Side, Back and Limbs, &c., it will in the joints and limbs, Nerveless, Toothache and Pains in the Head and Face.

As a Blood Purifier and Tonic for the Stomach it seldom fails to cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Biliousness, and Stomachic, Headache, Kidney Complaints, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Anemia, Pains, Aching, Sore Throat, Whooping Cough, Scurvy, Scalded Skin and General Debility of the System.

It is also a prompt and sure Remedy for Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painful Cuts, Bruises, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Scalds, Burns, Sprains, Bruises, Frost Bites, Chills, as well as the Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

Directions accompanying each bottle.

It has been used in every variety of climate and by all classes of people, and is so simple, that it is the most constant companion, and sustainable friend of the Missionary and the Soldier on sea and land, and no one should travel without it.

Prices: 16 cts. in cts., 50 cts. per bottle.

PREPARED BY P. DAVIS & CO., Manufacturers and Proprietors, 230 St. Paul Street, Montreal, C. E.

1Dm-116m
April 30th 1887.

WEST RIDING.

THE friends and supporters of Mr. Brown will meet on Monday evening, the 19th inst., at 8 o'clock, in Neilson's Hall. A full attendance is particularly requested.

By order of Committee.

JOHN SUTHERLAND, CHAIRMAN.

Belleville, Aug. 17th.

EAST RIDING ELECTION.

Prosperity to Agriculture, Ships, Trade and Commerce.

Success and Extension to our New Dominion.

We'll Rally around the Old Flag.

H. CORBY

WILL hold meetings to explain past and future to the Electors and respectfully solicits them to meet him at the following places:

TYNDINAGA

Shannonville—Friday, August 16, at 6 o'clock p.m.

Marysville School House—Tuesday, August 27, at 4 o'clock p.m.

Londale—Tuesday, August 27, at 7 p.m.

Napier's Tavern—Wednesday, August 28, at 7 p.m.

Mowat's School House—Thursday, August 29, at 7 p.m.

Mill Point—Friday, August 30, at 4 p.m.

THURLOW AND HUNGERFORD.

Thatcher's Corners—At 4 p.m. on Saturday, the 17th August.

Canifon—Saturday, 17th August, at 8 p.m.

Roslin—Monday, 19th August, at 4 p.m.

Thomasburg—Monday, 19th August, at 7 p.m.

Archambault's Tavern—Tuesday, August 30, at 3 p.m.

Thomas Henry's Tavern—Tuesday, August 30, at 7 p.m.

Allen's School House—Wednesday, August 31, at 2 p.m.

Larkin's School House—Wednesday, August 31, at 7 p.m.

Plainsville—Thursday, August 23, at 2 p.m.

School House near John and Robert Hamilton's—Thursday, August 23, at 7 p.m.

Time will not permit, or Mr. Corby would gladly avail himself of an opportunity of meeting all the Electors of the East Riding.

Belleville, 14th August, 1887.

God Save the Queen.

Delightful Beverage

IN HOT WEATHER.

PENNER'S CHAMPAGNE CIDER!

WOOD AND BOTTLES

AT THE

CORNER STORE.

A. FLETCHER & Co.

BAGS FOR SALE.

1,000 Linen Bags for sale Cheap.

ALSO

TWO SECOND-HAND FANNING MILLS.

(IN GOOD ORDER.)

Apply to HENRY PRETTY.

At the Agricultural Warehouse, opposite the Market Square, Front Street, Belleville.

August 10th, 1887. 89d-120w-81

For Sale or to Let,

India & China Tea Company.

HOME DEPOTS—London and Liverpool.
CANADA DEPOT—32 Hospital Street, Montreal.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavor, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz., 70 cts. or \$1.00 per lb., either Black, Green, or Mixed.

Fine Household Tea, combining strength and flavor, 70 cts. per lb. Finest procurable, \$1.00. Protected by Trade Mark.

Sole agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall. ROBERT BARKER, Agent, Brighton. T. W. BARKER, Agent, Trenton.

August 10th, 1887. 100-ly w27-ly

ALBERT COLLEGE

AND
Belleville Ladies' College!

WILL RE-OPEN
THURSDAY, SEPT. 12,
AT 2 P. M.

Steward wanted for Boarding Hall.

For Terms apply to A. CARMAN, President.

Belleville, August 2, 1887. D78-4w

SELLING OFF.

ON AND AFTER THE
20th Instant.

GARRATT & CO.

Will clear out the balance of their
Dress Goods, Shawls, Muslins,
STRAW GOODS, STRAW TRIMMINGS,
AND

Other Seasonable Goods,
AT COST.

GARRATT & CO.
Belleville, July 18. 105-1m w23-61

MAIL CONTRACT.

TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General will be received at Ottawa until Noon, on FRIDAY, the 30th AUGUST, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, three times per week each way, between

BELLEVILLE and HILLIER, from the 1st October next: conveyance to be made on horseback or in a vehicle, (during season of navigation, the Bay of Quinte to be crossed in a boat.) The Mails to leave Belleville every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7 a.m., and to arrive at Hillier at 11 a.m. To leave Hillier same days, at 12 noon, or on arrival of Mails from Picton, and to return to Belleville at 6 p.m.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen, and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Belleville, Hillier and Redversville.

MATHEW SWEETMAN, P. O. Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office, Kingston, 30th July, 87. 76d-1

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF DRESS MUSLINS

AT

Wilson & Robertson's.

32D-3m

ARE YOU INSURED?

THE WESTERN, of Toronto, Fire and Marine Insurance Company, are prepared to effect rates in both branches, through their Agent, A. WEBSTER, on the most reasonable terms.

All claims promptly settled.

Office in Charters & Webster's Drug Store.

Belleville, June 21, 1887. 43d 18w1y

DAFOE HOUSE!

Belleville, C. W.

Corner Pinnacle & Bridge Streets,

Barringer & Co., Managers.

STAGES FOR THE GOLD MINES.

Omnia to and from the Stage and Car Stabling and Livery.

BLANK NOTES.

BOUND in Books containing 100, 50 and 25 notes each, printed on fine paper, for sale at the Intelligence Office.

Aug. 10, 1887. 105-1m w27-41

Why Not Use the Best?

BUTLER'S CELEBRATED
Blackberry Cordial!

THE most effective remedy yet discovered for Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cramps, Colic, Looseness of the Bowels, &c., &c.

This new and justly celebrated preparation is highly recommended by medical men, and has been used with the greatest success in the military hospitals of the United States during the last three years.

Ask for BUTLER'S BLACKBERRY CORDIAL, and take no other.

Prepared in Canada, from the original receipt, only at

APOTHECARIES HALL,
T. WILLS & Co.
1d 6m

Aug. 12, 1887.

J. C. FRANCK & Co., IMPORTERS,

Wholesale Dealers in

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c., &c., &c.

23 Hospital St., MONTREAL.

OFFER for sale a COMPLETE and WELL ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines, at as LOW figures and

ON AS GOOD TERMS as any house in the City, and solicit the patronage of their old friends and the Trade generally.

July 27, 1887. J. C. FRANCK & Co. 76d

JAMES GLASS,

General Hardware Merchant.

MINERS TOOLS,

BLASTING POWDER, FUSE,

&c., &c.

FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE

May 3. 8D-4m

J. & W. Sutherland.

300 LINEN COATS

JUST RECEIVED,

AT

M. LAFORTE'S,

FROM

\$1.25 upwards.

June 12, 1887. 85D

IMMENSE REDUCTIONS

IN

CLOTHING

AND

BOOTS & SHOES

AT

J. MUIR & CO'S.

EMPORIUM.

LINEN & ALPACA

COATS

AT COST.

FASHIONABLE

BLACK BROADCLOTH SUITS

AT \$10.00

BOOTS & SHOES

In the same proportion

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE WEST RIDING OF THE COUNTY OF HASTINGS.

GENTLEMEN: When a Candidate seeks Parliamentary honors at the hands of his constituents, it is due to them, and customary, that he should state his political views. At the present crisis of our political history, when, as it were, we are entering upon a new and untried national state of existence, this duty becomes imperative.

As most of you are aware, I have always been on the Liberal side of politics, urging reform where reform was ascertained to be necessary, and concurring that which experience had proved to be wise and beneficial. Believing that the truth generally lies between extremes, I have taken for my guidance the maxims and doctrines of those politicians and statesmen who were governed by broad and enlightened views of their country's interests, and who equalled in their avowed revolutionary doctrines on the one side, and reactionary tendencies on the other.

With those principles for my guidance, I have no hesitation in stating that the present Government, consisting of the Conservative, the Liberal, and the Unionist, should receive a fair trial and generous treatment from the hands of all liberal-minded and right-thinking men, without regard to the time and opportunity to initiate and develop a policy would be factious and unstatesmanlike, would throw the country into turmoil and confusion without an adequate object, and would be calculated to endanger the stability of the young Dominion, whose youthful career will be watched with anxious solicitude by all those who are inspired by patriotic feelings.

If the Coalition of 1864 was justifiable to decide the scheme of Confederation, that of 1867 is not less so, as none should be so well qualified to put the machine in good working order as those by whose genius it was contrived and through whose energies it was successfully constructed.

While saying this, however, I do not wish it to be understood, that I have the honor of being elected, that I will give to the Government a blind support—a position into which many are driven by the extreme discipline of party Government. I shall hold myself equally free to oppose them, should their policy and administration, in my judgment, not be in accordance with the true interests and prosperity of Canada.

As no human contrivance can be considered perfect, the working of the Imperial statute legalizing the Union of the Provinces may disclose certain defects, which it will be the duty of your representatives to correct. These shall receive my earnest consideration.

As the expenses of the Government will necessarily be increased under the new system, it will require the most rigid economy consistent with the public interests at stake, to keep the expenditure within the proper limits.

The construction of a canal connecting the waters of Lake Ontario with the head waters of the Bay of Quinte would, in my opinion, not only be of vast local benefit commercially, but in a military point of view it would be the greatest consequence; and as public lands were granted by Government many years ago for the completion of that important enterprise, I shall deem it my duty to see that the monies arising from the sale thereof be properly applied.

The Agricultural and manufacturing interests, which lie at the base of every country's greatness and prosperity, shall receive at my hands that consideration which their importance demands.

I am, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
JAMES BROWN.

Belleville, 16th July, 1866. D63.4f

To the Electors of the Eastern Division of the County of Hastings.

GENTLEMEN:—Having been repeatedly requested by a large number of the electors in your Division to allow myself to become a candidate for the Commons of Canada at the ensuing election, I have consented to comply with their wishes.

To most of you I am personally known, but will take the first opportunity of seeing as many of the electors as my time will permit. My acts during the time I have been in Parliament are before you, and from them you will be enabled to judge of the future.

In the formation of the Union of the Provinces, I believed that I would have been more in accordance with the principles of our Government to have first submitted the proposition to the people for their approval, and so voted, but the action for such reference was not readily won by my exertions to carry it into effect, in order that the great Dominion may take that position in the world to which its extent and population entitle it.

Under the new order of things about to be established, new responsibilities will befall which I shall endeavor to discharge with the least expenditure consistent with efficiency, and the keeping steadily in view the great future before us, and shall only rest satisfied when the Dominion of Canada extends from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

In the adjustment of the tariff I shall endeavor to remove the burthen as much as possible from the producer, especially the Agricultural portion, but without that any business transactions with them will enable me to arrive at such a conclusion as will be conducive to their interests.

I have the honor to be,
Your most obedient servant,
ROBERT READ.

Belleville, May 23, 1867. D18

THE LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN MONTREAL.

THE "DAILY NEWS,"
\$0.00 per Annum, in advance.
JOHN LOVELL,
Printer and Publisher.

GEORGE ROCHE, HATTER & FURRIER.

All the latest styles of

Felt & Silk Hats,

KEPT always on hand. Also, a great variety of

CLOTH CAPS.

All orders promptly executed. Remember

Nelson's Block, opposite Apothecaries

Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for

Raw Furs. Felt and Silk Hats cleaned and

repaired. May 1. 1D-6m

DAILY LINE TO ROCHESTER.

The quickest route from Belleville and

vicinity to New York, Boston, &c.,

from Montreal, to Buffalo,

and between the Canadian

Gold Fields and the

United States.

THE SPLENDID WHEE-PLATED STEAMER

"CORINTHIAN,"

LEAVES BRIGHTON 4:30, Mondays, Wed-

nesdays, and Fridays, until further no-

tice, daily from Colborne at 6 a.m.,

Colborne, 7 a.m., and Port Hope on arrival

of G. T. R. morning trains from Toronto and

Montreal, at 9:30 a.m.

Connects at Rochester with afternoon Ex-

press Trains for the East, West, and South.

Returning, leaves Port of Rochester (Clar-

kston), daily, on arrival of evening Ex-

press Trains, at 10 p.m., Saturdays, 3 p.m.

Connects at North Shore Ports with G. T. R.

morning trains for Toronto and Montreal, at

at Brighton and Colborne with morning

Stages direct for Campbellford, Madoc, and

the Canadian Gold Fields.

R. P. DAVY, AGENT. Df

July 22nd, 1867.

HURRAH FOR

COULSON & CAMERON'S

LINE OF STAGES

For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal

hotels in Belleville every morning

(Sunday's excepted), at half-past 7 o'clock,

arriving in Madoc at 10 a.m.

Returning, leave all the principal Hotels

in Madoc at 1:30 p.m., arriving in Belleville

in time to connect with the evening trains

going east and west.

COULSON & CAMERON, Proprietors

JOHN HARRIS, Agent, Belleville.

JOHN TANNER, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on

this route will be promptly attended to. All

parcels unless booked and paid for will be at

the risk of the owner.

July 22, 1867. D68

American Invoices—Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.

QUEBEC, 6th March, 1863.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance

Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices

be published and furnished to Collectors of

Customs, as to the rate of discount to be

allowed on American invoices, which is to be

calculated with the price of gold as repre-

sented by Exchange at a rate equal thereto.

Such notices to appear every Saturday in the

Canada Gazette.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.

OTTAWA, June 1, 1867.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice

is hereby given that the authorized dis-

count is declared to be this day 23 per cent,

which percentage of deduction is to be con-

tinued until next Weekly Notice, and apply

to all purchases made in the United States

during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,

Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

QUEBEN INSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL, . . . \$10,000,000.

FIRE AND LIFE.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THE principles on which this Company is

founded contain all the elements required

FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.

LOUIS ROENIGK.

MANUFACTURER, and Wholesale and

Retail Dealer in all kinds of Furniture

near the Upper Bridge, Belleville.

He would call to the particular attention of

the Trade, Hotel Keepers, and Families fur-

nishing, to his present Stock, which is the

largest, most varied, and best ever shown in

Belleville, and which will be sold at prices as

low as any establishment in Canada.

Sofas and Couches of all patterns, Tables

of all kinds, Chairs of every description,

Bedsteads, Mattresses, &c., always on hand.

THE UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT

is complete, and all orders promptly attended to.

UNDER TAKING

all its branches.

Dealers, Hotel Keepers, and the Public

generally, are requested to call and examine

Stock and Prices, before they make their

purchases.

LOUIS ROENIGK.

Belleville, April, 1867. 1D-4f

The Upper Cabin Steamer

"EMPRESS,"

McNAMARA, MASTER.

Will leave Trenton for Montreal every

FRIDAY, at SIX o'clock A.M., and

McIntosh's Wharf, Belleville, at TEN, call-

ing at all ports on the Bay of Quinte and River

St. Lawrence.

RETURNING,

Will leave Montreal every TUESDAY

at ONE o'clock, for the above places, calling at

Ogdensburg and all intermediate ports.

This steamer has an Upper Deck Saloon,

and every accommodation for passengers, who

will find her safe, and the swiftest and most

comfortable boat on the route.

For freight and passenger tickets apply to

Capt. J. Mcintosh, Belleville, at the office of

Read & McIntosh, next door to Fanning's

Hotel.

C. C. McFALL,

55 & 56 Common St., Montreal.

May 14. 1D-3m

MAITLAND FISHER.

TEA AND GENERAL BROKER.

OFFICE: Corner of St. James and St. Nicholas

Streets, Montreal.

Representatives: Robertson & Beattie, Robert Nichol,

San Francisco, and J. H. BROWN.

Kirkwood, Livingston & Co.,

Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Lard,

Leather, &c.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

St. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

PREMISES—Large, cool, dry and central, with

every facility for handling provisions to ad-

vantage.

ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts

authorized against shipments to our care for

sale here or consigned to our friends in Great

Britain or the Lower Provinces. 35-40-40-40

KENNEDY & WILLIAMS,

Opposite American Hotel,

MADOC, C. W.

WHOLESALE and Re-

tail Grocers and Pro-

vision Merchants, on a

way opposite Hotel,

Shops, &c., with the

best quality of Flour, Beans,

Peas, Lentils, &c., and

Shops, &c., with the

best quality of Flour, Beans,

Peas, Lentils, &c., and

Shops, &c., with the

best quality of Flour, Beans,

Peas, Lentils, &c., and

Shops, &c., with the

best quality of Flour, Beans,

Peas, Lentils, &c., and

Shops, &c., with the

best quality of Flour, Beans,

Peas, Lentils, &c., and

Shops, &c., with the

SYNOPSIS

GOLD MINING ACT OF 1864.

27 and 38 Vic. Chap. 9. and the

Gold Mining Amendment Act 1865,

20 Vic. Chap. 9.

THE Gold Mining Act of 1864 provides that Govern-

ment may appoint Officers for Divisions.

Two Divisions erected in Lower Canada:—Chaudiere

Gold Mining Division, Richard Pope, Esq., Gold Min-

ing Inspector, in France de la Riviere, and St. Fran-

co Gold Mining Division, J. K. Gilmour, Esq., Gold

Mining Inspector, St. Lawrence, 16th July, 1864, extended

20th July, 1864 and 22nd Sept., 1865.

One Division erected in Upper Canada by Proclama-

tion 21st March, 1867:—Quinte Gold Mining Division,

constituting the Townships of Barrie, Clarendon, Fair-

bank, Miller and North and South Canoe, in the County of

Renfrew, situated north of the Townships of Miller and

Canoe, the Townships of Addington, Hastings, and

the Townships of the County of Hastings, situated north

of the Townships of Hastings and Renfrew, the Townships of

Belmont, and the Township of Belmont, and the Township of

Belmont, Alfred Arty Campbell, Esq., of Belleville

Inspector.

No person to mine without a license.

Crown Lands Gold Licensees may stake out and work

claim on unoccupied Crown Lands as follows:

ALLUVIAL MINES.

On a river or large creek, 20 feet front by 50 feet from the

water's edge. On small creeks, 40 feet from the

water's edge. In gulches, 60 feet along water, and from hill

to hill. On surface or old road, 40 feet square. In case of

alluvial mines, the miner first obtaining consent of the

owner, is determined by the nature of the claim.

QUARTZ MINES.

To each placer, 100 feet along bed by 100 on each side

from the centre of the bed, or 200 feet along bed, 50 feet

along bed for every additional placer, but not to extend

beyond the surface by line vertical to the bed.

Claims to be leased by the officer, and to be laid out in

quadrilateral and rectangular shapes, horizontal, and

bounded under the surface by line vertical to the bed.

Crown Lands Licensees to work continuously and return

license.

No person to occupy more than one claim on Crown

Lands at one time.

Parties entitled to free license for one year in

manipulation provided by Act.

Parties will be left between claims on Crown Lands,

moving party will be bound to furnish a new mode of

access to work

Daily Intelligence.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINE ESSENTIAL LIBERTY IN THINE NOT ESSENTIAL-CHARITY IN ALL

Vol. 1.

BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, MONDAY EVENING, AUGUST 19, 1897.

No. 62.

Belleville Business Directory.

Diamond & Dickson.
BARRISTERS AND ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Solicitors in Chancery, &c., &c.
Office—Nelson's Hall, Front Street, Belleville.
A. DIAMOND GEO. D. DICKSON.
1D-WF

Mactellan & Mactellan.
SOLICITORS in Chancery and Insolvency,
Attorneys-at-Law, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
Office—Over Orelli's Store, Front Street,
Belleville. 1D-WF

A. H. Douglass.
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner
of Front and Main Streets, Belleville.
Office over Orelli's Book Store, and opposite
"The Intelligence" Office, Front Street.
1D-WF

Robertson & Stewart.
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors
in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers,
&c., &c. Office—Ground floor east of the
Express Office, Bridge Street.
ALEX. ROBERTSON, D. E. K. STEWART.
1D-WF

Ross, Bell & Holden.
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner
of Bridge and Main Streets, Belleville.
HON. JNO. ROSS, JOHN BELL, THOS. HOLDEN.
1D-WF

Piccinetti & Kelso.
IMPORTERS and Wholesale Grocers, Wine
and Spirit Merchants, Commercial Build-
ings, Front Street, Belleville. 1D-WF

Legate & Price.
BAKERS, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Man-
ufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries,
No. 178, Front Street, Belleville. All or-
ders promptly attended to. 1D-WF

Geo. H. Haymes.
HATTER and Furrier, Front Street, Belle-
ville. Highest prices paid for raw fur-
nishes. 1D-WF

McCord & Carr.
ENGINEERS, PROVINCIAL LAND SUR-
veyors, Architects, Draughtsmen and Patent
Solicitors, 183 1/2 Front Street, Belleville.
W. MCCORD, GAVILIN, KENNEDY & CO.,
Masco. 1D-WF

Forrest & Loxe.
ROYAL Photograph Gallery, Leslie's New
Building, opposite Anglo-American
Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 3D-4

T. Lockerty.
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds of
Saddles, and Saddlery and Harness, No. 178
Front Street, Belleville. None but the best
quality of leather used. 1D-WF

Ponton, Falkner & Denmark.
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law,
Front Street, Belleville. 1D-WF

Robert P. Jelliff.
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors
in Chancery, &c., &c. Office—Dalton Buildings, corner
of Front and Bridge Streets, Belleville. 1D-WF

Angus McFee.
WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, Front St.,
Belleville. A large stock of Clocks,
Watches, jewelry and Silver always on
hand. Repairs done at short notice and on
reasonable terms. 1D-WF

John Wilson.
BAKER and Confectioner, wholesale and
retail, at the old stand, Front Street,
Belleville. Will find his stock the best and cheap-
est in the country. All orders promptly filled.
1D-WF

J. W. Brown.
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, Front St.,
Belleville, opposite Fanning's Hotel.
Garments made to measure and warranted to
fit. 1D-WF

Geo. Gibson.
MANUFACTURER and dealer in Boots and
Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A select
assortment of ladies', men's and children's
boots and shoes constantly on hand and made
to order. All work warranted. 1D-WF

J. C. Vapour.
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, opposite
Fanning's Hotel, Front Street, Belle-
ville. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing
always on hand. Garments made to measure
and warranted to fit. 1D-WF

To Gold Miners.
YOU will find a variety of mining tools at
the subscriber's shop. Drills and picks
made of the best refined cast steel. Solid
picks, Sweden Iron Axes and Prospect-
ing Picks, cast steel point. All warranted
and cheap. Any other article in Canada.
Shop under the Upper Bridge, Front
Street, Belleville. WM. POWELL. 1D-WF

McKeown & Robertson.
MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and
Retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front
Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large,
well assorted and the best material, and is
sold at unusually low prices for cash. They
are extensive manufacturers, and, being prac-
tically workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction.
All orders executed promptly and all work
warranted. Returnable to the place opposite
Burgess & Balch's Brewery, Front Street, Belle-
ville. 1D-WF

NEW DISCOVERY.
Bullen & Gibson's
LIVERY.
Office—Bullen's Store, 70 Front St., Belleville.

FIRST CLASS HORSE. New Buggies and
Carriages of the latest styles always
on hand. Turnouts for the Ladies. Old
horses at reasonable rates.
—Burgess & Balch. ORO. GIBSON.
70-72

Montreal Business Directory.

NEW YORK BRANCH
DYE WORKS.
BY
G. LAMPE.
224 Notre Dame Street, opposite Crystal Block,
MONTREAL.
Garments dyed, secured and repaired within twenty-
four hours. Old made new. 1D-WF

PHILIP HENRY.
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
TOBACCO, SNUFFS, CIGARS & PIPES.
Notre Dame Street, Montreal. 1D-WF

J. A. HARTE.
GLASGOW DRUG HALL.
Notre Dame Street, Montreal.
Manufacture of the celebrated Concentrated Lye.
1D-WF

MURRAY & Co.
STATIONERS' HALL.
Corner of Notre Dame and St. John Streets, Montreal.
Importers of English Stationery, Blank Book Manu-
facturers, &c., &c., Wholesale and Retail. 1D-WF

THOMPSON, MURRAY & Co.
IMPORTERS OF
Teas, Wines, Liquors & Groceries,
40 St. Sacrament Street, Montreal.
Agents for J. Denie, Henry Monie & Co., Cognac;
Wolfe, Schlenker, Schuchman. 1D-WF

EDWARD NIELD & Co.
IMPORTERS OF
Gentlemen's Haberdashery.
No. 228 St. Paul Street, opposite Abbots Hotel, Mon-
treal. 1D-WF

PEAVEY & FAVOR.
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries,
Provisions, &c., &c.
No. 344 Notre Dame Street, (third door West St.
Francis Xavier Street), Montreal.
Depot for supplies of Trade Water. 1D-WF

A. BOOKER.
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant.
Office and Sale Rooms, 615 1/2 New Building, Notre
Dame Street, Montreal. 1D-WF

SENCIBLE, JACK & Co.
Wholesale Grocers & Commission Merchants,
Importers of East and West India Produce, Medicines,
(retail Goods, &c.) 417 1/2 Front Street, Montreal.
1D-WF

GEORGE CHILDS & Co.
IMPORTERS,
Wholesale Grocers,
29 & 31 St. Francis Xavier Street, Montreal.
Order by letter from Country Merchants not
difficult to convenient to visit Montreal will receive
prompt attention and goods sent in stock will be par-
celled and charged as lowest market prices. 1D-WF

ST. LAWRENCE HALL.
H. A. MOSE, PROPRIETOR.
Great St. James Street, Montreal. 1D-WF

DAVE, CLARKE & CLAYTON.
WINE, SPIRITS
And Commission Merchants,
212 St. Paul Street, opposite St. Sacrament Street,
MONTREAL. 1D-WF

S. DAVIS.
MANUFACTURER OF
HAVANA SEGARS,
Suite No. 16, 100 St. James Street, Montreal.
Sole Importer of the Havana "Widow" and "Cubito"
brands of Segars. 1D-WF

J. V. MORGAN.
Commission Merchant.
Imports in order of all kinds of English and French
Goods. 1D-WF

C. O. SNOWDON & Co.
IMPORTERS OF
British, American, and German
Suits and Heavy Hardware,
454 & 456 St. Paul Street, corner of St. Nicholas St.,
MONTREAL. 1D-WF

M. GUTMAN & Co.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Hoop Skirts and Skirt Materials,
25 Lennox Street, Montreal.
Wire Wares, 307 Fortification Road. 1D-WF

DR. NELSON EDWARDS.
SURGEON DENTIST.
304 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.
Third floor East of March Church. 1D-WF

KING & KINLOCH.
IMPORTERS,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
Corner St. Peter and St. Sacrament Streets, Montreal.
1D-WF

GAUTHIER & MANDEL.
MERCHANTS TAILORS.
307 NOTRE DAME STREET,
5th floor West of St. Francis Xavier Street,
MONTREAL. 1D-WF

Montreal Business Directory.

W. A. LITTLE.
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,
228 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal.
Maps, Plans, Circulars, Cards, Invitations, Headings,
Bills of Lading, Blank Checks, Notes, Drafts,
Bills of Exchange, Diplomas, Ornamental Business
Cards, any number of colors. Estimates, Drawings,
Specifications, Alarms, &c., executed at the shortest
notice, consistent with good work, on the most reason-
able terms. 1D-WF

de B. MACDONALD & Co.
MANUFACTURERS OF
HOOP SKIRTS, AND IMPORTERS OF
Men's and Women's Straw, Felt, and
Fancy Woolen Goods, Wholesale.
W. S. GOODHUGH & Co.,
IMPORTERS OF
English and Foreign Leather,
31 St. Peter Street, Montreal. 1D-WF

A. ROBERTSON & Co.
Manufacturers and Importers of
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Mantles, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Hosiery,
Gloves, Haberdashery, Small Ware, Cloths, Cus-
toms (Woolens), Flannels and Knives, Lenses, Buttons,
Fringes, Stuffs, Dress Goods, &c., &c.
470 St. Paul Street & 392 Commissioners St.,
MONTREAL.
Auburn Woolen Mills, Peterboro', C. W. 1D-WF

Frothingham & Workman.
MONTREAL.
IMPORTERS, Manufacturers, and Wholesale
Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hard-
ware. Warehouses and offices 995 to 997, St. Paul St.
Manufacturers of all kinds of Mining Tools, and
have constantly on hand a large stock of
Powder, Patent Safety Lamps, Drill-Steel, &c.
May 1st. 1D-WF

J. C. FRANCK.
Under the name, style and firm of
J. C. FRANCK & Co.
IMPORTERS and Wholesale Dealers in
Groceries, Wines, Spirits, Cigars, &c., &c.
25 Hospital Street, Montreal. 1D-WF

H. GRANT.
Watch and Clock Maker,
302 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.
Repairs and alterations in watches, manufactured
from gold entrusted to his care, under his own super-
vision. 1D-WF

JOSEPH KIRKUP.
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes.
No. 329 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 1D-WF

BURROWS & Co.
Commission Merchants,
and Wholesale Dealers in
Brandy, Wines, Segars, Tobacco, &c., &c.
418 St. Paul St., Montreal. 1D-WF

IVES & ALLEN.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Hardware, Stoves, Ranges, &c., &c.
Cut Iron Plaster and FRONTS for BUILDINGS.
114 to 122 Queen St., Montreal. 1D-WF

Place d'Armes Drug Store.
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal.
This select assortment of Toilette articles, he City's request,
to supply the stock of English Toilet Articles,
which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed.
K. MUIE.
Chemist and Druggist,
Place d'Armes, Montreal. 1D-WF

W. C. McDONALD.
Manufacturer of Fine Tobaccos.
Office—340 Notre Dame St., (corner—138) St. Paul St.,
MONTREAL. 1D-WF

Established 1820.
J. W. HILTON.
CABINET MAKERS & UPHOLSTERERS
(CARPENTERS and JOINERS, Importers and Sellers of
all kinds of Oak Manufacturers of Looking Glasses,
All Importers of Miscellaneous, Damascus, Lacquer, Chinese
and Upholsterers' Goods generally.
No. 61, GREAT ST. JAMES STREET. 3D-WF

Established 1861.
JOHN F. McGUIRE.
Shipping and General Agent,
Office—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Hospital, and
61 General Street, (opposite) St. Paul Street.
MONTREAL. 1D-WF

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.
60 GORE STREET, MONTREAL.
HAVE FOR SALE—
BOLTON'S TOBACCO, DRAIN PIPES,
GALVANIZED IRON, ROYAL CORNERS,
Water Pipes, Portland Cement,
Horse Nails, Putty and Putty,
Fire Bricks, Portland Cement,
Blue Clay, Glass Tiles,
Chimney Tiles, &c.
Manufacturers of AMERICAN SOAP, CHAIR,
and BED SPRINGS. 1D-WF

THOS. HOBSON & Co.
Produce Commission Merchants,
MONTREAL.
I hereby advise you on consignment to come
to Montreal, or for shipment to your consignee in Great Britain
and Ireland. 1D-WF

MULHOLLAND & BAKER.
IRON, STEEL and GENERAL HARDWARE
MONTREAL.
419 and 421 St. Paul Street.
Yard Entrance, St. Francis Xavier Street. 1D-WF

Dreadful Earthquake in Java.

three Hundred Lives Lost.

The correspondent of the *Pall Mall Gazette* at the Hague sends the following:
"We have just received the Java papers of the 14th June, giving all particulars of the dreadful earthquake which occurred in the island on the morning of the 10th June. It was very destructive in the districts of Cheribon, Pakalongan, Bandung, Bagelen, Samarang, Djokjokarta, and Sourakarta. The greater part of the indigo and sugar plantations, private houses, and military establishments are destroyed at Djokjokarta, but in the other districts the damage was not so extensive. The losses, however, are incalculable. The sugar crop, which had just been brought into the bams, is totally lost. A large number of Europeans and natives perished—the reports are as many as 300. It was feared also that other parts of Java might be visited by earthquakes; even at Batavia shocks were felt on the day the mail started. The accounts of the disaster in Java are most distressing. In some districts the whole stock of buffaloes has died out, and great destitution and misery prevail; indeed, the general effect of the news brought by this mail is very painful.

COLONIAL HONORS.—Referring to the conferring of the Order of the Bath upon Mr. Macdonald and his *compromises*, the *London Times* says:—"The red ribbon was never put to a more appropriate use. We have long contended that the subjects of the Queen in the colonies should not be excluded from any honor open to a citizen of the United Kingdom. The fact has now been broken, and we trust the good example set by the present government will not be forgotten by its successors. Policy and equity alike sanction the step. Her Majesty has been advised to take; and if the distinction is so coveted by the recipient, with a large-minded prudence, a new tie will bind the colonies to the mother country. Our brethren, far from home do not want new-fangled orders invented for them and them alone; they naturally desire to share the distinction associated with British history and Imperial fame. Existence on this head should have an end, and we do not despair of seeing the names of illustrious colonists on the splendid roll of the Knights of the Garter."

DESIGNING MEN.—Architects.
AFFECTIONATE THINGS.—When everything is as dear as it can be.

What fruit does a pretty married couple most resemble? A green pear!
"I say Jim, what mechanical work did you do first?" "Why, cut teeth, of course!"

Female gymnastics—Jumping at an offer.
A young girl once blew her lover out of doors, and kissed the candle.

It has been ascertained that the man who hung on to the last, was a shoemaker.
To have a tart for tea, let your wife see you kiss the waiting maid.

Teeth are stopped with gold, and tongues may be so likewise.
When does a cow become landed property?—when turned into a field.

The man who couldn't trust his feelings, is supposed to do business strictly on the cash principle.

A young woman in Chicago, who had lost her speech by a severe cold, had twenty offers of marriage in one week.

Who first introduced salt pork into the navy? Noah, when he took Ham into the ark.

Reader did you ever enjoy the ecstatic bliss of courting? You didn't? Then you had better get a little gal-an-try.

A man wrote a note requesting a loan of a novel paper "to read about his friend's marriage."

INCOMES OF NEW YORK EDITORS AND PUBLISHERS.—By the following published incomes it will be seen that the editorial and publishing fraternity are getting along very comfortably: Horace Greeley, Tribune, \$87,000; H. J. Raymond, Times, \$45,000; Erasmus B. French, \$38,000; W. H. C. Bryant, Post, \$31,000; C. Nordhoff, Post, \$21,000; Thurlow Weed, Commercial, \$22,000; Robert Bonner, \$20,000; Frank Leslie, \$16,000; John R. Young, Tribune, \$23,700; Wm. Swinton, \$18,000; Moses Beach, Post, \$17,000; Wm. C. Price, Journal of Commerce, \$30,000; James Gordon Bennett, Jun., \$7,500; John D. Stockton, \$18,000; G. Smally, Tribune, \$9,000; Theo. Tilton, Independent, \$10,000; W. H. C. Bryant, \$3,000; A. Daily, \$10,000; Kane, Tribune, \$2,000; James McNeill, E. J. 400; Benjamin Wood, \$48,000; E. J. Ottaway, Times, \$19,000; C. E. Dwyer, \$30,000; Frank Wool, \$21,000; G. A. Town, \$11,717; G. Halpine, Citizens, \$61,000; Manton Marble, World, \$18,900; C. A. Dana, \$79,000; C. H. Swenson, Evening Gazette, \$8,700; Fletcher Harper, \$207,000; Thos. Nast, \$27,000; G. W. Curtis, \$14,000. It will be seen that the largest is that of Mr. Harper, of Harper Brothers, and the smallest, Mr. Swenson of the Gazette.

North Hastings.

To the Editor of the Daily Intelligence.
Sir—Allow me through your paper to propose a few queries to the electors of North Hastings.

If the statement made by Mr. T. C. Wallbridge in 1885, "that he did not back Mr. Flint's Railroad Bill," is true, what the statement is termed "that he did not back the Bill," made by him in August, 1887?

If the statement made by Mr. T. C. W., in 1884, "that he could get capitalists to build the Railroad, and that he had motioned men ready to take hold of the scheme, without Government aid, so soon as a charter was secured," is true, what is the statement to be termed, made by him in August, 1887, "that not a man could be found fool enough to undertake such a work without Government aid?"

If Mr. T. C. W.'s statement of 1885 is true, that "Mr. Flint was to blame, by his own carelessness, for the defeat of the Railway Bill," how can he (W.) take credit in 1887 as an honest man for defeating it, and claimed to have done so for the purpose of preventing taxation?

If the municipalities cannot be taxed to build railways except by a direct vote of the people, what should Mr. T. C. W.'s statement be characterized when he says, "I defeated Mr. Flint's Bill to prevent his taxing you, (the electors), which he was bound to do if his Bill was passed?" If Mr. T. C. W. states what is true when he says to one elector, "I am a Conservative," what is the statement to be called when he says to another, "I am a Reformer?"

In ordinary parlance among ordinary mortals, men who would be so careless of their statements would be called traitors; how it is to be taken when applied to the Wallbridge family I leave for you to decide.

If Made for Bowell 150 majority, Elzevir 120, Marmora 75, and Tudor 30, how many majority will it take in Rawdon and Huntington to send T. C. W. to Ottawa to defend R. B. Hill?

If Rawdon gives T. C. W. a majority of 30, and Huntington gives a majority for Bowell, how many majority will Made for Bowell, in order to convince Wallbridge that his services are not wanted in North Hastings? I remain, yours,
AN ELECTOR.

Huntingdon, Aug. 17, 1897.

Albany Lumber Market.

REVIEW FOR THE WEEK ENDING AUG. 19.

The week which has just closed has been the most active one of the present season. The demand has been large and has been largely met. The tone of the market, for all descriptions of lumber, is better, with less doing at our lumber quotations. The large attendance of buyers adds strength to the opinion expressed last week that the lowest rates of the season have been reached.

Notwithstanding the large receipts, there does not appear to be any general accumulation of stock.

The assortment continues good, though at some yards the stocks of the better kinds of Pine and Common Board are low.

The stock of lumber at Chicago on the 10th August is placed at \$14,000,000, an increase of 10,000,000 over the 1st of July.

We renew our quotations of last week:

Pine, 1" thick, common, M	\$45 00	00
Pine, 1" thick, select, M	45 00	00
Pine, 1 1/2" thick, select, M	45 00	00
Spruce, boards, each	45 00	00
Spruce, planks, 1 1/2" thick	45 00	00
Walrus, wall studs, 1 1/2"	45 00	00
Hemlock, boards, each	45 00	00
Hemlock, planks, each	45 00	00
Hemlock, wall studs, each	45 00	00
Hemlock, wall studs, 2 1/2"	45 00	00
Walrus, 2 1/2" thick, quality, M	45 00	00
Walrus, 2 1/2" thick, quality, M	45 00	00
Walrus, 1 1/2" thick, M	45 00	00
Walrus, 1 1/2" thick, M	45 00	00
White Wood, clear planks, per-	45 00	00
centage, 1 1/2" thick, M	45 00	00
White Wood, 1 1/2" thick, M	45 00	00
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BOOTS & SHOES
In the same proportion

all last week, while the American excursion steamer *Quaker City* lay at Leghorn a government gunboat was anchored close by her and a

residents were other than Garibaldian conspirators. When any of the excursionists returned to the ship at night, they were followed by the police boats. The excursionists were to be closely watched at Rome.

New York, August 20.—The Times' Washington special says the President has been told to grant a positive order relieving General Sheridan.

New York, August 20.—The steamers "Scottie" and "Fulton," from Liverpool and Havre, have arrived.

Editorial Summary.

—One man boasts in Indiana that he gets a new wife and a new divorce every quarter.

—The New York World says: Signs of a Fenian co-operation with the Devil party in Montreal West are evident every day.

—Mario Kusler, a French Canadian woman, died at Brampton at the age of 114, having been born while Canada was still a French colony.

—For a Cough or Cold, nothing is better than Perry Davis' Pain Killer. It relieves one instantly.

—A whaler has just returned to New Bedford, after a thirty two months' cruise in the Pacific and Arctic oceans, without having lost a single man of the crew.

—It is now definitely arranged that Mlle. Titiens will proceed to St. Petersburg, where she is engaged to sing during the coming winter, with a salary of 30,000 francs per month.

—George Ingraham, a day-laborer of Boston, has recently fallen heir, with nineteen others of the family, to an estate in England worth \$1,100,000. His share will be \$50,000.

—The hot weather in St. Louis reached a climax last week. For some days the thermometer was close to one hundred degrees in the shade. Thirty-three children died last Friday.

—It is officially announced that the Prussian Government intend to extend the telegraphic system to every town with a population of 1500. The extension will first commence in the "province" of Saxony.

Formerly, when negroes voted in New Jersey, a candidate sent to an old negro preacher two barrels of nice potatoes. —Next meeting day he exhorted his hearers on the duty of voting, and the difference between whigs and democrats. He told the story of the receipt of the potatoes, and added: "My brethren, some tell you to vote for the whigs, some tell you to vote for the democrats; but I tell you to vote where you get the potatoes!"

A MUNICIPAL CHURCHMAN.—A gentleman whose name has not been known even to the authorities has contributed \$5,000 to the Bishop of London's Fund for the purpose of promoting the erection of a new church at Kensington, the district around which is rapidly increasing in population. The Ecclesiastical Commissioners have determined on liberally meeting the gift, and the arrangements for the new church and district will be completed without delay.

COMMERCIAL.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS

Intelligencer Office,
Belleville, August 20, 1887.

RYING WHEAT—\$1.00 to \$1.35	
BARLEY—50c	
RYE—Millers are paying 70c	
OATS—For local consumption, at 45c	
FEA—50c	
BUCKWHEAT—50c	
BEAN—\$1.00 to \$1.50	
PEAS—\$1.00 to \$1.50	
MILK—50c to 60c per pound	
BUTTER—10c to 15c	
EGGS—10c to 15c	
HIDE—\$8.00 to 10c	
SHEEP—\$1.00 to \$1.50	
BEARINGS—30c. Lamb's head 50c.	
CALF—10c	
DEAR—delivered to 40c to 50c	
Wool—50c	
POTATOES—40c to 50c	
APPLES—\$1.00 to \$1.25	
PEARS—\$1.00 to \$1.25	
CHERRIES—10c to 15c	
CORN—40c to 50c	
WHEAT—No 1, \$1.00 to \$1.50	
POTATOES—40c to 50c	

MONTREAL MARKETS

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER
From KIRKWOOD, Livingston & Co.

Montreal, August 20, 1887.

P. M.

Flour—Superior Extra..... 5.75 to 9.00

Extra..... 5.50 to 8.50

Barley—Per 49 lbs..... 60 to 65

Butter—Daily..... 12 to 13

Store Packed..... 12 to 13

Acres—Pots..... 7.50 to 7.75

Pears..... 9.00 to 9.50

For—Milk..... 20.00 to 20.50

Prime Mss..... 15.00 to 15.75

Prime..... 14.50 to 15.00

None..... 90 to 100

DEARER HOOD..... 5.00 to 5.25

FEA..... 50 to 55

RYE FLOUR..... 5.00 to 5.25

No change in any department. Market generally inactive and prices nominal.

Imports and Exports.

PER GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

August 20

IMPORTS.—1 car merchandise.

EXPORTS.—3 cars merchandise.

PORT OF BELLEVILLE.

August 20.

ARRIVALS.

Str. Bay of Quinte, Kingston, general cargo.

Str. John Greaway, Picton, do do

Str. Alert, Oswego, light

Str. Sarah, Chatham, do do

Str. Sarah, Oswego, barge in tow

Str. Oswego, Oswego, barge in tow

DEPARTURES.

Str. Bay of Quinte, Kingston, general cargo.

Str. John Greaway, Picton, do do

Str. Oswego, Oswego, 3,380 saw logs.

—William Thompson, the section hand on the Pacific Railroad, who was caught and left for dead on the plains, was brought to Omaha on Thursday, and is doing well. He was wounded through the arm and side. The Indians took his scalp about four inches in length. By some oversight they left it lying by Thompson's side. It brought him with him, and it will be replaced by the doctors.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, August 20.

Cotton quiet at 28 1/2c.

Flour—Old firm, with a moderate demand.

New unbleached; receipts 14,300 bbls. Super 8 1/2c

bbls at \$8 35 for superior State and Western;

\$9 10 to \$11 50 for common to choice extra

State; \$9 10 to \$13 50 for com. to choice extra

western.

Wheat—Four firm at \$7 25 to \$9 50.

Wheat quiet and firm; receipts 23,181 bush;

sales 15,000 bushels, at \$2 31 1/2 to \$3 35 for amber

Southern; \$2 55 for white Michigan, and \$2 42

for seed amber Genesee.

Rye 2c to 3c better.

Corn—Quiet and firm; receipts 9,777 bushels;

\$1 10 to \$1 13 1/2 for new mixed Western

soft; \$1 00 to \$1 12 for unsoft; \$1 16

for white soft corn.

Barley quiet.

Oats heavy and lower; receipts 53,700 bush; sales

10,000 bushels, at \$1 22 1/2 to \$1 25 for old Western;

\$1 20 to \$1 25 for new State; 80c for new Georgia.

Pork—Firm at \$15 to \$20.

Lard—Firm, at 12 1/2 to 13 1/2c.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

New York, August 20.

Stocks dull.

Sterling Exchange 9 1/2c

Gold 141 1/2

The Fed's financial article says the loan market

is still over supplied. Stocks dull and

drooping. Governments hardly sustained with

light demand.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KIL-

LER.—We ask the attention of the public

to this long tested and unrivalled Family Medicine.

It has been favorably known for more than thirty years

through which time we have received thousands of testi-

monials, showing the medicine to be an almost never-

failing remedy for diseases caused by, or attended by, cold.

Sudden Colds, Coughs, Fever, and Ague, Headache,

Biliousness, Pains in the Side, Back and Loins, as

well as in the Joints and Limbs, Numbness and Rheu-

matic Pains in any part of the system, Toothache and

Pains in the Head and Face.

It is a Blood Purifier and Tonic for the Stomach. It sel-

doms to cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver Com-

plaints, Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Kidney Complaints,

Stomachic, Piles, Asthma, Phthisis, Ringworms,

Boils, Felons, Whitlows, Old Sores, Swelled Joints and

General Debility of the System.

It is also a prompt and sure Remedy for Cramp and

Pain in the Stomach, Painters' Colic, Diarrhoea, Dysen-

tery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera In-

fantum, Scalds, Burns, Sprains, Bruises, Frost Bites,

Stomachic, as well as the Stings of Insects, Scorpions,

Centaureds, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Ven-

omous Reptiles.

See Directions accompanying each bottle.

It has been tested in every variety of climate and by

almost every nation known to Americans. It is the al-

most constant companion and inestimable friend of the

Ministry and the Traveller, on sea and land and no one

should travel on our lakes and rivers without it.

Prices, 16 cts., 25 cts., 50 cts., per Bottle.

PREPARED BY DR. J. C. RAY, Manufacturer and Propri-

etor, 380 St. Paul Street, Montreal, C.

April 30th 1887.

STRAYED.

CAME into the premises of the subscriber, on or about the first day of July, 1887, a small Bull. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

SAMUEL DANFORD,

Lot 12, 1st Con. Thurlow, Aug. 19. 92nd St.

EAST RIDING ELECTION.

Prosperity to Agriculture, Ships, Trade and Commerce.

Success and Extension to our New Dominion.

We'll Rally around the Old Flag.

H. CORBY

Will hold meetings to explain past and future to the Electors, and respectfully solicits them to meet him at the following places:

TYENDINGAGA.

Shannonville—Friday, August 19, at 5 o'clock p.m.

Marysville School House—Tuesday, August 27, at 4 o'clock p.m.

Lonsdale—Tuesday, August 27, at 7 p.m.

Napier's Tavern—Wednesday, August 28, at 7 p.m.

Mowat's School House—Thursday, August 29, at 7 p.m.

Mill Point—Friday, August 30, at 4 p.m.

THURLOW AND HUNGERFORD

Thrasher's Corners—At 4 p.m. on Saturday, the 17th August.

Canifton—Saturday, 17th August, at 8 p.m.

Rollin—Monday, 19th August, at 4 p.m.

Thomasburgh—Monday, 19th August, at 7 p.m.

Archibald's Tavern—Tuesday, August 20, at 2 p.m.

Thomas Henry's Tavern—Tuesday, August 20, at 7 p.m.

Allen's School House—Wednesday, August 21, at 2 p.m.

Lack's School House—Wednesday, August 21, at 7 p.m.

Plainfield—Thursday, August 22, at 2 p.m.

School House near John and Robert Ham-

ilton—Thursday, August 23, at 7 p.m.

Time will not permit, or Mr. Corby would gladly avail himself of an opportunity of meeting all the Electors of the East Riding.

Belleville, 14th August, 1887.

God Save the Queen.

ARE YOU INSURED?

THE WESTERN, of Toronto, Fire and Marine Assurance Company, are prepared to effect risks in both branches, through their Agent, A. WEBSTER, on the most reasonable terms.

All claims promptly settled.

Office—In Chambers & Webster's Drug Store.

Belleville, June 31, 1887. 48B 19W1Y

India & China Tea Company.

HOME DEPOTS—London and Liverpool.

CANADA DEPOT—33 Hospital Street, Mon. renl.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavor, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz., 70 cts. or \$1.00 per lb., either Black, Green or Mixed.

Fine Household Tea, combining strength and flavor, 70 cts per lb. Finest procurable, \$1.00.

Protected by Trade Mark.

Sole agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall.

ROBERT BARKER, Agent, Brighton. T. W. BARKER, Agent, Trenton.

August 18th, 1887. D69-ly w27-ly

ALBERT COLLEGE

Belleville Ladies' College!

WILL RE-OPEN

THURSDAY, SEPT. 12,

AT 2 P. M.

Steward wanted for Boarding Hall.

For Terms apply to A. CARMAN,

President.

Belleville, August 2, 1887. D75-4w

ALLSOP'S ALE,

Guinness' Stout,

Blood's Porter!!

IMPORTED AND FOR SALE AT

HAMBLY'S.

Geo. C. Holton & Co.

25 Hospital St., MONTREAL.

OFFER for sale a COMPLETE and WELL ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines, at as LOW figures and

ON AS GOOD TERMS as any house in the City, and solicit the patronage of their old friends and the Trade generally.

July 27, 1887. J. C. FRANK & Co. 74d.

DRY GOODS

AND

GROGERIES.

1d-6m

SELLING OFF.

ON AND AFTER THE

20th Instant.

GARRATT & CO.

Will clear out the balance of their

Dress Goods, Shawls, Muslins,

STRAW GOODS, STRAW TRIMMING,

AND

Other Seasonable Goods,

AT COST.

GARRATT & CO.

Belleville, July 13. D65-1m w22-2t

See Directions accompanying each bottle.

It has been tested in every variety of climate and by almost every nation known to Americans. It is the almost constant companion and inestimable friend of the Ministry and the Traveller, on sea and land and no one should travel on our lakes and rivers without it.

Prices, 16 cts., 25 cts., 50 cts., per Bottle.

PREPARED BY DR. J. C. RAY, Manufacturer and Propri-

etor, 380 St. Paul Street, Montreal, C.

April 30th 1887.

Delightful Beverage

IN HOT WEATHER.

PENNER'S

CHAMPAGNE CIDER!

IN

WOOD AND BOTTLES

AT THE

CORNER STORE.

A. FLETCHER & Co.

74d-m.

For Sale or to Let,

THE premises occupied by Edward Evans, Esq., Yonkersville, West Belleville.

This property comprises two acres, and is one of the most desirable private residences in the Town of Belleville.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL

No. 24

**The Massacre at Plum Creek—
A Thrilling Narrative.**

A correspondent of *The Missouri Democrat*

rat, writing from Omaha on the 8th inst. says that the remains of Engineer Brooke Bowers and Fireman George Henshaw have just arrived. On the same train was a man named William Thompson, a native

the telegraph repairers reported killed. He attracted a great deal of attention from the very extraordinary fact that the government for the head which nature had so kindly

endowed him with was absent. People flocked from all parts to view the ghastly baldness, which had come upon him so suddenly, without any premonitory symptoms. The poor fellow suffered

horribly, if we might judge by his facial contortions. He seemed weak from loss of blood. He had received a gaping wound in the neck, and a bullet in the muscle of his right arm. He was taken to the

Hamilton House, and a physician was sent for, who attended to his wounds. In a part of water was his scalp, about nine inches in length and four in width, somewhat resembling a drowned rat, as it floated, curled up

"About 9 o'clock Tuesday night, myself and five others left Blue Creek station

started up the track on a hand car to hunt up where the break in the telegraph was. When we came to where the break proved to be, we saw a lot of ties piled upon the track, but at the same moment, X did

jumped up from the grass all around and fired on us. We fired two or three shots in return; and then, as the Indians pressed on us, we ran away. An Indian on a pony

After coming to within ten feet of me he fired, the ball entering my left arm; seeing me still run, he 'clubbed his rifle' and knocked me down. He then took out his

knife, stabbed me in the neck, and then making a twist round his fingers with my hair, he commenced hacking and sawing my scalp. Though the pain was awful, and I felt dizzy and sick, I knew enough to keep

quiet. After what seemed half an hour, I gave the last finishing cut to the scalp. My left temple, and as it still hung a little he gave it a jerk. I just thought then that I could have screamed my life out. I can

describe it to you. It just felt, as if the whole head was taken right off. The Indian then mounted and galloped away, but as he went he dropped my scalp within a few feet of me, which I managed to get up

hide. The Indians were thick in the vicinity, or I then might have made my escape. While lying down, I could hear the Indians moving around whispering to each other, and then shortly after placing obstructions

on the track. After lying down about an hour and a half, I heard the low rumble of the train as it came tearing along, and might have been able to flag it off had

Dr. Banks and Moore, of this city, will endeavor to reset the scalp on his head and they are confident they can do it well. As he is a strong man, it is expected that

From Charles Ratcliffe, a supernumerary brakeman, who was in the caboose of the freight train when the attack took place, we had the following:

When the train ran off the track, he was suddenly thrown to the floor by the concussion. At the same time he heard the yells of the Indians, and then a roll

was fired upon the people in the caboose. In the cars with him were William Kune, conductor; Fred Lewis, brakeman, and a man who had been a fireman. The locomotive was thrown off the track by the

placed on it, and ran off about ten feet when it fell into a hollow about four feet deep. The tender and the five first cars were piled on top of one another, as they had been running at the rate of 25 miles an hour.

Looking out of the window of our car, the could see the Indians in strong force on the south side of the track, shouting and yelling at something at the foremost end—probably the engine and fireman.

closed the door, but in a few moments came out, and the conductor told the brakeman to go and flag off the train, which was cutting about three miles behind. The brakeman replied "I dare not—the Indians are

replied, "D—n the Indians: go and flag on that train, or she'll be into us." Still the man hesitated, and the conductor raised down the track himself, and the brakeman

Lewis; and the fireman went after him. Ratcliffe hid himself on the track under the car. He had laid there for five minutes when he saw an Indian cautiously approach him; drew a little to the light that had

in the caboose, Ratchiff got down from his hiding-place and struck for the open bluffs with the speed of a startled deer. He heard some one rustling after him, but did not stop to look back, as he had seen the dark stalks of grass waving and rolling before him.

his feet. Bear added wings, and he almost flew, but still he could hear the footstep of the pursuer. He was still a mile off from the train, so he started directly toward it and never did Berdan gaze upon

Ratchiffe, the pursued, looked upon the face of the reflector. It was to him an omen of safety, the pledge of guidance, the face of

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL

No. 95

2001.

the August number of *London*
published by Hurd & Houghton,
following:

the head of an illustrious house, who
call Lord Skinfint, had given
cast-off hats to a certain lackey
vice. Recognizing this hat a few
ward on the hall.

deposited for a moment, in
to whom it belonged, and
remined of his lordship's
"bat!" cried he "did I give you
bat as this?"

"Pray what did you pay for it?" said the man.

ness. The nobleman mused for a moment, and looked at the hat again. "I will give you what," said he at length, "I will give you five shillings for it as it is." "Thank you, your ship please," answered the fisherman.

The bargain was struck at
and Skinfint put on the hat,
that I know, he may wear it still.

tion asked a lady to assist her
one. Before long a place was
a consultation held on the sun
ray, mum," asked Mrs. Cook, "

ly have cresses?" "Water-cresses for breakfast?" I'm sure I don't know," said her kind patron, "but what can I do for you?" "Excuse me, mum," said the applicant. "I don't think I can."

understood. I mean crosses on the
ze, note paper, liv'ry, and ce
h! armonial bearings, you mean
lady! 'I really cannot tell you

"—?" "And you positively make a condition?" asked the lady, quietly.

ly, mum," says Mrs. Cook: "I
ot: washing put out, beer, &
fly cress." Then, I really thin
lender," said the lady, smilin
had better look out for your

Lady's Opinion of a Lady

As a certain class of men, the
om are seen in every commu
nit of her opinion, as follows :
Our own private opinion of the

n" is, that he is 'thoroughly co
—a sort of the life hardly wort
about—a handful of foam
r the wire of life, something n
her unpleasant to the finger, b

er unpleasant to the fancy, so
bly use. A woman of sense w
n be put to sea in a man of w
shingles, or take up her reside
d house, as dream is attach

Women worth the name are saved into thinking a lady's man a specimen of his sex. Whatever may be woman's

at tell them that the men who
at object, and those spirits are
t that they are able to encon
rms of life--men whose de

the mighty river, and not the person on the surface, who, if they love, are attracted by mere beauty of form— that these men are more wo-

occupying their thoughts more than the fops and men about whose attention they anxiously strive. If we were to tell him

...not to him what we broadly
...etly insinuate.
...soft and delicate though he is.

servious to ridicule as a hood-
regardless of honest contempt
erman. Were you to hand
cle, he would take it to some
ty, and read it aloud in the m

DISEASE PRODUCED BY SLEEPING
During the night there is a

exhalation from our bodies, and at the same time we absorb a large quantity of the vapors of the surrounding air. Healthy young children, sleeping

... mutually give and receive
... valations; but an old, weak per
... mild will, in exchange for health
... weakness. A sick mother n
... daughter communicates sickly enu

er; if the mother has a cough
asthma, the daughter will at some
cough and suffer by it; if the
pulmonary consumption, it will
be communicated to her child.

own that the bed of a consumptive is a powerful and sure source of contagion for men as women, and the most dangerous persons. Parents and friends

suppose as much as in their joining together of old and young, the sick and of the healthy. You ought to forbid every mother keeping small children with

notwithstanding the advice
e, no year passes that we do not
new involuntary infanticide. A
of life, health and vigor in the
und dead the next morning, sud

the parents or nurse.



York took place to-day, and were well attended. The principal race was for the Ebor Oaks stake which were won by "Juez."

LONDON, August 23, noon.—Consols 94½
Bonds 74½; Erie 45; I. O. 77½.

India & China Tea Company.

HOME DEPOTS—London and Liverpool.
CANADA DEPOT—32 Hospital Street, Montreal.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavor, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz., 70 cts. or \$1.00 per lb., either Black, Green, or Mixed.
Fine Household Tea, combining strength and flavor, 70 cts. per lb. Finest procurable, \$1.00.
Sole Agents for Belleville, Monmouth, T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall.
ROBERT BARKER, Agent, Brighton. T. W. BARKER, Agent, Trenton.
August 18th, 1887.

ALBERT COLLEGE

Belleville Ladies' College!
WILL RE-OPEN
THURSDAY, SEPT. 12,
AT 2 P. M.Steward waiting for Boarding Hall.
For Terms apply to
A. CARMAN,
Belleville, August 2, 1887.

ALLSOP'S ALE.

Guinness' Stout,
Blood's Porter!!
IMPORTED AND FOR SALE AT
RAMBLY'S.Geo. C. Holton & Co.
DRY GOODS
AND
GROCERIES.1D-6m
HAVE OPENED OUT IN
E. Holden's New Store,
FRONT STREET,
DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE
BANK OF MONTREAL.
June 22, 1887. 1D-6mGeo. Ritchie & Co.,
E. Holden's New Store,
FRONT STREET,
DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE
BANK OF MONTREAL.
June 22, 1887. 1D-6m

J. & W. Sutherland.

F. HACKETT
HAS just received a complete assortment
of SPRING DRY GOODS.
Special bargains will be offered in
DRESS GOODS, HOOP SKIRTS,
HATS & PARASOLS.
A large stock of
NEW CLOTHS & TWEEDS
will be sold at 25 per cent below the usual
price.
Belleville, May 1, 1887. 1D-6m300 LINEN COATS
JUST RECEIVED,
AT
M. LAFERTE'S,
FROM
\$125 upwards.
June 19, 1887. 3DIMMENSE REDUCTIONS
IN
CLOTHING
AND
BOOTS & SHOES
AT
J. MUIR & CO'S.
EMPORIUM.
LINEN & ALPACA
COATS
AT COST.
FASHIONABLE
BLACK BROADCLOTH SUITS
AT \$10.00.
BOOTS & SHOES
In the same proportion.WATERPROOF COATINGS,
SUMMER VESTINGS
VELVETEENS.
P. D. CONGER.
BOTTLED FRUITS.
CONGER BROS.,
HAVE JUST RECEIVED
Cherries, Green Plums, Red Plums, Prunes, Black Currants, Red do, Black Currant Jelly, Black Currant Jam, Orange Marmalade, Choice Fresh Figs.
R. D. CONGER
June 25, 1887. 1D-6mDAFOE HOUSE!
Belleville, C. W.,
Corner Pinnacle & Bridge Streets,
Barringer & Co., Managers.
STAGES FOR THE GOLD MINES.
Omnia bus to and from the Boat and Car
Stabling and Livery.Delightful Beverage
IN HOT WEATHER.
FENNER'S
CHAMPAGNE CIDER!
WOOD AND BOTTLES
AT THE
CORNER STORE.
A. FLETCHER & Co.
7d-6mA CHOICE ASSORTMENT
OF
DRESS MUSLINS
Wilson & Robertson's.For Sale or to Let,
THE premises occupied by Edward Evans, Esq., Yongueville, West Belleville.
This property comprises two acres, and is one of the most desirable private residences in the Town of Belleville.
For particulars apply to Ross, B. & Co.,
Aug. 10, 1887. D89-3t w37-1tDAFOE HOUSE!
Belleville, C. W.,
Corner Pinnacle & Bridge Streets,
Barringer & Co., Managers.
STAGES FOR THE GOLD MINES.
Omnia bus to and from the Boat and Car
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Barringer & Co., Managers.
STAGES FOR THE GOLD MINES.
Omnia bus to and from the Boat and Car
Stabling and Livery.

Why Not Use the Best?

BUTLER'S CELEBRATED

Blackberry Cordial!

THE most effective remedy yet discovered
for Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhoea,
Dysentery, Cholera, Colic, Looseness of the
Bowels, &c. &c.This new and justly celebrated preparation
is highly recommended by medical men,
and has been used with the greatest success
in the military hospitals of the United States
during the last three years.Ask for BUTLER'S BLACKBERRY
CORDIAL, and take no other.Prepared in Canada, from the original re-
ceipt, only atAPOTHECARIES HALL,
T. WILLS & Co.
1d-6mJ. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS,
Wholesale Dealers in
GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS.25 Hospital St., - - - MONTREAL.
OFFER for sale a COMPLETE and WELL
ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines,
at as LOW figures andON AS GOOD TERMS
as any house in the City, and solicit the
patronage of their old friends and the Trade
generally.July 27, 1887. J. C. FRANCK & Co.
74d.JAMES GLASS,
General Hardware Merchant.MINERS TOOLS,
BLASTING POWDER, FUSE,
&c., &c.FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.
May 3. 3D-6m

J. & W. Sutherland.

F. HACKETT
HAS just received a complete assortment
of SPRING DRY GOODS.
Special bargains will be offered in
DRESS GOODS, HOOP SKIRTS,
HATS & PARASOLS.
A large stock of
NEW CLOTHS & TWEEDS
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CONGER BROS.,
HAVE JUST RECEIVED
Cherries, Green Plums, Red Plums, Prunes, Black Currants, Red do, Black Currant Jelly, Black Currant Jam, Orange Marmalade, Choice Fresh Figs.
R. D. CONGER
June 25, 1887. 1D-6mDAFOE HOUSE!
Belleville, C. W.,
Corner Pinnacle & Bridge Streets,
Barringer & Co., Managers.
STAGES FOR THE GOLD MINES.
Omnia bus to and from the Boat and Car
Stabling and Livery.Delightful Beverage
IN HOT WEATHER.
FENNER'S
CHAMPAGNE CIDER!
WOOD AND BOTTLES
AT THE
CORNER STORE.
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7d-6mA CHOICE ASSORTMENT
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TO THE ELECTORS OF THE WEST RIDING OF THE COUNTY OF HASTINGS.

GENTLEMEN: When a Candidate seeks Parliamentary honors at the hands of his constituents, it is due to them, and customary, that he should state to them, in plain and unvarnished language, his political views, and that he should state to them, in plain and unvarnished language, his political history, when, as it were, we are entering upon a new and untried national era of existence, this duty becomes imperative.

As most of you are aware, I have always been on the Liberal side of politics, urging reform where reformation was ascertained to be necessary, and conserving that which experience had proved to be wise and beneficial. Believing that the truth generally lies between extremes, I have taken for my guidance the maxima and doctrines of those politicians and statesmen who were governed by broad and enlightened views of their country's interests, and who equally avoided revolutionary doctrines on the one side and reactionary tendencies on the other.

With those principles for my guidance, I have no hesitation in stating that the present Government, charged with the consummation of the great scheme of Confederation, should receive a fair trial and generous treatment from the hands of all liberal-minded and right-thinking individuals. To condemn them without giving them time and opportunity to initiate and develop a policy would be foolish and unstatesmanlike, would throw the country into turmoil and confusion without an adequate object or reasonable motive, and endanger the stability of the young Dominion, whose youthful career will be watched with anxious solicitude by all those who are inspired by patriotic feelings.

If the Coalition of 1864 was justifiable, if 1867 is not less so, as none should be so well qualified to judge the machine in good working order as those by whose genius it was contrived and through whose energies it was successfully constructed.

While saying this, however, I do not wish to be understood, if I have the honor of being elected, that I will give to the Government a blind support—a position into which many are driven by the extreme discipline of party Government. I shall hold myself equally free to oppose them, should their policy and administration, in my judgment, not be in accordance with the true interests and prosperity of Canada.

As no human contrivance can be considered perfect, the working of the Imperial statute legalizing the Union of the Provinces may disclose certain defects, which it will be the duty of your representatives to correct. These shall receive my earnest consideration.

As the expenses of the Government will necessarily be increased under the new system, it will require the most rigid economy consistent with the public interests at stake, to keep the expenditure within the proper limits.

The construction of a canal connecting the waters of Lake Ontario with the head waters of the Bay of Quinte would, in my opinion, not only be of vast local benefit commercially, but in a military point of view it would be of the greatest consequence; and as public opinion has been gratified by Government many years ago for the completion of that important enterprise, I shall deem it my duty to see that the monies arising from the sale thereof be properly applied.

The Agricultural and manufacturing interests, which lie at the base of every country's greatness and prosperity, shall receive at my hands that consideration which their importance demands.

I am, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
JAMES BROWN.

Belleville, 15th July, 1868. 26341

To the Electors of the Eastern Division of the County of Hastings.

GENTLEMEN: Having been repeatedly requested by a large number of the electors in your Division to allow myself to become a candidate for the Commons of Canada at the ensuing election, I have consented to comply with their wishes.

To most of you I am personally known, but will take the first opportunity of seeing as many of the electors as my time will permit. My seat during the time I have been in Parliament are before you, and from them you will be enabled to judge of the future.

In the formation of the Union of the Provinces, I believed that it would have been more in accordance with the principles of our Government to have arrived at the union by the people for their approval, and so voted, defeated. I voted for the Union, and shall steadily use my exertions to carry it into effect, in order that this great Dominion may take that position in the world to which its extent and population entitle it.

Under the new order of things, about to be established, new responsibilities will be placed upon me, and I shall endeavor to discharge with the most scrupulous fidelity, and with the most economy, and shall only rest satisfied when the Dominion of Canada extends from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

In the adjustment of the debt I shall endeavor to remove the burden as much as possible from the producer, especially the Agricultural portion, flattering myself that my long business acquaintance with the money market will enable me to arrive at such a conclusion as will be conducive to their interests.

I have the honor to be,
Your obedient servant,
ROBERT READ.

Belleville, 23rd July, 1868. 26342

THE LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN
MONTREAL.

THE "DAILY NEWS,"

40 00 per Annum, in advance.

JOHN LOVELL,

Printer and Publisher.

GEORGE ROCHE, HATTER & FURRIER.

All the latest styles of

Felt & Silk Hats,

CLOTH CAPS.

All orders promptly executed. Remember

the stand.

Neelson's Block, opposite Apothecaries

Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for

Raw Furs. Felt and Silk Hats ironed and

repacked.

May 1. 1D-5m

DAILY LINE TO ROCHESTER.

The quickest route from Belleville and

vicinity to New York, Boston, &c.,

from Montreal, to Buffalo, &c.,

and between the Canadian

Gold Fields and the

United States.

THE SPLENDID STEAMER

"CORINTHIAN,"

LEAVES BRIGHTON 4.30, Mondays, Wed-

nesdays, and Fridays, with morning

trains, and from Colborne at 6 a.m.

Colborne, 7 a.m., and Port Hope on arrival

of G. T. R. morning trains from Toronto and

Montreal, at 8.30 a.m.

Connects at Rochester with afternoon Ex-

press Trains for the East, West, and South

Returning, leaves Port Hope, (Clar-

lotte), daily, on arrival of evening Ex-

press Trains, at 10.30 a.m., Saturdays, 3 p.m.

Connects at North Shore Point with G. T. R.

morning trains for Toronto and Montreal, and

at Brighton and Colborne with morning

Stages direct for Campbellford, Madoc, and

the Canadian Gold Fields.

R. P. DAVY, AGENT.

July 22nd, 1868. 1D-5m

MURRAY FOR

COULSON & CAMERON'S

LINE OF STAGES

For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal

places in Belleville every morning

(Sundays excepted), at half past 7 o'clock,

arriving in Madoc at 12 noon.

RETURNING—Leaves all the principal Hotels

in Belleville at 1.30 p.m., arriving in

Belleville at 10.30 p.m., and leaving

in time to connect with the evening trains

going east and west.

COULSON & CAMERON,

Proprietors.

JOHN HARRIS, Agent, Belleville.

JOHN TANNON, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on

this route will be promptly attended to. All

parcels unless booked and paid for will be at

the risk of the owner.

July 22nd, 1868. 1D-5m

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.

QUEBEC, 24th March, 1868.

IT is directed by the Hon. the Finance

Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices

be published and furnished to Collectors of

Customs as to the rates of discount to be al-

lowed on American Invoices, which is to be in

accordance with the price of gold as repre-

sented by Exchange at a rate equal thereto.

Such notices to appear every Saturday in the

Canada Gazette.

R. E. M. BOUCHETTE,

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.

OTTAWA, June 8, 1867.

IT is hereby given that the authorized dis-

count is declared to be this day 25 per cent,

which percentage if deducted is to be con-

sidered null and void. Weekly Notices to be ap-

plied to all purchases made in the United States

during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,

Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

QUEBEC

INSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL, \$10,000,000

FIRE AND LIFE.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THE principles on which this Company is

founded contain all the elements required

to develop the business of Life Insurance, and

afford every facility to intending assured.

One of the advantages secured by those who

leave their lives with this Company is that

the outside expenditure for Management is

absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settle-

ment to Ten per Cent of the Net Liab-

ilities. This most important restriction

shows that the interests of participating policy

holders are closely watched and carefully

tended to by the Company. Attention is

especially called to this point as the proportion

of premiums expended for Management

Most Largely Influence Profits

and Bonuses.

The next division of profits takes place in

1868, and all those who wish to participate in

the profits should insure at once.

Dr. CANNIFF, Belleville, 40-5m

May, 1867.

W. WHARIN & Co.,

11 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO.

IMPORTERS OF

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, ELECTRO-PLATED

WARE, TABLE CUTLERY, &c.

W. WHARIN, 11 King Street East, Toronto.

W. L. WILKINSON, 11 King Street East, Toronto.

O. & W. WALKER, 11 King Street East, Toronto.

MERCHANT TAILORS, 11 King Street East, Toronto.

No. 7, King Street East, Toronto. 1D-5m

FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.

LOUIS ROENICK.

MANUFACTURER, and Wholesale and

Retail Dealer in all kinds of Furniture

He would call the particular attention of

the Trade, Hotel Keepers, and Families re-

siding in the present Hotel, which is the

largest, most varied, and best ever shown in

Belleville, and which will be sold at prices as

low as any establishment in Canada.

Tables and Couches of all patterns, Tables

of all kinds, Chairs of every description,

Bedsteads, Mattresses, &c., always on hand.

THE UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT

is complete, and all orders promptly attended to.

UNDERTAKING

in all its branches.

Dealers, Hotel Keepers, and the Public

generally, are requested to call and examine

Stock and Prices, before they make their

purchases.

LOUIS ROENICK, 1D-5m

Belleville, April, 1867.

The Upper Cabin Steamer

"EMPRESS,"

McNAMARA, MASTER.

WILL leave Trenton for Montreal every

FRIDAY, at 8 1/2 o'clock A.M., and

Melton's Wharf, Belleville, at 10 P.M., call-

ing at all ports on the Bay of Quinte and River

St. Lawrence.

RETURNING,

Will leave Montreal every TUESDAY

at 10 o'clock, for the above places, calling at

Ogdensburg and all intermediate ports.

This steamer has an Upper Deck Saloon,

and every accommodation for passengers, who

will find her safe, the swiftest and most

comfortable boat on the route.

For freight and passenger tickets apply to

Capt. J. McNeill, Agent, Belleville, at the office

of Read & McIntosh, next door to Manning's

Hotel.

J. J. McFALL, 1D-5m

Belleville, 15th July, 1868.

MAITLAND FISHER,

TEA AND GENERAL BROKER.

OFFICE: Corner of St. James and St. Nicholas

Streets, Montreal.

Business conducted by Robert Robert Edie,

Esq., 301 St. James, Montreal.

3D-5m

Kirkwood, Livingston & Co.,

Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes,

Commission Merchants

ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

PREMISES—Large, cool, dry and central, with

every facility for handling provisions to ad-

vantage.

Advances—Cash advances made, and drafts

authorised against, shipments to our care for

sale here or consigned to our friends in Great

Britain or the Lower Provinces. 350-5m

W. J. McFALL, 1D-5m

Belleville, 15th July, 1868.

AGRICULTURAL WORKS

AND

IRON FOUNDRY

WEST FRONT STREET

J. M. WALKER & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Threshing Machines,

STRAW CUTTERS,

MILL WORK & MACHINERY,

IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS.

Iron and Steel Ploughs,

Stoves &c.

May 1. 1D-5m

JOHN BULL

BITTERS

MADE IN THE U.S.A.

FOR SALE BY

W. J. McFALL, 1D-5m

Belleville, 15th July, 1868.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN

MONTREAL.

THE "DAILY NEWS,"

40 00 per Annum, in advance.

JOHN LOVELL,

Printer and Publisher.

THE "DAILY NEWS,"

40 00 per Annum, in advance.

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JOHN LOVELL,

Printer and Publisher.

SYNOPSIS

GOLD MINING ACT OF 1864.

27 and 28 Vic. Chap. 9. and the

Gold Mining Amendment Act 1865,

30 Vic. Chap. 9.

THE Gold Mining Act of 1864 provides

Daily Intelligence

Vol. 1.

BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, FRIDAY EVENING, AUGUST 23, 1887.

No. 96.

Belleville Business Directory.

Piccinetti & Kato.
IMPORTERS and Wholesale Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Commercial Buildings, Front Street, Belleville. 1Dm-Wr

Legate & Price.
BAKERS, Confectioners, Family Biscuits, Manufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries, No. 178, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 1Dm-Wr

Geo. H. Haymes.
HATTER and Furner, Front Street, Belleville. Highest price paid for raw furs. 1Dm-Wr

McCord & Carre.
ENGINEERS, PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYORS, Architects, Draughtsmen and Patent Solicitors, 189, Front Street, Belleville. MACKLOD, GAVILLER, KENNEDY & Co., Madoc. 1Dm-Wr

Robertson & Stewart.
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. Office—Ground floor next the Express Office, Bridge Street. ALAN ROBERTSON. D. E. K. STEWART. 1Dm-Wr

Diamond & Dickson.
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, &c. &c. Office:—Nelson's Hall, Front Street, Belleville. A. DIAMOND. GEO. D. DICKSON. 1Dm-Wr

Macellan & Macellan.
SOLICITORS in Chancery and Insolvency, 5, Sandwich Street, Belleville. Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville. 1Dm-Wr

A. R. Dougal.
BARRISTERS, &c., &c., Solicitor in Chancery, 189, Front Street, Belleville. Office over O'Neill's Book Store, and opposite the "Intelligencer" Office, Front Street. 1Dm-Wr

Ross, Bell & Holden.
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner Bridge and Pinnacle Streets, Belleville. HON. JNO. ROSS. JOHN BELL. THOS. HOLDEN. 1Dm-Wr

Forrest & Loz's.
ROYAL PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY, Loz's New Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 1Dm-Wr

T. Lockery.
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds of 1st Segars, and Pipes and Tobacco. No. 176, Front Street, Belleville. None but the best quality of leaf used. 2Dm-Wr

Ponton, Falkner & Denmark.
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Front Street, Belleville. 1Dm

Robert P. Jellott.
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, &c. &c. Office—Dufferin Building, corner of Front and Bridge Sts., Belleville. 1Dm

Angus McKee.
WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, Front St., Belleville. A large stock of watches, silver, gold, repairing done at short notice, at reasonable rates. 1Dm

John Wilson.
Retail, at the highest, wholesale... Dealers will find his stock the best and cheapest in the country. All orders promptly filled 1Dm

J. W. Brown.
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, Front St., Belleville, opposite Fanning's Hotel. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1Dm

Geo. Gibson.
MANUFACTURER and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A select assortment of ladies, gents' and children's boots and shoes constantly on hand and made to order. All work warranted. 1Dm

J. C. Vapor.
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, opposite Fanning's Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing always on hand. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1Dm

To Gold Miners.
YOU will find a variety of mining tools at the undersigned's shop. Drills and dredges made of the best refined cast steel. Solid bar Picks, cast steel points and Prospecting and cheaper than any other shop in Canada. Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street, Belleville. Wm. POWELL. 1Dm

McKeown & Robertson.
MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale Retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large, well assorted and of the best material, and is sold at extremely low prices for cash. They are extensive manufacturers, and, being practical workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction on all orders executed promptly, and all work warranted. Hengstler's place, opposite Bennett & Bell's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville. 1Dm

NEW DISCOVERY.
Bullen & Gibson's
LIVERY
Office—Bullen's Store, 70 Front St., Belleville.

FIRST CLASS Horses, new Buggies and Carriages, of the latest styles always on hand. Turn-outs for the Madras Club, at reasonable rates. WESLEY BULLEN. May 2. 1Dm

Montreal Business Directory.

GAUTHIER & MANDEL.
MERCHANTS TAILORS
367 NOTRE DAME STREET,
17th floor, West of St. Francis Xavier Street,
MONTREAL. 1Dm

NEW YORK BRANCH.
DYE WORKS.
BY
G. LAMPE.
28, Notre Dame Street, opposite Crystal Block,
MONTREAL.
Garments dyed, secured and repaired within twenty-four hours. Old made new. 1Dm

PHILIP HENRY.
TOBACCONIST,
DEALER in ALL KINDS OF
TOBACCO, SNUFFS, CIGARS & PIPES,
Notre Dame Street, Montreal. 1Dm

J. A. HARTE.
GLASGOW DRUG HALL
Notre Dame Street, Montreal.
Manufacturer of the celebrated Concentrated Lye. 1Dm

MURRAY & Co.
STATIONERS' HALL.
Corner of Notre Dame and St. John Streets, Montreal.
Importers of English Stationery, Blank Book Manufacturers, &c., &c. Wholesale and Retail. 1Dm

THOMPSON, MURRAY & Co.
IMPORTERS OF
Tees, Wines, Liquors & Groceries,
No. 28, St. Sacrament Street, Montreal.
Agents for J. Deane, Henry Moulin & Co., Cognac, Wines, Brandy, Champagne. 1Dm

EDWARD NIELD & Co.
IMPORTERS OF
Gentlemen's Hosiery,
Notre Dame Street, opposite Alphonse Hotel, Montreal. 1Dm

PEAVEY & FAVOR.
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Teas, Coffee, Choice Groceries,
Provisions, &c., &c.
No. 34, Notre Dame Street, three doors West of St. Francis Xavier Street, Montreal.
Depts for superior Table Butter. 1Dm

A. BOOKER.
Auditor & General Commission Merchant.
Office and Sale Rooms, 61th New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal. 1Dm

SINCLAIR, JACK & Co.
Wholesale Grocers & Commission Merchants,
Importers of East and West India Produce, Mediterranean Goods, &c., &c.
413 St. Paul Street, opposite the Custom House, Montreal. 1Dm

GEORGE CHILDS & Co.
IMPORTERS,
Wholesale Grocers,
20 St. Louis Street, Montreal.
Orders by mail to the Country Merchants not exempted, and goods in stock will be purchased and charged at lowest market price. 1Dm

ST. LAWRENCE HALL.
L. HOGAN, Proprietor,
Great St. James Street, Montreal. 1Dm

DAVE, CLARKE & CLAYTON.
WINE, SPIRITS
AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
41 St. Peter Street, opposite St. Sacrament Street, Montreal. 1Dm

S. DAVIS.
MANUFACTURER OF
HAVANA SEGARS.
Office—No. 15, Great St. James Street, Montreal.
Sole importer of the Havana Whip and "Cubito" brands of Segars. 1Dm

J. V. MORGAN.
Commission Merchant,
Importer to order of all kinds of English and French Goods. 1Dm

C. C. SNOWDON & Co.
IMPORTERS OF
British, American, and German
SHELF and HEAVY HARDWARE,
454 & 456 Saint Paul Street, corner of St. Nicholas St., Montreal. 1Dm

M. GUTMAN & Co.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Hoop Skirts and Skirt Materials,
26 Lemoyne Block, Montreal.
Wine Works, 207 Fortification Lane. 1Dm

DR. NELSON EDWARDS.
SURGEON DENTIST.
204 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.
Three doors East of French Church. 1Dm

KINGAN & KINLOCH.
IMPORTERS,
WHOLESALE GROCERS.
WINE and SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
Corner St. Peter and St. Sacrament Streets, Montreal. 1Dm

Montreal Business Directory.

MULHOLLAND & BAKER.
IRON, STEEL and GENERAL HARDWARE
MONTREAL.
419 and 421 St. Paul Street,
MONTREAL.
Yard Entrance, St. Fr. Xavier Street. 2Dm

W. A. LITTLE.
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER.
210 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal.
MAPP, Plans, Circulars, Cards, Invoice Headings, Bills of Lading, Blank Cheques, Notes, Trials, Bills of Exchange, Diplomas, Ornamental Business Cards, a very number of colors. Engraving, Drawings, Specifications, Music, &c., executed at the shortest notice, consistent with good work, on the most reasonable terms. 1Dm

de B. MACDONALD & Co.
19 St. Helen Street, Montreal.
SAVING BANK, 19 St. Helen Street, Montreal.
HOOP SKIRTS, and IMPORTERS OF
Men's and Women's Straw, Felt, and
Fancy Woolen Goods, Wholesale. 1Dm

W. S. GOODHUGH & Co.
IMPORTERS OF
English and Foreign Leather,
24 St. Peter Street, Montreal. 1Dm

A. ROBERTSON & Co.
Manufacturers and Importers
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Mantles, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Hosiery, Gloves, Hosiery, Small Wares, Cloths, Canvas, Woolens, Flannels and Blankets, Linens, Quilts, Prints, Stuffs, Dress Goods, Muslins, &c., &c.
479 St. Paul Street & 399 Commissioners St., Montreal. 1Dm

Frothingham & Workman.
MONTREAL.
IMPORTERS, Manufacturers, and Wholesale
Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware.
Warehouse and Office 393 to 399, St. Paul Street, Montreal.
Manufacturers of all kinds of Milling Tools, and have constantly on hand a large stock of
Patent Safety Fuses, Drill Steel, &c., &c.
May list. 1Dm

J. C. FRANCK.
Under the name and firm of
J. C. FRANCK & Co.
IMPORTERS and WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Groceries, Wines, Spirits, Cigars, &c., &c.,
25 Hospital Street, Montreal. 1Dm

H. GRANT.
Watch and Clock Maker,
303 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.
Every description of Jewelry manufactured from Gold extracted to his order, under his own supervision. 1Dm

JOSEPH KIRKUP.
BRUSH MANUFACTURER.
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes.
No. 279 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 1Dm

BURROWS & Co.
Commission Merchants.
AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Brandy, Wines, Segars, Tobacco, &c., &c.
416 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 1Dm

IVES & ALLEN.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Hardware, Stoves, Ranges, &c., &c.
Cast Iron Platters and SAUNDS for BUILDINGS.
114 to 122 Queen St. Montreal. 1Dm

Place D'Armes Drug Store.
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal.
THE attention of Tourists visiting the City is requested to our select stock of English Toilet Articles, which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed. 1Dm

W. C. McDONALD.
Manufacturer of Fine Tobacco,
Office—310 Notre Dame St., Vieux—421 West St., MONTREAL. 1Dm

Established 1820.
J. & W. HILTON.
CABINET MAKERS & UPHOLSTERERS,
CARPENTERS and JOINERS, Importers and Retailers of all kinds of Glass, Blinds, and of Looking Glasses. Also Importers of Brackets, Lamps, Trunks, and Upholsterers' Goods generally. 1Dm

Established 1861.
JOHN F. McQUAIG.
Shipping and General Agent,
Office—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Hospital, and in Common Street, Canal Wharf, MONTREAL. 1Dm

W. & F. P. O'Rourke & Co.
100 GUY STREET, MONTREAL.
HAVE FOR SALE—
Boiler Tubes, Drain Pipes, Brass Castings, Water Lids, Sheet Copper, Paints and Putty, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, Fire Covers. 1Dm

THOS. HOBSON & Co.
Produce Commission Merchants,
MONTREAL.
Importers, and agents for consignments to ship by rail or by water, to all parts of the Dominion, and to the Lower Ports. May list, 1887. 1Dm

Montreal Business Directory.

F. W. HENSHAW.
No. 10 St. Sacrament Street, opposite the Merchant's Exchange, Montreal.
HAVING been engaged in the Arctic and general produce trade for the past thirteen years at the above address, would be happy to receive consignments from Manufacturers and Dealers in Canada West, either for sale in this market, or for shipment to his friends in London, Liverpool, or Glasgow. May list. 1Dm

W. L. KINMOND & Co.
CONSULTING ENGINEERS.
MANUFACTURERS' Agents, for all kinds of Machinery, Tools, Steam Hammers, &c. Also, every description of material and uses for Engineers and Agricultural Machine makers. A Stock of best quality of Cast Steel. MADE EXPRESSLY FOR MINING AND BORING PURPOSES, IRON WIRE ROPE, Chisel and Turning Tool Steel, Files, Rivets, square and hexagonal Black Nuts, Wrought Iron Washers, Flat Corroded Iron Faint, Hair Iron Wool Felt for Rollers and Steam Pipes, Rabbit Metal, &c., &c., always on hand, and at low prices, at very low rates. OLD FILES REBUILT, warranted as good as new. Custom House Square, Montreal. 1Dm

Richelieu Company!
ROYAL MAIL THROUGH LINE
Between Montreal and Quebec.
ON and after MONDAY the 8th of May, and until further notice, the RICHELIEU COMPANY'S Steamers will have their regular "Wherry" route as follows:—The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. B. Labelle, will leave Montreal for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at seven P. M. precisely, calling, going and returning at Quebec, Three Rivers and Baieaux. Passengers wishing to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers can depend on being in time to take their passage by this boat, as there will be a tender to take them to the steamer without extra charge. The Steamer MONTREAL, Capt. R. Nelson, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at seven P. M. precisely, calling, going and returning at the ports of St. John, Three Rivers and Baieaux. This Company's boats are fitted with the latest and most valuable appliances for the service, and are managed by experienced officers. Further information may be had at the Freight Office on the Wharf, or at the Office, 39, Commissioners Street, Montreal. J. B. LAMIERE, Manager. Office Richelieu Company, 39, May 1887. 1Dm

The STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
Established 1825.
WITH WHICH IS NOW UNITED
THE CANADIAN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
Accumulated and Invested Fund, \$18,000,000
Assets, \$2,500,000
W. M. RAMSAY, Manager.
RICHARD BULL, Inspector of Agencies.
ASSURANCES effected on the different systems guaranteed and approved by a lengthy experience, so as to suit the means of every person desirous of taking out a Policy. Every information on the subject of Life Assurance will be given at the Company's Office, Montreal, or at any of the Agencies throughout Canada. Agents for Belleville, George Wallbridge, Montreal, Dr. Holden, and Dr. L. L. L. May list. 1Dm

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
UNDER Contract with the Government of Canada for the Conveyance of the
Canadian & United States Mails.
1887—SCHEDULE ARRIVAL—1887.
Passengers Booked to Landed and Delivered.
Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates.
This Company's MAIL LINE is composed of the distinguished First-Class, Full-Powered, Clipper-built Double-Engine Iron Steamships—
AUSTRIAN 2700 Tons. Capt. ATON.
NESTOR 2700 Tons. Capt. DUTTON.
MORAVIAN 2800 Tons. Capt. WYATT.
PERUVIAN 2800 Tons. Capt. BARNARD.
HIBERNIAN 2800 Tons. Capt. BROWN.
NOVA-SCOTIA 2800 Tons. Capt. ALLAN.
NORTH AMERICAN 2800 Tons. Capt. KATE.
BRITANNIA 2800 Tons. Capt. GRANT.
DANUBIUS 2800 Tons. Capt. WATTS.
(Sailing from LIVERPOOL every THURSDAY, and from QUEBEC every SATURDAY, calling at Le Havre to receive and land Mail and Passengers, and to send Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland.)
And their GLASGOW LINE of Steamships—
ST. GEORGE 1400 Tons. Lt. Smith, R.N.R.
ST. PATRICK 1400 Tons. Lt. Smith, R.N.R.
ST. DAVID 1400 Tons. Lt. Smith, R.N.R.
ST. ANDREW 1400 Tons. Lt. Smith, R.N.R.
(Sailing between Clyde and Quebec and Montreal at regular intervals throughout the season of summer navigation.)
The Steamers of the MAIL LINE are intended to be despatched from QUEBEC on Saturdays, and from LIVERPOOL on Wednesdays, and from GLASGOW on Saturdays.
K* Passengers desiring to go to Landed or Delivered, or to be carried on board, should apply to the Agents at Quebec or Montreal.
K* For particulars, apply to the Agents at Quebec or Montreal.
J. W. THOMPSON, Agent, 11th St. 1Dm

BLANK, MONTREAL.
BOUND in Books and Catalogues, and for sale at the Intelligencer Office. 1Dm

The Village Church.

The old church in the village town, by the lake, half built of wood, is stained with every window pane of purple violet, and of gold. As sunset through the window stream, Where richly painted figures hold, Their glowing folds of sacred dress.

Each window diamond-shaped appears, Or when the sun, like brilliant tears, At noon or evening o'er them falls. The moon-glow wails, the grey old tower, As given by the hand of time, And in the bells what mystic power, What holy music in their chime!

And when the bells are hushed, a calm While silent seem the windows, the plain The chancel treads the windows shade, And when the sunlight on the pane, Like sea waves flutter and to fade, The sea waves flutter on the shore.

Far down the side the window falls, Flare on the painted window falls, Till there each pane a diamond gleam, And under the angles on the pane, And when the organ plays no more, When every word of praise has died, The saints lie pictured on the pane, In silent splendor side by side!

A Visit to the East.

DELIGHTS OF TRAVEL ON A RED SEA STEAMER.

The boat in the Red Sea, was to my mind, terrific, although I have since found that man can bear a much higher temperature without inconvenience. I couldn't sleep at night. Nothing but a perfect passive existence could be endured, and the various points of interest, Mount Sinai and Horeb, which were plainly visible, were merely glanced at and listlessly passed about. Every one at last looked uncomfortable, and that "prickly heat" that tormented more than any other was the only distraction in the apparent amount of misery each had to endure. Troubles never come alone, so my special attention—doctors, robes—swarmed in the cabin, beds, and every crevice around you, below deck. It is not a pleasant thing to go into the kitchen without a light, and feel one or two of the small English "black beetles" endeavoring to ascend your leg, or introduce themselves into your shoes; but horror of horrors is it to have to get into a berth that you have seen recommended by troops of enormous insects, and to be forcibly deprived of light by an external authority blowing it out just as you fancy you discern the "captain" beetle lending his force out for the night. Lie down, and humiliate multiply, until time nature finds that, and amidst dreams of Brobdingnagian Gargantuan, and of unrefreshing sleep are obtained. Short, however, is the repose, for an uncommon pull at your hair, or an uneasy feeling which your finger faintly tells you to play with that one of the midnight visitors has commenced his nibbles. Positively, one night I imagined my fellow-companion was playing a "practical joke," and constantly awakening me by tugging at my hair. Enraged and out of patience, I rose up and flung a slipper into the lower berth on the load of an unfortunate and maligned friend who was sound asleep. I discovered the disturber to be a cockroach measuring more than three inches in length, but, hurriedly scuttled off the pillow, and secreted itself in the ship's side. Great are the fortunes of those who, priding themselves on their personal appearance, with fixtures and pomades, present that glossy and attractive head of hair, and are so fond of grass as any young swell could be on shore. The moral is evident. Oil your hair as little as possible when on board a ship in tropical climates.—(St. James Magazine.)

The blacks at New York are endeavoring to raise a regiment of militia.

At Albany, last week, there fell a shower of red rain, just as they sometimes have showers of red snow in Switzerland and elsewhere. The learned tell us that this peculiarity is caused by infusorial shells or parts of plants and insects in the tropics are carried up two or three miles high, in the atmosphere by the winds, and wait to fall when they descend with the rain in "falling weather."—(St. James Magazine.)

The Pull-Mat Gazette says that a most interesting discovery has just been made in the library of the House of Lords. The long missing copy of the "Book of Common Prayer" has come to light. This is found in the Manuscript that the Bishops had ordered that the Company should stand at the head of the chapel, and that the celebrant should stand eastward; but they have subsequently erased the rubric, and each bishop shall sit.

Col. Taylor, one of the Indian Commissioners, left Omaha on Friday night for Washington, on receipt of important dispatches. The Indians have driven off the stock from a station west of the North Platte belonging to the Union Pacific Railroad Company. The Indians have driven off the stock from a station west of the North Platte belonging to the Union Pacific Railroad Company. The Indians have driven off the stock from a station west of the North Platte belonging to the Union Pacific Railroad Company.

Vermillion reports that a band of Blackfoot Indians recently massacred a party of thirty men at that place.

West Riding Election.

A General Meeting of
MR. BROWN'S COMMITTEES

WILL BE HELD IN
Neilson's Hall,
THIS FRIDAY EVENING,
AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.
JOHN SUTHERLAND,
Chairman.
Belleville, Aug. 2, 1887.

Hastings Elections.

West Riding.—Nomination at Belleville, on Saturday, the 30th of August; polling days Monday and Tuesday, the 31st and 1st September.

East Riding.—Nomination at Chabon's Mills, on Monday, the 30th August; polling days, Thursday and Friday, the 5th and 6th September.

North Riding.—Nomination at Madoc, on Saturday, the 31st August; polling days Monday and Tuesday, the 1st and 2nd September.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.

Morning Express going West.	8.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West.	7.23 P. M.
Mixed Train going West.	10.35 A. M.
Merchants' Express, freight going West.	6.45 P. M.
Express, no passengers allowed on this train.	12.05 P. M.
North Express going East.	12.15 P. M.
North Express going East.	12.15 P. M.
Mixed Train going East.	11.10 P. M.
Merchants' Express, freight going East.	9.45 P. M.
Express, no passengers allowed by this train.	
Montreal Train.	

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, FRIDAY, AUG. 23.

West Riding Nomination.

The nomination for the West Riding of Hastings takes place to-morrow at the Court House, Belleville, at 1 o'clock. Though there is no show of hands required by the law, it is just as well that the friends of Messrs. Brown and Graham turn out in large force, so that they may hear what all the candidates have to say. A formal show of hands, no doubt, will be taken, and there ought to be enough on the ground to make, at least, two to one in favor of Messrs. Brown and Graham.

A NEW DAILY.—The *Welland Telegraph* comes to us as a daily. It is a set, well got up sheet, and must do good service to the Union cause during the present contest.

JAMAICA.—From Kingston, Jamaica, advices to the 29th of July are received. A negro riot broke out at Bushy Park, and a serious fight ensued, but ended in the capture of the leaders. Yellow fever had disappeared.

HAYTI AND ST. DOMINGO.—News of a late date from Hayti and St. Domingo is to the effect that friendly relations between the two countries were about being established. The Haytian Commissioners arrived in St. Domingo on the 14th, for the purpose of instituting the treaty of peace and amity. They were welcomed by General Cabral, who heartily seconded their efforts in that direction, and expressed his opinion that the Dominican people were anxious for a satisfactory accomplishment of their mission.

HAVANA.—The *Montreal Gazette* says: We have received Havana correspondence to the 11th instant. The financial crisis continued without abatement. The menses were becoming disastrous, and all trade was paralyzed. The sugar prospects were promising, but the crops have been irreparably injured by heavy rains. After the 15th instant the entries of goods on the manifests of vessels must be made out strictly in accordance with the new system, under penalty of sixteen per cent on the amount of the invoice. The sugar market was quiet. Exchange was firm, United States currency quoted at twenty-four cent. *La Prensa* attributes the troubles in Porto Rico to the non-importation of slaves for the last twenty years, and the bad influence engendered by free trade principles.

EATING UNRIPE FRUIT.—There has not been much sickness as yet incident to the season of the year. This, however, is the season when parents should exercise the greatest care in regard to what their children eat. While good, sound, ripe fruit in moderate use is wholesome and commendable, the eating of unripe, and unseasoned fruit, a habit to which children of all ages are very prone, cannot be too vigorously guarded against. The menses were becoming epidemic has visited us. But any relaxation into bad habits of diet just now, might prove disastrous to any who should try the experiment. We think epidemics are more likely to prevail at this season of the year than earlier. Pure air, plain and wholesome diet, and cleanliness should be the rule from this time out, and if rigidly practiced, disease, suffering and death will generally be avoided.

—Late Denver papers report that Fort Reno and Phil Kearney are in a state of siege, and all parties leaving them are immediately chased back.

McGee's Revelations.

Mr. McGee closes his narrative about the attempt to establish Fenianism in Montreal in yesterday's papers. The scene opens in the winter of 1885-86, at which time preparations were being made for a raid on or about St. Patrick's day, 1886. As a paper relating to that period the following secret circular is given:

(SECRET CIRCULAR.)
Council Chamber, Headquarters F. B.
23 East 17th-st., New York, March 21, 1886.
Brethrens—Let all men of the first class prepare at once to receive orders.
Let all others send every available dollar, and all available war material, at the earliest moment, to these headquarters.
Direct, everything to John O'Mahony.
In the presence of God and our Fatherland, we pledge you to strike! Should we fail to redeem this pledge trust us no longer.

In fraternity,
(Signed),
JAMES T. ROGERS,
F. A. SINGOTT,
JOHN M. TOBIN,
JEREMIAH KAVANAGH,
JAMES MCGEE,
JOHN O'MAHONY, H. C. F. B.
WM. G. HADLEY, I. R. A.
J. MCARTHY, Capt. I. R. A.

McGee refers to a very significant fact that before and after St. Patrick's day the Society in Montreal, of which Bernard Devlin was President, were particularly busy in recruiting their numbers. When O. R. Gowan's letter was made public, Devlin called a meeting of the Society to interrogate the Government officially and peremptorily on the subject. But the Government saw the mischievous tendency of the movement, and gave Devlin to understand they could manage their own affairs.

Mr. McGee thus connects Devlin with the Fenians, for whom, whatever else we may say, he seemed to have an earnest solicitude for their welfare. "When Murphy was in jail at Corawall," says Mr. McGee, "a member of the Society, said to be Mr. Daniel Lyons, visited him there in order, among other things, to offer Mr. Devlin's professional services for the defence of the Head Centre. Of course Mr. Devlin could not plead in an Upper Canada Court without being regularly called by the Benchers, on an examination, after twelve months' notice given. This he right well knew. Why, then, this pretended professional interference, repeated subsequently with the Fort Erie raiders in Toronto, jail? Was it not under the guise of a mistake as to the rules of the profession in Upper Canada to get an opportunity of holding confidential intercourse with the prisoners? Mr. Devlin says that this branch of his conduct was strictly professional! If the Fenians had sent for him it no doubt would have been. But was it strictly professional to go all the way to New York to tout for Fenian clients in the bureau of President Roberts? Mr. Devlin says he has, and his Committee have been showing about a letter of Mr. Cameron, Q. C., of Toronto, agreeing to undertake the defence of the Fort Erie raiders for a certain fee. From whom did Mr. Devlin obtain this letter of Mr. Cameron's? From the Fenian Chief, who alone had possession of it. And what must we think of the relations between a Colonel of Canadian volunteers and "President" Roberts, when the latter would place in the hands of the former his private correspondence with any third party? The *entente* must have been cordial when such proofs of intimacy exist to illustrate it.

But later in the year, in the memorable first days of June and July, I can show Mr. Devlin's conduct to have been wavering, and suspicious in the extreme. "In those days several consultations were held among influential Irish Catholics as to the necessity of filling up the ranks of the skeleton companies of the Prince of Wales' Regiment, and of taking an active part, with the rest of our fellow citizens, in the Drill Associations formed under the Hon. James Ferrier. Some of these consultations were held at the house of my friend Mr. M. P. Ryan, and some at my residence. On one or two occasions Mr. Devlin was present, and it will be within the recollection of many who were also present, that Mr. Devlin distinctly refused to aid in recruiting at that time—that he declared 'he would not make himself unpopular' by any such efforts; that he had already made sacrifices enough for the service, and that he was disgusted with the whole thing."

It was at this critical time that Mr. Devlin made his rather artful attempt to get the Canadian Government to send him out of the country, as an Ambassador to the F. B. The facts are thus related in a recent correspondence in the *Daily News*:

"Now, Sir, what will your correspondent say when I tell him, on the best authority, that Mr. Devlin (Colonel, I beg his pardon, not only asked for 'leave of absence,' but asked the Government for permission to leave the country, and remain in the United States, during the critical days of June, 1887?"

"Such is the fact—and here's the proof—Under the plea of using his 'normal influence' (where acquired let himself as the defender of that 'ill' scheme Mr. Devlin sent Mr. C. Schiller to the Hon. Mr. Cartier, to ask authority to go to New York, and there to negotiate with the Fenian leaders, and to try with his persuasiveness to induce them not to invade us!—Prodigious! This would have given the Fenians leave of absence for an indefinite time, and at the expense of a Government which he is

seen lying about the fields over which the storm passed. Mr. Geo. Wilson, of Rawdon had the cut of a new brick house blown in, and a part of Mr. W. R. Parker's brick house of his farm was blown down. Many farmers have been very busy with this fearful storm.

The *Western Examiner* describes the effect of the storm in that quarter as follows:—"A fearful hurricane swept over the township of Smith's, part of Dorro and Ontonab on Sunday evening commencing about 8 o'clock. The winds were such that barns, trees, &c., were swept away like dust. It was accompanied by a hail storm that caused untold damage to the crops, fruit trees, and dwellings. Peas, turnips, oats and spring wheat are literally cut up, and glass, wherever exposed, was dashed to pieces. The hail, we are informed, was like pieces of ice broken up, some of the lumps being 2 1/2 inches in size. Very fortunately the storm took a narrow range of only two or three miles; as it is, it has caused immense damage and loss. Since writing the above we have been told that some pieces of the ice would not go into a fair sized teacup, and that several sheep were killed during the storm."

The *Napance Standard* gives the following particulars of the storm:—"A storm passed over the country about four miles south of this town, on Sunday night, inflicting an immense amount of damage to crops, buildings, fences, &c. A large number of over a tract of territory about a mile in width, and miles of fences were leveled to the ground, whole fields of grain were laid flat and the grain threshed as clean as if done by the machine, a large number of barns were unroofed and Mr. Manson Parks had a new house almost completely demolished; Jacob Schryver, Esq., besides the damage done to grain and barns, had two large orchards completely ruined."

Mr. McGee goes on to show how the Fenianism still worked. He says: "Uninstructed and undeterred by these, and the outburst of Murphy and his men, our sympathizers still kept recruiting. Advancing in boldness they placed on the walls of the City Hall the names of the Fenian Corps, and the names of Fenian members in Canada should hold in veneration. It is said these names were put up two or three meetings before they were observed, it may be so, for in that long and not over brilliant room, few notices except those of the chandeliers are ever seen at night. Last January, however, they were seen, and the fact became public. It naturally excited the public indignation. But the Fenians and their president, so ready to call public meetings, and so ready to text, did not dare to lift the subject. The questions still remain unanswered by the Fenians were those Fenian mottoes printed and put up, on behalf of the St. Patrick's Society, on the walls of the City Hall of this city? At the meeting held in the Society's rooms after the business was over, Fenian songs such as 'The Wearing of the Green,' were about this time frequently introduced, and no notice was taken of this by the president, who was personally cognizant of the fact. It remains only to add that at the last election for the St. Patrick's Society, when it was so necessary to Mr. Devlin to renew his lease of office in order to have that vote counted and stick upon me, another infusion of pro-Fenian took place. At the meeting before the annual election, about ninety new members were admitted, for eighty-one or eighty-two of them, Mr. Daniel Lyons paid, out of his own pocket, the collective initiation fee of \$81 or \$82. Does any one suppose this was a private gift of Mr. Lyons? And if not, from what fund was it taken? And what was that fund?"

Respecting the proposed operations by the Fenian agent from the United States, Mr. McGee says "Toronto, Ottawa, and Montreal were favored with the presence from time to time of other organizers from the United States. So late as October last, I saw a man, a large, well-dressed man, named John Ebbott (if that was his original name), who had entered himself under the name Reynolds. While here he consulted, as he himself said, with two men especially named McLaughlin and James Carroll. He (Lennon alias Reynolds) had previously visited Ottawa city, had paid particular attention to the armory and the Parliamentary buildings there; had been more than once at Prescott, and had made notes of the state of things along the Ottawa and Prescott railway. These notes he communicated to a *wealthy* brother at Troy on his return to the United States, and by a roundabout, which I don't feel more particularly bound to explain, the accounts of Mr. Lennon's Canadian tour found their way into my personal custody."

With respect to the mysterious fire when the St. Patrick's Society's books were burned up, Mr. Devlin has denied the charge, and demanded investigation. I perceive that Mr. Devlin has applied for a judicial investigation on one point, the reported burning of the books, at the St. Patrick's room on the night of the 14th of January last. I am glad that his audacity has carried him far, though up to this hour (Wednesday at midnight, August 21st), no summons of any count has reached me. But he has asked for a judicial investigation, and he will have one, and I trust it may take place before the Ontario election. There are witnesses to be found whose testimony will enlighten and serve the city—that is all I will say on that head at present."

Mr. McGee does this most extraordinary manner by showing that every man of the Fenian conspirators who have been shown to be connected with the organization, are now active backers of Mr. Devlin. It is very evident that while the narrative plainly shows that Devlin and his party are more or less tainted with Fenianism, a great deal of testimony bearing upon this point is withheld for future use, should occasion require it.

The Storm.

We learn that the storm on Sunday night last did a large amount of damage in the Township of Rawdon, particularly along the Ridge Road, and in the 8rd and 4th concessions. Trees were uprooted, and twisted like with, whole fields of grain are completely destroyed and present the appearance of having been tramped down by a large drove of cattle. Wheat and peas which were out have been completely thrashed out by the hail-stones, and hundreds of dead birds, rooks, and frogs can

be seen lying about the fields over which the storm passed. Mr. Geo. Wilson, of Rawdon had the cut of a new brick house blown in, and a part of Mr. W. R. Parker's brick house of his farm was blown down. Many farmers have been very busy with this fearful storm.

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Turley & Gilbert's Crushing Machine.

It will be a source of gratification to our readers to learn that the crushing machine of Messrs. Turley & Gilbert, erected in El Dorado, has proved a success. The following letters from Messrs. Otway and Wyckoff show that the mill is all that could be desired. It was tested on Wednesday last in the presence of over 200 people, and he greatest satisfaction was expressed at the perfect manner in which it worked. The castings came from the foundry of Messrs. G. & J. Brown, Belleville, and the whole work was done under the superintendence of Mr. Wm. Marsh, an old California miner, and cost \$5,000. We wish the enterprising proprietors every success. It is the intention of Messrs. Turley & Gilbert, should the auriferous metal prove as extensive as there is every reason to believe it is, to erect another mill with five times the capacity of the present one.

EL DORADO, 21st Aug., 1887.

MESSRS. TURLEY & GILBERT:

GENTLEMEN,—Allow me to congratulate you upon the opening of the machinery established by you at Lower El Dorado, for the purpose of testing the argentiferous and auriferous quality of this section of the country. Familiar as I am with the *modus operandi* of the metallurgical process, and the precious metals, I have seldom seen a more perfect battery of stamps in operation. You will meet many difficulties in the treatment of the ore, as they contain such a vast amount of sulphuretted iron. The blame may be thrown upon the imperfect working of the machinery, but it is not the case; much more depends upon those who send the material than upon those who treat it afterwards. It is the duty of the owners of the stamping mill that it is thoroughly burned, and that the metal is properly treated, and liberate the sulphide of gold in laminated form, thus reducing the metallurgical treatment of the precious metal more easy to the operator in your machinery. I would also suggest that additional improvements be made in your establishment, so as to collect the argentiferous material accompanying all the ore of the district. Allow me also to congratulate you upon your public spirit in introducing the first machinery to develop the mineral resources of this section.

I have the honor to be, gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

W. B. OTWAY, M. D.

EL DORADO, Aug. 21st, 1887.

MESSRS. TURLEY & GILBERT:

GENTLEMEN,—Having witnessed the commencement of the crushing machinery of Messrs. Turley & Gilbert, I am happy to state that it works as well as any one could desire, and will no doubt prove a success.

GEO. D. WYCKOFF.

The Mines of Hastings.

To the Editor of the *Daily Intelligencer*.

DEAR SIR,—I enclose you an assay made by Mr. Wyckoff of some quartz taken from Denby. It will be gratifying to your numerous readers to know that gold-bearing quartz is distributed over such a large area. This lead is well defined, about 4 feet wide, and can be traced for twenty miles. It is 50 miles in a north-easterly direction from the Richardson mine.

The Company (which was formed in Belleville two weeks ago) feel highly elated with their success, and on Monday next commencing a tunnel one hundred feet, expecting to strike the vein seventy-five feet beneath the surface.

Is it not strange, Mr. Editor, that there is so little excitement here? You will remember the emigration to Australia and rail to California. They went into a new country, with neither law, protection nor provisions.

Yet I fancy we have as good mineral and as much of it, with better prospects for safe investment than ever was shown in those countries. This state of affairs must be attributed to the mining laws, the jealousy and want of enterprise and good advice. Instead of that, we would not believe there was gold in the country. Mr. Wyckoff proved it, yet we would still have been duped had not he drawn proof Mr. Wyckoff's assay. It has been up hill work all along, with even the papers of the new Dominion against us.

The only way I see to force it to form companies, as in the present case, is to have plenty of experienced miners who have dug gold in Australia, blown it out of the Sierra Nevada, and p. led it up to California, who will go back and locate claims for any Company that may be formed, in this manner all who are inclined can get interests for a trifling consideration and control his own property. It is admitted by all that we have good mines. It is also admitted they have been sadly neglected. In this way the country can be developed, regardless of all opposition. Such Companies should be formed immediately, for as sure as the sun rises to-morrow, these mines will be secured and worked by other parties.

Look at the facts: The Gould & Curry, Nevada, started on a vein of only five feet, and secured \$17 75 per ton. The stock of that mine realized to some over \$3,000 to the foot. They sank 800 feet, and the greater portion of the quartz only yielded \$80 per ton. Probably the next best investment, the Butler, yielding \$30 per ton. Then comes the celebrated Mariposa, yielding \$20. In a country where everything is 100 per cent higher than here, the owners of the mine, and the railroads millions. Our mines compare favorably with these, and can be worked at a reduction of 50 per cent.

With such chances for investment, is it not annoying daily to read of the millions lying idle in Paris; money forced on the market in England at 2 per cent, and readily obtained in New York at 5 per cent? Besides, mineral wealth is the standard of nations. Spain was a first-class power till her mines failed. England is dependant on hers, and the new Dominion, if properly brought out, will enter upon her career on a perfect equality in mineral resources with the United States.

JENNIS.

MADOC, August 19.

This is to certify that I have assayed pounds of ore, and to have come out with the following Concession of the Township of Denby, and find it to contain: Gold, 13 grains. Value per ton, \$58 84.
GEO. D. WYCKOFF, Assayer.

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

VENUE, Aug. 23.—The *Journal* in this city, which is generally acknowledged to be the organ of the Prime Minister, Baron Von Bismarck, says to-day that its defensive alliance has been formed between Austria and Germany.

PARIS, Aug. 23.—It is said that one of the results of the conference which has been held at Salzburg, between the Emperor, Napoleon, and Francis Joseph is to insist that the south German States shall unite in a Confederation, of which Austria is to be the head. It is also stated that an agreement has been arrived at between the two Emperors as to the policy to be hereafter pursued by Austria and Prussia in the present question.

American Despatches.

WASHINGTON, August 23.—To-day a committee for the radical Germans and citizens of the United States, called upon Senator Romero, the Minister to present, through him, to President Juarez, an address of sympathy and approval of his course during the recent struggle in Mexico.

BELLEVILLE, Massachusetts.—Hon. Erasmus B. French, a well-known member of the Massachusetts bar, died here to-day.

NEW ORLEANS, August 23.—The number of deaths from yellow fever is 10. The number of deaths from yellow fever this morning were 37. Yellow fever of a very virulent type prevails at Corps Christi.

PORTSMOUTH MONROE, August 23.—Additional advices from North Carolina state that the floods in the rivers were creating the most serious apprehensions for the low ground crops. The four principal rivers have again overflowed their banks, and it is feared that the rain storms of last week were much heavier north and south than in this section of Virginia. The July rains nearly destroyed many crops on the different plantations on the rivers, and now it is feared that the damage done to the crops on the lower ground will be incalculable.

The "Tribune," Washington special says it is now a settled fact that General Howard will be relieved from his position as Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau.

The course of the "Tribune" towards Gen. Grant has determined those of his friends who are to manage his presidential canvass to make him pronounce his adhesion to Congress. The General himself, to-day, announced that he would hold no communication with newspaper correspondents.

The "Intelligencer," to-morrow, will urge the removal of Mr. Howard, as an editor of that paper was in consultation with him last evening. This is significant. The President is understood to have said that he would accept the resignations of Mr. McCullough, Mr. Wells and Mr. Randall. He wants to make a new deal and have fresh cards for the remainder of the term. You may regard this as semi-official.

The "Times" special says that General (Doctor of the Department), states that General Thos. Heath was a very poor fellow for some time, and that the transfer to New Orleans at the present time will be at great peril.

A letter received in this city from Pennsylvania states that the health of Thos. Heath is poor indeed. The writer says it is very doubtful whether Mr. Stevens will ever be able to come to Washington again.

GEORGE ROCHIE, HATTER & FURRIER.

All the latest styles of
Felt & Silk Hats,
KEPT always on hand. Also, a great variety of
CLOTH CAPS.
All orders promptly executed. Remember the stand.
Nelson's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.
N. B.—The highest price in CASH paid for Raw Fur. Felt and Silk Hats ironed and repaired.
May 1. 1D-6m

DAILY LINE TO ROCHESTER.

The quickest route from Belleville and vicinity to New York, Boston, &c., from Montreal, to Buffalo, &c., and between the Canadian Gold Fields and the United States.

THE SPENDID STEEL-PLATED STEAMER

"CORINTHIAN,"

LEAVES Brighton 4:30, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, until further notice, and daily from Colborne at 6 a. m., Colborne, 7 a. m., and Port Hope on arrival of G. T. R. morning train from Toronto and Montreal, at 9:30 a. m.

Connects at Rochester with afternoon Express Trains for the East, West, and South. Returning, leaves Port of Rochester (Charlotte), daily, on arrival of evening Express Train, at 10 p. m., Saturdays, 8 p. m.

Connects at North Shore Ports with G. T. R. morning trains for Toronto and Montreal, and at Kingston and Colborne with morning Stages direct for Campbellford, Madoc, and the Canadian Gold Fields.

R. P. DAVY, AGENT. 1D-6m

HURRAH FOR COULSON & CAMERON'S LINE OF STAGES

For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sundays excepted), at half past 7 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12 noon.

RETURNING—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 1:30 p. m., arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west.

COULSON & CAMERON, Proprietors.

JOHN HARRIS, Agent, Belleville.
JOHN TANNERY, Agent, Madoc.
P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.
July 22, 1897. 1D-6m

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS, QUEBEC, 6th March, 1898.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance Minister, that heretofore Weekly Notices be published and forwarded to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada Gazette.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS, OTTAWA, June 8, 1897.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 25 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON, 3D-1H Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

QUBEN INSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL, . . . \$10,000,000.

FIRE AND LIFE.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THE principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Insurance, and afford every facility to intending assureds.—One of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company is that the outside expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Dead of Settlement to **Ten per Cent.** of the Net Life Income. This most important restriction shows that the interests of participating policy holders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is specially called to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management must largely influence Profits and Bonuses.

The next division of profits takes place in 1898, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.

DR. CANNIFF, Medical Referee. 4D-6m

W. WHARIN & Co., 11 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO.

IMPORTERS OF WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, &c.

Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry carefully repaired and warranted.

Wm. WHARIN, 1260m W. L. WILKINSON.

O. W. WALKER, MERCHANT TAILORS, DRAPERS, &c.

No. 7, King Street East, Toronto. 1D-6m

FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.

LOUIS ROENIGK, MANUFACTURER, and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of Furniture near the Upper Bridge, Belleville. He would call the particular attention of the Trade, Hotel Keepers, and Families furnishing, to his present Stock, which is the largest, most varied, and best ever shown in Belleville, and which will be sold at prices as low as any establishment in Canada. Sofas and Couches of all patterns, Tables of all kinds, Chairs of every description, Bedsteads, Mattresses, &c., always on hand.

THE UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT

is complete, and all orders promptly attended to.

UNDERTAKING

In all its branches. Dealers, Hotel Keepers, and the Public generally, are requested to call and examine Stock and Prices, before they make their purchases.

LOUIS ROENIGK, 1D-4F Belleville, April, 1897.

The Upper Cabin Steamer

"EMPRESS,"

McNAMARA, MASTER.

WILL leave Trenton for Montreal every FRIDAY, at SIX o'clock a. m., and Monday at 9 a. m., calling at TEN, calling at all ports on the Bay of Quinte and River St. Lawrence.

RETURNING.

Will leave Montreal every TUESDAY at ONE o'clock, for the above places, calling at Ogdensburg and all intermediate ports. For freight and passenger tickets apply to Capt. McNamara, Agent, Belleville, at the office of R. & McIntosh, next door to Fanning's Hotel.

C. C. McFALL, 55 & 56 Common St., Montreal. 1D-3m

MAITLAND FISHER, TEA AND GENERAL BROKER.

OFFICE: Corner of St. Sebastian and St. Nicholas Street, Montreal.

Representative of the following: Robert, 21 D-1m

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THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER

BOOK AND JOB

PRINTING OFFICE.

THE public are informed that in connection with THE DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER Newspaper, we have one of the best

JOB DEPARTMENTS

In the country, and our facilities for printing all kinds of Book and Job, and all other business printing, are of the best.

The Extensive Assortment

of

TYPE AND POWER PRESSES

GIVEN AT GREAT ADVANTAGES IN THE PRINTING OF

POSTERS & PROGRAMMES,

And for all kinds of

COMMERCIAL WORK,

such as

Letter Headings,

Note Headings,

Business Cards,

Bank Cheques,

Bill Heads,

Circulars,

Catalogues,

Receipts,

Pamphlets,

Bonds and Mortgages,

Deeds,

Posters,

Placards,

In any Size or in any Colour.

CONSTITUTIONS,

BY-LAWS,

And every other variety of Pamphlets printed neatly and expeditiously.

Book and Job Printing

AT THE

LOWEST RATES.

Particulars of charges for Belleville in 1897

Any Description of Printing

Can have their work supplied by sending their order by mail. Their letters will receive prompt and careful attention.

M. BOWELL, INTELLIGENCER BUILDING, FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

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SYNOPSIS

GOLD MINING ACT OF 1864,

27 and 28 Vic. Chap. 9. and the

Gold Mining Amendment Act 1865,

29 Vic. Chap. 9.

THE Gold Mining Act of 1864 provides that Governor in Council may erect Gold Mining Divisions.

Two Divisions erected in Lower Canada: "Clarendon Gold Mining Division," Richard Pope, Esq., Gold Mining Inspector, St. Francis de la Beauce and the other, "Frontenac Gold Mining Division," J. K. Gilman, Esq., Gold Mining Inspector, Stantard; 18th July, 1864, amended 20th July, 1864 and 22nd Sept. 1865.

One Division erected in Upper Canada, by Proclamation, 21st March, 1867: "Queen's Gold Mining Division," constituting the Township of St. Charles, Clarendon, Palmerston, Miller and North and South Canisio, in the County of Frontenac, the Township of St. Charles, in the County of Renfrew, situated north of the Township of Miller and Ontario, the Township in the County of Addington, situated north of the Township of St. Charles and the Township in the County of Hastings, situated north of the Township of St. Charles and the Township of Belmont, and the Township in the County of Hastings, situated north of the Township of Belmont, Alfred Artya Campbell, Esq., of Belleville Inspector.

No person to mine without a license. Two kinds of licenses, one "Crown Lands Gold License," at 40 cents per month, for unmined Crown Lands, and the other, "Private Lands Gold License," at 40 cents per month, for private lands, the miner first obtaining consent of the proprietor.

Crown Lands Gold License may make out and work claim on unmined Crown Lands as follows: ALLUVIAL MINES. On a river or large creek, 20 feet front by 50 from the water's edge. On small creeks, 40 by 50 from centre of stream. In gully, 30 by 50 from centre of stream. On surface or hill side, 40 feet square. In case of alluvial mines, the miner may locate a claim of 20 feet river or creek to determine size and position of claim.

QUARTZ MINES. To each claim, 100 feet along lead by 100 on each side from the water's edge. For each additional 50 feet additional along lead for every additional miner, but not to exceed 500 feet along lead. Claims to be located by the miner, and to be laid out in rectangular or irregular shape, horizontal, and to be marked on the surface by the vertical line to the surface.

No person to occupy more than one claim on Crown Lands at one time. Disposer entitled to free license for one year in manner provided by Act. Party liable to be left between claims on Crown Lands, party occupying party liable to construct a new road of access to water.

Crown Lands licensees not to cause damage to others. General use of water reserved opposite claim on Crown Lands. Provisions made for disposal of water and for the benefit of the public. Penalties provided for removal of stakes on claims. All licenses to make returns. Quartz crushing machines to be located. Fee 10 cents per month. Books to be kept and returns furnished. Act extends to parties mining near Gold Mining Divisions.

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often than most men, yet sleep well, have no headache, no white tongue, and very little exhaustion. The secret is this: I never drank wine nor spirits nor porter nor beer nor cider, nor any other fermented or intoxicating liquid. I got pure water from the spring in my beverage, and I have never felt so well since I became a teetotaler.

Miscellaneous Items.

It is said that there are indications of revolt among the Christians in Thessaly and Epirus.

The Rotunda of the Capitol at Washington is now lighted by electricity. Thirteen hundred burners are lighted simultaneously in an instant.

The Grand Duke Alexis, third son of the Emperor of Russia, is shortly expected on a visit to Canada, and will be the guest of Lord Monck, who will accompany him on a tour to Niagara Falls.

An extensive strike is going on among the colliers of the Oldham district, in England. Out of twenty-two pits only six are working, and about 900 men, besides a large number of boys, are offered the Government of Columbia to pay its national debt of \$30,000,000 on condition that the Panama Railroad be leased to them for 99 years, at the rate of \$500,000 a year.

A letter from Paris states that Chevalier Tache, Canadian Commissioner to the Exposition, has been directed by Mr. Howland to report upon the wine-growing system of culture, and the way in which taxes are levied upon the wine growers.

The Tribune has opened its batteries on General Grant, and undertakes to show that he is not entitled to the confidence of the Republican party. The people, however, are again rising above mere party issues, and he is certain to be the next President.

The Ogdensburg Journal says that the stupendous grain elevator at that place is rising rapidly—that the bins are well up, and the masonry is following fast. The smoke stack of the engine house stands something over 180 feet high, and the top of the elevator building will reach nearly the same height. There are but one or two elevators in the United States of equal dimensions.

A wild woman has for several years been frolicking in the mountains of Carnarvonshire, in Wales. She has been twice captured and released, and once has carried off a stray child to the hills, and now she has been caught for a third time and locked up. She turns out to be an Irish woman who thinks she has been communicated by the Pope and ordered to lead a solitary mountain life for ten years.

The Czar has introduced another reform into his empire, by the abolition of a strange custom. For centuries the cure of souls in Russia has been hereditary, from father to son, and in case of a man having only daughters, the Pope has conferred the priesthood upon her husband. The Czar has done away with this old usage, and ordered that in the future the best qualified shall be alone appointed to the sacred office.

The Court Journal tells us that the Sultan, during the period of his sojourn at Buckingham Palace, had a lamb brought every morning to the palace and given to his own butcher, after a certain ceremony had been gone through. Fowls are killed the same way. The Sultan always dined alone; there was a special dinner prepared for his son, who also dined alone, as did his two nephews. This does not speak much for Turkish society.

The Guelph Advertiser says:—The tempestuous wind that passed through Guelph on Sunday was but the Southern edge of one of the fiercest and most destructive tornadoes that have ever occurred in Wellington. Betwixt here and Fergus the winds were very high and violent. Five miles above that village, and for a space of three quarters of a mile wide, there swept a perfect hurricane, unroofing barns, blowing down chimneys and haystacks, leveling fences, grain and an immense number of trees, and also the telegraph wires and the walls of a brick church on the Owen Sound road.

TRAGEDY AT PLATTSBURG.—By a resident of this city, direct from Clinton county, we are made acquainted with the particulars of a bloody tragedy which was enacted at Plattsburg on Friday night last, the recital of which is enough to make one pale to read or hear. It appears that one Charles Jones, a student of Plattsburg, was employed as clerk of the principal inn of the place, fell in love with and was engaged to the daughter of the proprietor, Miss Molly Steele. The young lady, however, cooled in her attachment, and broke off her engagement with Jones, who had also lost his situation as clerk. On Friday night last the young lady, in company with a gentleman friend, visited Lake's circus, then exhibiting in the place. Young Jones, fired with jealousy, waylaid the couple on their way home from the circus, and drawing a revolver, and pointing at Miss Steele, deliberately fired, the ball piercing her head and inducing instant death. Jones instantly placed the revolver at his own head and after several ineffectual efforts lodged a ball in his own brain, and immediately expired. The unfortunate lady was highly esteemed, and the daughter of one of the most prominent citizens of that place, whilst the murderer and destroyer was equally well known. The tragedy has in consequence caused much excitement and general sorrow.—St. Joseph Herald.

—A Long Island paper states that the rider-post has regaled in the vicinity of Huntington during the past week, several horses having died from it in a few hours after the first attack.

Hastings Elections.

WEST RIDING.—Nomination at Belvedere, on Saturday, the 24th of August, polling days Monday and Tuesday, the 25th and 26th of September.

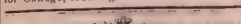
EAST RIDING.—Nomination at Ch. Ch. Mills, on Monday, the 24th of August; polling days, Thursday and Friday, the 25th and 26th of September.

NORTH RIDING.—Nomination at Mt. Dorado, on Saturday, the 24th of August; polling days Monday and Tuesday, the 25th and 26th of September.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

MILBURNVILLE STATION.
Morning Express going West, 8:00 A. M.
Evening Express going West, 7:32 P. M.
Mixed Train going West, 10:35 A. M.
Morning Express going East, 8:45 P. M.
Evening Express going East, 12:05 P. M.
Mixed Train going East, 1:10 P. M.
No passengers allowed by this train, Montreal Time.

ST. ROCHER.—The steamer Rochester leaves Plattsburg on Monday at two o'clock, for Oswego, touching at Mill Point and Pictou.



Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, SATURDAY, AUG. 24.

Garrisoning the Breadstuffs.

Considerable amusement and interest were created in local political circles yesterday by the circulation of a fly-sheet, the production of Mr. James Meagher, Jr. Not on account of any importance attached to the document—not on account of any intrinsic value it possessed, nor on account of any influence it might have on the pending contest, was it the chief topic of discussion for a few hours. But it was such an original, such an uncommon, and withal such a remarkable document, that every one wished to see it. Unfortunately, but few copies were to be had—it had been quietly circulated amongst a few whom it was intended to influence, and neither for love nor money could it be obtained. It's a pity for Mr. Brown's sake that they were not in the hands of every elector in the West Riding. It is just as well, probably, for the sake of the author that their circulation is limited. A more egotistical production it is scarcely possible to conceive. One would imagine upon reading it that the writer was the power amongst the Reformers in the county of Hastings, when the fact is he cannot get elected for the smallest office in the gift of the people. He "hands himself" as he says, "garrisoning the breadstuffs, and the enemy within his door, and forthwith winged messengers fly on their destructive errand, but when the smoke is cleared away, not a hair is singed, nor a scratch is made. Like the celebrated war-horse he smashes the battle from afar, and rushes pell-mell into the thicket of the night, but alas! neither rider nor horse is seen again. But how could he do otherwise, "without forgetting himself?" Who, says this gentleman, "that has ever read an O'Connell, a Grant, a Meagher, a Bright, a Mills, or a Gladstone, could be otherwise than 'garrisoning the breadstuffs'?" Before at this critical period of our country's history? Not a Meagher, faith! He never did! "I never will fling my (his) political adjectives in with the enemies of my (his) race—the offspring of a tyrannical and corrupt compact, no matter how seemingly consistent it may appear to shallow-brained politicians amongst whom my (his) lot is cast!" Hear that, ye gods and little fishes! 'Tis it a pity that his lot is not cast in a more favored spot? To be the associate of such "shallow-brained politicians" as this country furnishes is more than he can stand. A man who ranks with a Grant, an O'Connell, a Gladstone, compelled to stand on the ramparts of Reform and guard the sacred and inalienable rights of the "shallow-brained politicians" who seek protection behind his "breadstuffs!" 'Tis too bad, but some one must be sacrificed on the altar of his country, and who can risk a more suitable man than James Meagher, Jr.?

He comes down from his high pedestal and casts in his lot with "shallow-brained politicians." We will not be surprised if it is found necessary for some one else to cast lots before the contest is over, and we will not be surprised if it is found to be the lot of James Meagher, Jr. to be thrown overboard as it was the lot of a distinguished personage who flourished before the time of Grant or Gladstone or Meagher, to be cast away to keep the ship from sinking. The Grit ship is pretty well under way, and it only needs one or two more James Meagher, Jr. to send her to the bottom like a lump of lead.

Mr. James Meagher, Jr., informs the people that he is a "democratic in principle,"

and opposed to the importation of a titled aristocracy in this now and struggling country. "democratic," Worcester tells us, is a "republican." "Democracy" is "reform of government" in which the sovereign power is lodged in the body of the people, or a republic. And so Mr. James Meagher, Jr., is a republican. Probably it is just as well that Mr. Meagher should define his position on this question at this important and critical period in Canada's history, when efforts are being made by the Fenian Brotherhood to make this Dominion a Republic, and when we know too well, that we have in our midst those who are sympathizing with and aiding the Fenian Brotherhood in their nefarious designs. It was, just as well that Mr. James Meagher, Jr., should make his record on this momentous question, and having made it, with his eyes open, and with the full responsibility of his acts staring him in the face, it will be the duty of every loyal and true Canadian to show Mr. James Meagher, Jr., and all who sympathize with him, that they will not be permitted to promulgate such doctrines with impunity. Would it not be well for Mr. James Meagher, Jr., to make the purchase of the ten cent looking-glass recommended by the Hon. Bills Filnt. The reflection might make him act more cautiously in the future.

There are some other matters in this precious production to which we may take occasion to refer hereafter.

West Riding Nomination.

The nomination of candidates for the West Riding of Hastings took place today at the Court House, Belleville. There were from four to five hundred persons on the ground at the commencement, and the number kept gradually increasing.

The proceedings commenced at 1 o'clock by the Returning Officer reading the Proclamation and the Writ, after which nominations were called for.

Col. EDWARD KETCHUM, of Sidney, stepped forward and proposed Dr. R. HOLDEN as a candidate for the House of Commons. He referred briefly to the additional expense incurred by the new form of Government, and it was important to have men in Parliament who would use proper economy. He believed Dr. Holden would practise that economy.

CORNELIUS LAWRENCE, Esq., of Sidney, seconded the nomination.

JOHN S. HOFFMAN, Esq., then came forward and proposed JAMES BROWN, Esq., as a candidate for the House of Commons. It was a pleasure to him in doing so, and he knew it would be a pleasure for the farmers of Sidney to support him. He was a man reared amongst them—a man whom they all knew as a mechanic, a manufacturer, and an honest and upright man. He was a Reformer, and had always supported Reform principles. (Some-oh-oh!) he now called out, he supports the Reform! If we were to support the Reform, it would be the Hon. R. Read and Mr. Brown; it would be better for the country.

JOHN BUTTERLAND, Esq., seconded the nomination. He did so with pride and pleasure. Mr. Brown was a man known to them all, and in his public capacity he had displayed qualities which showed he was capable of doing more as a legislator than as a farmer. In municipal matters he had proved one of the most useful men in the Town ever had, and he was satisfied if he was sent to Parliament he would show a clear and satisfactory record there. In his private capacity he knew him as a true and generous friend, a man who could be thoroughly trusted, and any man who knew James Brown, ultimately would be prepared to endorse his statement.

Col. WM. KETCHUM nominated C. GRAHAM, Esq., as a candidate for the Legislative Assembly. He believed Mr. Graham was laying the foundation for a career of usefulness, and as a young man of ability and real worth, he placed a great deal of confidence in him. He was one of themselves, a farmer, and he believed he would represent them with credit to himself and honor to his constituents.

DANIEL E. VANDERWATER, Esq., seconded the nomination.

DAVID JONES, Esq., nominated THOMAS D. FARLEY, Esq., as a candidate for the Legislative Assembly. He believed him to be a most suitable man for the position—a man who would do his duty to the country, and use every economy in the management of the affairs of the Government.

Col. EDWARD KETCHUM seconded the nomination.

The following persons were nominated as candidates for the House of Assembly, but retired in favor of their respective friends:

DR. E. COLEMAN, proposed by Mr. J. P. Thomas, seconded by Mr. John R. Mason.

ALEX. ROBERTSON, Esq., proposed by Mr. G. Neilson, seconded by Mr. E. Gilbert.

C. LAWRENCE, Esq., proposed by Mr. R. Bird, seconded by Mr. L. H. Henderson.

GEO. NEILSON, Esq., proposed by Mr. R. Graham, seconded by Mr. A. Dunlop.

JOHN B. MASON, Esq., proposed by Mr. Clement Holden, seconded by Mr. L. H. Henderson.

THOMAS HOLDEN, Esq., proposed by Mr. J. B. Mason, seconded by Mr. C. Lawrence.

W. G. was obliged to defer the remainder of the report until Monday.

THE FIRE IN MONTREAL.—The Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Quebec has issued a proclamation, offering a reward for the discovery of the principals and accessories in the recent arson cases which occurred in Montreal.

Gold News.

To the Editor of The Intelligencer.

Sir,—This morning I had the pleasure of again visiting the world-renowned "Richardson Gold Mine." A short time previous to my visit, a large quantity of quartz had been taken up from the mine, and was found to exceed in richness the quartz yet taken out of it. I noticed one piece in particular, which I do not think weighed more than a few hundred pounds; this piece was said to contain at least no. 1, than \$800 worth of the precious metal, and calculating according to this yield, there must have been at least \$5,000 worth of gold taken from this mine to-day. Many experienced miners and mineralogists who were present to-day at the mine, pronounced this show to be really as good as they had ever seen before. No doubt ere this will reach you, specimens of this quartz will be forwarded to Belleville, to enable persons there to judge for themselves concerning this matter. The good citizens of this, the "Golden City of the North," are indulging in romantic ideas of the glorious prospects which now present themselves, of their being able, before very long, of realizing their fond and long cherished wish of making nice fortunes, and where you formerly beheld faces bearing evident traces of despondency, you now can see many smiling ones.

Lively times are now expected in El Dorado. A great many people are daily arriving here, but only stay a short time, and then go further back to prospect. Mr. Harding, by his gentlemanly conduct and good nature has won for himself the esteem of all who come in contact with him. The only drawback that is now felt among the miners is the want of a quartz mill. A mill, however, is in the course of construction, and is expected to be completed in a few days. The quartz now taken out of the different mines is carefully stored away in suitable places awaiting the completion of the mill, which I can assure you is very much needed, and consequently is anxiously looked for.

The El Dorado Mining Co., are succeeding admirably with their operations. This company have disposed of a large portion of their stock, notwithstanding that they have raised the amount of each share to double the original value. Mr. Sparling, who is managing director of this company, and also his colleagues Mr. McNeill & McGeehan, are very energetic and really deserve to be sustained in their laudable efforts to develop the mineral wealth of the back country. This mine is situated on the "Moore Farm," and not far distant from the Richardson Mine.

I also notice with pleasure that the "Royal Canadian Mining Company" are progressing with their enterprise in a very satisfactory manner, and are in no way wearying their brethren in this respect, at all events so far as energy and enterprise are concerned. This company began mining operations only a few days ago, and so far, are meeting with very promising indications, having gone down only three feet below the surface, where they met a very rich ledge, portions of the quartz of which Mr. John East, secretary and treasurer of the company, had tested by Mr. Wyckoff, whose certificate in showing the result of the analysis is as follows: "Assayed 86 lbs. ore said to have come from ledge, no. 17, in the 5th division of the Township of Madoc, for the Royal Canadian Mining Company, and found to contain one grain, value per ton \$22.55," and considering the fact that the quartz was found so near the surface this yield is very encouraging, and no doubt that before the elapse of many days we will hear of good news for this company. The property of this company is only a short distance from the Richardson mine, and judging from present prospects I have no hesitation in saying that the chances of this company of making a "big strike" are as good as any I have yet seen.

Heretofore mining operations were almost entirely confined to Madoc Township, but recent discoveries go to show that the indications for gold and other minerals are just as promising in El Dorado and the Township of Madoc. Owing to the untiring, energetic, and enterprising spirit of Mr. Forester, P. E. S. of Madoc, and also of Mr. Warren, a Californian of considerable experience in mining matters, we are enabled to know something definite concerning these rich localities, a rich ledge averaging from four to eight feet in width, and some three miles in length, has recently been discovered in the Township of Madoc. The ledge runs through the centre of the town concession in a southerly direction, and from the assays which have been made of some of the quartz taken from it, is supposed to be exceedingly rich.

We may mention that the Young Mine is situated on this ledge, and is, as well as others, among which is a shaft sunk by Mr. McArthur, of Belleville. All these mines are yielding very richly, as will be seen from the sworn affidavits of the proprietors thereof. We hear of several shafts being sunk further back, but with what success I am at present unable to say. Miners are eagerly sought for, as that class of men are very scarce in proportion to the demand; wages being pretty good, ranging from \$1.50 to \$2 a day, and the work is not arduous. Several of the miners were, on Thursday last, summoned to appear before Lieut.-Col. Campbell, for violation of the law respecting the issuing of licenses, and they having acknowledged the same, were dismissed upon the payment of costs, and upon promise of taking out their license and being better boys in the future.

We may mention that the law respecting mining operations is very unpopular back here, as it is considered an illegal and ill-calculated to assist or encourage the miners,

who are devoting their time and labor in developing the mineral resources of the country, and consequently the sooner the state of the law is reformed, the better it will be for all parties, and especially to those who like to see the mineral wealth of this country thoroughly developed.

On this evening Dr. Otway, the celebrated mineralogist will deliver his lecture at the Town Hall, Madoc, on his favorite subject, "Mineralogy and Geology," the proceeds thereof to be applied towards the erection of a school house in the "City of El Dorado." I understand that this is only one of a series of lectures which the learned Dr. intends to deliver in reference to other subjects. The Dr. is a fluent speaker and a close reasoner, and generally attracts large houses to hear him. Altogether, time looks a hundred per cent. better in El Dorado and Madoc than what they did a month ago, and I think we may predict pretty stirring times in the future.

I am yours, &c.
A CITIZEN OF EL DORADO.
El Dorado, August 20th, 1887.

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

SOUTHAMPTON, August 23, evening.—The steamship "Baltic" arrived to-day from New Havre.

St. President Jeremiah Day, of Yale College, died here last night, aged 94.

QUEENSTOWN, August 23, noon.—The steamship "China" arrived to-day.

LONDON, August 23, evening.—It is rumored to-day that a formal treaty concluded at the Conference recently held at Salzburg, between the Emperor Napoleon and Francis Joseph, for the formation of a South German Confederation, has proved a signal failure. The Government of Bavaria, it is reported, has replied to the propositions of their Majesties and positively refuses to join the Bund.

MADRID, August 23.—A state of siege has been declared in all the provinces, in consequence of anticipated insurrectionary movements.

PARIS, August 23.—Napoleon, on returning from Salzburg, departed for Biarritz.

St. Petersburg, August 23.—It is reported that the Czar, who is now in the Crimea, is quite ill.

Admiral Farragut and the officers of his fleet received a grand ovation to-day at Cronstadt from the Russian naval officers. The Grand Duke Constantine, Admiral-General of the Russian Navy, and other dignitaries were present.

LONDON, August 24, noon.—Consols raised at 94½; Bonds weak 75½; Erie 64½; L. O. 77½.

LIVERPOOL, August 24, noon.—Cotton dull and unchanged. Wheat 3s 11d; Barley 3s 4d; Beans 3s 11d; Pork 12s 6d; Lard 5s 4d.

NEW YORK, August 23.—Accounts from Southern New Jersey show great damage by rain storms this week. Crops, bridges, rail roads, turnpikes, with houses, mills, and dams in great numbers, were destroyed. Loss about \$300,000.

JOLARUSSA, Colorado, August 23.—Admiral Farragut and the officers of his fleet received a grand ovation to-day at Cronstadt from the Russian naval officers. The Grand Duke Constantine, Admiral-General of the Russian Navy, and other dignitaries were present.

NEW YORK, August 23.—The Tribune's Washington special says: Since the late election of the President, letters have been received here by prominent Republican politicians from members of Congress, which state that they only remain left to insure reconstruction is the intention of the President. These letters are significant, from the fact that several of them are from members who at the last session of Congress were known as Conservatives and opponents of impeachment.

The World's Washington special says: The friends of Secretary Seward to-day declare that he will anticipate the President's request to resign, and tender his resignation, provided he becomes satisfied that the demand for his withdrawal made in the Administration Journal here is really prompted from the Executive mansion.

One thousand dollars were promptly contributed yesterday by a few merchants for aid to the sick in Galveston.

Arrival of the "Union."

NEW YORK, August 13.—The steamship Union, from Bremen, via Southampton on the 15th, has arrived.

The little raft Nonpareil is on exhibition at the Crystal Palace.

It is stated that the United States practice ships Macedonian, Savannah and Dale would have a race across the Atlantic.

The return of the Bank of France shows an increase of seventeen millions and a half of francs.

The Bank of Russia announces that in future they will accept payment for bills either in Russian or foreign money.

The Paris Presse says that Cretia is to have her autonomy under a Governor, subject to the suzerainty of the Porte.

Intelligence from Belgrade announces that revolutionary movement is anticipated in Bosnia and Herzegovina.

GEORGE ROUCHE,

HATTER & FURRIER.

All the latest styles of

Felt & Silk Hats,

KEPT always on hand. Also, a great

variety of

CLOTH CAPS

All orders promptly executed. Remember

the stand.

Neillon's Block, opposite Apothecaries

Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for

Raw Fur. Felt and Silk Hats ironed and

resined.

May 1. 1D-6m

DAILY LINE TO ROCHESTER.

The quickest route from Belleville and

vicinity to New York, Boston, &c.,

from Montreal, to Buffalo, &c.,

and between the Canadian

Gold Fields and the

United States.

THE SUNDAY STEEL-PLATED STEAMER

"CORINTHIAN,"

LEAVES Kingston 4:30, Mondays, Wed-

nesdays, and Fridays, until further no-

tice, and daily from Colborne at 6 a. m.

Colborne, 7 a. m., and Port Hope on arrival

of G. T. R. morning trains from Toronto and

Montreal, at 9:30 a. m.

Connects at Rochester with afternoon Ex-

press Trains for the East, West, and South.

Returning, leaves Port of Rochester, (Char-

lotte), daily, on arrival of evening Express

Trains at 10 p. m., Saturdays, 8 p. m.

Connects at North Shore with G. T. R.

morning trains for Toronto and Montreal, and

at Brighton and Colborne with morning

Stages direct for Campbellford, Madoc, and

the Canadian Gold Fields.

R. P. DAVY, AGENT. Dit

July 22nd, 1897.

HURRAH FOR

COULSON & CAMERON'S

LINE OF STAGES

For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the prin-

ci-pal Hotels in Belleville every morning

(Sunday's excepted), at half-past 7 o'clock,

arriving in Madoc at 12 noon.

Returning—Leave all the principal Hotels

in Madoc at 1:30 p. m., arriving in Belleville

in time to connect with the evening trains

going east and west.

COULSON & CAMERON,

Proprietors.

JOHN HARRIS, Agent, Belleville.

JOHN TANNERY, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on

this route will be promptly attended to. All

parcels unless booked and paid for will be at

the risk of the owner.

July 22, 1897. D68

American Invoices—Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,

QUEBEC, 6th March, 1898.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance

Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices

be published and furnished to Collectors of

Customs, at the rate of discount to be al-

lowed on American Invoices, which is to be

accordance with the price of gold as re-

sented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto.

Such notices to appear every Saturday in the

Canada Gazette.

H. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,

OTTAWA, June 8, 1897.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice

is hereby given that the authorized dis-

count is declared to be this day 25 per cent,

which percentage of deduction is to be con-

tinued until next Weekly Notice, and to ap-

ply to all purchases made in the United States

during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,

2D-14 Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

QUEBEC

INSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL, - - - \$10,000,000.

FIRE AND LIFE.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THE principles on which this Company is

founded contain all the elements required

to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and

afford every facility to intending assureds.—

One of the advantages secured by those who

insure their lives with this Company is that

the outside expenditure for Management is

absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settle-

ment to Ten per Cent. of the Net Life In-

come. This most important restriction

shows that the interests of participating policy

holders are closely watched and carefully at-

tended to by the Company. Attention is es-

pecially called to this point, as the proportion

of premiums expended for Management

Must Largely Influence Profits

and Bonuses.

The next division of profits takes place in

1898, and all those who wish to participate in

the profits should insure at once.

Dr. GANNIFF, Intelligence Office, Agent.

May, 1897. 4D-10m.

W. WHARIN & Co.,

11 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO,

IMPORTERS OF

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, ELECTRO-PLATED

WARE, AND CUTLERY, &c.

See Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry, carefully

inspected and warranted.

Wm. WHARIN, 12D-6m W. L. WILKINSON.

O. & W. WALKER,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

DRAPEES, &c.

No. 7, King Street East, Toronto. 12D-6m

FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.

LOUIS ROENIGK.

MANUFACTURER, and Wholesale and

Retail Dealer in all kinds of Furniture

near the Upper Bridge, Belleville.

He would call the particular attention of

the Trade, Hotel Keepers, and Families fur-

nishing, to his present Stock, which is the

largest, most varied, and best ever shown in

Belleville, and which will be sold at prices

low as any establishment in Canada.

Sofas and Couches of all patterns, Tables

of all kinds. Chairs of every description.

Bedsteads, Mattresses, &c., always on hand.

THE UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT

is complete, and all orders promptly attended

to at his branches.

Dealers, Hotel Keepers, and the Public

generally, are requested to call and examine

Stock and Prices, before they make their

purchases.

LOUIS ROENIGK, 1D-4f

Belleville, April, 1897.

The Upper Cabin Steamer

"EMPRESS,"

McNAMARA, MASTER.

Will leave Trenton for Montreal every

FRIDAY, at SIX o'clock A. M., and

McLinton's Wharf, Belleville, at TEN, call-

ing at all ports on the Bay of Quinte and River

St. Lawrence, at 9:30 A. M.

RETURNING.

Will leave Montreal every TUESDAY at

ONE o'clock, for the above places, calling at

Ogdensburg and all intermediate ports.

This steamer has an Upright Deck Saloon,

and every accommodation for passengers, who

will find her safe, and the swiftest and most

comfortable boat on the route.

For freight and passenger tickets apply to

Capt. A. McIntosh, Agent, Belleville, at the office

of Read & McIntosh, next door to Fanning's

Hotel.

C. C. McCALL, 11D-3m

55 & 56 Common St., Montreal.

May 14.

MATTLAND FISHER,

TEA AND GENERAL BROKER.

OFFICE: Corner of St. James and St. Nicholas

Streets, Montreal.

Representatives: Belleville: Mr. Robert Gibson, 21D-6m

Eng. St. Jerome, Que.

Kirkwood, Livingston & Co.,

Floor, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes,

Leather, &c.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

St. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

PREMIERS—Large, cold, dry and central, with

every facility for handling provisions to ad-

vantage.

ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts

authorized against shipments to our care for

sale here or consigned to our friends in Great

Britain or the Lower Provinces. 28D-6m Wm

KENNEDY & WILLIAMS,

Opposite American Hotel.

MADOC, C. W.

WHOLESALE and Re-

tail Grocers and Pro-

vision Merchants, can

supply all the require-

ments of the trade, and

at the lowest prices.

Also, Wholesale Agents

for Messrs. TAYLOR &

Co., Toronto.

BELEVILLE

AGRICULTURAL WORKS

AND

IRON FOUNDRY

WEST FRONT STREET

J. M. WALKER & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Thrashing Machines,

STRAW CUTTERS,

MILL WORK & MACHINERY,

IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,

Iron and Steel Ploughs,

Stoves, &c.

May 1. 1D-4

For sale Wholesale by

PITOBATH & KELSO, 1D-6m

Belleville.

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LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

No. 98

Montreal Business Directory.

May 2. 203m

May 31st, 1897.

sale at the *Intelligencer* Office.

Boxel Mail Through, E.

WITH WHICH IS NOW UNITED
THE COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

Accumulated and Invested Fund... \$18,000
Annual Income,..... 3,250

W M RAMSAY Manager

Attempts suggested and approved by a large and experienced, so as to suit the means of

MORAVIAN.	2050	Capt. J. H. HARRIS.
PERUVIAN.	2640	Capt. BALLAN.
HIBERNIAN.	2434	Capt. BROWN.
NOVA-SCOTIAN.	2300	Capt. ALLAN.
NORTH-AMERICAN.	1734	Capt. KERR.
BELGIAN.	2434	Capt. GRANT.
DAMASCUS.	1000	Capt. WATTS.

gem to and from Ireland and Scotland.)

27D5in-16W1y. RELEVANT

BLANK NOTES,

BOUND in Books containing 100, 50
25 notes each, printed on fine paper
and at the *Intelligence Office*.

round hole through the bark emerges into daylight, with the legs, wings, and delicate feelers of a flying beetle! Did you suppose even lead a care to more wonderful story! but then borer is so common, so destructive to orchards! Who cares for the poverty of their lives?

How shall we remedy, how prevent their operations are questions of interest to the fruit growers. Some recommend washes of lye, strong soap, tobacco, and other offensive matters. Lye strong enough to bear an egg was year after year recommended by an editor of an agricultural paper in Boston, as sure to kill the eggs, but others found the application too strong for their trees. By keeping the earth over the stem and well up to the trunk, we have succeeded in removing, without excessive labor, the young larvae by scraping them out of the bark with a pruning knife; being guided in our search for the trespassers by the "hatching" which they incautiously "leave out."—After the borer has got fairly into the wood of the tree, which may be known "by his chips," he may be killed or withdrawn by thrusting a flexible wire with a rough or barbed end into the hole.

WEST RIDING.

THE FRIENDS AND SUPPORTERS OF
K. GRAHAM, ESQ.,
are requested to attend a meeting at
NEILSON'S HALL,
ON

Tuesday Evening, 28th Instant,
AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.

Addresses from Mr. Graham and
others will be given.

Aug. 26, 1867.

West Riding Election.

A General Meeting of
MR. BROWN'S COMMITTEES

WILL BE HELD IN
Neilson's Hall,
THIS MONDAY EVENING,
AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.
JOHN SUTHERLAND,
Chairman.

Belleville, Aug. 2, 1867.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.
Morning Express going West, 8.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West, 6.23 P. M.
Mixed Train going West, 10.35 P. M.
Merchants' Express Freight
going West, No passengers
allowed on this train, 6.45 P. M.
Noon Express going East, 12.03 P. M.
Night Express going East, 12.15 A. M.
Mixed Train going East, 12.10 P. M.
Merchants' Express Freight
going East, No passengers
allowed by this train, 9.45 P. M.
Montreal Time.



Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, MONDAY, AUG. 26.

FRONTENAC.—On Saturday, Thos. Kirkpatrick and John Carruthers, Esqs., were nominated for the House of Commons for this County, and Mr. Henry Smith and John Fraser for the Local Legislature.

2500 REWARD.—The Government of the Province of Quebec has offered a reward of \$500 for the apprehension of the persons guilty of setting fire to the buildings recently destroyed by incendiaries in Montreal.

WELLAND.—Mr. Street, the union candidate, has been returned for this constituency by acclamation. Messrs W. Beatty, J. P. and Chas. Rykert were proposed for the Ontario Legislature.

A FACT FOR NATURALISTS.—Mr. Joseph Midjames, employed as a blacksmith at the Grand Trunk Depot, Belleville, owns a large black and white chick yesterday gave birth to thirteen purple. We have always thought that eight at one litter was a large number, but never before heard of so many as thirteen.

SOUTH WESTWORTH.—The nomination for the South Riding of Westworth took place on Friday. The candidates proposed were Mr. W. Sexton, and Mr. Thos. White. His father left the nomination of Ontario, and Joseph Rymal Esq., and Thomas Robertson Esq. for the Commons of Canada. Several other gentlemen were proposed, but a poll was demanded on behalf of the above.

THE CROPS IN ILLINOIS.—The *Cork Herald* of the 28th of August, speaking of the Irish harvest, says:—Accounts from the West are most encouraging respecting the crops. The markets are well supplied with new potatoes, and no appearance of blight has up to the present manifested itself. The grain crops are more promising at present than they have been for several years at the same period of the season. In all that country the harvest has been blessed the land, notwithstanding the evil forebodings of many false prophets.

THE "NOVA SCOTIA."—The steamship "Nova Scotia" passed Father Point at 11 o'clock, a.m., to-day.

P. S. SCHOFIELD'S BLOTTER AND ENRICHEN Instrument.—This is a very ingenious little instrument, and will be found very convenient for Book-keepers, lawyers, and all whose weapon is the pen. It will be found to save both time and temper, and should be found on every office desk in Canada. Mr. Schofield is now in Belleville, where he will remain for a day or two to supply the Blotter to those who may need it.

FROM OTTAWA.

(By Special Telegraph to the Daily Intelligencer.)

OTTAWA, Aug. 26, 1867.

At one o'clock Scott was over two hundred ahead of Friel.

The polls are open for Currier, who has polled about six hundred votes—only a dozen votes are recorded against him by Gibbs' men.

South Ontario.

Returns from South Ontario up to 8 o'clock this afternoon give a majority of eighty-three for Gibbs. All the Townships had not been heard from. Gibbs majority in Oshawa was 89; in Columbus 16. The vote in Whitby Town stood 123 for Gibbs, and 109 for Brown; and in Whitby Township for Gibbs 97; for Brown 108.

At 4.30 o'clock, the returns from all the polling places shows a majority of 45 for Gibbs.

The Kingston Election.

The returns from Kingston at three o'clock are as follows:

HOUSE OF COMMONS	
Mr. John A. Macdonald,	61
Dr. Stewart,	35
Macdonald's majority,	26
ONTARIO ASSEMBLY	
Mr. W. Strange,	392
Dr. Stewart,	59
Strange's majority,	333

Hamilton Election.

Charles Magill, Esq., was to-day elected member of the House of Commons, for the City of Hamilton.

West Riding Nomination.

(Continued from Saturday's Intelligencer.)

Dr. R. HOLDEN being the first candidate, came forward and addressed the electors. He commenced by referring to the early history of the Province, and the disabilities which Canadian laborers under, the great struggle which the early Reformers had to obtain trial by jury, and many other important concessions. They remembered the time when the country was ruled by the old family compact, when the people were denied the rights of civil and religious liberty, and he did not believe that there was one individual in the crowd who would justify the acts of that family compact. After that unfortunate and wicked rebellion Lord Durham was sent to this country and he obtained Responsible Government, but who opposed Responsible Government? The people before him knew what party it was and he remembered one gentleman who took a prominent part in opposing the principle in this country, but as he was now in his grave he would not name him. He then referred to the Union of the Provinces, and the repeated and continued struggles the Reform party had to obtain Representation by Population, how Upper Canada was ruled by a few men, although we had 300,000 more population, and he finally, Upper Canada, through the coalition of 1844, and the establishment of Confederation had obtained the management of her own affairs. There were several things in the Confederation Act which ought to be amended. The number of members was too large for one thing. This Country under the new order of things sends six members to the two Parliaments. Now would any man say that six members were necessary? In his opinion one member was sufficient for the County of Hastings, for each Legislature. There was a disposition for men who get into power to legislate so that they may keep themselves in power, and it was of the highest importance to the country that men be sent to Parliament who will be economical in their management, who will not squander the people's money, who will legislate for the best interests of the community. In politics he had always been a Reformer, and he referred with pride to the triumphs which the Reform party had achieved, and to the important part which the lamented Baldwin had played, which should never be mentioned except with reverence—look in securing us those triumphs. In politics he was not only a Reformer, but he could say he was a Canadian and a British subject. His father left the nomination of Ontario, and came to Canada in time that tried men's souls, when patriotism was something more than sentiment. He had too much respect and love for the old Union Jack to live under the Stars and Stripes, and he came to this country when it was a wilderness. The speaker then referred to the hardships and privations which the early pioneers of the country had to endure, and he remembered well how he used to have to plough with an old wooden plough, and how hard it was to obtain ordinary comforts and enjoyments. He then contrasted the past with the present, showed what progress had been made, and in all that conduces to the material prosperity of the country, and what a bright future was opening up for the new Dominion. He

referred to the debt of the country, which had increased enormously within the past few years, and warned the people not to send men to Parliament who would support the Government which had brought this debt upon the country. With respect to coalition, he disliked the word. As he had said before the coalition of 1844 was established for a special object, and that object being accomplished, as Hon. Mr. Howland said recently in a speech, that coalition died on the first of July, 1867. He believed there were men in the country, and that there would be found men in the Legislature just as able to carry on the Government of the country without coalition as with it. He would be very sorry to say that the thirteen men composing the Government, were the only men in Canada capable of administering the affairs of the country. But he was prepared to give the government a fair trial if their policy is suited to the wants of the country. The speaker then briefly referred to the important position Canada was about to take amongst the nations of the earth, complained that the salary of the Governor General was too high, and thought that men would have been sufficient for a Cabinet instead of thirteen. The first Parliament of Canada would be the most important in the history of the country—a great deal depended upon the character of that Parliament, and the people thought that they would properly represent them—if they thought he would make an economical and useful member, he would be glad to receive their votes. He concluded by thanking the electors for the honor and glory they had given him, and sat down amidst the cheers of the assembly.

Mr. BROWN then came forward and was received with enthusiastic cheers. He said he was proud to have the opportunity of addressing so large and influential a body of electors. He would not occupy too much length upon their time, but he would make a few plain statements to them upon the questions that now interested the people. He need not go back and review the ancient history of Canada, as they were reading men and sufficient to read for many years a book and read for themselves. He contended that our first great duty was to exercise a strict economy in every department of the public service, so that our debt might be liquidated as soon as possible, that our canals should be extended and enlarged to increase our commercial advantages. They should elect men in whom they had confidence. In speaking of himself he said that he had not been a twenty years member of the House of Commons, but the people had been re-elected for many years a member of both County and Town Councils, and he did not think the affairs of either had suffered during his stewardship. His association with the agricultural society was a great advantage to him, and he was anxious to spring up between himself and the agricultural community, and there was no act done by him during his connection with that society that he was ashamed of. If he should be sent to Parliament, and any offices should be conferred upon him, he would be glad to accept of them, but he would be glad to see the filling of them, he would recommend deserving men; he had no relatives to provide for. He saw before him the working men of the constituency, the farmers and yeomen of the country, and he would be glad to see them represented in the first Commons of Canada by a professional gentleman, but rather by one who, like the great mass of the electors, belonged to the producing and supporting classes.

(Cheers.) Do you want a professional gentleman to represent you?—A lawyer or a Doctor? (Loud cries of no, no, we want you.) They are not the ones who wield the axe in the primeval forest or hold the plough in the cultivated field; nor are they of those who, by the use of their brain and hand, employ the agricultural and industrial classes with implements of husbandry and use, as well as articles of necessity and luxury. But they are of a class distinct and separate from the others, and they are not to be identified with daily toil for our own support and theirs. (Hear, hear.) (The speaker here apologized for taking so much time, and was going to retire, but the audience insisted upon his going on. He then referred to a question of the greatest importance to this Riding and this County, he meant the Murray Canal. (Hear, hear.) If we had had our just dues this great work would have long since been an accomplished fact, and long ere this we would have the commerce of the lakes and the travel of the summer season going through our beautiful Bay and stopping at our harbors, to the great profit of the community at large. A wrong had been done to us, this, and the right was wronged in this, and to the public at large, which he hoped would be rectified as no distant day, and he assured the electors that if he was honored with the majority, he would endeavor to have this important work begun and completed as soon as possible. It may be rep to our own neglect through our former representatives (hear, hear), or to some other cause, but we have no best excuse, the fact with which we have to deal is that the work is a necessity, and we must have it. (Hear, hear and cheers.) He would advocate the work on military as well as commercial grounds; but he would have should be in the stout hearts and strong arms of our countrymen, who have proved themselves ever ready to answer their country's call. (Loud and hearty cheers.) Since the 1st of July last we have been endeavoring to form a new nationality, of the Dominion of Canada, and this new nationality calls for a new Cabinet and a new Parliament. The Obsolete have been already formed for both the general and local Parliaments, that one formed for the general Parliament, with which he had now

to do, was spoken of as a Coalition, and in this question he wished to give no uncertain or equivocal sound, he wanted it broadly and distinctly understood that he was a supporter of the present Government. He considered that it would be dangerous in the extreme to go to Parliament with the fixed intention of opposing the Government, and he considered that he had hitherto understood opposing the Government, it would, in his opinion, imperil at the very outset the success of our new Dominion, and he believed it to be the duty of every patriot to support the present Government, and assist them in perfecting the machinery so recently set in motion. (Cheers.) He believed that Messrs. McDougall, Howland and Beatty were honest and patriotic in the course they had and were pursuing. In this new nationality we have not severed our ties with the old country, on the contrary we have strengthened them; long may it be ere they sunder. (Hear, hear.) We are part and parcel of that glorious Empire of Great Britain, and should the parent state ever need our assistance, he was sure that Canada's sons would hasten to the defence of their fathers from the foe. (Loud and continued cheering.) He then briefly alluded to the Fenian troubles of last year, and paid a tribute to Col. Ketchum, who was present, a veteran of 1813, connecting the present with the past. Referring to the people who had been treated by Dr. Holden, his opponent, but some of the Drs. supporters had not been so gentlemanly. Disparaging and untrue stories had been told about him, but he would only notice one of them, that he had referred to the fly sheet having attached to it the name of James Meagher. (The speaker was here interrupted by the Catholic electors present with cries of "never mind it," "he's nobody," "go on Brown," and never mind him, he's nobody," &c.) He said, if I go to Parliament, I purpose attending to the rights and wants of my constituents. (Loud cheers.) That sheet is false. (Hisses and groans for Meagher.) He did not believe the Roman Catholics could be pulled by Mr. Meagher, (cries of he can't touch us, he's nobody), and he was content that Dr. Holden should have his Meagher's support. (Loud cheers for Brown.) He concluded by saying that they thought him worthy of their confidence he would ask their support, and retired amidst the loudest cheering which was kept up for several minutes, when cries were heard for Mr. Graham.

A Poll having been demanded for each of the candidates, the electors proceeded to it, and stated the places and times of holding the election.

Mr. KETCHUM GRAHAM then came forward and was received with loud cheers. He said the electors were now exercising the highest privilege of a free people, he, that of electing a person to represent them in Parliament. At the earnest request of a large number of influential electors he had consented to stand. At the outset he wished to state his platform. He came to this party as a party man. He will look to this party as being of our new Dominion. He states this because he wishes it to be understood that he goes untrammelled by the life of the past, and he is a public man during that period referred, if a clear and proper record, then support him. Cheers, if not support him, he is opposed. He said he was an opponent of the present government, and so long as that government continued to deserve his support he would give it them, but the instant that government became corrupt, or extravagant, or governing for a party rather than for the country, he would oppose it. He was a progressive man, believed in progression, and would support progressive measures if elected. He would not be looking for office for relations, one of the old relatives he had in this County had proposed his opponent. (By an elector, he's a rebel trait.) He was a corrupt and extravagant government, we must soon come to direct taxation to support our local Parliament. The settlement of our wild land had been upon us at the utmost importance, and if elected he should give this subject his best attention. He was a great admirer of the present government, the country, was the administration of justice. He was a member of the County Council found the expenses of the administration of justice had never yet met a competent, practical man on the board of prison inspectors. This board ought to be re-elected, and if elected he should endeavor to have it remodelled or entirely swept away. We are a mixed community composed of different classes, farmers, mechanics, lawyers, &c., &c., we must have the time that when a farmer could stand before a public meeting and address a public meeting on public questions, a candidate for our aid. The agricultural interests were the first in this Province, and closely connected with them were the manufacturing interests. Agriculture and manufacture went hand in hand, the one feeding and supporting and impelling on the other, and if he should be returned he would do all he could to encourage them and all industries of the country, and open up for our young men in the country, and he would endeavor to have the harbor dredged, and the harbor opened up for the benefit of the Townspeople but also for the County, for if it were not increased the County would be a great loss to the County. He had never yet met a competent, practical man on the board of prison inspectors. 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LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL.—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL.—CHARITY IN ALL.

No. 99

Travelling in Mexico.

An American lawyer who assisted in preparing a defence for Maximilian on the occasion of his mock trial, gives the following account of the beauties of travelling in the delectable land of Mexico.—He writes:—

I was anxious to attend his trial as he requested, but on the 7th of June Gen. Escobedo ordered all the foreigners to leave the city the next day, and I was obliged to go. I parted with the Emperor with mingled hopes and fears for his fate, and deeply impressed with his kind words.

ary words. The news of his death struck me with horror. It was unmitigated murder. His trial was a farce. I know that the court had decided upon their judgment before trial, and I know Maximilian was

honest, conscientious, and an excellent man in every way. He told me that he wished to communicate everything to me that the world might know the truth. I have gathered a good many facts in relation

get home. He was to have written many more facts, and a copy of the Treaty of M'amar. At the request of Maximilian I have written a letter to his mother, the

We left Queretaro June 2. Stage full two ladies, seven men, only two armed.—We were dozing along half asleep before

daylight, when when a dozen armed robbers surrounded the stage, and we were ordered out to be searched. Oh! how madfishing! I drew my revolver to fire but one robber with his rifle at my breast.

demanded my money and watch. There was no use, no hope of resistance. We were robbed of everything; trunks, money, watches, clothes, &c.

one of our party went as their guide. In the afternoon they overtook the robbers on the mountain side, carousing over some brandy they had found in a box on the

stage. The troops dismounted and the
the robbers escaped, but much of the
plunder was recovered.
I lost my watch and opera-glass.

(From the Witness.)

We visited the burned oil-store the

here and there over its large area, a smoke rising from almost every part. There were several columns of flame last night. It is a scene of terrible desolation, the only thing which brings some iron boom

there were 12,000 barrels of oil, there must be 12,000 hoops; and, in point of fact, they are lying there in almost countless numbers. The wonder is, that the sea of fire did not consume the hoops on the creek; precisely

with such desperate energy, in the midst of such intense heat. Had the water in the creek been higher, nothing could have prevented the stream of fire from couring straight across the dwelling houses.

Point St. Charles adjoining, which would have burned like tinder. Some of the are built directly over it of piles. It would have kindled at once the great area of wood work at the cattle market under which

runs, and caught the corner of the saw-
yard of sugar-refinery. From thence
would have gone under the canal, spread
among the piles of lumber which cov-
ered acres on its banks and gone through

part of Gulltown, till it reached the river in William street, through which it would have passed unto the port. All this would have been a necessary consequence of more water in the creek. On the other

hand, had there been any wind toward the buildings of Point St. Charles, nothing could have hindered a most extensive conflagration. Upon the whole, Montreal has escaped most wonderfully from very great

The strike on the Mobile and Ohio Rail-
road has assumed formidable proportions. The ex-
ecutive committee of the union have not been paid

-The Belgian Volunteers who recently visited England, have forwarded to the Anglo-Belgian

Edward Payson Weston has been matched to "walk back" Portland, Maine to Chicago.

twelve hundred miles, in thirty consecutive days, Weston agreeing not to walk on Sunday. The time for starting is to be between the 1st and 15th of October. The match is for \$10,000.

to conquer in the East. A despatch from Paris says that Admiral Grandiere announces the occupation of the six western provinces of Lower Cochin China. The French troops occupy

and Hattien, without firing a shot, the mandarins of these places opening their gates with the unanimous consent of the inhabitants. The annexation of these territories to France was

ates and agitators. A proclamation of the admiral, dated 25th June, says that henceforth the six provinces of Lower Cochin China are and will remain French territory.



WEST RIDING.

THE FRIENDS AND SUPPORTERS OF
K. GRAHAM, ESQ.,
are requested to attend a meeting at
NEILSON'S HALL,

This Tuesday Evening, 27th Inst.,
AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.

Addresses from Mr. Graham and
others will be given.
Aug. 27, 1887.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

STATION.
Morning Express going West, 8.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West, 7.30 P. M.
Mixed Train going West, 10.35 A. M.
Morning Express going East, 6.45 A. M.
Evening Express going East, 7.30 P. M.
Mixed Train going East, 11.10 P. M.
Morning Express going West, 8.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West, 7.30 P. M.
Mixed Train going West, 10.35 A. M.
Morning Express going East, 6.45 A. M.
Evening Express going East, 7.30 P. M.
Mixed Train going East, 11.10 P. M.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, TUESDAY, AUG. 27.
FROM TORONTO.

By Special Telegram to the Daily Intelligencer.

TORONTO, August 27.
[An intense excitement exists here to-day, and little business is being attended, to except the contest in South Ontario, and hourly telegrams are eagerly sought after. King Street in front of the Globe and Trade Office, is crowded with people. The majority for Gibbs at three o'clock was 50. It is said that he will have a majority to-night of over 100. Preparations are being made for a grand procession to-night. Excitement increasing.]

South Ontario Election.

The following is the state of the polls at the close last night:

PICKERING	BROWN	GIBBS
Whitely	165	103
Brown	125	80
Stewart	75	149
Whitely (Town)	128	151
Whitely (East)	180	164
Whitely (West)	145	140
OSKANA	101	189
Total	1002	1002

The following is the state of the polls so far as taken from at noon to-day:

PICKERING	BROWN	GIBBS
Whitely	170	149
Whitely (Town)	128	151
Whitely (East)	180	164
Whitely (West)	145	140
OSKANA	101	189

8 p.m. Returns show Gibbs' election a certainty. He is gaining steadily at Columbus, Pickering and Brocklyn. His majority throughout the county is now from 60 to 70.

The Kingston Election.

The returns from Kingston at three o'clock are as follows:

HOUSE OF COMMONS	
Mr John A. Macdonald	700
Dr. Stewart	180
Macdonald's majority	570
ONTARIO ASSEMBLY	
Mr. W. Strang	474
Dr. Stewart	180
Strang's majority	554

East Riding Nomination.

The nomination for the East Riding was held yesterday at Chisholm's Mills, near McLaughlin's Tavern, Lyndhurst. Between 400 and 500 voters were present.

The Hon. ROBT. BRAD and J. J. FARLEY, Esqs., were nominated for the Commons, and Messrs. HENRY CORBY, G. E. HENDERSON, DR. WILSON, ALEX. ROBERTSON, A. L. ROBERTSON, and R. D. O'BRIEN, for the Local Legislature. The respective candidates, together with their nominators and seconders, addressed the electors. The contest for the Local will be between Henry Corby and G. E. Henderson, the other gentlemen having all retired in favor of Mr. Corby. The meeting was almost unanimous for Read and Corby.

We will give a full report of the proceedings and speeches to-morrow.

The Revenue.

The following is a statement of the revenue and expenditure of Canada for the month ending 31st July, 1887.

Revenue—Customs \$208,000 00	
Excise \$185,750 00	
Post office \$12,098 64	
Post office \$80,788 19	
Crown Lands \$95,854 70	
Miscellaneous \$147,000 00	
Total \$1,070,470 00	
Expenditure—\$144,500 40	

The above does not include the revenue and expenditure of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick.

Election Intelligence.

SHERBROOKE.—Hon. Mr. Galt has been elected by acclamation for Sherbrooke.

QUINCY CORRY.—Hon. Mr. Charvat was re-elected by acclamation for both ridings.

MONMOUTH.—Hon. H. L. Langville, Secretary of State, has been elected for the House of Commons by acclamation.

DUNDAS.—Mr. John S. Ross (Union) has been elected by acclamation for the House of Commons for Dundas.

NORTH OXFORD.—Mr. Thomas Oliver, the member, was elected by acclamation for the Commons. Mr. Geo. Perry and Dr. Clarke were nominated for the Local Parliament.

WEST PETERBOROUGH.—Mr. Chas. Perry and Mr. John Gordon were nominated for the Commons of Canada; and Mr. John Carnegie and Mr. John Walton for the Local Legislature.

BROCKVILLE.—F. W. H. Chambers, Esq., and Lt.-Col. Jas. Crawford were nominated for the Commons House; and Mr. C. F. Fraser and Wm. Fitzsimmons, Esq., Mayor of Brockville, for the Ontario Legislature.

NIAGARA.—Messrs. Angus Morrison and W. A. Thompson were put in nomination for the House of Commons; and A. C. Currie, William Kirby and J. M. Currie for the Ontario Parliament.

NORTH BRANT.—Dr. J. T. Bown, Mr. Joseph D. Clement, Mr. A. S. Hardy and R. R. Bown were nominated for the Commons; and Messrs. W. Turnbull and J. Finlayson for the Local Legislature.

HAMILTON CITY.—Mr. Chas. Magill was elected by acclamation to the Commons. Mr. J. M. Williams and Major O'Reilly were nominated for the Ontario Legislature. Mr. Morrison was the Conservative candidate, but was replaced by Major O'Reilly on the day of nomination.

SOUTH LANARK.—In South Lanark yesterday, Mr. Alex. Morris was elected by acclamation to the House of Commons. Messrs. John Laurier, Wm. Shaw, Abraham Code, and Col. Phyllis were nominated for the Ontario Legislature. Messrs. Shaw and Code go to the poll.

EAST DUNHAM.—The nomination for this division took place at Millbrook on Thursday last, when Messrs. F. H. Burton (Union) and F. Beamish (Cons.) were nominated for the Commons of Canada; and Messrs. T. H. Williams and J. Shuter Smith for the Local Legislature. It is also rumored that Messrs. Beamish and Smith have withdrawn from the contest.

Dr. O'tway on the Madoc Region.

Dr. O'tway delivered a preliminary lecture in Madoc on mining on Monday evening, the 19th, which is thus referred to in the Madoc Mercury. He alluded to the experience he had in the various gold fields in other parts of the world and the difficulty he met with, when he first heard of the discovery of gold here, in ascertaining where Madoc was situated. On coming this way, he at once recognized some ruins before reaching the village. All characteristics of a rich mineral country, and in the course of his remarks, he laid on the table for the benefit of the people, and he granted a subsidy of one hundred thousand dollars to teach them how to go to work with advantage. He expressed a very decided opinion that gold mining, though the most tempting, is not generally the most remunerative pursuit to all who engage in it, and that more money will be made from the search for silver, as three profits are to be made, from the galena, the silver it contains, and the litharge to be obtained in addition. He described this township as the centre of a wonderfully rich mineral district, in which besides gold and silver, bismuth has been found, and in which he has no doubt cinnabar will also be discovered. The copper he pronounced of no value. Incidentally he mentioned that the deposit of red hematite—so much sneered at by the way, by some of our Belleville friends—was much more extensive than was imagined, as he had traced it for a considerable distance; and he spoke very highly also of the coal and the value of the Seymour iron ore bed. From his allusions to the difficulties inexperienced miners will meet with from the mineral veins being broken by the action of earthquakes, and from the surface being overlaid by extensive moraines deposited by icebergs, Dr. O'tway evidently considers this region, as we have before stated it to be, a geological puzzle. The conclusion he has arrived at, from his explorations, is, that the more we shall have one of the largest mining populations in the world settled in this neighborhood.

AMHS ARRIVED.

The Companies composing the 4th Battalion will be glad to learn that the Sinder-Eckfeldt Rifles have arrived. The arms for Fyndeburg and Truxton have been sent to their respective arsenals. The remainder are in the Belleville armory, and will be forwarded at once.

GASPSY TYPE.

A correspondent of the Quebec Chronicle says:—Two candidates were put for the honor of representing this county in Parliament, Commander Fortin for both houses, and H. LeBlondville, Esq., for the Local Legislature. Accounts received lately from the Gaspsy water at Labrador and Newfoundland represent the catch of whales good. Cod fishery better than last report. Mackerel fishery good. Grain and potatoes look remarkably well.

PARTIES INTENDING.

Parties intending to purchase Clothing or Boots and Shoes will find it to their advantage to call at J. Mair & Co.'s Emporium, as they intend to sell off their present stock to make room for Fall Importations.

North Hastings.

To the Editor of the Daily Intelligencer.

SIR.—A political meeting held by T. C. Wallbridge at the Allen School House, last night, was planned to designate the representatives on the County Council. The meeting was a success, and my opinion was raised a compliment than otherwise. A smart machine is for the purpose of clearing the wheat. I would suggest that you blow him through; but be very careful not to blow too hard or you will blow him all away; for I think there is nothing in the man but smut; he has made that impression since he lectured at the Allen School House, for there is a peculiar odor since he left that we cannot get rid of; I would suggest that for the future he is to be designated smut.

I am, Sir, yours, &c.

AN ELECTOR.

Rawdon, August 26th, 1887.

FROM BRIDGEWATER.

From our own Correspondent.

BRIDGEWATER, AUGUST 24.

A meeting was held in the Town Hall on Thursday evening, for the purpose of appointing a committee to secure by all legitimate means the return of Mr. Bowell to Parliament. Mr. R. Nelson having been called to the chair, the Hon. Bills Flint addressed the audience, stating that he and Mr. Bowell differed on many political points, but where the best interests of the country were concerned there was no difference between them. Having briefly explained our present position under Confederation, he went on to say that had Mr. Wallbridge done his duty, he would this day have been without opposition, but he (Wallbridge) had destroyed our prospects of getting a Railway, and in defence is trying to raise the highest tax of taxation, saying at first that he did not kill the bill; next that he did kill the bill to save taxation. Mr. Flint went on to say the county could not be taxed for such a purpose without the consent of the people, and he for one was always opposed to such a course. The speaker then dissected all the rhodomontade of Mr. T. C. Wallbridge from first to last, showed the utter absurdity of it, and the irreparable loss the county had sustained by the actions of the gentleman. He further said that he wanted no one to be guided by him in the ensuing election, but to be guided by Mr. Wallbridge's actions in the past, if they did him were sure Mr. Bowell would be returned their member by a large majority, and concluded by stating that he believed in the Railway being for the best interests of the country was as strong as ever, and joyfully remarked that if any one would find him a gold mine sufficiently rich to build the railway, he would go to work and build it himself. The speaker was listened to attentively and frequently applauded. A committee of twenty having been formed, Mr. R. Nelson was appointed chairman, and Mr. E. James secretary. After a short address from the Chairman the meeting was brought to a close by Mr. O'tway to the general impression that Mr. Bowell would be the successful candidate.

In gold mine I can give you a small item. A sample of dark Tourmaline rock was taken from Mr. F. Hott's mine, Lot 20, 4th concession Kildare, about two feet from the surface. The specimen was carefully tested. I have seen the certificate: the result of the test was, gold 0.8 dwts, 8 grs, value \$83.30 to the ton; silver, a trace. This promises to be a valuable mine.

Mr. James White, of Port Hope, has taken a contract to erect a building over the creek at the River mine, 30 feet by 48 feet, for a wheel and shaft to attach to a crusher, or such other machinery as may be deemed best for the purpose. There are twenty-six men now at work at this mine, and yesterday they got out about four tons of quartz, all impregnated with the precious metal. When a few more of the places with good indications come to be opened up there will be stirring times in this Township, and more especially, if, as was suggested in your column the other day, we had a good Assayer here. I feel the more convinced that one well up to his work would find his time fully occupied. It is palpable to all here that one is much wanted.

Mineralogy.

NUMBER 1.

For The Intelligencer.

SIR.—I informed you last week that I had paid a visit to the Hungerford mining district, which has been hitherto neglected for the superior attractions of the more northern townships; and having at last a little leisure, I shall give your readers a short account of what I saw in this quarter.

The Hungerford road is for the most part in pretty good order, and we had a most agreeable trip as far as Canton's Corners, where we left the gravel road and took the road to Stono, across Sugar Island, the village of Hungerford. A little beyond Stono Village, the limestone of the south part of Hastings terminates, abutting upon the southern edge of the great Laurentian upheaval, which forms the gold mining region of the Province of Ontario. Of that we became painfully aware from the state of the hills, which is conducted across the base of a hill composed of gneiss, clay slate, mica schist, and other members of the Laurentian series covered with huge boulders, and bristling with vast outcropping rocks, among which we had to find and turn like a Thames steamer among the collages in London river.

Having overcome this difficulty, a few

miles of sandy road beyond, we arrived at Bogart's Mills, where Mr. A. I. Bogart owns a fine level tract of land on the banks of the pretty little Clare River, the richness of whose soil was sufficiently evidenced by the excellent crops which it carried. At this point, the Clare River is crossed by a ledge of rock, which forms a beautiful waterfall, the side of which stands the saw mill which gives name to the locality, now, unfortunately for the prosperity of the village, standing idle.

I spent the remains of daylight in viewing the beauties of the spot, and started next morning, in company with Mr. Bogart, to inspect the mines. The first we came to were Mr. Bogart's and Mr. Jas. T. Young's shafts, which are within a few feet of each other, one on each side of the fence which divides their respective lots, and which are so much alike that one description will serve for both. These shafts have not gone down any great depth. Mr. Young's mine, the deeper of the two, not being more than eight feet. This shaft has been put down right in the focus of a "burn," as they call it here, that is, in the centre of one of the small craters, or "chimneys," through which the subterranean fire, which forced up the ridges, which so plainly we saw the faces of North Hastings, found vent. These vents must have afforded a grand and terrible spectacle, as they shot up in great clouds of thousands of feet into the air. That there has been a crater here is plain from the existence of a crevice about two feet wide in the bottom of the shaft, filled with iron sulphate, which have been so rapidly sublimed and so quickly condensed, that they have taken the form of coarse sand, or fine gravel; while beneath the soil, and even within the crevice, are found masses of twigs, leaves and mullen tops, which had at some remote period been blown by the winds or washed by the rains into the opening, and have been subsequently covered up by similar deposits and by soil from the surface, have been so acted upon by the decomposing pyrites, as to be thoroughly converted into brown oxide of iron, or what is technically known as limonite or bog ore. So complete and so quick has been the conversion, that not only can the prickles of the brambles be distinguished from the smooth bark of the other twigs, but on breaking the branch across the pith, the woody circles, and the ring of bark can be plainly seen; while the fossilized, the middle ribs, and even the side veins and parts of the parenchyma of the leaves have been preserved. Mr. Joseph Hill, Mr. Young's partner in the mine, kindly gave me a specimen in which all these phenomena are beautifully exemplified. This mine affords a plentiful of iron enough for the manufacture of copperas on a large scale. It also afforded a show of gold, which at so small a depth is very encouraging.

Passing from this, which is in the eleventh concession, we went on to Lot 23 in the twelfth, where there are several mines in operation. I here found a ridge, which I traced for about a mile, being about 30 or 40 feet wide all the way. There Mr. Vandusen is digging in high hope, though he has not as yet found gold. This ridge is a continuation of the Delong mine, which has gone down about sixteen feet, and presents a satisfactory prospect, as gold has been found both in a free state and in the sulphurets. Adjoining this is a shaft which I believe was worked on his own account by Mr. Brooks, one of the partners in the Delong Company. Being so close, his prospects must be equally favorable. A little further on in the twelfth concession, which affords specimens of mineralized twigs, &c., like those of Mr. Young's mine, though in smaller quantity; and some very fine radiating masses of green mica with deep yellow sulphurets. I was here shown a scale of gold, which I was assured was picked out of Mr. Lucas' sulphurets. His shaft, like Mr. Young's, seems to occupy the site of a "chimney." There are two more shafts open on this ridge, but no work was being done in them, and my limited time did not permit me to visit some that exist a mile or two to the northward.

This part of the country exhibits considerable promise of mineral wealth. The dip of the strata being to the South, it seems to form the southern slope of that great Laurentian Anticline on the northern slope of which the Madoc mine, including the now famous Richardson mine, are situated; the apex of which seems to have been disrupted and adraded, and carried away to be scattered over the face of the country in the shape of those boulders, which form in too many places so serious an impediment to the progress of the settler in his agricultural improvements.

The inspection of these remarkable appearances gives rise to some rather interesting and curious speculations; one of which is, that ages ago, probably long before the up-right form of man stalked over the earth's surface, the same brambles, raspberry canes, and weeds grew on those ridges, and in the valleys between, as grow there at the present day. Another is, that those stores of untold wealth should have lain unsuspected and undreamed of under their roofs, and under the feet of so many explorers, until the present day, when they are being dragged from their long concealment, to enrich and strengthen our New Dominion.

Yours truly,
JAMES T. BELL.

Belleville, August 26th, 1887.

The Election Law.

To the Editor of the Daily Intelligencer.

PICTON, AUGUST 23, 1887.

SIR.—Under the Act to amend the Parliamentary Election Act, it is prescribed that the Council or, in case of its failure to do so, the Sheriff shall, if the number of qualified voters in the municipality, ward or electoral division shall exceed 600 and under 1,000, divide the locality into two divisions, adding one division for every 400 voters; and the lists for each division shall be alphabetical in order, according to the letter of the surnames, viz: Those whose names commence with A to H vote in division 1; I to P vote in 24 Division Q to end of the alphabet, in division 3.

Now, suppose Picton, for instance, has under 600 voters, can the Sheriff compel the electors to vote in alphabetical order to be carried into effect, and in the doing so, will it be the effect of such polling on the election?

Perhaps some of your legal gentlemen in

Belleville will give an idea as to the above subject. The Statute referred to is 29, 30 Vict. Chap. 18, Secs. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, August 27.—Reports of trouble in Spain are conflicting and unreliable. The official despatches say that all the risings have been put down, and that the insurrection is ended. While advices from the insurgents daily counter these statements, and say that movements against the Government are going on with success, and gathering strength every day.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 26.—The Russian Government has sent a rider to the United States for 100,000 Russian rifles.

PARIS, August 26.—M. Vulpes, the eminent physician, is dead. An abolition Congress of the leading anti-slavery men of the world, commenced its sessions here to-day. A large number of Americans, and many representatives of the African race were present. One of the objects of the Congress is to adopt a memorial to all those Powers which tolerate human slavery within their dominions, urging the total abolition of such bondage.

BERLIN, August 26.—The preliminaries for a meeting between the King of Prussia and the Sovereigns of the South German States, have been arranged. They will meet at Berlin at an early day.

MARSHVILLE, August 26.—Intelligence from Canada is as follows:—While a Russian war steamer was taking on board a number of refugees on the Crete coast, the commander of a Turkish man-of-war, which was lying near, forbade further embarkation. The Russian commander refused to desist, and both vessels ran under their guns and prepared for a fight, but Omar Pasha, who was on shore, interfered and prevented an engagement.

LONDON, August 27, noon.—Consols 94½; Bonds 78½; Erie 45½; I. O. 77½.

LONDON, August 27, 9 p.m.—Bonds weak and unchanged; Consols 94½; Erie 45½.

LEVERPOOL, August 27, noon.—Cotton steady at 10½d for Uplands; 10½d for Orleans. Corn declined to 35s 6d.

LEVERPOOL, August 27, 9 p.m.—Cotton, steady and rather more doing; prices unchanged. Breadstuffs quiet. Sugar 94s 6d. Lard 54s 6d. Tallow 44s 6d.

American Despatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—A private letter dated near Fort Hayes, Kansas, August 20, says:—"The cholera has been the scourge of the plains this summer."

NEW YORK, August 27.—The Times' Fort Hayes correspondent says of the recent battle between the Indians and Major Adams' troops:—"Our loss was 35 killed, wounded and missing. Indian loss about 150. After the battle the Indians sent a flag of truce, our scouts who answered it, were told in good English: 'Tell your officer we want no peace, we are for war, we will not leave the war path.' Our flag of truce was then fired upon, and a charge made by the Indians, who killed a few of our men. We were then seeing the Indians. A force of 300 cavalry has gone out to meet the savages."

The Herald's special says: Secretary McCulloch's resignation will probably be the last accepted, from the fear of danger to the public credit. It is reported that Secretary McCulloch has accepted an offer from Jay, Cooke & Co., to manage the new Banking House they are about to open in London.

The Tribune special says: It is understood that Grant will ask to be relieved from duty at the war office soon. Changes in the cabinet will take place.

The Herald's Poughkeepsie special says: The engine and baggage car of the noon express train down, ran off the track to-day. No one killed, but several injured.

NEW YORK, August 27.—The gamblers are agitating the formation of a protective union. A split is imminent among them, the higher orders favoring the efforts of the suppression, society so long as they are directed against the lower classes.

NEW YORK, August 27.—The Post's Washington special says: It is supposed that Postmaster General Randall's resignation will be the only one accepted at present. Secretary McCulloch will probably be retained. It is reported that the President's interference with Grant's order about the disposition of Sheridan will lead to the withdrawal of Grant from the War Office.

SOMEWHAT INCREDULOUS.—There is away out in Iowa, a very learned and very worthy missionary, known as Father Adams, who is endeavoring to convert a being very fond of having his own way. He once attempted to cross a wide unsettled prairie, and was compelled to camp out over night. In the morning he took the wrong course, and he walked twenty miles due north of his intended destination. Some one inquired how it happened, as it was a clear day, and asked him if he could not see the sun. "Yes," replied Father M., "I saw the sun, but I could not bring myself to believe that way was east."

At a certain college, the senior class was under examination for degrees. The professor of Natural Philosophy was badgering on optics. The point under illustration was that, strictly and scientifically speaking, we see no objects. The worthy Professor, on the return of the class, said to the wag of the class:—"Mr. Jackson, did you really actually see your father?" All replied promptly, "No, Sir." "Please explain to me, because," replied Mr. Jackson, "very gravely," "he died before I was born."

GEORGE ROCHE,
HATTER & FURRIER.

All the latest styles of
Felt & Silk Hats,
KEPT always on hand. Also, a great variety of
CLOTH CAPS.
All orders promptly executed. Remember the stand.
Nelson's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in CASH paid for Raw Fur. Felt and Silk Hats cleaned and repaired.
May 1. 1D-8m

DAILY LINE TO ROCHESTER.

The quickest route from Belleville and vicinity to New York, Boston, &c., from Montreal, to Buffalo, &c., and between the Canadian Gold Fields and the United States.

"CORINTHIAN,"

LEAVES Brighton 4.30, Mondays Wednesdays, and Fridays, until further notice, and daily from Colborne at 6 a. m., Cobourg, 7 a. m., and Port Hope on arrival of G. T. R. morning trains from Toronto and Montreal, at 9.30 a. m.

Connects at Rochester with afternoon Express Trains for the East, West, and South. Returning, leaves Port of Rochester, (Charlotte), daily, on arrival of evening Express Trains, at 10 p. m., Saturdays, 3 p. m. Connects at North Shore Ports with G. T. R. morning trains for Toronto and Montreal, and at Brighton and Colborne with morning Stages direct for Campbellford, Madoc, and the Canadian Gold Fields.

R. P. DAVY, AGENT.
July 22nd, 1897. 1D

COULSON & CAMERON'S
LINE OF STAGES

For the Madoc Gold Regions.
THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sundays excepted), at half-past 7 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12 noon.

Returning—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 1.30 p. m., arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west.
COULSON & CAMERON, Proprietors.
JOHN HARRIS, Agent, Belleville.
JOHN TAYNOR, Agent, Madoc.
P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be specially attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.
July 22nd, 1897. 1D-8

American Invoices—Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS, QUEBEC, 6th March, 1893.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance Minister, that heretofore Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada Gazette.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 28 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON, ADJUTANT COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS.

QUEBEN

INSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL, - - - \$10,000,000.

FIRE AND LIFE.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THE principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and afford every facility to intending assured. Out of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company in that the outside expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement to Ten per Cent of the Net Life Income. This most important restriction shows that the interests of participating policy holders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially called to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management Must Largely Influence Profits and Bonuses.

The next division of profits takes place in 1898, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.
M. BOWELL, Medical Referee, Agent.
May, 1897. 4D-4m

W. WHARIN & Co.

11 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO.

IMPORTERS OF
WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, ELKROTH-PLATED
WARE, TABLE CUTLERY, &c.

Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry carefully repaired and warranted.

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MERCHANT TAILORS,
DRAPEES, &c.

No. 7, King Street East, Toronto. 1D-2m

FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.

LOUIS ROENIGK.

MANUFACTURER, and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of Furniture over the Upper Bridge, Belleville. He would call the particular attention of the Trade, Hotel-keepers, and Families furnishing to his present stock, which is the largest, most varied, and best selected in Belleville, and which will be sold at prices as low as any establishment in Canada.

Sofas and Couches of all patterns, Tables of all kinds. Chairs of every description, Bedsteads, Mattresses, &c., always on hand.

THE UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT

is complete, and all orders promptly attended to.

UNDERTAKING

Dealers, Hotel-keepers, and the Public generally, are requested to call and examine Stock and Prices, before they make their purchases.

LOUIS ROENIGK, 1D-4f
Belleville, April, 1897.

The Upper Cabin Steamer

"EMPIRESS,"

McNAMARA, MASTER.
WILL leave Trenton for Montreal every FRIDAY, at SIX o'clock A. M., and McIntosh's Wharf, Belleville, at TEN, calling at all ports on the Bay of Quinte and River St. Lawrence.

RETURNING.

Will leave Montreal every TUESDAY at ONE o'clock, for the above places, calling at Ogdensburg and all intermediate ports. This steamer has an Upper Deck Saloon, and every accommodation for passengers, who will find her safe, and the swiftest and most comfortable boat on the route.

For freight and passenger tickets apply to Capt. A. McIntosh, Agent, Belleville, at the Office of Road & McIntosh, next door to Fanning's Hotel.

C. C. McPILL, 55 & 56 Common St., Montreal. 1D-3m

The "STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY."

Established 1855.

WITH WHICH IS NOW UNITED

THE COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

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Annual Income, - - - - - \$3,950,000

W. M. RAMSAY, Manager.

RICHARD BAILEY, Inspector of Agencies.

ASSURANCES effected on the different systems suggested and approved by a lengthened experience, so as to suit the means of every person's means of saving up a fund. Every information on the subject of Life Assurance will be given at the Company's Office, Montreal, or at any of the Agencies throughout Canada.

Agent for Belleville, George Walbridge, Medical Adviser, Dr. Holden, and Dr. Baker. May list. 1D-3m

KENNEDY & WILLIAMS,

Opposite American Hotel, MADOC, C. W.

Wholesale and Retail Grocers and Provision Merchants, can supply Flour, Meal, Sugar, &c., with the best quality of all. Port, Mince, Bacon, Lard, Cheese, &c., together with a full assortment of Groceries. All kinds of Butcher's &c., &c.

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Thrashing Machines,

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IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,

Iron and Steel Ploughs,

Stoves, &c. 1D-3

May 1.

JOHN BULL'S

BITTERS.

And every other variety of Pamphlets printed neatly and expeditiously.

Book and Job Printing

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LOWEST RATES.

Parties at a distance from Belleville in whom it

Can have their work supplied by sending their orders by mail. Their orders will receive prompt and careful attention.

M. BOWELL,

INTELLIGENCER BUILDING

104-106, Front Street, Belleville.

For sale by Wholesale by

PITCHEATLY & NELSON, Belleville. May 1. 1D-5m



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BOOK AND JOB

PRINTING OFFICE.

THE public are informed that in connection with THE DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER Newspapers, we have one of the best appointed

JOB DEPARTMENTS

In the country, and our facilities for turning out all kinds of Book and Job Printing are such as should command the attention of every tradesman in the County of Ontario.

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TYPE AND POWER PRESSES

Gives great advantages in the printing of

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Letter Headings,

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And every other variety of Pamphlets printed neatly and expeditiously.

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SYNOPSIS

GOLD MINING ACT OF 1864.

27 and 28 Vic. Chap. 9. and the

Gold Mining Amendment Act 1865.

29 Vic. Chap. 9.

THE Gold Mining Act of 1864 provides that Governor in Council may erect Gold Mining Divisions.

Governor may appoint Officers for Divisions.

Two Divisions erected in Upper Canada: "Chaudron" constituting the Townships of Harris, Chatham, Palmerston, Minto and North and South Ontario, in the County of Frontenac, the Townships in the County of Renfrew, situated north of the Townships of Minto and Harris, the Townships in the County of Hastings, situated north of the Township of Chatham, and the Townships in the County of Peterborough situated north of the Township of Belleville, Alfred Arty's Camp, &c., of Belleville Inspector.

One Division erected in Upper Canada by Proclamation, 21st March, 1867: "Quinte Gold Mining Division," constituting the Townships of Harris, Chatham, Palmerston, Minto and North and South Ontario, in the County of Frontenac, the Townships in the County of Renfrew, situated north of the Townships of Minto and Harris, the Townships in the County of Hastings, situated north of the Township of Chatham, and the Townships in the County of Peterborough situated north of the Township of Belleville, Alfred Arty's Camp, &c., of Belleville Inspector.

No person to mine without a license.

Two kinds of licenses, one "Crown Lands Gold License," \$2 per month, for small Crown Lands, and the other "Private Land Gold License," \$1 per month, for private lands, the minor first obtaining consent of the proprietor.

Crown Lands Gold Licenses may be made out and work claim on liquid Crown Lands as follows:

On a river or large creek, 30 feet from 50 from the water's edge. On small creeks, 40 by 50 from centre of stream. On any other place, 40 feet from hill to hill. On surface or hill side, 20 feet from top. In case of hill tunnel, only along larger claim. In bed of river, only to determine size and position of claim.

On a river or large creek, 30 feet from 50 from the water's edge. On small creeks, 40 by 50 from centre of stream. On any other place, 40 feet from hill to hill. On surface or hill side, 20 feet from top. In case of hill tunnel, only along larger claim. In bed of river, only to determine size and position of claim.

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Daily Montreal Free Press.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 1.

BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, WEDNESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 23, 1867.

No. 100.

Belleville Business Directory.

Robertson & Stewart,
BARRISTERS AND ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. Office—Ground floor near the Express Office, Bridge Street.
ALEX. ROBERTSON. D. E. K. STEWART.
100m-WH

Diamond & Dickson,
BARRISTERS AND ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Solicitors in Chancery, &c. Office—Nelson's Hall, Front Street, Belleville.
A. DIAMOND. G. H. DICKSON.
10m-WH

Maclean & Maclean,
SOLICITORS in Chancery and Insolvency,
Attorneys-at-Law, Notaries Public, &c. Office—Over Hecker's Store, Front Street, Belleville.
100m-WH

A. R. Douglass,
BARRISTER, &c., &c., Solicitor in Chancery,
Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c. Office over O'Neill's Book Store, and opposite "The Intelligencer" Office, Front Street.
100m-WH

Ross, Bell & Holden,
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner
of Ryke and Planchise Streets, Belleville.
Hos. Jno. Ross. John Bell. Jas. Holden.
100m-WH

Pheasant & Kelso,
IMPORTERS and Wholesale Grocers, Wine
and Spirit Merchants. Commercial Building,
Front Street, Belleville. 100m-WH

Legate & Price,
BASKETS, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Manufacturers,
and Dealers in Family Groceries. No. 175, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 100m-WH

Geo. H. Haymes,
HATTER and FURRIER, Front Street, Belleville.
Highest price paid for raw furs. 100m-WH

McCleod & Carro,
ENGINEERS, PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYORS,
Architects, Draughtsmen and Patent Solicitors, 1855 Front Street, Belleville.
MCCLEOD, GAYLIER, KENNEDY & CO.
Mads. 100m-WH

Forrest & Lozo's
ROYAL Photograph Gallery, Jaxier's New
Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 200m-WH

T. Lockery,
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds of
Bags, and Pipes and Tobacco. No. 175,
Front Street, Belleville. None but the best quality of leaf used. 200m-WH

Ponton, Fulkner & Denmark,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law,
Front Street, Belleville. 100m-WH

Robert P. Jellott,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor,
&c. Office—Dodge Building, corner of Front and Bridge Streets, Belleville. 100m-WH

Angus McFee,
WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, Front St.,
Belleville. A large stock of Clocks, Watches, Jewellery and Silver Ware always on hand. Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms. 100m-WH

John Wilson,
BAKER and Confectioner, wholesale and
Retail, at the old stand, Front Street, Belleville. Dealers will and hucksters the best and cheapest in the country. All orders promptly filled. 10m-WH

J. W. Brown,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, Front St.,
Belleville, opposite Fanning's Hotel. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 100m-WH

Geo. Gibson,
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in Books and
Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A select assortment of ladies' gowns and children's boots and shoes on hand, and made to order. All work warranted. 100m-WH

J. C. Vapor,
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, opposite
Fanning's Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing always on hand. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 100m-WH

To Gold Miners
YOU will find a variety of mining tools at
the subscriber's shop. Drills and sledges made of the best refined cast steel. Solid punched sledges from Pick Axe and Frosting Pick, cast steel pointed. All warranted, and cheaper than any other shop in Canada. Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street, Belleville. W. POWELL. 100m-WH

McKeown & Robertson,
MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and
Retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large, well assorted and of the best material, and is sold at extremely low prices for cash. They are extensive manufacturers, and bring practical workmen, they guarantee satisfaction. All orders requested promptly, and all work warranted. Remember the place, opposite Bennett & Bain's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville. 100m-WH

NEW DISCOVERY.

Bullen & Gibson's
LIVERY.
Office—Bullen's Store, 70 Front St., Belleville.

FIRST CLASS Horses, new Buggies and
Carriages of the latest style always on hand. Turn-outs for the Madon-Gold-Road at reasonable rates.
W. H. BULLEN. G. G. GIBSON.
May 2. 20m-WH

Montreal Business Directory.

KINGAN & KINLOCH,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
Corner St. Peter and St. Sebastian Streets, Montreal. 10m-WH

GAUTHIER & MANDEL,
MERCHANTS TAILORS,
301 NOTRE DAME STREET,
Fifth door West of St. Francis Xavier Street, MONTREAL. 10m-WH

NEW YORK BRANCH
DYE WORKS,
G. LAMPE,
224 Notre Dame Street, opposite Crystal Block, MONTREAL.
Garments dyed, dyed and repaired within twenty-four hours. Old goods new. 10m-WH

PHILIP HENRY,
TOBACCONIST,
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
TOBACCO, SNUFFS, CIGARS & PIPES,
Notre Dame Street, Montreal. 10m-WH

J. A. HARTE,
GLASGOW DRUG HALL,
Notre Dame Street, Montreal.
Manufacturers of the celebrated Concentrated Lye. 10m-WH

MURRAY & Co.,
STATIONERS' HALL,
Corner of Notre Dame and St. John Streets, Montreal.
Importers of English Stationery, Blank Book Manufacturers, &c., &c. Wholesale and Retail. 10m-WH

THOMPSON, MURRAY & Co.,
IMPORTERS OF
Teas, Wines, Liquors & Groceries,
43 St. Sebastian Street, Montreal.
Agents for J. D. Deane, Henry Moune & Co., Cognac; W. J. Schindler, Champagne. 10m-WH

EDWARD NIELD & Co.,
IMPORTERS OF
Gentlemen's Haberdashery,
No. 338 St. Paul Street, opposite Alford Hotel, Montreal. 10m-WH

PEAVEY & FAVOR,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries,
Provisions, &c.,
No. 34 Notre Dame Street, three doors West of St. Francis Xavier Street, Montreal.
Depot for superior Table Butter. 10m-WH

A. BOOKER,
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant,
Office and Sale Rooms, Gibb's New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

SINCLAIR, JACK & Co.,
Wholesale Grocers & Commission Merchants,
Importers of East and West India Produce, Mediterranean Goods, &c.,
412 St. Paul Street, opposite the Custom House, Montreal. 10m-WH

GEORGE CHILDS & Co.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
20 & 22 St. Francis Xavier Street, Montreal.
Orders by letter, from Country Merchants not holding it convenient to visit Montreal, will receive prompt attention; and goods not in stock will be purchased and shipped at lowest market prices. 10m-WH

ST. LAWRENCE HALL,
H. HOGAN, Proprietor,
Great St. James Street, Montreal. 10m-WH

DAVID, CLARKE & CLAYTON,
AND Commission Merchants,
40 St. Jean Street, opposite St. Sebastian Street, MONTREAL. 10m-WH

S. DAVIS,
MANUFACTURER OF
HAVANA SEGARS,
Office—No. 15 Great St. James Street, Montreal.
Sole proprietor of the Havana Whip and "Cigar" brand of Segars. 10m-WH

J. V. MORGAN,
Commission Merchant,
Importer to order of all kinds of English and French Goods. 10m-WH

C. C. SNOWDON & Co.,
IMPORTERS OF
British, American, and German
SHIRTS AND HEAVY HARDWARE,
65 & 67 St. Paul Street, corner of St. Nicholas St., MONTREAL. 10m-WH

M. GUTMAN & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Hoop Skirts and Skirt Material,
28 Lemoyne Street, Montreal.
Write Wm. 91 Fortification Lane. 10m-WH

DR. NELSON EDWARDS,
SURGEON DENTIST,
204 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.
Three doors East of French Church. 10m-WH

Montreal Business Directory.

THOS. HOBBSON & Co.,
Produce Commission Merchants,
MONTREAL.
Liberals, advances made on consignments in our stores, or for shipment to our friends in Great Britain and the Lower West. 210m-WH

MULLOILLAND & BAKER,
IRON, STEEL AND GENERAL HARDWARE,
119 and 121 St. Paul Street,
Yard East of St. Fr. Xavier Street. 210m-WH

W. A. LITTLE,
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,
778 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal.
Maps, Plans, Circulars, Cards, Invoice Headings, &c. of Letter, Blank Cheques, Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, Diplomas, Ornamental Business Cards in any number of colors. Calligraphic, Drawing, Specimens, Music, &c., executed at the shortest notice, consistent with good work, on the most reasonable terms. 210m-WH

de B. MACDONALD & Co.,
10 St. Helen Street, Montreal.
HOOP SKIRTS, AND IMPORTERS OF
Men's and Women's Straw, Felt, and
Fancy Woolen Goods, Wholesale. 210m-WH

W. S. GOODHUGH & Co.,
IMPORTERS OF
English and Foreign Leather,
24 St. Peter Street, Montreal. 10m-WH

A. ROBERTSON & Co.,
Manufacturers and Importers of
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Montreal, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Hosiery, Gowns, Haberdashery, Small Wares, Cloaks, Canes, &c. &c. Wholesale and Retail, 418 St. Paul Street & 399 Commissioners St., MONTREAL.
Auburn Woolen Mills, Peterborough, C. W. 10m-WH

Frothingham & Workman,
MONTREAL.
IMPORTERS, Manufacturers, and Wholesale
Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware.
Warehouse and Office 395 to 399, St. Paul St., Montreal. Manufacturers of all kinds of Mining Tools, and have constantly on hand a large Stock of Powder, Patent Safety Fuses, Drill Steel, &c. May 1st. 10m-WH

J. C. FRANCK,
Under the name, style and Arm of
J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS OF ALL KINDS OF
Groceries, Wines, Spirits, Oils, &c., &c.,
25 Hospital Street, Montreal. 10m-WH

H. GRANT,
Watch and Clock Maker,
303 NOTRE DAME STREET, MONTREAL.
Every description of Jewellery manufactured from gold entrusted to his care, under his own supervision. 200m-WH

JOSEPH KIRKUP,
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes,
No. 378 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 200m-WH

BURROWS & Co.,
Commission Merchants,
and Wholesale Dealers in
Brandy, Wines, Segars, Tobacco, &c., &c.
418 St. Paul St., Montreal. 200m-WH

IVES & ALLEN,
Hardware, Stoves, Ranges, &c., &c.
Corner Pine and Front Streets for BUILDINGS,
11410 122 Queen St., Montreal. 200m-WH

Place D'Armes Drug Store,
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal.
This store is kept by a Frenchman, who has the reputation of being a select stock of French Toilet Articles, which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed. E. M. 200m-WH

W. C. McDONALD,
Manufacturer of Fine Tobaccoes,
Office—304 Notre Dame St., West—136 Water St., MONTREAL. 200m-WH

J. & W. HILLTON,
CABINET MAKERS & UPHOLSTERERS,
CARVERS and GILDERS, Importers and Suppliers of
all kinds of Glass, Manufacture of Looking Glasses. Are Importers of Brackets, Drawers, Lamps, Glimpses and Upholsteries of Goods generally.
No. 31, Green St., JAMES STREET, MONTREAL. 200m-WH

Established 1861.
JOHN F. McCAIG,
Shipping and General Agent,
Office—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Hospital, and
at Commerce Street, Canal Wharf, MONTREAL. 200m-WH

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,
100 East N. W. Street, MONTREAL.
HAVE FOR SALE—
Boats & Tubs,
Gas Tubes,
House Nails,
Paints and Putty,
Fire Bricks,
Fire Clay,
Fire Cords, &c.

DEAN PIERCE,
Rum, Cognac, Brandy,
Wine, Liqueurs,
Paving Tiles,
Garden Vases,
Chimney Tiles,
&c. &c. &c.

Manufacturers of AMERICAN SAFES, &c.,
at 112 D. KINGS.

Montreal Business Directory.

MAITLAND FISHER,
TEA and GENERAL BROKER,
OFFICE—Corner of St. Sebastian and St. Nicholas Streets, Montreal.
Representatives—Robinson & Beatty, Robert Fabbie, Esq., Jas. T. Turner, Esq., &c.

Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,
Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes,
Leather, &c.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.
Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co., Collins
Wharf, Halifax.

F. W. HENSHAW,
No. 10 St. Sebastian Street, opposite the
Merchant's Exchange, Montreal.

W. L. KINMOND & Co.,
CONSULTING ENGINEERS,
MANUFACTURERS' Agents, for all kinds of
Machinery, Tools, Steam Engines, &c. &c.
Also, every description of material and used for Engineering and Agricultural Machinery makers. A Stock of best quality of Cast Steel.

**MADE EXPRESSLY FOR MINING AND
BORING PURPOSES, IRON WIRE ROPE,
Chisel and Turning Tool Steel, Files, Rivets,
square and hexagon blank Nuts, Wrought Iron
Washers, Anti-corrosive Iron Paint, Hair and
Wool Felt for Rollers and Steam Pipes, Babbitt
Metal, &c. &c., always on hand, and at low
prices.**

OLD FILES REOUT, warranted shipped as new at
least, at very low rates.
Custom House Square, Montreal. 10m-WH

Richelieu Company!
Royal Mail Through Line
between Montreal and Quebec.

On and after MONDAY, the 8th of May, and until further notice, the RICHELIEU COMPANY'S Steamers will leave their respective Wharves as follows:—
The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. B. Labelle, will leave Quebec for Montreal, Wednesday and Friday, at Seven P. M. respectively, calling, going and returning, at St. John, Three Rivers and Baieaux. Passengers wishing to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers can deposit their baggage and baggage by the boat, as there will be a tender to take them to the steamers.

The Steamer MONTREAL, Capt. R. Nelson, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at Seven P. M. respectively, calling, going and returning, at the ports of St. John, Three Rivers and Baieaux. The Steamer MONTREAL, Capt. R. Nelson, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at Seven P. M. respectively, calling, going and returning, at the ports of St. John, Three Rivers and Baieaux. The Steamer MONTREAL, Capt. R. Nelson, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at Seven P. M. respectively, calling, going and returning, at the ports of St. John, Three Rivers and Baieaux.

Further information may be had at the Freight Office, on the Wharf, or at the Office, 25 Commissioner Street, Montreal.

J. B. LAMERE,
Manager,
Richelieu Company,
6th May, 1867. 210m-WH

MONTREAL
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
UNDER CONTRACT with the Government of Canada for
the Carriage of Mail between Montreal and Quebec.

1867—SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS—1867.
Passengers Booked to Londonderry and Liverpool.

Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates.
This Company's MAIL LINE is composed of the undevoted First-Class, Full-Powered, Single-Engine Iron Steamships—

AUSTRIAN, 2700 Tons. Capt. ALTON.
NEPTUNIAN, 2700 Tons. Lt. DETTNER, R.N.R.
MONTREAL, 2600 Tons. Capt. WYCKE.
PERUVIAN, 2600 Tons. Capt. DALLANER.
HIBERNIAN, 2425 Tons. Capt. HANCOCK.
NOVA-SCOTIAN, 2300 Tons. Capt. ALLEN.
NORTH-AMERICAN, 1124 Tons. Capt. KEAR.
BELOIAN, 2400 Tons. Capt. GIBSON.
DANASCUS, 1800 Tons. Capt. WATTS.

(Sailing from LIVERPOOL, every THURSDAY, and from QUEBEC every SATURDAY, calling at Antwerp to receive on board and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland.)

And their GLASGOW LINE of Steamships—
ST. GEORGE, 1400 Tons. Capt. R.N.R.
ST. ANDREW, 1400 Tons. Capt. ROBERT.
ST. PATRICK, 1500 Tons. Capt. TROCK.
ST. DAVID, 1600 Tons. Capt. ALLEN.

(Sailing between the City of Quebec and Montreal at regular intervals throughout the season of Summer.)

The Steamers of the MAIL LINE are intended to be despatched from QUEBEC as underwritten, viz:—
HIBERNIAN, Saturday, 24th Aug.
NOVA-SCOTIAN, Saturday, 7th Sept.
AUSTRIAN, Saturday, 14th Sept.
NEPTUNIAN, Saturday, 21st Sept.
MONTREAL, Saturday, 28th Sept.

Rate of Passage from Montreal to Londonderry or Liverpool, per Grand Trunk Railway, or by City of Quebec and Royal Mail Line of Steamers, as follows:—
CABIN, £7 5s to £8 5s
ST. CATERINE, £7 5s to £8 5s
ST. GEORGE, £7 5s to £8 5s

For particulars, apply to
J. W. THOMPSON, Agent,
Canadian Express Office,
210m-WH

Canadian Intercourse.

A correspondent of the Times, writing from Athens on the 25th ultimo, says:—
"Omar Pasha has certainly proceeded very leisurely in re-establishing the Sultan's authority in Crete, but he has succeeded in shedding so little blood as to be able to use his sword instead of force. His ultimate object was the submission, not the destruction, of the insubordinate elements. He could easily have conquered the insurgents by overwhelming force, even had Greece supported it by open war; but then the whole island would have been ruined and depopulated. Before leaving Constantinople he is reported to have said to one of the Sultan's ministers, 'Stay of the diplomatists and I will pacify the Cretans.' After restoring the Sultan's authority in the eastern half of the island, Omar sent 8,000 of the troops who had stormed Lascari men the south coast by the plain of Mesaria, where 8,000 were embarked at Divaki and landed at Franghokasteli. The remainder with a corps of Musulmans Cretans and irregulars, marched through the province of Amari and Aglio Basil to Franghokasteli. Mehmet Pasha was at the same time ordered to advance from his camp in Apokorona, while another corps drove the insurgents and volunteers in the province of Kalamata and Selino back into the Spianakia mountains. Three Turkish divisions then advanced to storm the citadel of the insurrection. Mehmet climbed the mountains from the north. Reschid ascended from the east, and Omar in person directed all the operations from his camp at Franghokasteli, to the south. The first object of the Turkish General was to gain possession of the elevated plain of Askypio, which is between 4,000 and 5,000 feet above the level of the sea. The insurgents have always represented the place as impregnable; the passages were said to be all fortified, considerable stores of ammunition were formed, and the Greek newspapers have frequently declared that 400,000 well armed men were assembled to defend the position. The first who penetrated over the barrier of rugged mountains that surround Askypio was Mehmet Pasha. He had exercised his men in many feigned attacks on the insurgents, and on the 10th inst. he carried the defiles of Krapi without much difficulty. The leader of Greek volunteers charged with the defence of the northern pass-ways, is a published report, that he could only escape by a dose of the key of the insurgent citadel. The names of 25 chiefs who took part in the resistance offered to Mehmet are enumerated, and this leads many here to infer that upwards of 2,500 men were engaged in defending Askypio. The Greek troops and Turkish accounts agree with regard to the complete success of Mehmet Pasha, and the skill and courage with which he conducted his attack. The discipline he instilled into his troops, and the humanity and vigour with which he protects the Christians, are acknowledged by some of his enemies. While Mehmet was entering the plain of Askypio from the south Reschid, occupied Agriopolis, and attacked the Spianakia centre. After a series of desultory skirmishes he gained possession of the plain of Kalikrat, another of the natural fortresses of the Spianakia warriors, and during these operations the troops under the immediate orders of Omar penetrated to Nipori and Agriopolis, and the central and southern divisions of the Turkish armies established direct communication with the northern in the plain of Askypio. The skirmishing continued for about three days, but the loss of men appear to have been trifling on both sides. The insurgents had time to transport their women and children either to the higher recesses of the White Mountains, to the plain of Anopolis, or to the sea coast to the plain of Agria Roumeli. Omar Pasha expects that before long he will compel all those who do not escape to Greece to submit, and he declares that he can ensure them efficient protection, and will supply them with food to return to their own villages with provisions. The Arkadi has lately carried off about two thousand refugees from the Spianakia coast—chiefly women and children. Though the Turks are unable to prevent the Arkadi running into Agria Roumeli and landing their cargo, they might have adopted measures for preventing her escape when her deck was encumbered with 1,000 refugees on a small vessel. Whether the Turkish army, as the Ottoman authorities pretend, or wait of naval skill, as the Greeks assert, is the real cause of the facility with which the Arkadi is able to prevent the Arkadi running into Agria Roumeli and landing their cargo, they might have adopted measures for preventing her escape when her deck was encumbered with 1,000 refugees on a small vessel. 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retired, recommending him as the most suitable man to represent them. [Cheers.]

Mr. R. D. O'Brien would not detain them with a speech. Mr. Head and Mr. Corby, the polls, but don't support a man who wants a judgment. Those two gentlemen would look after your speech. Where would you find a market for your coarse grain? Where would you take your wool and cattle when you could not find a market, were it not for Mr. Head and Mr. Corby. He spoke four mortal hours and then proposed three cheers for the Queen to prevent his speaking, but he did not succeed, and there was no trouble in electing Head and Corby, and he would retire in Mr. Corby's favor. [Hurrah for Corby.]

Three cheers were then given for the Queen, three for the Reforming Officer, three cheering cheers for Messrs Head and Corby, and three hearty cheers for Mr. Head and Corby, and the meeting dispersed.

Election Intelligence.

MONTEBELLIE.—Hon. Mr. Cauchon was elected by acclamation for both Houses.

GLIMMERY.—Mr. D. A. Macdonald was elected by acclamation for the Commons. Mr. V. Bulwell was elected by acclamation for the Commons. The contest for the Lord will be a keen one.

BROME.—Mr. Duukin was returned on Monday by acclamation for the Commons and Local Legislature.

EAST NORTHUMBERLAND.—Mr. Meyer has resigned, leaving the field clear for Mr. Keeler, whose election is now certain.

OTTAWA COUNTRY.—Mr. Alonzo Wright, the late member, was elected by acclamation for the Commons.

NORTH LAKES.—Hon. Wm. McDougall was elected for the Commons and Mr. Galt for the Assembly, by acclamation.

CARLETON.—Mr. Holmes was elected for the Commons by 71 majority over Mr. Rochester, and Mr. Robt. Lyon for the Local Legislature by 51 majority over Mr. Skead.

KINGSTON.—Sir John A. Macdonald, a majority over Dr. Stewart was 592. Mr. Strange's majority was 579. There being but very little interest in the election, not half of the voters went to the polls.

LENOX.—The election in Lennox for the House of Commons is very close. All the polling places were held at the close of the Telegraph office last night, gave Grange a majority of twenty votes. Two other places not heard from were expected to give Grange a small majority, but on the whole, Grange it is thought, would be ahead a few votes. For the Local Legislature, Grange was elected, having a majority of 232 over O'Leary. Dargy resigned.

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, August 27.—Active preparations are being made for the speedy departure of troops from India to rescue the British prisoners in Abyssinia. Sir W. Napier has been appointed to command the expedition.

Accounts from Spain confirm the report that the insurrection in Aragon had been successful.

PARIS, August 27 (evening).—Emperor Napoleon, in a speech at Aras, significantly said: "Have faith in the future—weak governments often seek to divert public attention from domestic troubles by fomenting foreign quarrels. On the other hand, these governments which rest on the national will have strength, and need only resort to whatever shall tend to promote the permanent interests of the country as a means of upholding the honor of the national flag."

BERLIN, August 28, evening.—Hon. Geo. Baerhoff had an audience with the King of Prussia, this morning, and represented his credentials as Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to the Court of Berlin.

LONDON, August 27.—The new Transatlantic Cable, from Brest to New York, is to be laid in May next. The steamship *Great Eastern* will perform the work.

QUEBEC, August 27, evening.—The steamer "City of London," from New York on the 17th, arrived on her way to Liverpool.

LONDON, August 27, evening.—The Government of Denmark has renewed its demand on Prussia in regard to the Northern Provinces of Schleswig.

MANCHESTER, August 27, evening.—The great anti-slavery Congress convened in this city today. Wm. Lloyd Garrison was present and made a speech. Other distinguished persons, including several negroes, also made speeches. Eulogies were passed on the governments of the United States and Russia for their recent abolition of slavery.

LONDON, August 27, evening.—Prof. Farragut, eminent in science, died today.

LONDON, August 28, noon.—Consols 94½; Bonds 79½; 1-10 77½; Erie 45½.

LIVERPOOL, August 28, noon.—Cotton irregular; Uplands about 10½d; Orleans about 10½d; Breadstuffs and others unchanged.

LONDON, August 28, p. m.—Erie 45½; Bonds weak and unchanged; Pork declined to 137½d.

LONDON, August 28, evening.—Consols 94½; Bonds 79½; Erie 45½; 1-10 77½. Sugar dull.

LIVERPOOL, August 29, evening.—Cotton dull and heavy, and prices declined; Orleans 10½d; Uplands 10½d. Other articles unchanged.

—Perry Davis' Pain Killer is a blessing to the rich, friend to the poor and within the reach of all.—See advertisement.

—Parties intending to purchase Clothing or Boots and Shoes cheap, will find it to their advantage to call at J. Muir & Co.'s Emporium, as they intend to sell off their present stock to make room for Fall Importations.

American Despatches.

MICHIGAN CITY, Indiana, August 27.—The machine shop and engine house of the Lafayette and Indianapolis Railroad, at Lafayette, was burned on Saturday night. Four locomotives were destroyed. Loss \$400,000.

BENNINGTON, Vermont, August 27.—This morning a mill belonging to the Bennington Powder Company exploded, instantly killing three men.

NEW YORK, August 27.—A fire this morning at No. 18 Broad Street consumed property to the amount of \$40,000. A fireman was killed by falling from the roof of an adjoining building.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 27.—A correspondent of the *Bulletin* writes from the city of Mexico under date July 31st, describing the entry of Juarez, which elicited much enthusiasm. At a grand banquet Juarez said he hoped the nation would imitate the clemency and moderation of the United States in victory. The Mexican press is clamoring for a general amnesty. The people are sick of bloodshed. The reported massacre of Imperialists at Queretaro is authoritatively denied. Juarez announced his determination to put down all armed factions, but he will pursue a course of clemency and conciliation towards those who are submissive. The army is to be reduced to eighteen thousand men, and many prisoners are to be released.

ST. LOUIS, August 27.—The earnings of the Union Pacific Railroad, Kansas Branch, for July, amounted to \$190,000.

CINCINNATI, August 27.—A destructive fire occurred at Cincinnati, to-night, consuming a woolen factory and other buildings. Loss \$100,000.

ST. LOUIS, August 27.—Two suicides occurred since yesterday, making 27 since July 1st.

NEW YORK, August 27.—The *Herald's* Cleveland special says: Great preparations are being made for the Fenian Congress, which assembles on the third of September. Between 600 and 800 delegates will be present, including General Spear and General O'Neill, J. W. Fitzgerald, of Cincinnati, will formally open the Congress.

COMMERCIAL.

BELLEVIEW MARKETS

INTELLIGENCER OFFICE
Belleview, August 28, 1867.

SPRING WHEAT—\$1.50 to \$1.55	BARLEY—50c
RYE—40c to 45c	WHEAT—For local consumption at 40c
PEAS—50c	BEANS—40c to 45c
BUCKWHEAT—40c	RYE—\$1.50 to \$1.55
BARLEY—\$1.50 to \$1.55	MILLS—\$1.50 to \$1.55
WHEAT—\$1.50 to \$1.55	BUCKWHEAT—40c
RYE—40c to 45c	BEANS—40c to 45c
PEAS—50c	WHEAT—For local consumption at 40c
BARLEY—50c	RYE—\$1.50 to \$1.55
WHEAT—\$1.50 to \$1.55	MILLS—\$1.50 to \$1.55
BUCKWHEAT—40c	RYE—\$1.50 to \$1.55
BARLEY—\$1.50 to \$1.55	MILLS—\$1.50 to \$1.55
WHEAT—\$1.50 to \$1.55	BUCKWHEAT—40c
RYE—40c to 45c	BEANS—40c to 45c
PEAS—50c	WHEAT—For local consumption at 40c
BARLEY—50c	RYE—\$1.50 to \$1.55
WHEAT—\$1.50 to \$1.55	MILLS—\$1.50 to \$1.55
BUCKWHEAT—40c	RYE—\$1.50 to \$1.55
BARLEY—\$1.50 to \$1.55	MILLS—\$1.50 to \$1.55
WHEAT—\$1.50 to \$1.55	BUCKWHEAT—40c
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BARLEY—\$1.50 to \$1.55	MILLS—\$1.50 to \$1.55
WHEAT—\$1.50 to \$1.55	BUCKWHEAT—40c
RYE—40c to 45c	BEANS—40c to 45c
PEAS—50c	WHEAT—For local consumption at 40c
BARLEY—50c	RYE—\$1.50 to \$1.55
WHEAT—\$1.50 to \$1.55	MILLS—\$1.50 to \$1.55
BUCKWHEAT—40c	RYE—\$1.50 to \$1.55
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LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL

No. 301

Miscellaneous Items

The St. Louis Board of Health have prohibited the sale of fresh oysters until September 15.

By the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad, alone, 64,000 baskets of peaches are brought daily to New York and Philadelphia.

The Prince of Wales and the Duke of Cambridge are to visit Ireland during the last of the present month; and are to be entertained with large views both at the Curragh and in Dublin.

The convicts in the Austrian prisons are allowed to read newspapers, use snuff and smoke tobacco during good behaviour. It is said that the threat of forbidden

Mr. Frank Butcher, a Swiss artist, has caused great excitement in the town of Woodstock by his painting of the

negroes, the people there regarding him as an emissary of the "radicals" sent to paint political pictures for the presidential campaign.

The Coptic Patriarch of Egypt has inaugurated a bitter persecution against Protestant Christians in that country. In some instances he has had Protestants banished and has caused to be excommunicated

all who read their books or attend the schools. He claims that the Viceroy of Egypt favours his course.

The peculiarity of the career of M.

Kinglake, the historian of the Crimean war, is that, after his first successful work, "Eothen," a description of an eastern tour, he suffered twenty-three years to elapse before putting pen again to paper. He did

A letter-writer says that during a fier
thunder storm near Mount Deseret, th

lightning came down through the roof of a house and a bed upon which lay a husband and wife, "throwing the man out bed, thence into the cellar, out through the drain and ploughed" up to the paragon.

Some of the P. E. Island papers are agitating a project for the construction of

railway, to connect Charlottetown, Summerside and Georgetown, with branches shipping places in St. Peter's and Richmond Bay. The *Islander* thinks such a line would greatly benefit the agricultural and

The London *Lancet* mentions a curious

A woman, having fractured her leg, was conveyed to hospital, where amputation was pronounced to be necessary. This was performed under chloroform; but, as the

was of a timid and nervous temperament she was kept for forty days in ignorance the fact that she had not lost her limb.

Some editor says that the destiny of

A little miss between Charles Bonaparte and his love Letitia, might have broken off a marriage which gave birth to Napoleon and the battle of Waterloo. To which the

Chicago Advertiser says:—"Yes that is fact. Suppose a "little miss" had taken place between Adam and Eve! What then?"

The latest application of motive power to steam vessels is called the hydraulic propeller. A water-wheel inside the vessel revolves in a metallic case perforated for the admission of water. Taking up the

water as it enters the case the wheel expels it again through two nozzles, one on each side above the water-line, and thus gains power similar to the recoil of a gun. Cheapness of fuel for gain of force of proportion

to its expenditure), absence of vibration and more complete control in rough weather are the advantages claimed. The apparatus is said to have been successfully tested in England.

GUESTS UNDER GUARD.—The Liverpool Albion is responsible for the following story: A rather amusing circumstance was connected with the supper to the Bol-

—The value of the plate on the table was £25,000, and it had been lent by Hancock and other eminent silversmiths. The matter was effected by having the company

waited on by detectives dressed up as waiters. Nearly every attendant was a police officer in disguise.

square bought a swamp. He went to work on scientific principles—built his farm manor on a ledge that loomed up out of the damp waste, out drains, laid out avenues,

the prettiest places in Westchester county. He constructed an artificial trout lake on the premises—Greely likes trout, and has some fine specimens in his pond. When

he gets time to get out of the city and go home, he may be found feeding or watching the trout. Wee'to the boy who puts in a line or who marks or cuts a tree on the premises of the usually sunbaked visaged

West Riding Election.

A General Meeting of
MR. BROWN'S COMMITTEES

WILL BE HELD IN

Neilson's Hall,

THIS Thursday EVENING,

AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.

JOHN SUTHERLAND,
Chairman

Belleville, Aug. 29, 1887.

Hastings Elections.

POLLING DAYS.

WEST RIDING—Monday and Tuesday, 2nd
and 3rd September.EAST RIDING—Thursday and Friday, 5th
and 6th September.NORTH RIDING—Monday and Tuesday, 9th
and 10th September.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.

Morning Express going West, 8.00 A. M.

Evening Express going West, 7.00 P. M.

Mixed Train going West, 10.35 A. M.

Merchants' Express Freight
going West, No passengers
allowed on this train, 6.45 P. M.

Room Express going East, 12.08 P. M.

Night Express going East, 12.15 A. M.

Mixed Train going East, 11.10 P. M.

Merchants' Express Freight
going East, No passengers
allowed on this train, 6.45 P. M.

Montreal Time.

ST. ROCHESTER.—The Sir. Rochester leaves
First's wharf to-morrow afternoon, at 3 o'clock
for Oswego, touching at Mill Point and Pictou.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, THURSDAY, AUG. 29.

NORTH RIDING.—Nomination at Madoc on
Saturday, the 31st August; polling day
Monday and Tuesday, the 9th and 10th
September.

FROM TORONTO.

(By Special Telegram to the Daily Intelligencer.)

TORONTO, August 29.

Great excitement prevails here. F. H.
Medcalf has retired in favor of M. C. Cam-
eron. It now stands: For the House of
Commons—Bessy and Atkins. For the
Ontario Legislature—Cameron and Stock.Carling's majority in London is: For the
House of Commons 898; Ontario Legisla-
ture 328.WEST RIDING.—The members of Mr. Brown's
Committees are reminded that a meeting of the
several Committees will be held in Neilson's
Hall this evening at 8 o'clock, unless requested
to give their attendance.BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE for August. Reprint
by L. Scott & Co., New York. Contents—
Brownings, part VII.; Social Era of George
III.; Governor Winthrop; Easter Trip of two
Ochiophobes; Intemperance and Intolerance;
Terk; Maximilian; The Chiffonier; The Bill
as it is.GODEY'S MAGAZINE.—This admirable lady's
book, for September, has been received. As
usual, it contains the latest fashions of the day,
and is replete with anecdotal novelties for the
ladies. Those who desire a reliable delineation
of the prevailing fashions should subscribe for
Godey. Published by L. A. Godey, Philadelphia,
at \$3 a year.AN ACCIDENT.—We regret to learn that Mr.
John Moon, son of Peter Moon, Esq., of Hunt-
ingdon, was accidentally killed yesterday after-
noon. It would appear that he was ploughing,
and just before noon started for the house.
Evidently his foot caught in the trace as he was
getting on to the horse, for the horse was con-
stantly in the harness, and the unfortunate
man was found lying on the ground, mangled in
a fearful manner. He lingered in an insensate
condition until early this morning. Deceased
leaves a wife and small family.SCHOONERS ANCHORED.—A telegram from Port
Colborne received last night, says: "The
schooner *Sago*, with a cargo of wheat from
Chicago to Oswego, and the schooner
Union Jack, of Belleville, with a cargo of four
hundred tons of coal from Erie for Toronto, are
anchored to the eastward of the east pier. The
Sago is making a little water, but is kept re-
st. Both will probably be got off with little damage
should the weather prove favorable. The *Union
Jack* is making no water. Both went ashore
about 2 a.m." A later telegram was received
this afternoon, stating that the schooner *Union
Jack* has been hoisted off and has sustained but
little damage.

New Brunswick Elections.

Everything promises well for the Union
cause in New Brunswick. Of the fifteen
members who will be returned for the House
of Commons, at least twelve will be sup-
porters of the Government, and the hope is
entertained that even fourteen of the con-
gressmen will be carried—leaving Mr.
Smith, the leader of the anti-Unionists, the
sole representative of the party at
Ottawa.

South Ontario Election.

STATE OF THE POLL AT THE CLOSE
MR. GIBBS' MAJORITY 71.

OWASAWA, August 28.

The following is the state of the poll, at the
close, in this Riding.

	PICKERING.	BROWN.	GIBBS.
Whitevale	106	136	
Kimble	91	196	
Bromington	311	128	
Whitby (East)	210	253	
Whitby (Town)	139	182	
Whitby (West)	236	191	
OWASAWA	138	201	
Total	1213	1289	

Majority for Gibbs 71.

London Election.

At the close of the polls, first day, the vote
stood

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Hon. John Carling, 994

Peacock, 241

Carling's majority, 753

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

Hon. John Carling, 801

Mr. Durand, 408

Carling's majority, 393

The North Riding.

The nomination takes place at Madoc on
Saturday, the 31st August, and the
polling days on Monday and Tuesday, the
9th and 10th September.The time is short for action, but we
trust there is nothing yet to do except to
gather at the polls on the morning of the
first day of election. The issues of the
contest have been plainly and so repeatedly
put, that every elector must understand the
relative claims each candidate have upon
the Riding. We know the popular
and well settled belief is that Mr. T. C.
Wallbridge has lost all claims, and cannot
possibly be elected. We know that the
great mass of the electors are satisfied that
he has been the cause of the County losing
the Railway, and when they come to calcu-
late this loss, they find it the most serious
calamity that ever could happen to the coun-
ty. Knowing this, they are determined to
show him and the world that they respect
their manhood, their rights, liberties, and
self-respect too much to give him again their
confidence, and they are willing to take a
little extra trouble to vindicate their po-
sition.These questions settled, what remains to
be done? Simply, for every friend and
supporter of Mr. Brown to be ready on the
morning of the first day of the election to
go to the polling place, and if you have a
spare seat in your wagon, give it to your
neighbor who has not got one. If there is
a concession line yet unorganized, do not
wait a moment, but go to work and organize
it at once. Have your conveyances se-
cured and ready, so that every voter in the
Township may go to the polls the first day.We ask the warm, active and energetic
men in each Township to give their entire
time the first day to the election. If they
do this, there will be but little to be done
the second day. Is this not due to Mr.
Brown? He is simply the instrument you
make use of to defeat a man who has
destroyed the fairest prospects that any
County ever had. You have brought him
into the field against his personal impli-
cation, and he stands ready to serve
you. Will you not stand by him now
to a man, and add from this
time to the day of election devote all
the spare time you have towards securing
his triumphant return. The issue is in
your own hands. Let the outside world
see how well you can use it. Let every
elector of the North Riding do his duty to
himself, to his children, and to his country,
and Mr. Brown will be elected by a very
large majority.

Afraid to Show his Colors.

On the Temperance men of Thurlow,
Hungerford and Tyndalunga, anxiously
awaiting a man who is afraid to show his
colors? A man who refused to attend a
Temperance Picnic for fear it might injure
him as the estimation of those who drank.
No wonder Dr. Wilson said he would rather
entrust the Temperance cause in the hands
of Mr. Corby than in the hands of Mr.
Henderson. In the one case he knew if Mr.
Corby said he would support a measure, he
could be trusted to carry it out. In the
other case, he knew Mr. Henderson, being
afraid to show his colors at a critical mo-
ment, was not entitled to confidence, and
therefore the Temperance cause was safer
in the hands of a man who could be trusted
than in the hands of one who could not.So we imagine the electors will think, and
will give their votes to a man who is honest
and will not betray their trust.Parties intending to purchase Clothing or
Boots and Shoes cheap, will find it to their ad-
vantage to call at J. Mulr & Co's Emporium,
as they intend to sell off their present stock to
make room for Fall Importations.

Election Intelligence.

EAST DUNDAS.—Burton's majority at noon,
as far as heard from, was 27.COMPTON.—Mr. J. H. Pope, the former mem-
ber, has been elected by acclamation for both
Houses.CORNWALL.—The election in Cornwall re-
sulted in the return of Hon. J. S. Macdonald
for both Houses, by a majority of over 160.GREENVILLE.—Walter Sweeney and Mr. Patrick
were nominated on Tuesday for the House of
Commons, and Clark and McCarthy for the
Local Legislature. Patrick was the Chairman
of Brown's Convention, and will be beaten by
Sweeney.LEWIS.—The election in this County has
resulted in the complete triumph of the Union
candidates. At the close of the polls the ma-
jority of Mr. Carling for the House of Commos
was 148, and of Mr. Stevenson for the Local
Legislature 400. Old Lewis has done nobly.

A Few Remarkable Things.

A correspondent who knows whereof he is
writing, furnishes us the following under
the foregoing heading:It is very remarkable that when the 11th
Battalion was formed, No. 4 Company, un-
der Capt. Magner, was one of the largest,
best drilled, and efficient Companies in the
Battalion.It is also remarkable that the Company
retained its efficiency until the year 1862,
when it was finally dissolved, and the few
Irish loyalists then incorporated in other
Companies.It is still more remarkable that at this pe-
riod the Fenian movement struck its roots in
Montreal and other towns in Canada, accord-
ing to the published statement of D'Arcy
McGee.A remarkable corroboration of the latter
gentleman's statement is found in the fact
that after the arrival of "Mike Murphy," the
low-born, vengeful scoundrel in Toronto, and
the Head Centre of Canadian Fenians, the
St. Patrick's Society was dissolved in Belle-
ville, and the Fenian Society formed on
principles which at once caused all respecta-
ble Catholics to withdraw therefrom.It is a most remarkable thing that since
the night of the 26th Sept., 1865, the date of
the arrival of Murphy, all good feeling be-
tween the old members of St. Patrick's So-
ciety ceased, and they are now as divided as
their worst enemies could wish them.But the most remarkable thing of all is
the fact that the existence of Fenianism in
Belleville is denied by the very men who
held commissions under Master Mike Murphy,
and the master roll of whose Company is in
the hands of the authorities.

Nova Scotia Election.

The Writs for the election in Nova Sco-
tia, have been issued in that Province, where
the law requires that the polling in the
different constituencies shall take place on
the same day. The nominations will take
place on the 11th of September, and the
polling on the 18th. The latest and most
trustworthy information from Halifax as-
sures us that the Howe party, although
undoubtedly strong in the Province, will
barely carry a majority of the constituen-
cies. The Unionists confidently count upon
at least seven out of the nineteen seats, and
will obtain possibly two or three more.

(For the Intelligencer.)

North Riding Election.

A public meeting of the electors of El-
zevir was held in the Town Hall on Mon-
day night, to hear addresses from Mr. M.
Brown and Dr. Boulter. Long before the
time announced for the proceedings to com-
mence, parties began to arrive, till the vil-
lage presented quite an animated appear-
ance. Groups of people were to be seen on
the sidewalks discussing the qualifications
of the candidates, and the most casual
observer could have easily discovered
"which way the wind blew." When the
Hall was opened it was speedily filled.After the meeting had been organized, Dr.
Boulter proceeded to address the electors,
and explained fully and in an interesting
manner, Confederation and the alterations
it had made with regard to the future of
the country, said we had large openings
for general manufactures which were not in
evidence here at the present time, many of
the large works carried on so successfully
on the other side, could with equal advan-
tage be begun here. The House of Commons
said it what was wanted in this country
was skilled mechanics. Encouragement
should be given to all description of labor
—skilled and unskilled, there was room for
all, and to induce emigrants to come here
and render their services, grants of land should
be given for agricultural purposes, and
assistance granted them in making good
roads, so that when they raise crops they
may have the means to send them to mar-
ket, and so benefit themselves and the
community at large. He pointed out the
powers of the local legislature and com-
mended on them, and said if he were elected
he would go and give the House a fair and
honest support, and would be a fair and
honest representative of his constituents.Having thanked the speakers for their atten-
tion, the doctor took his seat and was well
cheered.Mr. Brown then followed, and having
placed some rather formidable looking
volumes on the table, he played the con-
sideration of the audience, if any existed,
by stating that he was not going to read
them all through, but having brought
them there for the purpose of substantiat-
ing what he should say. He commenced
his speech by saying that he had not any
desire to represent the Riding, but wasselected by the convention. He would have
supported any one who came against Y.
T. Wallbridge. He said he would
give the new government all the support
deserved till he saw reason for a change.
Every one should be prepared to give to
the government a fair and honest trial. S.
speaking of Mr. Wallbridge he said he would
speak of him as one gentleman should
speak of him, not in the acrimonious manner
which he [Wallbridge] had done on previous
occasions. In taking that gentlemanly
task, he [Mr. Brown] regretted that he
was not here, and showed his [Mr. Brown's]
career to be a mass of contradic-
tions, and to get a vote would suit him-
self to any man's views. Mr. Brown instated
usury law, on which Mr. Wallbridge voted
for the second reading, but had at the third
reading abstained himself at the time the
vote was taken, though seen in the House
a moment before. At the third reading the
votes for this bill were 34 for, and 23
against it. And now if he [Wallbridge],
met a man who was in favor of thabill,
he would produce the Parliamentary record
and show how he had voted for it, a
second reading, and if he met one opposed
to the same bill, he would show the report of
the third reading and point out that he
had not voted for it. Mr. Wallbridge
had said in the House that he was opposed
to old countrymen as settlers, they were
not good pioneers [the report in the Globe
published at the time was here read to
prove this], this he denied, and at the
House Mr. Brown said he had been in
the back country on the Hastings Road,
and had seen, as any one could see what
energy and industry had been exhibited by
the old countrymen in those settlements.
If the man was bad, it proved them good
pioneers, and he strongly objected to that
feeling being set up which would tend to
create any kind of ill-feeling between Ca-
nadians and old countrymen. He then
went deeply into the Railway scheme,
which has now become a matter of history.
He showed Mr. Wallbridge's grievous errors
in this affair, and said men were not to sup-
pose that if once elected they should always
be elected right or wrong. They were sent
back stated periods, for their constituency
by their country for approval, and in con-
clusion said if he succeeded in being elected he
believed he would give his constituents
satisfaction. The speaker, who had been
frequently greeted with cheers during his
speech, took his seat amidst thunders of
applause.The chairman having asked the audience
if they wished to ask Mr. Brown or Dr.
Boulter any questions, or if anyone wished
to speak on behalf of Mr. T. C. Wallbridge.
There being no reply, he requested all in
favor of Mr. Brown and Dr. Boulter to
stand up, and then proceeded to thank them
for their seats. In the twinkling of an
eye every seat was vacant and every one
upstanding. A vote of thanks was then pas-
sed to the chairman, three cheers given for
the Queen, and the meeting terminated.
The chairman then proceeded to read some
who had hoped to the last that these would
have been a repetition of the rich scene
enacted at Marmora.

Bridgewater, August 28th.

To the Editor of the Daily Intelligencer.

Sir,—I wish it to be understood that any
statements made in relation to the Richard-
son mine, and said to have come from me, are
entirely without foundation, as no such state-
ments are made except through and by sanc-
tion of Sir W. E. Logan, in a regular printed
Report. The same may be said with regard
to the whole season's explorations.Yours truly,
H. G. YENNER

Marmora, August 27, 1887.

(For the Intelligencer.)

To the Millers, Manufacturers,
and Produce Dealers of Ca-
nada.GENTLEMEN.—Close observation is watch-
ing the markets of the Lower Provinces dur-
ing the past few years, having confirmed us in
the impression that on a more extended ac-
quaintance, a large and mutually profitable
trade must grow and extend through all the
provinces of the Dominion. We have, there-
fore, to meet the wants of our numerous
branches, determined on opening a branch of
our business on the 1st of September, at Hal-
fax, N. S., and have admitted Mr. John C.
Moore, of that city, who will have the man-
agement there under the name, style, and
firm of Kirkwood, Livingston & Co., of Mon-
real. There and here it will be our interest
and endeavor to grant every facility in our power
to our Canadian friends in the profitable real-
ization of their products or manufactures. As
heretofore it will be our aim and study to
give at all times the greatest amount of satis-
faction to consigners, by keeping them thor-
oughly posted respecting the markets and
prospects, by every diligence in obtaining the
highest possible rates, by promptness and
liberal cash advances, or by accepting against
bills of lading when required. Drafts against
our balances on the 1st of September, at Hal-
ifax or Montreal, but bills of lading when
not forwarded by mail must always be ac-
crued to the Draft.Thanking our friends for past favors, as
suring them and all others who may do with
us that we will set with the greatest care
and attention in the handling of their prop-
erty. We are respectfully,KIRKWOOD, LIVINGSTONE & CO.,
608 St. Paul street,
Montreal.Kirkwood, Livingston & Moore,
Collins' Wharf,
Halifax.

August 27th, 1887.

—Two more fires in Montreal, on Monday
night, have an ugly look of incendiarism about
them.—Ferry Davis' Pelt Killers is a blessing to the
rich, friend to the poor and within the reach of
all.—See advertisement.—A car load of coal oil and benzine was burn-
ed on Saturday last near Port Hope, on route be-
tween G. T. R. to Kingston for Mr. Carley.

Editorial Summary.

—England imports 10,000 tons of Hedges
fruit yearly—mostly apples and pears.—The Emperor of Russia announces symptoms
of hypochondriacism, amounting almost to ma-
nias.—A family in Portsmouth, Virginia, break-
fasted on dried food-stuffs and supped on
caviare.—A Danville, Illinois, paper speaks of the
"moral turpitude" of that city.—The latest "personal" item says Brownlow
is a walking photograph of the devil.—According to reports from the Chaudiers
gold field, gold in considerable quantities is
being found.—The wine crop of California this year is
estimated at 55,000,000 gallons, and brandy at
50,000 gallons.—Professor Watson, of Ann Arbor, Michigan,
announces the discovery of a planet, hitherto
unknown, which was first seen by him on Sat-
urday night last.—A requisition is in circulation requesting
the Hon. John Young to become a candidate
in West Montreal for the House of Commons,
but it is said that Mr. Young declines the candi-
dature.

Volunteer Militia.

OTTAWA, 23rd August, 1888.

Referring to the approaching issue to
the Volunteer Militia of the Snider Enfield
Rifles, the following instructions are pub-
lished for general guidance:The 50 round pouches in possession of
Regiments, can be altered to contain 30
rounds of the new "Central Fire Car-
tridges," by the removing the tin partitions,
with the exception of that between the 30
and 30 rounds.If the pouches are of the old altered 40
round pattern, it will be necessary to re-
move the whole of the partitions.Officers Commanding Regiments will be
pleased to order that the men are always
to parade without their mule stoppers when-
ever ammunition either blank or ball is to
be used.The new muzzle stoppers will be provid-
ed with a "Sight protector" to fit with or
without the bayonet.Snap caps in possession can be made to
fit over the piston by removing the small
piece of brass, inserted in the latest pat-
tern, or by scooping out a little more of the
leather.

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

—BOSTON, August 28.—Among the
passengers on board the steamship "Hermann,"
which sailed from this port yesterday, for New
York, is Rev. Charles K. Whipple, well known
author.—PARIS, August 28, evening.—Austria and
France unite in dissuading Denmark from in-
sisting on the retrocession of Dageballe and Alsace
by Prussia.—To-day the British ship of war passed over
the Railroad at Mount Denis.—MUNICH, August 28, evening.—A prominent
journal, which acts as the organ of Southern
Germany, asserts that Bavaria and the other
states of South Germany, will not unite with
Austria or Prussia, but, maintaining their in-
dependence of either, will hold the balance of
power between the Northern Confederation and
Austria empire.—LONDON, August 28.—The increasing dif-
ference of tone which is apparent in the editorials
of the Prussian journals on the Balkan Con-
ference, causes much anxiety throughout Eu-
rope.—PARIS, August 28, evening.—Reports continue
to be received from rebel sources of the sup-
pose of the "insurrection" in Spain, and especially in
the Province of Aragon. The latest advices
from that quarter report that the insurgents
have captured and hold possession of the city
of Saragossa, the capital of the province.—CONSTANTINOPLE, August 28.—The American
minister, Hon. Edward J. Morris, has had an
audience with the Sultan, at which he presented
to his Imperial Majesty the resolution of the
United States Congress in relation to the war
in the island of Cuba.—PHILADELPHIA, August 28.—George W. Win-
more was executed today for murder. He made
a speech on the gallows protesting his in-
nocence.

American Despatches.

—St. Louis, August 28.—This evening's des-
patches say that a number of Southern ar-
tillery have brought their families to the city,
to escape the effects of a negro rising, which
they claim is inevitable in many quarters. They
say the negroes are well armed and exhibit their
weapons defiantly.—FORTRESS MONROE, August 28.—The man
Hoselwell sailed today for Japan.—SAN FRANCISCO, August 28.—The Mexican
Consul at this port, Mr. Godey, has received a letter
from the Mexican Government, advising the ex-
pulsion of the American Consul, and the
letter is addressed to General Garza, and
declaring that Garza is a gentleman and a
friend of foreigners.—New York, August 28.—The *Times* Wash-
ington special says: The political situation to-
night is much calmer than for several days.
General Grant has not refused to give orders,
notwithstanding the positive statements to that
effect.—WASHINGTON, August 28.—General Grant has
promulgated the order expelling Gen. Canby
in place of Gen. Sickles, and directs the latter
to report by letter from New York.

GEORGE ROCHIE.

HATTER & FURRIER.

All the latest styles of

Felt & Silk Hats,

KEPT always on hand. Also, a great

variety of

CLOTH CAPS.

All orders promptly executed. Remember

Neillon's Hair, opposite Apothecaries

Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for

Haw Furs. Felt and Silk Hats cleaned and

repaired.

May 1. 1D4m

DAILY LINE TO ROCHESTER.

The quickest route from Belleville and

vicinity to New York, Boston, &c.,

from Montreal, to Buffalo, &c.,

and between the Canadian

Gold Fields and the

United States.

THE SPLENDID STEEL-PLATED STEAMER

"CORINTHIAN,"

LEAVES Brighton 4:30, Monday, Wed-

nesday, and Friday, until further no-

tice, and daily from Colborne at 6 a. m.,

arriving in Montreal at 12 noon, and

of 4 P. M. morning trains from Toronto and

Montreal, at 9:30 a. m.

Connects at Rochester with afternoon Ex-

press Trains for the East, West, and South.

Returning, leaves Port of Rochester, (Char-

lotte), daily, on arrival of evening Express

Trains, at 10 p. m., Saturdays, 9 p. m.

Connects at North Shore Port with O. T. R.

arriving trains for Toronto and Montreal, and

at Brighton and Colborne with morning

Stages direct for Campbellford, Madoc, and

the Canadian Gold Fields.

R. P. DAVY, AGENT.

July 22nd, 1897. 1D4m

HURRAH FOR

COULSON & CAMERON'S

LINE OF STAGES

For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the prin-

cipal Hotels in Belleville every morning

(Sunday excepted), at half-past 8 o'clock,

arriving in Madoc at 12 noon.

RETURNING—Leave all the principal Hotels

in Madoc at 1:30 P. M., arriving in Belleville

in time to connect with the evening trains

going east and west.

COULSON & CAMERON.

JOHN HARRIS, Agent, Belleville.

JOHN TAYLOR, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on

this route will be promptly attended to. All

parcels unless booked and paid for will be at

the risk of the owner.

July 22nd, 1897. 1D4m

American Invoices—Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,

QUEBEC, 6th March, 1893.

It is directed by the Hon. The Finance

Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices

be published and furnished to Collectors of

Customs, as to the rate of discount to be al-

lowed on American Invoices, which is to be in

accordance with the price of gold as re-

ported by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto.

Such notices to appear every Saturday in the

Canada Gazette.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,

OTTAWA, June 8, 1897.

In accordance with the above Order, Notice

is hereby given that the authorized dis-

count is declared to be this day 25 per cent

which percentage of deduction is to be con-

tinued until next Weekly Notice, and to ap-

ply to all purchases made in the United States

during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,

3D4m Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

QUEEN

INSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL, \$10,000,000.

FIRE and LIFE.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THE principles on which this Company is

founded contain all the elements required

to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and

effort every facility to intending assured.

One of the advantages secured by those who

insure their lives with this Company is that

the outside expenditure for Management is

absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement

to be paid by the Company. Attention is

especially called to this point, as the proportion

of premiums expended for Management

Must Largely Influence Profits

and Bonuses.

The next division of profits takes place in

1898, and all those who wish to participate in

the profits should insure at once.

Dr. CANNIFF, Medical Referee.

May, 1897. 4D4m.

W. WHARIN & CO.,

RING STREET EAST, TORONTO.

IMPORTERS OF

WATCHES, GLOCKS, JEWELRY, ELASTIC-PLATED

WARR, FINE CLOCKS, &c.

Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry carefully

repaired and warranted.

W. WHARIN, 1D4m W. L. WILKINSON.

C. & W. WALKER,

DIAPHERS, &c.

No. 7, King Street East, Toronto. 1D4m

FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.

LOUIS ROENIGK.

MANUFACTURER, and Wholesale and

Retail Dealer in all kinds of Furniture

near the Upper Bridge, Belleville.

He would call the particular attention of

the Trade, Hotel Keepers, and Families fur-

nishing to his present stock, which is the

largest, most varied, and best ever shown in

Belleville, and which will be sold at prices as

low as any establishment in Canada.

Some and Vouches of all patterns, Tables

of all kinds, Chairs of every description,

Bedsteads, Mattresses, &c., always on hand.

THE UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT

is complete, and all orders promptly attended

to.

UNDER TAKING

in all its branches.

Dealers, Hotel Keepers, and the Public

generally are requested to call and examine

Stock and Prices, before they make their

purchases.

LOUIS ROENIGK.

Belleville, April, 1897. 1D4m

The Upper Cabin Steamer

"EMPRESS."

McNAMARA, MASTER.

WILL leave Trenton for Montreal every

FRIDAY, at SIX o'clock A. M., and

McDonald's Wharf, Belleville, at TEN, sail-

ing at all ports on the Bay of Quinte and River

St. Lawrence.

RETURNING.

Will leave Montreal every TUESDAY a

ONE O'CLOCK, for the above places, calling at

Ogdensburg and all intermediate ports.

This steamer has an Upper Deck Saloon,

and every accommodation for passengers, who

will find her safe, and the swiftest and most

comfortable boat on the route.

For freight and passenger tickets apply to

Capt. A. Clatoh, Agent, Belleville, at the office

of Boat & Mcintosh, next door to Fanning's

Hotel.

C. C. McFALL,

55 & 56 Common St., Montreal.

May 1. 1D4m

The STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE

COMPANY.

Established 1825.

WITH WHICH IS NOW JOINED

THE COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

Accumulated and Invested Fund, \$18,000,000

Annual Income, \$1,000,000.

W. M. RAMSAY, Manager.

RICHARD BULL, Inspector of Agencies.

ASSURANCES effected on the different sys-

tems suggested and approved by a long ex-

perience, so as to suit the means of every

person desirous of taking out a Policy. Every

information on the subject of Life Assurance

will be given at the Company's Office, Montreal,

or at any of the Agencies throughout Canada.

Agent for Belleville, George Wallbridge.

Medical Advisers, Dr. Koider, and Dr. Koider.

May 1. 1D4m

KENNEDY & WILLIAMS,

Opposite American Hotel

W. M. RAMSAY, W.

Wholesale and Re-

tail Grocers and Pro-

visions Merchants, and

every supply of fresh

goods, with the best

quality of food from

Holland, London, Calcutta,

Madras, and all other

ports of the world.

Also, Wholesale Agents

for all the leading

brands of TAYLOR &

CO. Trunk.

BELLEVILLE

AGRICULTURAL WORKS

AND

IRON FOUNDRY

WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Thrashing Machines,

STRAW CUTTERS,

MILL WORK & MACHINERY.

IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS.

Iron and Steel Ploughs,

Stoves, &c.

May 1. 1D4m

JOHN BOWELL'S

BITTERS

A. CAMPBELL,

Commissioner.

For sale Wholesale by

PITCHER & KELSO,

110-111, King Street East, Belleville.

1D4m

THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER

BOOK AND JOB

PRINTING OFFICE.

THE public are informed that in connection

with THE DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLI-

GENCER Newspaper, we have one of the best

appointed

JOB DEPARTMENTS

In the country, and our facilities for taking out

all kinds of Book and Job Printing are such as should

command the attention of every business firm in the

Country at present.

The Extensive Assortment

OF

TYPE AND POWER PRESSES

Gives us great advantages in the printing of

POSTERS & PROGRAMMES.

And for all kinds of

COMMERCIAL WORK,

SUCH AS

Letter Headings,

Note Headings,

Business Cards,

Bank Cheques,

Bill Heads,

Circulars,

Catalogues,

Receipts,

Pamphlets,

Bonds and Mortgages,

Deeds,

Posters,

Placards,

In any Size or in any Colour.

CONSTITUTIONS,

BY-LAWS,

And every other variety of Pamphlets printed neatly

and expeditiously.

Book and Job Printing

AT THE

LOWEST RATES.

Printed at a distance from Belleville in view of

Any Description of Printing.

Can have their wants supplied by sending their orders

by mail. Their letters will receive prompt and careful

attention.

M. BOWELL,

INTELLIGENCER BUILDING.

100-101, King Street East, Belleville.

1D4m

BROWN'S FOUNDRY

AND

MACHINE SHOP,

FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

G. & J. BROWN.

Founders and Machinists,

RESPECTFULLY inform the public that

they are still manufacturing

All kinds of Machinery.

In connection with

FLOUR, GRIST, SAW AND OTHER

MILL FURNISHINGS, &c.

Portable and Stationary Steam Engines of

any capacity, Engine and Wood Lathes,

Iron and Wood Planers, Shingle Machines,

of various patterns; and also, Agricultural im-

plements of the most improved style and

make. Their Horse Powers, and Thrash-

ing Machines, with or without cleaners,

are unsurpassed.

Brown's Ploughs are admitted to be of

the most improved style and manufacture.

They consist of some fifty different pat-

terns, and their celebrated STEEL PLOUGH

is the best in the country.

Amongst their other manufactures may

be enumerated Horse, Horse, Cultivators,

Harrows, Clod Crushers, Corn and Drill

Ploughs, Seed Sowers, Rollers, Straw Cut-

ters and Stump Machines, and improved

Trains (Grindstone) &c.

In the Stove Department

They are unequalled. They continue to

manufacture Box, Parlor and Cooking Stoves

of various descriptions, and their improved

"Northern Farmer" Cooking Stove is with-

out a rival for farmer's use.

Potash Kettles cast in loam, lip up, at

various sizes and of the best material.

Gold Crushers

Of the newest style and pattern made to

order.

Their facilities for manufacturing are

such as to enable them to manufacture com-

plete with any similar establishment in the

Province.

Every description of patterns made to

order. Repairing done on the shortest

notice. All kinds of Brass Castings made

to order.

Belleville, May 1. 1D4m

The Daily Intelligencer

WILL appear about five o'clock every after-

noon (Sundays excepted) and will be

furnished by Carriers at the rate of \$4 a year

if paid in advance, or \$5 a year if paid by

subscribers \$3 a year. \$5 50 for 6 months; \$1 50

for 3 months.

It will contain the latest telegraphic news up

to the hour of going to press, including cable

despatches and the New York and Montreal

Markets.

Arrangements have been made with RELIABLE

Correspondents in Madoc, Bridgeport, Madoc,

and other points, and full information respecting the

troops has been sent to the spot to suppress a riot, which is continuing tumult.

WILMINGTON, Delaware, August 30.—On Wednesday James Booth shot and killed a colored man named William Smith.

FREMONT, Ohio, August 29.—Messrs. Jones and Buckland's barrel and stove factory caught fire at 3 o'clock this afternoon and was entirely consumed. Loss \$15,000.

St. Louis, August 30.—About one-half of Reynolds City, Montana Territory, was destroyed by fire on the 10th of August.

New York, August 30.—The steamer Germania from Hamburg, Achillea from Antwerp, and Rhine and Pennsylvania from Liverpool have arrived.

COMMERCIAL

BELLEVILLE MARKETS

INTELLIGENCER OFFICE
Belleville, August 30, 1897.

SPRING WHEAT—at 81 25
Buckley—Mills are paying 70
No. 1, 100 bushels, 45 45
No. 2, 45 45
No. 3, 45 45
No. 4, 45 45
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No. 99, 45 45
No. 100, 45 45

MONTREAL MARKETS

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER
From Kirkwood, Livingston & Co.

MONTREAL, August 30, 1897.

Flour—Superior Extra... 8 50 to 9 00
Extra... 7 80 to 8 00
Fancy... 7 40 to 7 60
Welland Canal Superfine... 7 00 to 7 25
Super No. 1 Western Wheat... 7 00 to 7 25
No. 2 Western Wheat... 6 75 to 7 00
No. 3 Western Wheat... 6 50 to 6 75
No. 4 Western Wheat... 6 25 to 6 50
No. 5 Western Wheat... 6 00 to 6 25
No. 6 Western Wheat... 5 75 to 6 00
No. 7 Western Wheat... 5 50 to 5 75
No. 8 Western Wheat... 5 25 to 5 50
No. 9 Western Wheat... 5 00 to 5 25
No. 10 Western Wheat... 4 75 to 5 00
No. 11 Western Wheat... 4 50 to 4 75
No. 12 Western Wheat... 4 25 to 4 50
No. 13 Western Wheat... 4 00 to 4 25
No. 14 Western Wheat... 3 75 to 4 00
No. 15 Western Wheat... 3 50 to 3 75
No. 16 Western Wheat... 3 25 to 3 50
No. 17 Western Wheat... 3 00 to 3 25
No. 18 Western Wheat... 2 75 to 3 00
No. 19 Western Wheat... 2 50 to 2 75
No. 20 Western Wheat... 2 25 to 2 50
No. 21 Western Wheat... 2 00 to 2 25
No. 22 Western Wheat... 1 75 to 2 00
No. 23 Western Wheat... 1 50 to 1 75
No. 24 Western Wheat... 1 25 to 1 50
No. 25 Western Wheat... 1 00 to 1 25
No. 26 Western Wheat... 75 to 1 00
No. 27 Western Wheat... 50 to 75
No. 28 Western Wheat... 25 to 50
No. 29 Western Wheat... 10 to 25
No. 30 Western Wheat... 5 to 10
No. 31 Western Wheat... 2 50 to 5
No. 32 Western Wheat... 1 25 to 2 50
No. 33 Western Wheat... 62 50 to 1 25
No. 34 Western Wheat... 31 25 to 62 50
No. 35 Western Wheat... 15 62 50 to 31 25
No. 36 Western Wheat... 7 81 25 to 15 62 50
No. 37 Western Wheat... 3 90 62 50 to 7 81 25
No. 38 Western Wheat... 1 95 31 25 to 3 90 62 50
No. 39 Western Wheat... 97 50 to 1 95 31 25
No. 40 Western Wheat... 48 75 to 97 50
No. 41 Western Wheat... 24 37 50 to 48 75
No. 42 Western Wheat... 12 18 75 to 24 37 50
No. 43 Western Wheat... 6 09 37 50 to 12 18 75
No. 44 Western Wheat... 3 04 68 75 to 6 09 37 50
No. 45 Western Wheat... 1 52 34 37 50 to 3 04 68 75
No. 46 Western Wheat... 76 19 68 75 to 1 52 34 37 50
No. 47 Western Wheat... 38 09 34 37 50 to 76 19 68 75
No. 48 Western Wheat... 19 04 68 75 to 38 09 34 37 50
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No. 56 Western Wheat... 7 44 04 68 75 to 14 88 09 37 50
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No. 58 Western Wheat... 1 86 01 17 18 75 to 3 72 02 34 37 50
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No. 64 Western Wheat... 2 90 50 4 04 68 75 to 5 81 00 8 09 37 50
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No. 67 Western Wheat... 36 31 00 8 09 37 50 to 72 62 1 01 17 18 75
No. 68 Western Wheat... 18 15 50 4 04 68 75 to 36 31 00 8 09 37 50
No. 69 Western Wheat... 9 07 75 2 02 34 37 50 to 18 15 50 4 04 68 75
No. 70 Western Wheat... 4 53 87 1 01 17 18 75 to 9 07 75 2 02 34 37 50
No. 71 Western Wheat... 2 26 93 00 8 09 37 50 to 4 53 87 1 01 17 18 75
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No. 90 Western Wheat... 4 33 12 1 01 17 18 75 to 8 66 25 2 02 34 37 50
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No. 93 Western Wheat... 54 14 2 02 34 37 50 to 1 08 28 50 4 04 68 75
No. 94 Western Wheat... 27 07 1 01 17 18 75 to 54 14 2 02 34 37 50
No. 95 Western Wheat... 13 53 00 8 09 37 50 to 27 07 1 01 17 18 75
No. 96 Western Wheat... 6 76 50 4 04 68 75 to 13 53 00 8 09 37 50
No. 97 Western Wheat... 3 38 25 2 02 34 37 50 to 6 76 50 4 04 68 75
No. 98 Western Wheat... 1 69 12 1 01 17 18 75 to 3 38 25 2 02 34 37 50
No. 99 Western Wheat... 84 56 00 8 09 37 50 to 1 69 12 1 01 17 18 75
No. 100 Western Wheat... 42 28 50 4 04 68 75 to 84 56 00 8 09 37 50

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.
New York, August 30.

Cotton quiet at 21.
Flour—10c to 25c lower; receipts 6,399 bbls; sales 7,100 bbls, at \$6 45 to \$7 60 for superior State and Western; \$6 40 to \$10 45 for common to choice extra State; \$8 40 to \$10 40 for common to choice extra Western.
Wheat—rather more steady; receipts 5,056 bushels; sales 12,000 bushels, at \$2 20 for amber State; \$2 11 for white and amber Illinois.
Rye dull and drooping; receipts 4,600 bush; sales 16,000 bush, at \$1 48.
Corn better; receipts 9,810 bush; sales 22,000 bushels, at \$1 12 to \$1 14; 6c new small Western; \$1 08 to \$1 11 for rounded bush.
Barley dull.
Oats quiet and firm; receipts 6,710 bushels; sales 12,000 bushels, at 70c to 75c for old Western; 75c to 80c for new Ohio.
Potatoes irregular and quiet; receipts 383,154; round quiet and steady, at 12c to 12 1/2c.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET
New York, August 30.

Stocks very dull.
Gold 135 1/2.
The Fed's says the loan market is unchanged.
Stocks remain firm; Governments more active and improved.

PORT OF BELLEVILLE.
ARRIVED, AUGUST 30.

Sir. Bay of Quinte, Kingston, general cargo.
Sir. Empress, Toronto, do do do.
Sir. Rochester, Oswego, do do do.
Sir. Lumber, do salt and coal.
Sir. Catharine, Hamilton, light.
Sir. Catharine, Kingston, do.
Sir. Oswego, Oswego, do.

DEPARTURES.
Sir. Bay of Quinte, Kingston, general cargo.
Sir. Empress, Montreal, do do do.
Sir. Rochester, Oswego, do do do.
Sir. Lumber, do lumber.
Sir. Catharine, do lumber.
Sir. Oswego, Cape Vincent, boats.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KIL.
LIVER.—We ask the attention of the public to this long tested and unrivaled Family Medicine. It has been favorably known for more than thirty years during which time we have received thousands of testimonials, showing the medicine to be an almost never-failing remedy for diseases caused by colds, influenza, etc.

Sudden colds, Coughs, Fever and Ague, Rheumatism, Pains in the Side, Back and Limbs, as well as in the Joints and Limbs; Nausea and Rheumatic Pains in any part of the system. Footaches and Pains in the Head and Face.

As a Blood Purifier, it is the best for the Skin, and for the cure of Eruptions, Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Acid Stomach, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scurvy, Headache, Piles, Hemorrhoids, Pains in the Head, Face, Neck, Arms, Legs, Feet, and Joints. It is a powerful and safe remedy for Cramps and Pains in the Stomach, Bowels, and Limbs. It is a powerful and safe remedy for Cramps and Pains in the Stomach, Bowels, and Limbs. It is a powerful and safe remedy for Cramps and Pains in the Stomach, Bowels, and Limbs.

It has been tested in every form of disease, and has been found to be the most reliable and most powerful remedy for all the above named diseases. It is a powerful and safe remedy for Cramps and Pains in the Stomach, Bowels, and Limbs. It is a powerful and safe remedy for Cramps and Pains in the Stomach, Bowels, and Limbs. It is a powerful and safe remedy for Cramps and Pains in the Stomach, Bowels, and Limbs.

TENDERS WANTED.

TENDERS will be received until THURSDAY, 1st DAY NEXT, the 30th September, for the erection of a **STONE BUILDING** on the site of the Richardson Gold Mining Company's property in the town of Belleville.
Plans and specifications to be seen at the office of Messrs Macdonald & Co.
JAMES GLASS,
Secretary.
Belleville, August 30, 1897.

Tenders, Tenders.

TENDERS will be received at the office of the County Clerk, in Belleville, up to **Tuesday, the 10th Day of September next**, for the building of a **SCHOOL HOUSE**, on the ground belonging to the Common School Trustees in rear of the Grammar School.

Plans and specifications to be seen at the office aforesaid.
The Board will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.
BY ORDER OF THE BOARD.
Belleville, Aug. 30, 1897. D102-31 wtd

FRUIT, FRUIT.

PEARS CHEAP,
FOR PRESERVING.

ALSO
Peaches, Tomatoes, Lemons,

AND ALL FRUITS OF THE SEASON
RECEIVED DAILY, and on sale at
CONGER BROS.
August 28th, 1897. 1d6m

FALL, 1867!

Geo. Ritchie & Co.,

WOULD direct attention to their large lot of **Grey and White Cottons**, just received direct from Glasgow per S. S. *Hibernian*, consisting in part of
Horrockses, A 32 & 36 in., B 32 & 36 in., C 32 & 36 in., and D 32 & 36 in.
White and Grey Canton Flannels,
White and Grey Sheerings,
White and Cold Counterpanes,
White and Colored Towels,
Alexander's Knitting Cotton,
&c., &c., &c.
August 27, 1897. 1D-6m

Educational—City of Kingston.

MRS. and MISS DE ST. REMY'S School for young ladies, removed to Sydenham street, between Princess and Queen streets, will re-open (D. V.) on
MONDAY, 2nd September.
Board for pupils \$25 per annum.
For terms of tuition, etc., apply at Sydenham street, Kingston.

Separate lessons in Music, French, Drawing, and other studies, given if desired.
August 30th, 1897. 9D-2w

BUY YOUR TEA
DIRECT FROM
THE IMPORTERS!

Tea, Tea, Tea!

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, C. HOS a pilot Steamer, Montreal, having just imported a large quantity of Green and Black Teas, beg to call the attention of the Trade, Hotel Proprietors, and large establishments generally to their list of prices. Buyers of Choice and Boxes of Tea will save money by getting it direct through the Importers.
All orders for 25 lb. boxes and upwards carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations, will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station, where there are express offices. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man. Cash collected in Montreal free of charge, and forwarded for the same. Nothing has been 25 lb. boxes sold. Original packages Black Tea weigh 1/2 chests about 50 lbs. Chests do 90 to 100 lbs. Green Tea from 80 to 90 lbs. Tea not mentioned in advertisement can be had equally cheap. The Company are determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, every article will therefore be depended on as to quality and weight.

BLACK TEA.
COMMON CONGOU, Broken Leaf, Strong, 40 45
FINE FLAVORED NEW SEASON do 40 45
EXCELLENT FULL FLAVORED do 40 45
SOUND OOLONG do 40 45
RICH FLAVORED do 40 45
VERY FINE do 40 45
JAPAN do 40 45
VERY FINE do 40 45

GREEN TEA.
TWANKAY, Common 40 45
FINE do 40 45
EXCELLENT HYSON do 40 45
FINE do 40 45
SUPERFINE and VERY CHOICE do 40 45
EXTRA SUPERFINE do 40 45

Reductions made to buyers of Five Chests and upwards
August 24th, 1897. 200, 208-17

India & China Tea Company.

HOME DEPOT—London and Liverpool.
CANADA DEPOT—33 Hospital Street, Montreal.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavor, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz., 70 cts. or \$1.00 per lb., either Black, Green, or Mixed.

Fine Household Tea, combining strength and flavor, 70 cts. per lb. Finest procurable, \$1.00.

Protected by Trade Mark.
Sole agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall.
ROBERT BARKER, Agent, Brighton T. W. BARKER, Agent, Trenton
August 18th, 1897. 200-ly w27-ly

Why Not Use the Best? ALLSOP'S SALE,

Blackberry Cordial!
THE most effective remedy yet discovered for Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Cramps, Colic, Looseness of the Bowels, &c., &c.

This new and justly celebrated preparation is highly recommended by medical men, and has been used with the greatest success in the military hospitals of the United States during the last three years.
Ask for BUTLER'S BLACKBERRY CORDIAL, and take no other.
Prepared in Canada, from the original receipt, only at
APOTHECARIES HALL,
Aug. 12, 1897. T. WILLS & Co. 1d 6m

ALBERT COLLEGE

Belleville Ladies' College!

WILL RE-OPEN
THURSDAY, SEPT 12,
AT 2 P. M.

Steward waiting for Boarding Hall
For Terms apply to
A. CARMAN, President.
Belleville, August 30, 1897. D78-1w

Delightful Beverage

IN HOT WEATHER.

PENNER'S CHAMPAGNE CIDER!

WOOD AND BOTTLES

CORNER STORE.

F. HACKETT

HAS just received a complete assortment

SPRING DRY GOODS.

Special bargains will be offered in

DRESS GOODS, HOOP SKIRTS,

HATS & PARASOLS.

A large stock of

NEW CLOTHS & TWEEDS

will be sold at 25 per cent below the usual price.
Belleville, May 1, 1897. 1D-6m

JUST RECEIVED.

WATERPROOF COATINGS,

SUMMER VESTINGS,

AND

VELVETEENS.

P. D. CONGER.

June 17. 1D-6m

DAFOE HOUSE!

Belleville, C. W.,

Corner Pinnacle & Bridge Streets,

Barringer & Co., Managers.

STAKES FOR THE GOLD MINES

Omnia bus to and from the Boats and Cars
Stabling and Livery.

IMMENSE REDUCTIONS

CLOTHING

AND

BOOTS & SHOES

J. MUIR & CO'S

EMPORIUM.

LINEN & ALPACA

COATS

AT COST.

FASHIONABLE

BLACK BROADCLOTH SUITS

AT \$10.00.

BOOTS & SHOES

In the same proportion.

TO THE ELECTORS

OF THE

WEST RIDING

OF THE

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL

No. 103.

Montreal Business Directory

MAITLAND FISHER,
TEA and GENERAL BROKER
OFFICE: Corner of St. Sacramento and St. Nicholas
Streets, Montreal.
REFERENCES: Robertson & Beauséjour, Robert Edouard
Esq., Jas. Turcotte, Esq.

Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, And
Leather, &c.,
COMMISSION MERCHANT
ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.
Kirkwood, Livingstone & Nore, Coal
Wharf, Halifax.

ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and dis-
authorized against shipments to our care
sale here or consigned to our friends in G.

Britain or the Lower Provinces. 38d-6m-V
F. W. HENSHAW,
No. 10 St. Sacrament Street, opposite
Merchant's Exchange, Montreal.

HAVING been engaged in the Ashes, general produce trade for the past thirty years, at the above address; would be happy to receive consignments from Manufacturers and Dealers in Canada, West, either for sale in

market, or for shipment to his friends in
don, Liverpool, or Glasgow.
May 1st.

W. L. KINMOND & Co,

CONSULTING ENGINEER
MANUFACTURERS' Agents, for all kinds of Machinery, Tools, Steam Hammers, &c.
Also, every description of material and

for Engineers and Agricultural Machine ma
A Stock of best quality of Cast Steel,
MADE EXPRESSLY FOR MINING
BORING PURPOSES, IRON WIRE RO

Chisel and Turning Tool Steel, Files, R
square and Hexagon blank Nuts, Wrough
Washers, Anti-corrosive Iron Paint, Hair
Wool Eelt for Boilers and Steam Pipes, &
Metal, &c. &c., always on hand, and at
prices.

OLD FILES RECUR, warranted as good as new,
use, at very low rates.
Custom House Square, Montreal.

Royal Mail Through L
between Montreal and Quebec.

Under notice, the **RICHELIEU COMPANY'S** boats will leave their respective Wharves as follows:
The Steamer **QUEBEC**, Capt. J. B. Lake, leave Richelieu Pier, opposite Jacques Cartier for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Range of 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832,

Seven P. M. precisely, calling, going to the
Sorel, Three Rivers and Batiscan. Passengers v
to take their passage on board the Ocean Steam
depend on being in time in taking their passage
boat, as there will be a tender to take them to the
ere without extra charge.

This Company will not be accountable for valuables unless Bills of Lading having the value pressed are signed therefor.

Office Richelieu Company, }



MONTREAL
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY

UNDER Contract with the Government of Canada
the Conveyance of the
Canadian & United States M
1867—SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS—1867.

Passengers Booked to Londonderry and Liverpool
Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates
This Company's MAIL LINE is composed of

AUSTRIAN,	2700 Tons.	Capt. AITON
NESTORIAN,	2700 "	Lt. DUTTON
MORAVIAN,	2650 "	Capt. WYLLIE
PERUVIAN,	2600 "	Capt. BALL

HIBERNIAN,	2434	"	Capt. BROWN
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	2330	"	Capt. ALLAN
NORTH-AMERICAN,	1784	"	Capt. KEENE
BELGIAN,	2434	"	Capt. GRANT
DAMASCUS,	1090	"	Capt. WATT

(Sailing from LIVERPOOL, EVERY THURSDAY.)

and from QUEBEC every SATURDAY (passengers to be
Foyle to receive on board and land Male and
girls to and from Ireland and Scotland.)

And their GLASGOW LINE of Steamships:—

ST. GEORGE. 1463 Tons. L. SMITH.

ST. ANDREW,	1225	Capt. Scott
ST. PATRICK,	1207	Capt. Tait
ST. DAVID,	1850	Capt. Aikman

(Sailing between the Clyde and Quebec and Montreal at regular intervals throughout the season of Navigation.)

The Steamers of the MAIL LINE are intended to be despatched from QUEBEC as undernoted, viz:—

HIBERNIAN,	Saturday, 21st
NOVA-SCOTIA,	Saturday, 7th
MORAVIAN,	Saturday, 14th
	Saturday, 21st

AUSTRIAN, Saturday, 25th
 NESTORIAN, Saturday, 25th
 PERUVIAN, Saturday, 5th

Rates of Passage from Belleville to London,
 Liverpool, per Grand Trunk Railway, or Bay of
 St. Lawrence to Quebec:—

CABIN, \$75 00 to \$85 00
(according to accommodation.)
STEERAGE, \$29 00

Passengers desirous of proceeding to Paila de Cuyda, Escursion Tickets, on application.

An experienced Surgeon carried out
Berths not secured until paid for.
For particulars, apply to
J. W. THOMPSON, Agent,
Canadian Express Office.

27 Dec - 19 W 12

given up all hope.

The Fenians.

PARDONING POLITICAL PRISONERS.

In the House of Commons, Aug. 13, Mr. Harcourt, in moving "That a humble address be presented to Her Majesty, praying Her Majesty to be graciously pleased to take into consideration the expediency of extending her pardon to all persons now in prison in the United Kingdom and the colonies for political offences," referred to the amnesty recently granted by the Austrian Government to the Hungarians, Mr. Kossuth having not only been allowed to return if he chose to his native country, but having been elected a member of its Legislature; and also urged that the present auspicious moment, when all England was rejoicing at the passing of another great Reform Act, was particularly opportune for such an exercise of the Royal clemency as his motion suggested. The honorable gentleman concluded by moving as above.

Mr. Whalley, in seconding the motion, maintained that he was acting with perfect consistency in doing so. Whether the Fenian prisoners had been influenced by political or religious motives, he did not think that disaffection in Ireland was to be removed by punishment, or by trying to treat them with greater severity than the circumstances of their individual cases rendered imperatively necessary. One simple remedy, in his opinion, for the evils of Ireland was to make known to the Irish people what were the facts of the case with regard to the position which this country had taken up in reference to civil and religious liberty.

Mr. Hardy—With respect to the political prisoners in the Colonies the House is not probably well acquainted with the facts. With regard to those in the United Kingdom, it would be out of reason and common sense, while you are trying a great number of persons for these offences, and while the Habeas corpus Act is suspended in order to enable you to apprehend them, to let out a number of prisoners, many of whom, having been let out before, have returned again to trouble this country. I need not say a word more. (Hear, hear.)

The motion was then negatived without division.

Railways in New Brunswick.

THE NEWLY OPENED ROADS.

The St. John Telegraph says:—Mr. Ketchum, Engineer of Eastern Extension Railway through Westernmost County—informs that good progress is being made in constructing this road. About two hundred and fifty men are at work, chiefly farmers and residents along the line. All the light work is expected to be completed before the winter sets in, when work will be suspended on the heavier cuttings, &c. Several thousand tons of rails are expected to arrive from England at an early day.

Western Extension—from St. John to the Maine frontier—has been progressing, and promises to make up for the many delays which the work has suffered. The Head Quarters states that about 800 men are employed on it—we have heard a larger number named. Nearly the whole distance (if not the whole) is under contract. Mr. Brooks, of Ontario, and Mr. Robinson, of Canterbury, York, were in town this week, and it is said that they have taken extensive contracts. We hear also that Mr. William Rennie, contractor on the E. & N. A. Railway, will resign his position to associate with Mr. Thompson, M. P. for York, in a contract on this line. We have heard other names mentioned in connection with the vigorous efforts that are now being made to have the road built.

The St. Stephen branch has been in operation all summer, doing a good business; the Woodstock branch is making favorable progress; the Fredericton branch is in a fair way to be constructed within the next two years at the farthest. We are in a good position, therefore, as regards our local railways.

In Nova Scotia, the work on the line between Windsor and Annapolis is being prosecuted with considerable energy. Advantage is taken of the summer weather to push forward work on all the light cuttings. Last week (says the Berwick paper) a sub-contract was let for finishing the track, placing the sleepers, and laying the rails on several miles of the road east of Annapolis; the rails are now being distributed along the line west of Windsor, and every preparation made to have everything ready for the cars to run as soon as the bridges can be finished. The Windsor Bridge, which is to be of iron, is being constructed at Burkethead, and provincial ship owners are already looking after the job of freighting the railway material, several thousand tons in all, to this side of the Atlantic. A contract of some seven or eight thousand dollars has been made within a few days by Mr. Hawkins for piling for the other bridges, a large part of which is to be delivered in September or October. Mr. Huestis, who has the large contract for sleepers, has also contracted for all the fencing Annapolis.

Wrestling Matches of Girls.

The Japanese and Arabs have recently given our amusement-loving public some extraordinary entertainments, and, of these, we should think, can equal an exhibition lately witnessed by an English traveler at the Rapp Theatre, in Stockholm, Sweden. This was a series of wrestling matches between girls, and it is thus described:—

They were of the class called extras, at the theatres, and were dressed in loose-fitting shirts, fastening around the throat, the short loose trousers of the delicate light of course, and boots. They had been instructed in certain rules for the strife which defined the space of the adversary's body for the grip, and forbade pinching and kicking all duly set forth in the playbills; the pay

of a six dollar a night a piece, and a prize of four six dollars for the winner, were left to fight it out on the stage. The principal dancer picked out the couples one after the other, and as the fate of each pair was decided the vaudeville girl, and the girl on one side to wrestle with the other equally fortunate with herself. It was a thoroughly genuine thing and worth watching. The girls were, as a rule, grumpy, and struggled in good earnest, and many were the last couple, blows, dishevelled, and dashed, stood up for the four six, the backing of green breeches or red breeches was like the clatter of a betting when the odds were rising on the favorite, and the professionals fed themselves on the gridiron.

This extremely athletic exhibition, with tableaux vivants, pantomime ballet, performance on the trapeze, and a representation of the immortal fight of Sayers and Heenan, between a couple of wretched Whitechapel acrobats, was all to be seen for the highest price of two six dollars—and no smoking allowed!

West Riding Election.

A General Meeting of MR. BROWN'S COMMITTEES

WILL BE HELD IN

Neilson's Hall, THIS SATURDAY EVENING, AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.

JOHN SUTHERLAND, Chairman.

Belleville, Aug. 31, 1867.

Hastings Elections.

POLLING DAYS.

West Riding—Monday and Tuesday, 2nd and 3rd September.

East Riding—Thursday and Friday, 6th and 7th September.

North Riding—Monday and Tuesday, 9th and 10th September.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.

Morning Express going West, 8.00 A. M.

Evening Express going West, 7.32 P. M.

Mixed Train going West, 7.35 A. M.

Merchants' Express Freight going West, No passengers, 6.45 P. M.

Noon Express going East, 12.03 P. M.

Night Express going East, 12.15 A. M.

Mixed Train going East, 11.10 P. M.

Merchants' Express Freight going East, No passengers, 9.45 P. M.

Mixed Train going East, 9.45 P. M.

Montreal Time.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, SATURDAY, AUG. 31.

The Contest at Hand.

On Monday morning voting will commence in the West Riding of Hastings.

The canvass for Messrs. Brown and Graham has been very thorough and very satisfactory to themselves and friends. It now only remains for their supporters to do their whole duty. The candidates cannot be at every polling place, but they expect their friends will not only be where they are, but where they are not, to represent them. There must be no lagging now. Every committee-man, friend, and supporter of Messrs. James Brown and K. Graham should be ready at his post at the polls early Monday morning. A few hours hard work early on the first day, and the battle is won. Activity, zeal, and a determination to win, will accomplish wonders. Let every man be at his post.

Strength of the Government.

Out of twenty-three members returned for the Commons of Canada, not a single oppositionist has found a seat. Out of twelve members returned for the Legislature of Ontario, only one is claimed by the opposition party, and even he is pledged to give the government "a fair trial."

BROWN AND GRAHAM.—"The first blow is half the battle." Rally to the polls. Come out strong and come early, and give Messrs. Brown and Graham such a majority on Monday, as may place their election beyond the possibility of a doubt.

Cast your votes for Brown and Graham, the Union Candidates.

FROM MADOC.

(By Special Telegram to the Daily Intelligencer.)

North Hastings Election.

MADOC, August 31, 1867.

At the nomination of candidates to represent the North Riding of Hastings this day, M. BOWELL, Esq., was nominated for the Commons of Canada by the Hon. B. FINCH, and seconded by J. HOGUE, Esq.

T. C. WALLBRIDGE, Esq., was nominated by J. ARCHIBALD, Esq., and seconded by ROBT. BARRY, Esq.

G. H. BOUTLER, Esq., M. D., was nominated by A. F. WOOD, Esq., for the Ontario Legislature, and seconded by S. VANDERVOORT, Esq.

STEPHEN REED, Esq., was nominated by J. G. RHODES, Esq., and seconded by N. REED, Esq.

FROM TORONTO.

(By Special Telegram to the Daily Intelligencer.)

TORONTO, August 31, 12 noon.

The following is the state of the poll in East Toronto at 12 o'clock this day:

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Beatty's majority..... 801

Aikens..... 798

Beatty's majority..... 3

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

Cameron..... 830

Stock..... 736

Cameron's majority..... 94

In West Toronto at 11:30 a.m. to-day the vote stood as follows:

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Harrison..... 1234

McDonald..... 980

Harrison's majority..... 254

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

Wallis..... 1138

Crooks..... 966

Wallis' majority..... 201

Where is George Brown's trumpet now?

Election Intelligence.

WALLAND.—Yesterday evening the vote for the Local Legislature resulted as follows:—

Beatty, 680; Few, 549; majority for Beatty, 131.

PRESCOTT COUNTY.—The Leader learns that in Prescott County, four townships give Mr. McGee a majority of twenty. The other townships have not been heard from.

FRONTENAC.—At the close of the first day's poll, the vote in Frontenac stood as follows:—

Kirkpatrick 703; Carruthers 550. For the Ontario Assembly: Sir Henry Smith 635; Fraser 561.

LONDON.—The Hon. John Carling has been returned for the House of Commons by a majority of 907 over Mr. Peacock; and for the Ontario Legislature by a majority of 342 over Mr. James Durand.

ST. JAMES DURAND.—The close of the poll shows a majority of 723 for Mr. Burton. A majority of over 1,000 was polled for Mr. Williams, Mr. J. S. Smith having retired before the polling commenced.

WEST YORK.—The first day's polling gives Mr. Howard a majority of 310 over Mr. Holbertson, the numbers being: Howard 490, Holbertson 111. For the Ontario Legislature the numbers stand: Graham 821, Bull 390, Tyrrel 101.

EAST NORTHWEST.—In the division the first day's polling gives: Keiler 77, Kenneth Mackenzie 400. Majority against George Brown's apostle, 373. For the Local Legislature the vote stands thus: Eyre (Union) 480, Burrell (Breitbart) 284.

SOUTH WESTWORTH.—In this constituency the disunion candidates had a majority on the first day's poll, the numbers being: Robertson 595; Ryall (Opposition) 657. For the Assembly: White 662; Sexton 651. As soon as the second day Ryall was 93 ahead of Robertson and Sexton 83 ahead of White.

Gold News.

The Richardson mine was visited yesterday by a party of gentlemen from this town, who express themselves perfectly satisfied with the appearance it presents of richness and permanency. Mr. Hardin, who still continues to direct the operations in progress, writing under the date 29th instant, says: "As to my confidence in the mine, I can only say, as I have often before said, that I have unlimited confidence in the mine, believing that it will last and pay well. I have seen nothing as yet to change my feelings. On the contrary, I see things every day to add to my faith. For example, to-day I took three different pieces of the white and grey rock and pounded them to powder with a hammer upon a stone [I have no mortar] and washed each separately, and from each I got a splendid show of gold, at least 95 cents in each pan. The weight of each piece of rock was not more than one quarter pound. The samples crushed were of the solid rock—no lignite about it, and no gold visible. And again, to-day I broke a piece of the white spar, and in the centre, in the solid rock, I found at least twenty specks of pure gold; beautiful, bright gold. No gold to be seen on the surface of this piece. The vein of quartz is looking well, and I think is getting better defined as we go down." The Directors have contracted for the necessary machinery for a ten stamp mill of the most approved construction, and intend to erect an engine of sufficient power to work forty similar stamps, and a substantial stone

building of sufficient size to accommodate that number, if found necessary. "The amalgamating and other apparatus for collecting the gold will be of the most extensive description, combining all the latest improvements. The whole, as will be seen by the advertisement for tenders for the building, which appears in our issue of this day, is to be finished for operation on the 5th of October next. There are considerably over 100 tons of rock already stored above ground, and that quantity will be doubled before the crusher comes into operation, so that ere the close of the year we may expect great accounts from this richest of all rich deposits.

Elector of West Hastings, choose whether you will have a dumb vote to represent you in the Local Legislature, or a man who can tell the House and the Government your wants and his own in good and intelligible language? If the latter, vote for K. Graham, and vote early!

Coalitions.

Disunionists, factionists and annexationists of every grade are endeavoring to prejudice the minds of the electors throughout the Province, by raising an outcry against "the enormity of coalition," as they style it, as if the thing itself was wicked and corrupt, and opposed to the fundamental principles both of religion and morality.

Let us examine whether they have any grounds for this style of representation, and whether the word deserves the stigma they are thus endeavoring to attach to it.

Worcester's Dictionary informs us that the word "Coalition" has two meanings. First, "the union of particles into one mass." Second, "the union of persons into one body or party; alliance; confederacy; league; combination." Now none of these definitions indicates anything offensive to religion or morality, so that we may at once infer that coalition is neutral in itself—neither good nor bad, any more than that particular modification of it which is called a "Joint Stock Company." That it is in reality only a simple name for a simple fact, which will be good or bad according to the circumstances under which it may be conceived or accomplished, the intentions with which it may be initiated, and the consequences by which it may be attended.

A coalition, therefore, of burglars to rob a house or store; of gamblers to plunder a "greenhorn," or of factious politicians to overturn the Government of their country, for the sole purpose of securing to themselves the emoluments of office, is an immoral coalition; and so is an alliance of powerful Sovereigns to despoil a weaker State of a part or the whole of its territory.

But a coalition of good and earnest Christian people to promote the general distribution of the Holy Scriptures, or to spread the knowledge of the gospel among the heathen, is a good and praiseworthy coalition, and so is also a coalition of the best men of two political parties for the purpose of relieving the State from a factious opposition, and to secure for their fellow citizens good government in the future.

Of the latter complexion was the coalition which the Hon. George Brown and his friends formed with the Hon. John A. Macdonald and his colleagues in 1864; which resulted in securing the union of the scattered and disunited colonies of British America into a strong and, politically speaking, compact "Dominion." This position, we take it, the Hon. George himself will not deny.

If this, then, is allowed to be a moral and laudable proceeding, it shows that coalition is not necessarily and intrinsically evil in its nature; and we may deduce from it the corollary, that a coalition to prevent a recurrence of a similar obstruction to good legislation and government cannot be so objectionable as its opponents pretend; and that the outcry with which they assail it does not arise from a just and well-grounded conviction of its being wrong; but simply because it excludes themselves from power and place, and, if successfully carried out, threatens to prolong that exclusion for an indefinite period.

The first coalition successfully accomplished the great object which its promoters had in view, and so came to a natural end; not before the Hon. George Brown, one of its prime movers and originators, had on very insufficient grounds withdrawn his personal aid and countenance from the alliance—perhaps its complete success might be partly owing to his absence; for the illustration which he gives of the second interpretation given above, as apt quotation from Burke, Worcester informs us that "No coalition which carries in its bosom the unrecalled principles of the original discord of parties, ever was, or ever will be, a healing coalition."

From the above premises, we think all unprejudiced persons will agree with us in deducing the conclusion, that the present

coalition of the Hon. J. A. Macdonald and the Conservative party with the Liberal and radical men among the Reformers, is a moral and laudable coalition; while the alliance which the Hon. George Brown and his followers are endeavoring to form with the huge section of the Lower Canada Catholics and the annexationists of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, to break up the Union, so far happily accomplished, to answer his own selfish ends, and to satisfy his wounded vanity, is an immoral, disloyal and disgraceful coalition.

Mr. Graham has laid it down as one of his leading principles that the interests of the farmers of the county and the merchants and mechanics of the town are one and the same. What does Mr. Farley think on this subject? He has not yet explained his views upon this point.

The opposition candidates profess their willingness to give the Ministry "a fair trial." We think they will not be in a position in either legislature, to give them such a trial as they propose, or, indeed, any trial at all.

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, August 30, (evening).—It is said that the Government of France has given assurance of peace to Prussia.

PARIS, August 30.—Walter the Emperor Napoleon was temporarily delayed at Lille, yesterday, he made a short speech. He alluded to past reverses as dark spots on the horizon, and commented at some length on the pacific state of affairs in Europe. He spoke encouragingly to the people, and prophesied that the certainty of peace would give a great impetus to trade, while he blamed the directors of the public press for spreading unfounded rumors and creating general distrust, he, himself, would do all in his power to recall confidence.

It is reported that a note from the French foreign office, peculiar in its character, will soon be issued.

STUTTGART, August 30.—The Official Gazette of this city in its issue of this morning, contains an article dealing with the subject of a South German band was discussed, or even worked at the recent conference at Salzburg.

LONDON, August 30, (evening).—The series of resolutions of the United States Congress expressing sympathy for the struggling Greeks, which Mr. Morris, the American minister, recently presented to the British Parliament, has created a profound sensation at Washington.

LONDON, Aug. 30, (evening).—Sir James Spence has been the allied army has crossed the upper Rhine into France, and that consequently great battle might be looked for at any moment.

PARIS, Aug. 31, noon.—Napoleon yesterday made a speech at Amiens similar to the one at Lille. The pacific speeches by the Emperor and good effect at Bourne. Brests firmer and higher.

LIVERPOOL, August 31, noon.—Cotton dropping. Quotations unaltered.

LONDON, Aug. 31, noon.—Wool, 75½; 311 0. 76½; Erie 42.

WEST RIDING.—The members of Mr. Brown's Committee are reminded that a meeting of the several Committees will be held in Neilson's Hall this evening at 8 o'clock, and are requested to give their attendance.

NEW COMIC PAPER.

We have received the first number of a new comic weekly named the Free Lancer. It is published in Montreal, and is fully up to the mark in point of wit and humor. It is covered on in the spirit in which it is begun, it will deserve a full measure of encouragement.

—The shore end of the Gulf cable was towed ashore at Punta Roma on Sunday.

—Registration has closed in Alabama, and the returns so far show a majority of 20,338 for the negroes.

—All the French Catholic papers of the Province are in mourning for the late Monsiegnor Turgeon.

—Mr. R. S. Bouchette, Commissioner of Customs, has returned from his official tour to the Lower Provinces.

—Perry Davis' Pain Killer is a blessing to the rich, friend to the poor and within the reach of all.—See advertisement.

The Queen's Visit to Netley.

While inspecting the convalescent at Netley Hospital, her Majesty observed one soldier with six or seven medals on his breast, and among them a Victoria cross. The Queen stopped, and taking the cross in her hand as it hung suspended by its ribbon, asked the owner about the circumstances under which he gained it. He had got it for saving the life of his commanding officer when attacked by several sepoys during the Indian mutiny. After leaving the central hall, the Queen went through the wards of the patients where in an almost dying condition, and to each, the Queen, in a low voice addressed some consolatory remarks, saying in her bedside for some minutes to do so, indeed, to all the men who were so ill as to be confined to bed, her Majesty made some kindly observation or other. The Queen seemed to be in good health and spirits; but it was understood to have been intimated that she was not competent for so much walking exertion as she had undertaken on some of her previous visits to the hospital. Altogether, her Majesty's visit lasted about an hour.—British Medical Journal.

Vote for Brown and Graham, and vote early!

